

Wise and Otherwise.

Wendell Phillips went to Charleston, S. C., once, before he was very well known, and put up at a hotel. He had breakfast served in his room, and was waited upon by a slave. He embraced the opportunity to represent to the negro, in a very pathetic way that he was a man and a brother, and more than that—an abolitionist. The negro seemed more anxious about the breakfast than he was about his relations; and finally, in despair, Mr. Phillips ordered him to go away, saying that he could not bear to be waited upon by a slave. "Excuse me, massa," said the negro, "most sissy here, I'm responsible for the silver ware."

An old toper by the name of French, after indulging quite freely in his accustomed beverage, amused himself in teasing a nolle-preneur. The latter, not knowing his temptations, suddenly started, and the discomfited toper found himself sprawling in a very unbecoming position. Gathering himself up, he was asked by the nolle-preneur what he was doing. He stated to his own surprise that he had been drinking. "Did you see me kick that ere?" asked the nolle-preneur. "Yes," replied the toper. "Well, what did you kick that for?" "I kicked it because I'm here!"

A good story is told of a rustic youth and a country girl, who were facing each other at a noking party. The youth, smitten with the beautiful maiden, shyly ventured his looks, and then touching Fairy's feet under the table. The girl deterring to make the youth express what he appeared so warmly to feel, bore with these advances a little while in silence, when she cried out: "Look here, if you love me, why don't you say so; but don't dirty my new stockings."

Well that's always the way with telegraph folks," exclaimed Mrs. Mellow. "The good news they send us one day is pretty sure to be contradicted the next. Why there's our neighbor Sally Stone, who got a story as to how her husband had been killed in one of the battles, and the day after it was all upset, for it proved to be another man; gin me the old mail stage after all," continued Mrs. Mellow; "if 'twas slow, 'twas certain."

A trifling sort of a fellow in one of our neighboring counties, not long since, won the affections of the daughter of a blunt, honest Dutchman of some wealth. On asking the old man for her, he opened with a romantic speech about his being a poor young man, &c. "Ya, ya," said the old man, "I know all about it; but you is a little too poor—you has neither money nor character."

An army correspondent of the Richmond Whig tells the following incident that occurred in Maryland, between Stonewall Jackson and the ladies: "They surrounded the old 'game' when he said: 'Ladies, this is the first I was surrounded.' They then cut every button off his coat, and they say, commenced on his pants. For once he was badly scared."

How near a skin daughter is to her was shown when Rueben, with a single stroke of his brush, turned a laughing child in a painting to one crying; and our mothers, without being great painters, have often brought us, in like manner from joy to grief by a single stroke.

A lady refused her lover's request that she would give her portrait. "An art matters not," he replied, when blessed with the original, who cares for the copy?" The lady, both ignorant and indignant—"I don't think myself more original than anybody else."

A portly young friend of ours the other day contemplated for some minutes the ponderous dimensions of a bystander's feet and then, in a tone of utter wonder, said as he surveyed the man's upper works: "You'd have been a mighty tall man if they hadn't bent you off so far up!"

A chap was taken prisoner by the rebels who demanded that he should take the oath to support the Confederate Government. The fellow said he could not even support his own family, and to support the Confederate Government was more than he dare do.

At a wedding recently when the officiating priest put to the lady the question, "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" she dropped the prettiest courtesy, and with a modesty which lent her beauty an additional grace, replied "If you please."

Pawnbrokers and lovers ought to join the army, because they understand "popping" pickpockets, because they are used to "riding" counter marching; and foundrymen, glassblowers, smiths and stockers, because they can "stand fire."

"Lord, Nancy," said a girl, getting out of the stage a few days since, at one of the factories in Lowell, Massachusetts, "you've no idea how tickled I be to see you!" "I guess you can't be more tickled than I be," says Betsy.

"Man proposes and God disposes," said a pious aunt to her over-confident niece. "Let a man propose to me if he dare," was the response, "and I will dispose of him according to my views as it suits me."

A man having been told that the price of bread had been lowered, said: "This is the first time that I ever rejoiced at the fall of my best friend."

Since the demand for lint became so great, many of the very best ladies of the nation have got into a scrape.

Farmer's Column.

THE "AFTER-GROWTH" GRASS.

