

their statement, then there are non colds, colds which are dang their stat is; for many a fatal sickness begins it a cold. If we could tell the comof cold from the uncommon we could al quite safe. But we can't. The

non variy is rarely recs fustened its hold on the is, and there symptoms of mption. Dr. Pierce's den Medical iscovery cures eighs, bron-itts, "weak" gs and other ngs and other eases of the gans of respir-ion. It in-eases the sup-y of pure, rich ood and builds

the emaciated

dy. 1 nok a severe 1 wich settled the bronchial 2's writes Rev. mk Hay of Nor-mile, Jefferson Co., Kansas. After trying fictors labeled 'Sure Cure,' almost without fiel Discovery. I took two bottles and was rel audhave stayed cured. When I think of pratpain I had to endure, and the terrible pratpain I had to endure and may spare you so scon releved. That God may spare you pret of your grateful friend." f you ask your dealer for "Golden

you ask your dealer for "Golden dical Discovery" because you have indence in its cures, do not allow arself to be switched off to a medie claimed to be "just as good," but ich you did not ask for and of which know nothing.

r. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure diz-

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. Lewistown Division.

In effect May 25, 1902.

WAND.	STATIONS.	RASTW	A R
AN		AM	P
10 00	Sunbury	9 20	4
10 10	Selinsgrove Junction	9 09	4
10 15	Selinsgrove	9.04	4
10 23	Pawling	8 53	4
10 27	Kreamer	8 49	4
10 30	Meiser	8 47	ā.
	Mi Idleburg	8 40	1
10.36	anfer	8 84	4
10 42	riown	8 35	8
10.51	or prings	8 20	8
10.66	Algebra Hanne Charles and Algebra	8 18	8
11 0.5		8 07	8
11 09	MeCi ie		88
11 17	Wagner	7 57	3
11 21	Shindle	7 54	3
11 26	Painterville	7 49	8
11 82	Maitland	7 43	8
11 40	Lewistown	7 85	8
11 42 1	Lewistown (Main Street.	7 33	8
11 45	Lewistown Junction.	7 30	8

in leaves Sunbury 5 30 p m. arrives at Selinsgrove 5 45 p m ves Selinsgrove 6:00 p. m., arrives at Sunbury 6:15 p. m.

s leave Lewistown Junction : m, 10 14 a m, 1 10 p m, 130p m 4 37p m, 7 07p spm, 12 36 a m for Altoona, Pittsburg and

Baltimore and Washington 805 a m 930. 8.433 s 10 p m For Philadelphia and New 55.505, 9 30 a m. 1 02 1 23 4 53 and 1116 p ladelphia & Erie R R Division.

AND FORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY WESTWARD, in leaves Selinsgrove Junction daily for

and West. am, 12 58 p m, 4 52 p m,--Sunday 9 25 a m,

s leave Sunbury daily except Sanday:

in for Bellefonte Erie and Canandaigua m for Lock Haven, Tyrone and the West. om for Buffalo, 113 p m for Bellefonto Tyrone and Canazdaigua

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

rason in the International Series for November 23, 1902-Gideon and the Three Hundred.

THE LESSON TEXT.

(Judges 7:1-8.) 1. Then Jerubbaal, who is Gideon, and all the people that were with him, rose up sarly, and pitched beside the weil of Harod; to that the host of the Midsanltes were on the north side of them, by the hill of Morch.

n the valley. 2. And the Lord said unto Gideon, The

And the Lord said unto Gideon. The scople that are with thee are too many for me to give the Midanites into their hands, lest Israel vaunt themselves against Me, saying, Mine own hand hath saved me.
Now therefore go to, proclaim in the cors of the people, saying, Whosover is fearful and afraid, let him return and depart early from mount Gilend. And there returned of the people twenty and two thousand; and there remained ten thousand.
And the Lord said unto Gideon. The

4. And the Lord said unto Gideon. The • And the Lorg said unto Gacon, the people are yet too many; bring them down unto the water, and I will try them for thee there; and it shall be, that of whom I say unto thee. This shall go with thee, the owner shall with thee. the same shall go with thee; and of whomsoever I say unto thee, This shall not go with thee, the same shall not go.

5. So he brought down the people unto the water; and the Lord said unto Gideon, Every one that lappeth of the water with his tongue, as a dog lappeth, him shalt thou set by himself; likewise every one that boweth down upon his knees to drink.

