

Globe Warehouse!

EXACTLY AS ADVERTISED

If you see it in our advertisement rest assured that your visit here will not meet with disappointment.

WHITE GOODS—The woman in white is a reality, not a romance, these summery days.

WHITE DOTTED SWISS—Not finely made and of a regular size, price 15 cts. to 50 cts. per yd.

INDIA LIXEN—Of very good quality, our price 10c. to 35c.

WASH FABRICS—Substantial offerings of new and stylish goods at very moderate prices.

BATISTES—Navy Blue, Yale Blue and foulards in dots, floral effects and persim stripes, our price 10c, 12 1/2c, 15c, per yd.

LADIES SUMMER SKIRTS—Ladies summer skirts of washable duck, trimmed, blue with white dot, black with white dot and plain colors, our price \$1.98, \$2.25, \$2.98.

LADIES BUTCHERS LINEN SKIRTS, striped with same material our price \$2.75.

LADIES SUMMER SKIRTS OF INDIA LIXEN, deep hem, 4 inch extra lace trimmed top and bottom our price \$3.00.

Others of fine India Lixen trimmed with 3 rows elmy insertion around skirt and 4 rows insertion at top our price \$5.00.

Ladies summer skirts of Pique, skirt with 3 rows insertion our price \$3.25. Others striped with same material at \$2.75.

LADIES WHITE SHIRT WAISTS—\$1.00 worth \$1.25 of fine white lawn, embroidery and tucks, \$1.25 worth \$1.75 of fine white lawn, hemstitched tucks and embroidery front.

\$3.25 worth \$4.00 of fine white lawn, fancy lace, embroidery or tucks.

PARASOLS—Parasols with covers of heavy pure silk tulle and gros grain, in black, white, and many desirable styles, such as hemstitched, embroidered and crepe effects, values from \$1.00 to \$5.00.

Globe Warehouse

343 Market Street, Sunbury, Pa.

KING AND QUEEN KILLED BY MOB

Servian Government Overthrown By Military Conspiracy.

PRETENDER ELECTED KING

Premier Maskovitch and Other Notables Also Slain.

NEW MINISTRY FORMED AT ONCE

Army Officers Forced Their Way Into the Palace at Night, Killing All Who Opposed Them, and Shot Down the Royal Couple—Others Killed Resisting Arrest—Victims Hastily Buried at Night.

Belgrade, June 12.—A military conspiracy which subsequent events shows had the sympathy of the majority of the Servian people was carried out early yesterday morning, and King Alexander, Queen Draga, the queen's two brothers, Premier Markovitch, the minister of war, two aides-de-camp and two other officers were assassinated.

Prince Peter Karageorgewitch, the pretender to the throne, has been proclaimed king by the army.



KING ALEXANDER

Disaffection against King Alexander's rule has been accentuated since his suspension of the constitution last April, and it is from that time that the military plot dates. The organization of the bloody deed was carried out with consummate skill. The king for the past two months was thrown off his guard by the apparent quietude of the reception of his recent coup d'etat.

Story of the Tragedy. The following is a narrative of the revolution, given by men who took an active part in it.

Army officers to the number of 90, among them being delegates from all



QUEEN DRAGA

most every garrison in Servia, and the majority of the officers of the Sixth regiment, Lieutenant Colonel Militschek invited his comrades on Wednesday evening at 11 o'clock to meet in the Kalganagard Garden, and there the immediate carrying out of the intended deed was organized.

At 12 o'clock the officers in eight groups went to the Konak, the royal palace. Much confusion and a few special directions regarding his part in the revolution. Two officers of the high military academy appeared at the appointed hour 2 1/2 o'clock at the gate of the Konak where the king's adjutant Panskyovitch, who was in the temporary command there the keys to the gates were handed to the king's adjutant.

First, stopping before the guard of the Konak one of the two officers called "Throw down your arms. A feat unobtainable with swords, so each side in which several persons were wounded. Hurrying upstairs in the first floor the revolutionaries attracted the attention of the palace attendants and the royal couple by the noise of the shooting. Lieutenant Laya Petrovitch, alarmed by the shrieking hubbub, hurried forward a drawn revolver in one hand and in the other a sword.

"What do you want?" he cried. "Show us where the king and queen are," came the reply.

"Back," cried Petrovitch, and at the same moment a ball stretched him on the ground.

