Strong Man

ng all over. No man can be who is suffering from indigestion e other disease of the stomach and ciated organs of digestion and tion. For the stomach used there is of the nutri- ontained in which is ource of all al strength. a man t feel just when he sleep well, uncomfort- eling in the h after eat- languid, and irrita- is losing the on needed ke strength. a man needs Dr. Pierce's en Medical ery. It cures ses of the h and other of digestion trition. It es the blood, stimulates the liver, es the nerves, and so gives health ength to the whole body.

homas A. Swarts, of Sub. Station C, ns, Ohio, Box 293, writes: "I was taken k with severe headache, then cramps in ach and my food would not digest, then ed liver trouble and my back got weak d scarcely get around. The more I doc- e worse I got until six years passed. I y walk in the house by the aid of a and I had *given up to die*. Then one of thers said, 'Take my advice and take e's Golden Medical Discovery and new man out of yourself.' The first bot- ed me and after I had taken eight bot- bout six weeks I was weighed and found ained twenty-seven (27) pounds, and I stout and healthy to-day, I think, as I ."

Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure con- on.

SYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Lewistown Division.

In effect May 25, 1902.

STATIONS.	EASTWARD	
	A M	P M
Sunbury	9 20	4 50
Selinsgrove Junction	9 09	4 40
Selinsgrove	9 04	4 35
Pawling	8 53	4 27
Kreamer	8 49	4 23
Musser	8 47	4 20
Middleburg	8 40	4 13
Benfer	8 34	4 07
Beavertown	8 28	3 57
Beaver Springs	8 20	3 52
Barbe Mills	8 14	3 44
McClure	8 07	3 38
Wagner	7 57	3 28
Shindle	7 54	3 24
Painterville	7 49	3 20
Maitland	7 43	3 13
Lewistown	7 35	3 05
Lewistown (Main Street.	7 31	3 01
Lewistown Junction.	7 30	3 00

leaves Sunbury 5 30 p m, ar- es at Selinsgrove 5 45 p m Selinsgrove 6:00 p. m., arrives Sunbury 6 15 p m.

leave Lewistown Junction : 9 10 a m, 1 10 p m, 3 30 p m 4 37 p m, 7 07 p m, 12 30 a m for Altoona, Pittsburg and

timore and Washington 8 05 a m 9 20, 2 42 8 10 p m For Philadelphia and New k 5 05, 9 30 a m, 1 02 1 23 4 38 and 11 16 p rrisburg, 8 10 p m

adelphia & Erie R R Division.

AND

THERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

WARD.

ves Selinsgrove Junction daily for and W—

m, 12 58 p m, 4 52 p m.--Sunday 9 25 a m,

ve Sunbury daily except Sunday: for Bull do, 1 24 a m for Erie and Can- a

for Bellefonte Erie and Canandaigua for Lock Haven, Tyrone and the West. m for Buffalo, 1 13 p m for Bellefonte Tyrone and Canandaigua for Renovo and Elmira for Williamsport

for Buffalo via Emporium. for Erie, 5 10 a m for Erie and Canan- 9 54 p m for Wil- for Lock Haven and

9 55 a m 2 00 and 5 25 p m for Wilkes- and Hazelton 10 10 a m, 2 05 p m, 5 35 p m for Shamo- Mount Carmel 2 55 a m for Wilkesbarre

EASTWARD.

Trains leave Selinsgrove Junction a m, daily arriving at Philadelphia New York 5 53 p m Baltimore 3 11 p m ington 4 15 p m

daily arriving at Philadelphia New York 3 53 a m, Baltimore 9 45 p m ington 10 53 p m.

m, daily arriving at Philadelphia New York 7 13 a m, Baltimore 2 30 a m ington 4 05 a m.