6 And the number of them that lapped, putting their hand to their mouth, were three hundred men; but all the rest of the people bowed down upon their knees to Fink water. 7. And the Lord sidd unto Gideon, By the

three hundred mon that lapped will I save you, and deliver the Midianites into thise and; and let all the other people go every man unto his place.

8. So the people took victuals in their band, and their trumpets; and he sent all the rest of Israel every man unto his tert. and retained those three hundred men; and the host of Midlan was beneath him in the alley.

GOLDEN TEXT.-It is better to trust in the Lord than to put confidence in man.-Ps. 118:8,

OUTLINE OF SCRIPTURE SECTION. Gideon's call.....Judges 6. Gideon's victory...Judges 7. Gideon's victory...Judges 7. TIME-B. C. 1256 and 1245. PLACE-Ophrah. Valley of Jegreel and Coreas

Canaan. NOTES AND COMMENTS.

God used Gideon, as He had used the other judges, to teach a lesson to Israel. That lesson was that in God was the nation's help. It was difficult for the people to learn this truth, just as it is for nations nowadays to grasp it. Whenever the people were faithful to Jehovah. He protected them from their enemies; when they forsook Him they became subject to oppressors.

The period of the Judges has been called Israel's "iron age," and of course we read the stories of its bloody deeds with horror, and yet even here we find a gradual moral development. The historian makes the accounts of the early days of His people teach a powerful religious lesson-the same lesson over and over again. The children of Israel do "that which is evil in the sight of Jehovah," He delivers them into the hands of their enemies; He hears their cries-for He loves them, and raises up for them these deliverers, during whose lives they have peace. The events of chanters 3-5 are selected from a period of perhaps 150 years.

Chapter VI gives us a picture of the way in which the rich farming country of the valley of Jezreel was continually raided in harvest time by the Bedouin Arabs from beyond the Jordan. They descended upon the fields in toward the dwelling, and to the planthordes with their camels; the inhabitants fled before them, and they did not leave till the country had been stripped of everything that could be carried away. Famine could be the only result. The situation was desperate. At such a time as this the angel (messenger) of Jehovah appears to Gideon, and commissions him to rid the land of the Midianite invaders. He is assured of Jehovah's help and blessing, without which he could hope to do nothing, and the assurance is confirmed by a miracle (V. 21). In verses 25-32 Gideon forsakes Baal worship and destroys the family altar to the local Baal. There is a rising of the surrounding tribes at his call (33-35). and he is assured of victory by the miracle of the fleece (36-40.) Gideon's army now numbered 32,-000 men. But Jehovah wished to do something more important than rid the land of the Midianites that day. He wanted to teach the people that their security lay not in themselves and their might, but in faithfulness to Him. Deliverance by 300 men would certainly be attributed to God, while if the victory had been won by 32,000 it would have seemed like a purely human occurrence, and God's main object would not have been accomplished. "Jerubbaal:" Another name for lideon. "Whosoever is fearful:" God was going to do the work, but He wanted good material to work with. Iwo-thirds of the army were afraid. But victory by the 10,000 yet remaining would not seem miraculous enough. The number must be reducedagain. At the brook it was seen that the vast majority "bowed down upon their knees to drink." Only 300 lapped of the water "as a dog lappeth," yet by this handful of men Jehovah chose to deliver Israel. This may have indicated watchfulness and temperance, or may have been simply an arbitrary device for reducing the number. Those who were rejected took part in the

MIDDLEBURG POST.

FIGHT DUST WITH TAR.

Frenchman Are Now Experimenting Along Suggestions Coming All the Way from California.

Perhaps it is thought that petroleum serves but to burn inslamps and fur-

naces and run our automobiles. That is the use, perhaps, that we make of it, but in America, California for example, petroleum is employed to water even public roads. Persons who have seen the operation declare it to be marvelous. There is neither dust nor odor, because the petroleum amalgamates in a way with the dust and clothes the soil with a sort of conting, solid and durable as asphalt. The towns which have adepted this

system economize, it is calculated, 45 per cent. of the expenses occasioned by the old plan of daily sprinkling with water. As a ton of petroleum costs only 20 frances in California and 250 frames in France, it is not practicable to adopt the American plan. There is nothing, however, to forbid us using mineral tar, of which the price varies from 15 to 50 frames the ton. That is what Dr. Geglielminetti recommends, who has employed it at Monte Carlo with the same results as pe- i pacity and her waist measurement. troleum. Wetted with the tar the road becomes compact and soil and rain water runs upon 1, without penetrat-

Now it is in the dust that nestle the microbes, since 2,000,000 is the mean number found in one gramme of dust, so the new system of watering is considered eminently hygienic. The expense of sprinkling a route five meters wide would be about 300 francs per kilometer. Since 1880 a tarred route has existed in the Gironde before the gas works. The Touring club of France will make an experiment at

Champigny, outside Paris, with tar and tar oil .- Paris Letter in Chicago Post.