The revolutionaries pressed forward, when suddenly the electric light gave out. All stood in darkness. In the greatest excitement and feeling their way, the revolutionaries climbed the stairs and got into the dark anteroom to the king's apartment. Here they found candles and lit them. Without light they could not have found their victims, who fled from their sleeping apartment through corridors and numerous rooms, and might have escaped, but part of the officers, with burning candles and others with pistols, commenced to search for the royal couple.

King and Queen Shot Down. At last Queen Draga's servant was found. He wounded Captain Dimitrevic severely, but was spared because he was needed in finding the fleeing couple. Indeed, this servant showed the officers where King Alexander and Queen Draga had gone to secrete themselves. When he had told this he was shot. Colonel Maschin now joined the revolutionaries and led them back to the sleeping apartment, where the king's adjutant tried to hinder the search. He shot at Lieutenant Naumovitch, who fell dead. The others killed the adjutant. After a long search a small door leading to an alcove was discovered, but was found locked. It was broken in with an axe, and here the royal couple were found in undress. The older officers first intended forcing the king to abdicate, but the young officers were in no mood to be held back, and shot the royal couple. Nobody knows in the excitement who shot first, but it is generally said it was Lieutenant Klitsch.

After the murder, King Alexander's body was found entirely covered with blood. That of Queen Draga was badly torn by bullets.

Almost simultaneously with the butchery in the palace the troops endeavored to arrest all the relatives of the queen and those ministers whom the conspirators disliked. Two brothers of the queen, Lieutenant Colonel Nikola and Nikolodern Lunjevics, were seized and escorted by a detachment of troops from their dwelling to the guard room of the divisional commander. They were evidently not suspicious of their doom, and were lighting cigarettes when they were shot dead by eight soldiers.

General Zinzar Markovitch, the premier, General Pavlovitch, minister of war, and M. Tudorovitch, minister of the interior, were shot by the troops as they attempted to defend themselves from arrest. The former two were killed, while Minister Tudorovitch is just alive.

Victims Exposed to Public Gaze. Shortly after midnight the bodies of the dead king and queen were carried to their last resting place. It was a pitiful sight. All day long the victims were reposing in rough coffins, and had lain exposed to the gaze of those who had killed them and to the privileged curious. There have been unpleasant evidences of the public resentment against the late royal couple. Some persons even spat on the remains.

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The bodies of the victims were conveyed to the Belgrade cemetery in hearses, and all were buried simultaneously. The burial services were brief, only two priests being present. Not a single friend or relative of the dead king and queen was present. The remains of the royal pair were interred in a vault in the cemetery chapel. Two wooden crosses alone denoted the spot marked "Alexander Obrenovitch" and "Dragina Obrenovitch." The other bodies lie outside in the cemetery in rough graves.

The sisters and nieces of the late queen, who had been arrested by the military authorities, were expelled from the country. Late at night her sisters were permitted to take a farewell look at the dead queen's remains. They were subsequently conveyed by the police on board a Servian ship which brought them down to Panssova. They were lucky to escape with their lives.

The autopsy held has proved that the late king received 30 shot wounds, many of them deadly. Queen Draga had numerous shot and sabre wounds, and it is alleged that her body was torn in a barbarous fashion. The appearance of the royal apartments is indescribable. The doors and floors are shattered and the ruins drenched with blood.

There has been no sign of mourning, but it is not certain that every section of the public will quietly acquiesce in the revolution, and the tension will continue until Peter Karageorgewitch's accession has been recognized.

Joyful demonstrations were indulged in by the populace throughout the day and business has not been disturbed.

A new government was formed, as follows:

Jovan Avramovitch, premier. Lubobur Kanjevitch, foreign minister. Stojan Protic, minister of the interior. George Gensche, minister of commerce.

General Jovan Annazkovitch, minister of war. Vojislav Velikovitch, minister of finance. Colonel Alexander Maschin, minister of public works. Ljubomir Schlokovitch, minister of justice.

PETER ELECTED KING

Prince Karageorgewitch Unanimously Chosen Ruler of Servia.

Belgrade, June 16.—With scarcely the excitement which marks an ordinary festive day in the capital, Servia has instituted a new dynasty. Within less than two hours from the time of meeting in the palace the royal palace, where King Alexander and his queen were shot down, the senate and Skupshtina, in joint session, had

CLOTHING

Largest, Finest, Latest and Best.

