WORK OF CONGRESS

House Still Struggling Laboriously Against Democratic Filibuster.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE

Deficiency Bill Passed and Immigration and Public Building Bills Sent to Conference - Voices of House Clerks Worn Out by Roll Calls.

Washington, March 3. - From 11 b'clock yesterday morning until late last night the house struggled laboriously against the Democratic filibuster, working steadily to wind up the necessary business of the session. Despite another special rule adoped yesterday, legislation proceeded at a snail's pare. Roll call followed roll call on every proposition. The voices of the remains clerks were worn out by the coaseless calling of the roll, and several clerks from committee have been drafted to help out. Since I trains have been running between New Thursday last, when the filibuster was inaugurated, there have been over 60 roll calls, as against 57 for the entire tong session, lasting from December 1, 1901, to July 2, 1902. The members also show the effects of the heavy strain, but they are sticking to their posts. Last night the great hall presented a dishevelled appearance. The floor was strewn with bits of paper, looking as it a snow storm had swept through the hall. In the galleries among the spectators were many weary watchers interested in bills doomed to failure, but still hoping on to the end. The proceedings were enlivened several times as the leaders of the respective sides eroused swords. Their tempers had not been sweetened by their long vigil and frequently the

The conference report on the Alaskan homestead bill and the immigration bill were adopted; the omnibus public beliefing bill and the general deficiency appropriation bill were sent to conference. The Otjen bill to prohibit tobacco dealers from giving prizes, the bill to provide for a delegate from Porto Rico, a bill to advance Major Gorgas to the rank of assistant surgeon-general and a bill for the relief of Lieutenant B. F. Handforth were passed.

The house also adopt at the conference reports on the postoffice and agricultural bills, and shortly before midnight, at the end of a continuous session of almost 13 hours, adjourned.

In the Senate.

The senate yesterday passed the general deficiency bill after four hours' consideration and after it had been amended in several particulars. An amendment by Mr. Rawlins calling for Albey, Luze an appropriation of \$50,000,000 to further the work of irrigating the arid land formished material for considerable diseassion, Mr. Rawlins contending that the surplus in the treasure, could be better used in this manner than by turning it into the nations' banks. The amendment was reject on a point of order. When the Ali speech by him on the subject of murders in the Philippin During the bil and the Alaskan homestead bill were agreed to.

The immigration and omnibus public building bills were sent to conference. An agreement was reached on the immigration bill, which was then reported to the senate and adopted.

During the debate on the Aldrich financial bill last night Mr. Tillman convulsed the senate by saying that "the Democratic party has been bungoed by the most astute politician in the United States, and that is Matthew Stanley Quay." It was some time before order could be restored so great was the laughter. He said that all but two Democrats had been led by Mr. Quay to support the statehood bill, which he believed had been used for the purpose of preventing anti-trust legislation.

In reply Mr. Quay said he was deeply indebted to Mr. Tillman for his tribate and referred to the action taken last June when by unanimous consent the statehood bill was made the unfinished business and before the antitrust agitation.

Mr Quay declared that he did not put the statehood bill forward to keep back trust legislation.

EXTRA SESSION OF SENATE

President Declares Public Interests Demand Attention.

Washington, March 3.-The president yesterday issued the following proclamation:

"By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

"Whereas, public interests require that the senate should convene in extraordinary session therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim aid declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the senate of the United States to convene at the capitol in the city of Washington on the 5th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States at Washington, the second day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-seventh.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

EXPLOSION KILLS SIX

Edison Cement Plant at New Village, N. J., Wrecked.

Easton, Pa., March 33 .- Six men are dead and 25 or 30 others are injured. President Explains Appointments in several of them seriously, from the effects of an explosion at the Edison cement plant, at New Village, N. J. seven miles from here, on the line of FITNESS AND ACILITY PRIMETEST the Delaware, Lackawanna and Westrn Railroad. A large part of the plant was burned. The bodies of the six men are in the ruins. Their names have not been learned.

The most seriously injured, all of whom are burned, are: E. E. Darling, New Village; William Staatz, Stewartsville, N. J., may die; Harry Rose, Phillipsburg, N. J.; R. H. Goodwellie, New York; George Bowman; Clinton S. Race, Easton; Alexander Wolf, Stewartsville; George Bowman; Harry Wilkmen, Broadway, N. J.