DRIVEWAY ENTRANCES.

Favorable Impressions Are Largely Due to the Surroundings of a Handsome Home,

So much hangs on the effective arrangement of driveway entrancesthe portals of the home grounds, through which critical visitors must mostly pass and receive their first impression of the place and indirectly of the occupants-great care should be bestowed upon them, having an eye to the road itself, its man-



AN EFFECTIVE DRIVEWAY.

ner of approach through the grounds, ing general landscape effect.

After the Storm. "Lightning seldom kills a Georgia mule.

"No, the mule always meets it half way and kicks it to pieces."-Atlanta Constitution.

Keeps Him Tired Blubt Along. "Don't you ever get tired doing noth-

ing?" asked the housekeeper. "Lady," replied the tran p. "I git so tired doin' nothin' dat I can't do nothin' else."-Philadelphia Record.

Hard Road to Travel.

"The man who travels on his check," temarked the observer of events and things, "has a hard road to travel."---Tonkers Statesman.

Well Proportioned.

"He has the right kind of a head for business man."

"Yes. It is mostly check."-Town Opics.

Something of a Mystery,

Jack-I treated May and then sat on the plazza with her for an hour afterward.

Tom-And what do you think of her? Jack-Well, it strikes me that there is a great discrepancy between her ca-Town Topics.

A Slander, Mrs. Muggs-That horrid Mrs. Frills told Mrs. Nextdoor that I was a regular old cat. What do you think of that?

Mr. Muggs-I think she never saw you in the same room with a mouse. -N. Y. Weekly.

Her Charms.

"Isn't she a queeniy girl?" exclaimed the doctor, looking after the beautiful maiden as she swept gracefully along the street. "How divinely tall?"

"And how devilishly pretty!" added the professor .-- Chicago Tribune.

Amenities,

"Miss Gabbins says she loves the truth above all things."

"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne; "she realizes that, as a rule, the truth is the most disagreeable thing you can say about anybody"-Washington Star.

Mrs. Spenders-That's what I call a "duck" of a bonnet.

"pelican."

Mr. Spenders-Yes, on account of the size of the bill .- Philadelphia Press.



Mrs. Martha Gollen of Seneca Fails, N. Y.

Writes an Open Letter for the Benefit of any who may be Suffering from Blood or Cutaneous Disease.

Seneca Falls, N. F., Sept. 3rd, 1901. Dr. David Hennedy Corporation, Rondont, N. W.

Gentlemen :- For some time past 5 have been suffering from a number of boils. A used several different medicines without success. Hr. Weimard Houseman recommended Dr. David figuredy's Favorite Bemody to me, which I purchased and began its use with the heat results. It purified my blood and the boils disappeared, and I am now in the best of health. MES. MARTHA GOFF.

If you suffer from hidacy, lizer or bladder trouble in any form, diabetes, If you suffer from hidacy, ever of bounder fromble in any form, discuss, Bright's discuss, fheumatism, dyspepsion zorma or any form of blood disease, on if a woman, from the socknesses peculiar to your sex, and are not already con-vinced that for blavid Konnedy's Favorite Recently is the modicine you need, you may have a trial by the bolutely free, with a valuation modical pamphlet, by sending your name, with post office address, to the fire, bavid Kennedy Cor-

poration. Roudout, N. A., mentioning this person. Dr. David Kennede's Favorice Rametric is for solely all druggists at \$1.00 a bottle, or 6 bottles for \$5.00-less than one cent a dose.

Dr. David Keensedy's Colden Drope tanks an entry," and "gin, the entry, drafters, Baras 25c. Ste.



A "Bird," Anyway. 25c. per box. Mr. Spenders-Yes? I call it s be thrown down.

Counterisits.

T.