Line ever brought to Sunbury. Men's Suits from \$2.50 to \$50.00.

Hats, Caps and Neckwear Latest Designs and Styles and at prices that will astonish the customers from Snyder county.

Fair Paid.

I will pay one-half the car fare for persons from Snyder county who buy \$10.00 Worth of Goods.

Nothing but Reliable Goods are Handled. Call on

WOLFF RIEDMAN,

The Up-to-Date Clothier, SUNBURY, PA.

Worst of All Experiences.

Can anything be worse than to feel that every minute will be your last? Such was the experience of Mrs. S. H. Nowson, Denton, Ala.

"For three years," she writes, "I endured insufferable pain from indigestion, stomach and bowel trouble. Death seemed inevitable when doctors and all remedies failed. At length I was induced to try Electric Bitters and the result was miraculous. I improved at once and now I'm completely recovered."

"For Liver, Kidney, Stomach and Bowel troubles Electric Bitters is the only medicine. Only 50c. It's guaran by Middleburg drug store Middleburg Drug Store Graybill & Garman of Richfield, Dr. J. W. Sampsell of Penns Creek Druggery.

Business Cannot be Cured by local application as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous services.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., Sole and Exclusive Agents of J. C. Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

legally and with due formality elected Prince Karageorgewitch King of Servia, and had notified him by telegram of the fact.

The senate and skupshtina on assembling listened to a proclamation signed by all the ministers, which was read by President Velimirovitch. The

members then proceeded to church, returning a little later to the palace. The ceremony of electing the king was conducted in the Salle des Fetes, which had been specially arranged for the occasion.

The metropolitan of Belgrade and the bishop of Nish, in their full robes of office, lent the sanction of their presence. The members of the provisional government and the presidents of the chamber and senate sat at the head of the white and gold decorated hall, among them Colonel Alexander Maschin, Queen Draga's cousin and now minister of public works, in full military uniform, while below them were grouped the members of the senate.

Upon the reassembling of the national assembly a resolution of general amnesty was adopted. President Velimirovitch then rose, and addressing the assembly, said they had now to elect a king of the fatherland.

The formal motion that Prince Karageorgewitch be elected king of Servia was moved by a Radical deputy, named Neschke, who was attired in the national costume. Immediately a shout arose from the assembly of "Long live Karageorgewitch." Each member was then called by name and rose quietly from his seat and gave his vote for "Peter Karageorgewitch."

There was absolute unanimity, no other name but that of Prince Karageorgewitch being pronounced. The result was greeted with enthusiasm and then the minister of justice, Schlokovitch, hastened to the balcony overlooking the street and announced to the people:

"Peter, the first of the dynasty the Karageorgewitchs, is reigning. You are congratulated on the unanimous vote of your representatives."

The crowd responded with a shout upon cheers, which, however, had the effect of being somewhat muted as though proceeding from well posed groups. At the same time a royal salute of 101 guns was fired from the palace, the soldiers marched away, and in five minutes the space in front of the palace resumed its normal aspect.

The town is full of excitement concerning the late queen, who is not a scintilla of sympathy for the murdered royal couple.

A telegram to the government arrived from the new king, Prince Peter, in which he expressed his appreciation of the splendid proofs of loyalty from his beloved people and his army and patriotic government, and deeply touched me. From the heart of a true Servian heart I thank you, which has vouchsafed God's mercy and through his hand ascended the throne of my fathers. I beg you, the president and colleagues in the government, to accept my royal acknowledgments and the assurance of my personal will."

A DASTARDLY CRIME

Girl Feloniously Assaulted For Dead Near Wilmington, Delaware.

Wilmington, Del., June 15.—S. Bishop, aged 17 years, son of the Rev. E. A. Bishop, minister of the Ferris Lutheran church, four miles from here, while on his way from a trolley car at Frankford to the school, was feloniously assaulted and injured in the throat was cut three inches deep. The girl is still unconscious and her condition is critical.

The police arrested George A. Negro, who has been in county workhouse for a month. He was found in bed at the ward farm, near the scene of the crime. A man supposed to be the assassin was seen by a neighbor near the young woman alone on the road. She was brought here. The police think they have the man.