A friend writes: "I have a large quantity of second crop on my mowing fields, and the question is what to do with it. Shall I cut it for hay or feed it off? My stubble fields are also full of young grass and clover—the season having been very favorable to a catch. Is it advisable to let the whole growth lay on the ground, or is it better to mow it, or feed it off? If it is to be fed off, what kind of stock shall be turned on?"

In regard to the first of the above questions we may say, that whether the second crop of mowing-fields should be cut, or feed off, or let alone, depends on various circumstances. If there is, as stated by our correspondent, a "large quantity" of grass on the ground, it is advisable, even in reference to the land, or to the amount and quality of the next crop, to take off in some way, at least a portion.—If the crop is needed more for winter feeding than for immediate consumption, it may be made into hay. As we have remarked on previous occasions, after-math or rowen hay is, when properly cured, of the very best quality in reference to the production of beef, mutton, or milk. On fields which were mowed early, the second growth is generally large this season. Most farmers in this section will cut some for hay, besides leaving considerable to feed off. It will be better for the succeeding crop to cut it pretty soon, to give time for the grass to start a little before the frost sets in. A certain amount of covering for the roots is beneficial; but too thick a coat affords harbor to field mice, which do much injury, and besides smothers out the grass, more or less.

Probably as a general thing, it is better for the land, or for the next crop of grass, to feed off the after-math. On ground that is not wet, the sward is generally made firmer, even er, and the herbage thicker and finer, by the tread of cattle in connection with their grazing. They should not be allowed to leave the ground too bare at the close of the season.—Boston Cultivator.

MAKING BUTTER.

A lady friend of mine, who keeps her butter until it is one year old, for the use of her own family, gives the following information in relation to her method of making it:—

The cream is never allowed to remain on the milk until the milk becomes curdled, nor in the jar after skimming, until it becomes butter. The cream is kept in a stone vessel, and so is the butter. After churning, the butter is thoroughly worked over, then set away for a few hours, when it is again worked over with a hard-wood mallet made for the purpose, until the buttermilk is entirely worked out. It is salted to taste while making; then put it into jars so solid as to exclude the air as far as possible. Here are three very essential points in butter-making: have the cream sweet, work out every particle of the buttermilk, and pack so as to exclude the air.—Boston Cultivator.

PLANTING TREES IN THE FALL.

We find that transplanting fruit trees in the fall is preferred by many, so far as it relates to apples and cherries. For pears and small fruits, spring is better. Our own experience would make the locality, rather than season the guide in making the selection. In uplands or other lands of a naturally dry, siltaceous nature, one should choose autumn; but if moist heavy or argillaceous soil spring is undoubtedly the best, without reference to the variety of the fruit. And we should not forget this course, whether in regard to shade or fruit trees—always excepting the evergreens, which we do not think do nearly so well in fall as in spring. The best time to transplant in the fall is as soon as trees are done growing, which can be determined by the change of the leaf. By this early operation the roots have time to seize upon the soil before winter sets in, and the tree is thus ready for an early start in the spring, and is also better prepared to stand the severities of winter. Large trees, especially, should be transplanted very early, or not until the ground is frozen hard.

PACKING APPLES.—USE SALT BARRELS.

The Albany Journal says that in packing apples away for winter, salt barrels should be used if they can be had, as salt being in its nature wholesome, imparts a healthy savor to the wood. A farmer living near the Syracuse salt works, writes that he purchased five barrels of apples from one pile, and placed them in the cellar in barrels, one of which had been used for holding salt. In this one the apples were sound and fresh on the first of April, while in the other four they were almost all damaged.

TO PREVENT HORSES KICKING.

A subscriber to the Country Gentleman, being possessed of a horse that would kick everything to pieces in the stable that he could reach, and having found a remedy for it, [after trying many things, such as fettering, whipping, hanging chains behind him for him to kick against, &c.] sends the same to the Journal. It is simply fastening a short trace chain about two feet long, by a strap to each hind foot, and let him do his own whipping.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE PERSON OF EITHER SEX IN EVERY NEIGHBORHOOD TO SELL J. R. STAFFORD'S OILY TAN, AND ALSO J. R. STAFFORD'S IRON AND SULPHUR POWDERS.