All of these men have been brought to Easton. The remainder of the injured are being cared for at New Village and Stewartsville at farm houses in the vicinity of the plant. Special Village and Easton all night, and more of the unfortunate men are expected to be brought to the local hospital. The explosion occurred in one of the large coul bins and was caused by the ignition of a quantity of gas. The day force had discovered a slight fire about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but the men thought they had extinguished it. Foreman Rose went to the bin just before quitting time, and as he opened a door a terrific explosion occurred. The bin was blown to places and the workmen who were at or near it were injured. The wreckage took fire and the flames spread rapidly, and for a time no effort was made to check this progress, the attention of the uninjured being directed to the care of their loss fortunate companions. The coal bin, the blower house, the fine coal house, the coal storage building, three conveyors and one receiving tower are in ashes. Assistance was asked form the Washington, N. J., fire de-

CATTLE WITH LADRONES

Nineteen Killed and Many Wounded in Fight Near Manila.

Manila, March 3 .- A detachment scouts, under the command of Lieutenant Nickerson, attacked and defeated a body of ladrones near the village of Mariquina, seven miles from Manila Sunday. Lieutenant Nickerson attacked before daylight. After an hour's fighting the ladrones were scattered and nineteen killed and many wounded. There were no casualties on the side cours.

bulary last Wednesday The co surprised captured the stronghold of the lamentes in the mountains of there a force of ladrones ill detachment of conaitacked February 20. The constabular; a Wednesday met with we resimance from the ladrones, who defeated with a loss of 10 killed I four captured. The ladrones'

tronghold and supplies were burned. Brigadier-General Sumner, commanding the department of Mindanao. financial bill was taken up Mr. Teller telegraphs that he expects trouble continued his remarks begun Saturday. along the military road north of Lake He was followed by Mr. Carmack, who Launo. He says that the dates of the been surprised and somewhat pained replied to some criticisms of a recent sultan of Mindanao are friendly and at what seems to me the incomprehenanxious for peace, but are unable to sible out ry in the south about my ac control sections of their unruly followcourse of the day the conference report ers. General Sumner has warned the New York for reasons wholly unconon the fortifications appropriation soldiers to avoid any conflict and to nected with the question nominally carefully guard against surprises.

DENIAL FROM MITCHELL

ployers of Non-Union Men.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 28.-President is leader of a party of union organizers shall consistently follow in the future." to drive out of business employers of non-union men. It is reported that in Chicago and other Illinois towns a protest has been entered egainst awarding public contracts to companies using coal mined by non-union men in Maryland and West Virginia. In discussing this point, President Mitchell said that there was not a word of truth in the statement that he is interested in such a scheme.

Mr. Mitchell is deeply interested in the outcome of the meeting of scale committees of the miners and operators. As yet no agreement has been reached in the northern field, where the hottest fight is waged by the operators.

600 Vacancies at Annapolis.

Washington, March 3.-Secretary Moody has discovered that as a result tirement of the outgoing class at Annapolis, there will be 600 vacancies at the Naval Academy. It is manifestly impossible to provide at once accomodations for this number, and Captain Brownson, the superintendent, has been requested ta state the extent of his resources for the coming year in the matter of accommodations. Meantime, Secretary Moody is working out a scheme whereby representatives in congress will be able to nominate a eadet each year, instead of two on alternate years .

Murder in Coal Mine.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., March 3.-An atrocious murder took place yesterday in the Lackawanna mine of the Temple Iron Company at Olyphant, Frank Dombosky, a miner, got into a dispute with a miner named John R. Griffith over a can of oil, which the latter accused the former of stealing. They came to blows, and finally Griffith struck Dombosky on the head with a heavy mine sprag, killing him instantly. Griffith surrendered himself to the authorities and is now in jail at Oly-

South to Atlanta Editor.

Mr. Roosevelt Is Pained at Outcry In South About His Actions, But Declares He Will Not Swerve From the Course He Has Marked Out.