Mrs. Spenders-A "pelican?"

m for Buffalo via En.porium, 864 pm for WII for Lock Haven and

9 55 a m 2 00 and 5 25 p m for Wilkes-Hazeltor Mount Carmel y 9.55 a m for Wilkesbarre

EASTWARD.

Trains leave Selinsgrove Junction a m, daily arriving at Philadelphia a New York 553p m Baltimore 3 11 p m arriving at Philadelphia ork 3 53 a m, Baltimore 9 45 p r

ly arriving at Philadelphia rk 713 a m, Baltimore 2 30 a m

65 a m ns also leave Sunbury : y arriving at Philadeidhia 6 52 a m 'a m Washington 830 am New Weekdays, 10 53 am Sundays, dly arriving at Philadeiphia 7 52 ft 9 33 a m, 10 35 Sundays Balti-n, Washington 830 a m. Baltimore subtrates 1 15 D m.

days arriving at Philadelphia York 218 p m. Baltimore 12 10 p 1 15 p m

days arriving at Philadelphia ork 930 p m, Baitimore 6 00 p m

p m, Baltimore 7 30 p m, Wash-

cave Sunbury at 950 am and 20 for Harrisburg, Philadelphia and

I. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass Agent UTCHINSON Gen'l Manager.



CHI REMEDS above results in 30 days. It acts quickly. Cures when all others fail regain their loss membood, and old wer their youthful vigor by using quickly and surely restores Kervous ity, impoiency, Nightly Engissions, ling Momory, Wasting Diseases, and Mabuso recessand indiscrition so or marriag ng at the seat of dise youth. It wards off Insanity Indist on having REVIVO, married in vest pocket. By mail, or six for \$5.00, with a post Medicine Co., Chicago, ILL

sale in Middleburgh, Pa., by DELEURGH DRUG CO.

S CURE FOR N ALL ELSE FAILS. SUMPTION

pursuit (23, 24). PRACTICAL SUGGESTIONS. If one but has God upon his side, he need not fear his foes however numerous they may be.

God has no use for the faint-hearted in the conflict with evil. He wants men with the courage of faith.

A few consecrated men become in the hands of God a mighty force for the overcoming of evil.

Life cannot be all sunshine if it would be of any service.

Conscience is a good watch, but it will not wind itself.

photograph The accompanying shows a side approach that seems perfect in all its details. The roadway has a gentle, sweeping ascent by well-kept sod borders. The shrubs massed on either side are atractive throughout the year, and especially so at the time our picture was taken, when the hydrangeas were at their showiest, set off by the edging of Japanese barberry.-Meehan's Month-

MODERN ROAD MAKING.

Instructive Information Collected by the Inquiry Office of the Agricultural Department.

Some astonishing facts have been developed by the office of road inquiry of the department of agriculture Who would have supposed, for instance, that had roads are so costly in comparison with good ones as to increase the expense of moving farm products and supplies threefold? Yet such is the truth, and it is estimated that the money thus thrown away more than equals, in the aggregate the entire expenses of the United States government! On the average American road it costs 25 cents per ton to move produce one mile; on good

roads the cost is only eight cents. The road office finds the macadam road superior to all others. Powerful machinery for road-building has re cently been devised, such as an elevating grader, capable of lifting earth from cuts and dropping it into wagons with great rapidity.

A very interesting style of road now used in several western and middle states possesses a double steel track. laid in a concrete bed, each rail being eight inches wide, with a flaringe on the inner side, the space between the rail being such as to suit all standard gauge vehicles. On these roads loads are drawn with surprising ease and swiftness. One instance is recorded in which a single horse drew a load of 11 tons, which could only be moved on an ordinary road by 20 horses. The steel-track roads vary in cost from \$1,500 to \$3,500 per mile .- Cosmopoliton Magazine.

The Secret of Good Roads.

A hard surface, well rounded, so that the water will run off quickly, is the secret of a good road. Attention after a road is once permanently built is imperative, so that the washed-out places and depressions where water stands may be repaired. A little timely work will keep a road in good shape.

ee and a Free Game at Your Grocers.

kinds.

(iet)

W. Sampsel, Penns Creek.

is a feast.

R·I·PA·N·S

I doctored for a year and a half for what the doctor told me was gall stones. I had read so much about the relief Ripans Tabules gave other people I thought I would get some. I have used eight of the 5-cent boxes and have not had a spell since.

The five=cent packet is enough for an ordin= ary occasion. The family bottle, Sixty cents, contains a supply for a year.