Oil is a thin, transparent fluid; it is the best remedy known for diseases of the Throat, Lungs, or Catarrh. Also for Diphtheria, Croup, Whooping Cough, &c. My Iron and Sulphur Powders strengthen the system, aid digestion, and purify the blood. I have a 16 page pamphlet containing full explanations, and over 100 testimonials from well known prominent persons which I will send to any one free by mail. J. R. STAFFORD, Chemist, 442 Broadway, New York

600,000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS TO SELL LLOYD'S NEW STEEL PLATE COUNTY COLORED MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, CANADA, AND NEW BRUNSWICK.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost \$200 to engrave it and one year's time. Superior to any \$11 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of fifty cents; 375,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County Map, but it is also a COUNTY AND RAILROAD MAP of the United States and Canada combined in one, giving every railroad station and distances between. Guarantees any woman or man \$3 to \$5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money. Sent for \$1 worth to try. Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. No Competition.

LLOYD'S MAP OF BROADWAY, NEW YORK. The War Department uses our Map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost \$100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Heights, Williamsport Ferry, Rhoadsville, Nolan's Ford, and others on the Potomac, and every other place in Maryland, Virginia, and Pennsylvania, for money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, AND ILLINOIS, is the only authority for Gen. Buell and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it. Price 50 cents.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2. "LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND, AND PENNSYLVANIA—This map is very large; its scale is 1:250,000, and it is the best which can be purchased."

LLOYD'S GREAT MAP OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER—From Actual Surveys by Capt. Bart and Wm. Bowen, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every main plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,250 miles every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and states. Price, \$1 in sheets, \$2, pocket form, and \$2.50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 17, 1862. J. T. LLOYD—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron. GIDEON WELLES, Secretary of the Navy.

TO TRAVELERS.

DAILY LINE OF STAGES.

Tunkhannock to Pittston, CONNECTING WITH STAGES running to and from Wilkes-Barre, and all other points from Pittston. Also, with stages running to and from Wilkes-Barre, Mohopoc, Montrose and other points from Tunkhannock. NONE BUT GOOD HORSES, AND CAREFUL AND OBLIGING DRIVERS are engaged on this Line. Extra Horses and Carriages constantly on hand. FORWARD PASSENGERS from Tunkhannock to Springville, Mohopoc, and all other points off the line of regular Stage route. J. BITTERSBAUGH, Proprietor, Tunkhannock, September 13, 1861.

DEL LACK & WESTERN RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after Monday, November 25th 1861, Trains will run as follows:

Table with columns for Train Name, Direction, and Time. Includes sections for EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS, MOVING NORTH, and MOVING SOUTH.

MOVING NORTH

Table listing train routes and times for the moving north section, including stops like New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

MOVING SOUTH

Table listing train routes and times for the moving south section, including stops like New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

MOVING SOUTH

Table listing train routes and times for the moving south section, including stops like New York, Philadelphia, and Washington.

JOHN BRISLIN, Sup't.

Superintendent's Office, Seranton, Nov. 25, 1861.

SAMUEL J. BARBER,

Engraver and Dealer in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MARBLES.

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OPPOSITE THE BANK, PITTSTON, LUZERNE CO. PA.

Being a practical workman, selecting my own stock and doing my own work, I can do it at a much lower rate than any establishment in this section.

All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. Letters left at the office of the "Democrat" will receive immediate attention. n351-1y

New Arrangement, AT THE

Farmer's Store,

NICHOLSON, WYOMING CO. PA.

New Arrangements

AND NEW GOODS!

TERMS: POSITIVELY READY PAY.

L. HARDING & CO, have on hand and are constantly receiving a large Stock of

FALL & WINTER Goods,

which they will sell for CASH OR

READY PAY

At least 20 PER CENT LESS than those selling on the OLD CREDIT SYSTEM,

Our Motto:

SMALL PROFITS & READY PAY

WANTED.—All kinds of Grain Produce, Lumber, good Hemlock Shingles, Wool Socks, Sheep Pelts, Beef Hides, i fact everything that will sell, for which the highest market price will be paid.

L. HARDING & CO.

Nicholson Depot, Oct. 30th, 1861.

Stove & Tin-Ware

MANUFACTORY, TUNKHANNOCK, PA.

MILLS & ROSS,

MANUFACTURE AND DEAL IN EVERY DESCRIPTION OF TIN, SHEET-IRON, AND

Copper Ware,

COOKING, PARLOR, AND BOX STOVES STOVE PIPE & FURNITURE.