Atlanta, Ga., March 2. - Following are extracts from a letter from President Roosevelt to Clark Howell, editor of the Constitution, in reply to a request for an exposition concerning a recent letter from Harry Stillwell Edwards, of Macon, with reference to the matter of federal appointments in the south:

"In making appointments I have sought to consider the feelings of the people of each territory so far as I could consistently do so without sacrificing principle. The prime tests I have applied have been those of character, fitness and ability, and when I have been dissatisfied with what has been offered within my own party lines I have without hesitation gone to the opposite party-and you are of course aware that I have repeatedly done this in your own state of Georgia. I certainly cannot treat mere color as a bar to holding office any more than I could so treat creed or birthplace-always providing that in other respects the applicant or incumbent is a worthy and well behaved American citizen. Just as little will I treat it as conferring a right to hold office. I ask you to judge not by what I say but by what during the last 17 months I have actually done. In South Carolina I have appointed a white postmaster to succeed a colored postmaster. Again in South Carolina I have nominated a colored man to fill a vacancy in the position of collector of the port of Charleston, just as in Georgia I have reappointed the colored man who is now serving as colered collector of the port of Savannah. Both are fit men. Why the appointment of one should cause any more excitement han the appointment of the other I am wholly at a loss to imagine. As I am writing to a man of keen and trained intelligence, I need hardly say that to connect either of these appointments or any or all my other appointments or my actions in upholding the law at Indianola with such questions as 'social equality' and 'negro domination' are as absurd as to connect them with the nebular hypothesis or the theory of atoms, I have consulted freely with your own senators and congressmen as to the character and capacity of any appointed in Georgia concerning whom there was question. A large percentage of the incumbents of federal offices in Georgia under me are, as i understand it,

of your own political faith. "This is true not only of your own state, but as the rule for what I have done throughout the south. I may add that the proportion of colored men among the new appointees is only

about one in a hundred. tions-an outery apparently started in at issue. I am concerned at the attitude thus taken by so many of the southern people; but I am not in the Not Interested in Scheme Against Em- least angry; and still less will this attitude have the effect of making me swerve one hairsbreadth to one side or John Mitchell, of the United Mine the other from the course I have Workers of America, denies the state- marked out-the course I have conment made several days ago that he sistently followed in the past and

WAR CLOUDS GATHERING Conflict Between Russia and Turkey

Believed to Be Imminent. St. Petersburg, Feb. 28, via Eydtkuh nen, German frontier, March 2.-Some publicists are of the opinion that only the sternest language towards Turkey can prevent a war between Russia and Turkey in the spring. They believe that Turkey will pursue bands of Macedonian revolutionists across the Bulgarian frontier, and that public opinion will compel Russia to inter-

The Russians thoroughly understand that a war with Turkey will be a more severe one than that of 1878. Officers are quoted as saying that the Turkish army is the best in the world, owing to its German organization and arma of new legislation, allowing for the re- ment. There is an inclination here to anticipate German financial support of Turkey, and, in view of the situation, forebodings of a clash with Turkey are freely expressed in private, al though they are carefully suppressed in the newspapers.

Appointed By Governor Pennypacker. Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 28.-Governor Pennypacker yesterday appointed the following deputy factory inspectors: J. H. Ferris, of Wellsboro, vice W. W. English, of Wellsboro, removed; Lincoln L. Knlsely, of Harrisburg, vice Miss Mary Wagner, of Harrisburg; James Patterson, of Newportville, Bucks county, vice Evan R. Penrose; W. R. Fullerton, of Chester. vice Thomas B. Shaw, of Chester, removed. The appointments take effect on Mon-

Gangrene From a Lemon.

Lancaster, Pa., March 2.-Mrs. Catharine B. Larnish, 57 years old, died Saturday from a peculiar cause. Some weeks ago she was advised to place a slice of lemon on her corn. She used part of a lemon that was cut several days earlier, and the germs in the phant. There had been a bitter feeling lemon caused gangrene. Her leg was between the two men for some weeks amputated to save her life, but she failed to rally.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Wednesday, February 25. Frank Brown, a negro, was lynched yesterday near Shreveport, La., for shooting a man named Connell, but not fatally.

The entire plant of the American Bridge Company, near Pittsburg, Pa., was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss, \$250,000.

The Virginia legislature yesterday appropriated \$10,000 to defend suits brought by negroes to test the new state constitution.

The collection of papers and manuscripts of President Jackson were given to the Congressional Library, Washington, D. C. They run back prior to 1800, and down to Jackson's death in 1845.

Thursday, February 26. Rev. Dr. Harvey W. McKnight, for nearly 20 years president of Pennsylvania College, at Gettysburg, Pa., has resigned.

Crazed by the death of his wife, Henry Lippert, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., jumped into the river and was drowned.