Trains also leave Sunbury:

m daily arriving at Philadelphia 6 52 a m re 7 30 a m Washington 8 30 a m New 11 a m Weekdays, 10 58 a m Sundays, m daily arriving at Philadelphia 7 22 w York 9 33 a m, 10 38 Sundays Balti- 1 a m, Washington 8 30 a m, Baltimore Washington 1 15 p m,

m week days arriving at Philadelphia m, New York 2 13 p m, Baltimore 12 10 p shington 1 15 p m

week days arriving at Philadelphia w York 9 30 p m, Baltimore 6 00 p m ington 7 15 p m

daily, arriving at Philadelphia 7 32 p m ork 11 43 p m, Baltimore 7 30 p m, Wash- 8 05 p m

also leave Sunbury at 9 50 a m and 20 p m, for Harrisburg, Philadelphia and ore

J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass Agent UTCHINSON Gen'l Manager

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

REAT FRENCH REMEDY

es the above results in 30 days. It acts ily and quickly. Cures when all others fail n will regain their lost manhood, and old ll recover their youthful vigor by using VO. It quickly and surely restores Nervous- ss, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, ver, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and ts of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. nents one for study, business or marriage. It cures by starting at the seat of disease, but s a nerve tonic and blood builder, bring- the pink glow to pale cheeks and re- the fire of youth. It wards off insanity consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail per package, or six for $5.00, with a posi written guarantee to cure or refund ney. Circular free. Address

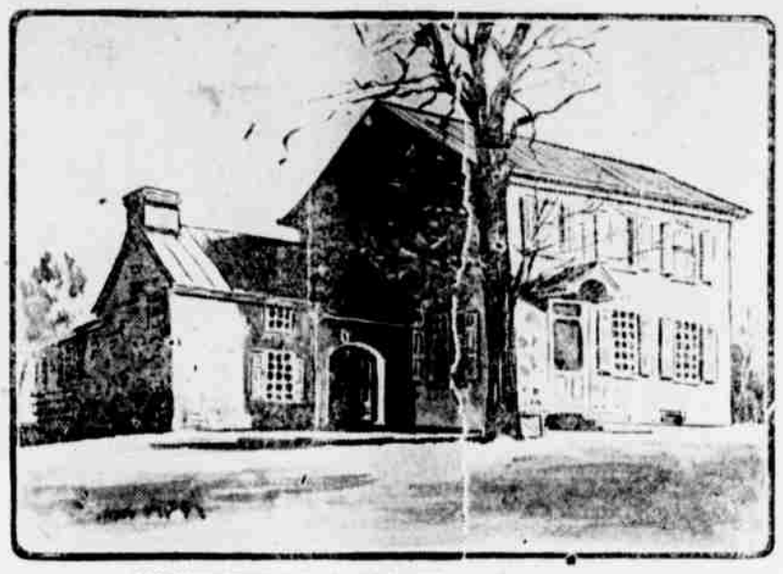
al Medicine Co., 200 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

ale in Middleburgh, Pa., by DDLEBURGH DRUG CO.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

prove. One of these, although a slaveholder himself, was the recognition of slavery. He had fought for national liberty under a banner which, in the declaration of independence, had declared that "all men are born free and equal." With Adams and Jefferson he believed that the corner stone of the new republic should be equal rights under the law for all men, with no recognized aristocracies or peculiar rights for certain classes or races. It was to this unfortunate compromise that he alluded when he wrote:

"There are some things in this form, I will readily acknowledge, which never did,



WASHINGTON'S HEADQUARTERS AT VALLEY FORGE.

and I am persuaded never will, obtain my cordial approbation. But I did then conceive, and I do now firmly believe, that, in the aggregate, it is the best constitution that can be obtained in this epoch, and that this or a dissolution awaits our choice. It is the only alternative."

As president Washington gave many evidences of his ability as a public civil official. He had not the scholarism of Jefferson and some of the earlier presidents, but he had clear judgment, keen foresight, incorruptible integrity, and a common sense way of looking at and deciding matters that seldom led him into error. The public questions that arose during his administration were new and perplexing. Whether he was advised as much as our later presidents were the records do not disclose. One thing, however, is certain, he did not have the help of the newspapers in his decisions of tangled problems as much as the later-day presidents have had. Some of his executive acts were criticised, but as time removed the prejudices then existing and threw greater light on affairs, the acts he performed and the opinions he expressed and held have proven, in the main, to have been correct. His public services as president were devoid of selfishness and ambitious motives, free from party prejudices, and prompted by motives that he believed to be for the best interests of the nation.