Heaters and registers, PUMPS, ZINC, LEAD PIPE, JAPANNED AND BRITANIA WARE,

And, indeed, everything pertaining to their business, which they offer at PANIC PRICES.

ROOFING, GUTTERS and CONDUCTORS, put up, at short notice.

JOBING and REPAIRING of all kinds, promptly and neatly done. Give them a call. Tunkhannock, Sept. 11, 1861.

TRY THE CHOL ON MILLS!

(NEAR BACON'S OLD STAND.)

THIS Mill has been lately re-fitted and all the modern improvements added and is now in charge of

MR. WINT, of Providence, Luzerne county, one of the best Millers in the country.

Particular attention paid to Custom Work, which will be done on short notice.

ALL WORK WARRANTED and if not satisfactorily done will be returned at the expense of the subscribers.

FLOUR of all kinds, MEAL and FEED constantly on hand and for sale, at the Lowest Cash Prices.

Cash or Flour paid for grain at the Highest Cash Prices.

N. R. WINT, Miller, P. B. BALDWIN, Proprietor.

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With all the Recent Improvements, Is the Best and Cheapest and Most Beautiful of all Sewing Machines. This Machine will sew anything from the running of a tuck in Tartan to the making of an overcoat—anything from Pilot or Beaver Cloth, down to the softest Gaze or Gossamer Tissue, and is ever ready to do its work to perfection. It can fell, hem, bind, gather, tuck, quilt and has capacity for a great variety of ornamental work. This is not the only Machine that can hem, fell, bind, and so forth, but it will do so better than any other Machine. The Letter "A" Family Sewing Machine may be had in a great variety of cabinet cases. The Folding Case, which is now becoming so popular, is, as its name implies, one that can be folded into a box or case which, when opened, makes a beautiful, substantial, and spacious table for the work to rest upon. The cases are of every imaginable design, and plain as the wood grain in its native forest, or elaborately finished as art can make them.

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FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A

FAMILY PHYSIC

There has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as safe and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not the case with the pills here, which give relief and revulsion in the system as more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These pills produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement of the bowels. When taken in moderate quantities, they do not harm in any quantity, but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Amongst the most complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Appetite, Headache, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Dropsy, Rheumatism, and Acute, Fatigue, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an efficient they afford prompt and sure relief in Constipation, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scrophulous Swellings, and other Disorders of the Liver, Gall and Biliary Organs, and in all cases where the impurity of the blood, Irregularities, in short, any and every case where a Purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Neuralgia, and other Disorders of the Liver. When their effects are given on the bowels, they purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and restore the wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism. Hence, an occasional dose is an advantage, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken in excess. The thousand cases in which a Purgative is required cannot be enumerated, where it suggests themselves to the reason of every body, and it is confidently believed this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their effects are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine. Being sugar-wrapped, they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity. For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY DR. JAMES C. AYER, Practical and Analytical Chemist, LOWELL, MASS. Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidence of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so true are the cases of its cure, that almost every one of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from almost any stage of the most distressing diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what medicine to employ for the cure of their coughs, colds, and other affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. Not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Croup, Croup, Hoarse-ness, &c., and for the most distressing and dangerous affections of the chest, it is the most pleasant and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is to be seen at Stark, Tunkhannock; T. D. Spring, Laceyville; Harding & Co., Nicholson; E. J. Frazier, Factoryville, and by dealers in Medicines everywhere.

MRS. WOOD'S CELEBRATED STIMULATING ONGENT,

FOR WHISKERS AND HAIR.

THE STIMULATING ONGENT AND INVIGORATING RESTORE HAIR to the bald head, give new hair, and restore to its original color, gray hair, caused red hair to grow dark. It is warranted to bring out a thick set of WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE!

in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris. It is a beautiful economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the root, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp it will cure DANDRUFF, and cause spring up in place of the bald spots a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or light hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The "ONGENT" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use, they would not for any consideration be without it. The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed. Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers—or a box of the "ONGENT," warranted to have the desired effect, will be sent to any who will send it, by mail, (direct) securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, \$1.15. Apply to or address HARRIS-WOOD'S, South 7th St., cor. Grand, Williamsburg, Va.

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This preparation, made from the best Java Coffee is superior to any other. It is a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia, and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee will find in this without injurious effects. One can contain the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

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