Fired First Gun in Civil War. Columbia, S. C., June 15.—H. Gibbs, who is said to be the first shot of the war at Fort Sumter, died here. Gibbs was a gunner in Captain General's company, to whom General Gard sent the order to open fire on Major Anderson. He served as master of Columbia during the Cleveland.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 15.—W. Coolbaugh, a member of the Telegram, was killed in an office of the county containing deceased was 50 years of age. He was due to apoplexy.

GENERAL MARKET

Philadelphia, Pa., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill 1.90; extra 1.90; No. 1 white 1.90; No. 2 white 1.85; No. 3 white 1.80; No. 4 white 1.75; No. 5 white 1.70; No. 6 white 1.65; No. 7 white 1.60; No. 8 white 1.55; No. 9 white 1.50; No. 10 white 1.45; No. 11 white 1.40; No. 12 white 1.35; No. 13 white 1.30; No. 14 white 1.25; No. 15 white 1.20; No. 16 white 1.15; No. 17 white 1.10; No. 18 white 1.05; No. 19 white 1.00; No. 20 white 0.95; No. 21 white 0.90; No. 22 white 0.85; No. 23 white 0.80; No. 24 white 0.75; No. 25 white 0.70; No. 26 white 0.65; No. 27 white 0.60; No. 28 white 0.55; No. 29 white 0.50; No. 30 white 0.45; No. 31 white 0.40; No. 32 white 0.35; No. 33 white 0.30; No. 34 white 0.25; No. 35 white 0.20; No. 36 white 0.15; No. 37 white 0.10; No. 38 white 0.05; No. 39 white 0.00; No. 40 white 0.00.

St. Louis, Mo., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill 1.90; extra 1.90; No. 1 white 1.90; No. 2 white 1.85; No. 3 white 1.80; No. 4 white 1.75; No. 5 white 1.70; No. 6 white 1.65; No. 7 white 1.60; No. 8 white 1.55; No. 9 white 1.50; No. 10 white 1.45; No. 11 white 1.40; No. 12 white 1.35; No. 13 white 1.30; No. 14 white 1.25; No. 15 white 1.20; No. 16 white 1.15; No. 17 white 1.10; No. 18 white 1.05; No. 19 white 1.00; No. 20 white 0.95; No. 21 white 0.90; No. 22 white 0.85; No. 23 white 0.80; No. 24 white 0.75; No. 25 white 0.70; No. 26 white 0.65; No. 27 white 0.60; No. 28 white 0.55; No. 29 white 0.50; No. 30 white 0.45; No. 31 white 0.40; No. 32 white 0.35; No. 33 white 0.30; No. 34 white 0.25; No. 35 white 0.20; No. 36 white 0.15; No. 37 white 0.10; No. 38 white 0.05; No. 39 white 0.00; No. 40 white 0.00.

Chicago, Ill., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill 1.90; extra 1.90; No. 1 white 1.90; No. 2 white 1.85; No. 3 white 1.80; No. 4 white 1.75; No. 5 white 1.70; No. 6 white 1.65; No. 7 white 1.60; No. 8 white 1.55; No. 9 white 1.50; No. 10 white 1.45; No. 11 white 1.40; No. 12 white 1.35; No. 13 white 1.30; No. 14 white 1.25; No. 15 white 1.20; No. 16 white 1.15; No. 17 white 1.10; No. 18 white 1.05; No. 19 white 1.00; No. 20 white 0.95; No. 21 white 0.90; No. 22 white 0.85; No. 23 white 0.80; No. 24 white 0.75; No. 25 white 0.70; No. 26 white 0.65; No. 27 white 0.60; No. 28 white 0.55; No. 29 white 0.50; No. 30 white 0.45; No. 31 white 0.40; No. 32 white 0.35; No. 33 white 0.30; No. 34 white 0.25; No. 35 white 0.20; No. 36 white 0.15; No. 37 white 0.10; No. 38 white 0.05; No. 39 white 0.00; No. 40 white 0.00.