The Cooper-Wells Hosiery plant at St. Joseph, Mich., was destroyed by. fire yesterday, throwing 400 employes out of work. Loss, \$225,000.

An earthquake shock was felt yesterday at Oacoma, S. D., which lasted several minutes and was severe enough to shake down stones and break the ice in the river.

Friday, February 27.

J. J. Rowe, of Cleveland, was yesterday elected president of the American Bowling Congress at Indianapolis. King Edward has conferred the

grand cross of St. Michael and St. George on Sir Michael Herbert, British ambassador at Washington. A spark from a shifting engine at

Peaks, S. C., yesterday, started a fire which nearly wiped out the little town. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. Secretary Moody has accepted the monitor Nevada, built by the Bath

Iron Works, and directed that she be put in commission about March 1. In an explosion of dust at the Auburn and Alton coal mine, near Spring-

killed. Ten mules were also killed. Saturday, February 28.

Robbers Thursday night blew open the postoffice safe at Garrett, Ind., and secured \$1,300 in cash and stamps.

field. Ill., yesterday, three miners were

Al Maul, the famous National League pitcher, has been engaged to coach the Lehigh University base ball

Joseph Keenan, colored, was hanged at Greenville, S. C., for murder. It was the second legal hanging in South Carolina since 1884. New York city will pay William

Waldorf Astor \$167,974 in settlement of a claim for land acquired by the city in improving the water front. President Roosevelt yesterday

signed a bill providing for the erection in Washington of statues to Count Pulaski and Major General Baron von Steuben, of the Continental army. Monday, March 2.

It is said that American trained nurses are in great demand at present in Paris Rear Admiral William Harkness, re-

tired, died at his home in Jersey City Saturday of typhoid fever. Judge William R. Day was sworn in today as the successor of Justice

Shiras, of the United States supreme court. The United States army transports Logaz and Kilpatrick, loaded with

troops and baggage for the Philippines. sailed from San Francisco Saturday. Maddened by an unfortunate invest ment of his savings, Joseph A. Fritz, of San Francisco, shot and killed M.

Yardell and then committed suicide. Tuesday, March 3.

Morrison, fatally wounded Miss J.

the army appropriation and the Philippine coinage bills.

Titus, of New York, were yesterday promoted to be inspectors.

The state of Iowa has appointed a commission to erect three monuments

ball team.

Dr. James Mitchell, private secretary War, died at Mount Zion, Ga., yesterday, aged 85 years.

GENERAL MARKETS

Philadelphia, Pa.. March 2. — Flour was steady; winter superfine, \$2.70@2.90; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$3.10@3.25; city mills, extra, \$2.95@3.10. Rye flour was quiet, at \$3.15@3.20 per barrel. Wheat was firm; No. 2 Pennsylvania, red, new, 79½c. Corn was firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 52½c. Oats were quiet; No. 2 white, clipped, 21½c. lower grades, 42½c. Hay was firm; No. 2 yellow, local, 52½c. Oats were quiet; No. 2 white, clipped, 43½c.; lower grades, 42½c. Hay was steady; No. 1 timothy, \$19 for large bales. Beef was steady; beef hams, \$19@20. Pork was firm; family, \$20. Live poultry, 13c. for hens, and 9@9½c. for old roosters. Dressed poultry, at 13½c. for choice fowls, and 10c. for old roosters. Butter was steady; creamery, 32c. per pound. Eggs were steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 16c. per dozen. Potatoes were steady. 16c. per dozen. Potatoes were steady choice, 68@70c. per bushel.

Live Stock Markets.

East Buffalo, N. Y., March 2.—Cattle were strong; prime steers, \$5.25@5.50; heifers, \$3.75@4.75; cows, \$2.75@4.25; bulls, \$3@4.25; fresh cows, choice, 35: @60 per head. Veals steady; tops \$8@8.25; common to good, \$4.50@7.75 Hors steady; heav, \$7.40@7.50. \$8.08.25; common to good, \$4.50.07.75. Hogs steady; heavy, \$7.40.07.50; mixed, \$7.15.07.35; Yorkers, \$7.07.10; pigs, \$6.75.06.85; roughs, \$6.40.06.70; stags, \$5.25.05.75. Sheep were strong; top mixed, \$5.50.05.75; culls, \$2.75.05.40. Lambs higher; tops, \$7.07.15; culls, \$4.50.06.90; yearlings, \$5.50.06.25. East Liberty, Pa., March 2.—Cattle were strong; choice, \$5.35.05.50; prime, \$5.15.05.30; good, \$4.60.05.10. Hogs were slow; prime heavies, \$7.45.07.50; mediums, \$7.35.07.40; heavy Yorkers, \$7.15.07.25; light Yorkers, \$6.85.07; pigs, \$6.70.06.75; roughs, \$5.50.06.75. Sheep were steady; best wethers, \$5.40.05.60; culls and common, \$2.25.03.50; choice lambs, \$6.80.07; veal calves, \$8.50.09.