PURITY OF CHARACTER

In purity of character and freedom from vices of every kind, Washington stands as a model for American youth. His reply to his indignant father, whose impetuous nature was aroused by the apparent wantonness of the cutting of his favorite cherry tree: "Father, I cannot tell a lie; I cut the tree," was a striking symbolical illustration of the development in boyhood of the character of his manhood. During the war with France, when Washington was a colonel in the British army, many of the men in his regiment of provincials were frontiersmen, coarse and wicked and profane. He abhorred the vice of swearing and, determined to break it up, issued the following official order:

"Col. Washington has observed that the men of his regiment are very profane and reprobate. He takes this opportunity to inform them of his great displeasure at such practices, and assures them that if they do not leave them off they shall be severely punished. The officers are desired, if they hear any man swear or make use of any oath or execration, to order the offender 25 lashes immediately, without a court-martial. For a second offense he shall be more severely punished."

So prevalent were profanity and vulgarity in the army during the first year of the revolutionary war that in 1780 he issued the following notice to his soldiers at New York:

"The general of the army is sorry to be informed that the foolish and distasteful practice of swearing is growing in fashion. He hopes that the officers will, by example as well as by influence, endeavor to check it, and that both they and the men will reflect that we can have little hope of the blessings of Heaven on our arms if we insult it by impiety. Added to this, it and profanity are vices so mean and low, without any temptation, that everyone of sense and character detests and despises them. The general hopes that every officer and man will endeavor to live and act as becomes a Christian soldier."

During his army life Washington did not forget or neglect his religious duties. His morning and evening prayers were always offered, and, whenever possible, he observed the other means of divine grace. At one time, when the army was encamped near Morristown, N. J., he called on Rev. Dr. Jones, the pastor of the Presbyterian church at that town, and said: "Doctor, I understand that the Lord's supper is to be celebrated with you next Sunday. I would learn if it accords with the rules of your church to admit communicants of other denominations at your table?"

"Certainly," was the reply, "ours is not the Presbyterian table, but the Lord's table, and we give the Lord's invitation to all His followers of whatever name."

"I am glad of it," the general responded, "that is as it should be. I propose to join with you on that occasion. Though a member of the Church of England, I have no exclusive partialities."

The pastor reassured him of a cordial welcome, and on the next Sabbath day the war-worn veteran, with several of his officers, was among the communicants at the church.

WASHINGTON'S WEALTH

It is probable that at his death Washington was worth $530,000. The late Paul Leicester Ford, in his excellent work, "The True George Washington," puts it at that sum. This did not include the property that his wife brought on their marriage, which is estimated at $100,000. Washington always insisted that she should retain that in her name, for did it increase to $130,000 which the death of Patsy Custis in 1773 added to the estate. He was therefore, one of the wealthiest men of his time, for then wealth was not so much centralized as it is now.

His hand, however, was a charitable one. He gave freely of his wealth for deserving causes and expended large sums for the maintenance of the army during the revolutionary war, as well as contributing to the support of the provisional government. John Adams, in one of his moods of jealousy toward Washington, once asked: "Would Washington have been commander of the army of president of the United States if he had not married the wife of rich Mr. Custis?" He undoubtedly would, for he had achieved military fame before the revolutionary war closed came over the land and had proven his fitness. While he was wealthy, he gave of that wealth for his country's good in the darkest hours, and such cynical questions cannot tarnish his fame or patriotism.

Illustrative of this willingness on his part to sacrifice his wealth to his country's good is this instance: In 1781 the British were marching through Virginia and carrying on a general system of plunder and devastation. They laid Richmond in ashes and ascended the Chesapeake and the Potomac, landing at Mount Vernon, Washington's home. To save the mansion from flames and pillage, the manager of the estate furnished the army with an abundance of supplies. When Washington heard of it he was much displeased and wrote his agent as follows:

"It would have been a less painful circumstance to me to have heard that, in consequence of your refusal to comply with their request, they had burned my house and laid the plantation in ruins."

HIS PLACE IS SECURE

It was not his public life and services alone that have given to Washington the commanding position he holds in the affections of the American people. His personal character, his unimpeachable integrity, the purity of his motives, and the tenor of his whole private life have had much to do with it. He was able to become first in the hearts of his countrymen because he deserved this distinction, and because by his humor and truth, his wisdom and judgment, he rose above the intrigues of the selfish and jealous men and the turmoil of party passion and pointed the way to national strength in national righteousness.