St. Paul, Minn., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill 1.90; extra 1.90; No. 1 white 1.90; No. 2 white 1.85; No. 3 white 1.80; No. 4 white 1.75; No. 5 white 1.70; No. 6 white 1.65; No. 7 white 1.60; No. 8 white 1.55; No. 9 white 1.50; No. 10 white 1.45; No. 11 white 1.40; No. 12 white 1.35; No. 13 white 1.30; No. 14 white 1.25; No. 15 white 1.20; No. 16 white 1.15; No. 17 white 1.10; No. 18 white 1.05; No. 19 white 1.00; No. 20 white 0.95; No. 21 white 0.90; No. 22 white 0.85; No. 23 white 0.80; No. 24 white 0.75; No. 25 white 0.70; No. 26 white 0.65; No. 27 white 0.60; No. 28 white 0.55; No. 29 white 0.50; No. 30 white 0.45; No. 31 white 0.40; No. 32 white 0.35; No. 33 white 0.30; No. 34 white 0.25; No. 35 white 0.20; No. 36 white 0.15; No. 37 white 0.10; No. 38 white 0.05; No. 39 white 0.00; No. 40 white 0.00.

Portland, Me., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill 1.90; extra 1.90; No. 1 white 1.90; No. 2 white 1.85; No. 3 white 1.80; No. 4 white 1.75; No. 5 white 1.70; No. 6 white 1.65; No. 7 white 1.60; No. 8 white 1.55; No. 9 white 1.50; No. 10 white 1.45; No. 11 white 1.40; No. 12 white 1.35; No. 13 white 1.30; No. 14 white 1.25; No. 15 white 1.20; No. 16 white 1.15; No. 17 white 1.10; No. 18 white 1.05; No. 19 white 1.00; No. 20 white 0.95; No. 21 white 0.90; No. 22 white 0.85; No. 23 white 0.80; No. 24 white 0.75; No. 25 white 0.70; No. 26 white 0.65; No. 27 white 0.60; No. 28 white 0.55; No. 29 white 0.50; No. 30 white 0.45; No. 31 white 0.40; No. 32 white 0.35; No. 33 white 0.30; No. 34 white 0.25; No. 35 white 0.20; No. 36 white 0.15; No. 37 white 0.10; No. 38 white 0.05; No. 39 white 0.00; No. 40 white 0.00.

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Richmond, Va., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill 1.90; extra 1.90; No. 1 white 1.90; No. 2 white 1.85; No. 3 white 1.80; No. 4 white 1.75; No. 5 white 1.70; No. 6 white 1.65; No. 7 white 1.60; No. 8 white 1.55; No. 9 white 1.50; No. 10 white 1.45; No. 11 white 1.40; No. 12 white 1.35; No. 13 white 1.30; No. 14 white 1.25; No. 15 white 1.20; No. 16 white 1.15; No. 17 white 1.10; No. 18 white 1.05; No. 19 white 1.00; No. 20 white 0.95; No. 21 white 0.90; No. 22 white 0.85; No. 23 white 0.80; No. 24 white 0.75; No. 25 white 0.70; No. 26 white 0.65; No. 27 white 0.60; No. 28 white 0.55; No. 29 white 0.50; No. 30 white 0.45; No. 31 white 0.40; No. 32 white 0.35; No. 33 white 0.30; No. 34 white 0.25; No. 35 white 0.20; No. 36 white 0.15; No. 37 white 0.10; No. 38 white 0.05; No. 39 white 0.00; No. 40 white 0.00.

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San Francisco, Cal., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill 1.90; extra 1.90; No. 1 white 1.90; No. 2 white 1.85; No. 3 white 1.80; No. 4 white 1.75; No. 5 white 1.70; No. 6 white 1.65; No. 7 white 1.60; No. 8 white 1.55; No. 9 white 1.50; No. 10 white 1.45; No. 11 white 1.40; No. 12 white 1.35; No. 13 white 1.30; No. 14 white 1.25; No. 15 white 1.20; No. 16 white 1.15; No. 17 white 1.10; No. 18 white 1.05; No. 19 white 1.00; No. 20 white 0.95; No. 21 white 0.90; No. 22 white 0.85; No. 23 white 0.80; No. 24 white 0.75; No. 25 white 0.70; No. 26 white 0.65; No. 27 white 0.60; No. 28 white 0.55; No. 29 white 0.50; No. 30 white 0.45; No. 31 white 0.40; No. 32 white 0.35; No. 33 white 0.30; No. 34 white 0.25; No. 35 white 0.20; No. 36 white 0.15; No. 37 white 0.10; No. 38 white 0.05; No. 39 white 0.00; No. 40 white 0.00.

San Antonio, Tex., June 15.—Wheat was steady; winter superfine 1.90; Pennsylvania roller 1.90; city mill