AHWORD ABOUT

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A WORD ABOUT

WIRE!

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GELNETT BROS.,

MIDDLEBURG, PA.

Pressure From Washington Used to Break Famous Deadlock.

HALL CROWDED TO SUFFOCATION

Special Session of Legislature Elected J. Frank Aliee (Union Rep.) to Long | The election of Messrs. Aliee its Term, and Congressman L. H. Ball (Regular Rep.) to Short Term.

Dover, Del., March 3 .- For the first time in four years the state of Delaware yesterday secured full representation in the United States Senate. At President Roosevelt yesterday signed a special session the state legislature elected State Senator J. Frank Allee (Union Republican), to the senator-Police Captains Schmittberger and ship which expires in 1907, and Congressman L. Heisler Ball (Regular Republican) to the term expiring in 1905. The selection was undoubtedly due to pressure from Washington on the Chickamauga batttlefield, Tenn. brought to bear upon the Regular Re-Captain W. J. Clarke, of the Wash- publicans in the legislature who have ington American League club, is coach- all along been opposed to the election ing the Annapolis naval academy base of J. Edward Addicks or any of his adherents to the United States Senate. Congressman Dick of Ohio, came to to President Lincoln during the Civil Dover yesterday in the interest of Republican harmony. He established headquarters at the Hotel Richardson, where prior to the joint session of the legislature he received a delegation from each faction. He advised the acceptance by the Regular Republicans of the Union Republicans' proposition agreed upon in Philadelphia Saturday, that a Union Republican be elected to the long term senatorship and a Regular Republican for the short term, Addicks himself being eliminated. In this connection Mr. Dick said:

"The Regulars should accept the proposition # the Union Republicans. This is the best thing to do, and is what the National Committee want. I am doing all I can to bring about this result.'

Anticipating the likelihood of an agreement between the Republican factions, Democratic State Chairman Saulsbury presented a proposition to the Regular Republicans agreeing to use his influence for the election with lar Republicans to the United States JAS. G. THOMPSON, Cashier. Senate. This proposition was approved by the advisory committee of the Democratic state committee, but was not ratified by the Democratic legislators in caucus.

In the meantime a compromise was effected between the Regular Republi- J. N. Thompson, cans and the Addicks forces, resulting in the selection of a Senator from each faction. The thirty-sixth and last ballot resulted as follows:

Long term-Allee, 30; Saulsbury, Democrat, 17: J. H. Hughes, Democrat,

1; Woodburn, Democrat, 1; A.E. born, Regular, 1; E. W. Tunnell, ocrat, 1.

Short term-Ball, Regular, 31; ney, Democrat, 19; B. A. Hazell, I

crat, 1; E. R. Cochran, Jr., Demot In expectation of a settlement senatorial difficulty, politicians

prominent men from every se the state were present at terday's sessions of the legisl was announced to an audiencethe the house of representatives to st tion. Men were standing upon the dow ledges, and so compact s crowd that many of the spec stood upon the shoulders of other porting themselves against the of the assembly room. The nois confusion on the part of those came to witness the proceeding so great that many of the legs became bewildered and apparent not know how to vote when the was called. The appearance of gressman Dick in the hall was t nal for wild and prolonged an During the voting he occupied it of Representative Townsend, side him in the seat of Repres Jones sat Mr Addicks. The evinced much satisfaction wh result of the vote was announce

was the first to congratulate Mr. The election is regarded here Addicks victory, because of the of the Reggular Republicans to to a compromise with the Des The two senators will report at ington tomorrow.

of Middleburg, Pa.

Capital, -Surplus,

G. Alfred Schoch, Pres. W. W. WITTENMYER, Vice

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