The acts of no man in public life have been free from criticism, nor has his character remained unassailed, but fewer of these shafts have been turned on Washington than on other men who have held such high positions of trust and honor; but they cannot dim the luster that has gathered around his name or detract from the reverence in which he is held by every patriotic American. No better evidence of the esteem in which he was held by his contemporaries could be given than the fact that the public observance of his birthday began during his lifetime. This has been true of no other American. And the anniversary of his birth is the only "man's birth day" made a legal holiday by this nation. Whatever other names have come or may come up for honor and reverence, that of Washington is secure as the first in the Hall of Fame. FRANK DILDINE.

CORNWALLIS SURRENDERING BRITISH STANDARDS AT YORKTOWN.

Good Horse Sense

teaches that glue and old eggs (used to glaze some coffees with) are not fit to drink.

"Lion Coffee

is never glazed—it's pure, undoctored coffee.

The sealed package keeps it fresh and pure.

As to Squallop.

"Now, there's old Squallop. I reckon he's the stingiest man in the United States, and he's got money to burn. I believe he expects to take it with him when he dies."

"Well, if he does take it with him, he'll certainly have a chance to burn it."—N. Y. Herald.

A Floor-Walker.

Von Minor—It's wonderful the way that long-distance walker keeps going. Just think of walking six days in succession!

Van Major—Oh, well; he's had special advantages.

"In what way?"

"Practice at night. He's the father of twins."—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Could Afford It.

"Hey, there!" yelled the indignant citizen, dodging quickly backward. "You dropped a brick just now that came within an ace of hitting me on the head."

"Kape it!" shouted the workman on the twelfth floor of the unfinished skyscraper. "We've plenty more av 'em!"—Chicago Tribune.

The Color Line.

Pailface Pogg—An' wot size is de black bloke dat wants t' fight me out?

Manager—Six foot two, with a awful reach. Eight at 175.

"Wot's 'is record?"

"Sixteen mills; dat's de limit."

"I draws de color line dere!"—Baltimore American.

Evidence at Hand.

"I'm sure I don't know," cried old Severepop—"I really don't know what to do with you, Henry. Is there anything good in you?"

"I think so, dad," replied Henry, "I've just eaten a mince pie."—Tit-Bits.

Reassuring Him.

She had been shopping and he was naturally disturbed.

"I hope you didn't spend much money while you were down-town today," he remarked.

"Not a cent, except car fare, George," she answered, reassuringly, "I had everything charged."—Chicago Post.

His Woes.

Knicker—Subbubs was much disappointed that it was a boy.

Bocker—Yes; he said he did so want a new girl who would stay.—Puck.

REV. AARON COONS, D. D.,

Pastor Rhinecliff, N. Y. M. E Church,

—CURED OF—

Kidney and Liver Trouble

—BY—

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S

FAVORITE REMEDY

In speaking of the good done him by Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, the Rev. Aaron Coons, D. D., pastor of the M. E. Church at Rhinecliff, N. Y. says: "I have used Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy for Kidney and Liver Trouble, and again for Blood disease, and after having tried a great many remedies, I most sincerely believe that Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the best Kidney, Liver and Blood medicine made and can highly recommend it, for I know by experience it will do all that is claimed for it."

Don't trifle with your Kidneys—it is too serious. Neglect may be fatal. If your Kidneys become [illegible] Attention and [illegible] and save your health. [illegible] of Kidney Trouble [illegible] Favorite Remedy [illegible] to be Dr. [illegible] Dr. [illegible] than a [illegible]

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Letters of Administration in the estate of George Houser, late of Chapman's twp., Snyder Co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, while those having claims will present them duly authenticated to the undersigned.

W. R. [illegible] Pa., Feb. 9 1903 Administrator.

IT PAYS

to advertise in a live and up-to-date newspaper. For results

The POST.

Horace [illegible] seat

bert B [illegible]

al

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Cures Grip in Two Days.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. W. Grove on every box. 25c.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Owing to close confinement in business I suffered from a bad touch of indigestion, so much so as to cause me intense pain. My tongue was caoted; had severe pains around my eyes and felt miserable. Through the persuasion of a friend I tried Ripans Tabules, and after taking them for two days I obtained some relief. I kept on taking them, and can safly say they have cured me.

The five-cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, Sixty cents contains a supply for a year.