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Republican Standing Committee.
Adams—C. P. Flax, J. T. Shawyer.
Beaver—Chas. E. Dreese, H. H. Fausst.
Boyer West—J. W. Backer, David Henninger.
Centre—W. A. Napp, L. C. Binghamman.
Chapman—Joseph Long, T. K. Leight.
Franklin—J. C. Hackenberg, G. F. Stetler.
Jackson—J. B. Yerrick, Wm. Martin.
Middleburg—Frank Specht, Banks W. Yoder.
Middlecreek—M. E. Erdley, J. M. Maurer.
Monroe—H. C. Hendricks, H. F. Fisher.
Penn—Joseph E. Hendricks, J. N. Jarrett.
Perry—A. W. Valentine, F. E. Boyer.
Perry West—J. S. Wines, J. Z. Strawser.
Sellingrove—J. Frank Keller, J. A. Ludwig.
Spring—C. B. Klose, D. Harrison Snook.
Union—J. G. Stahl.
Washington—W. F. Brown, Myron A. Moyer.

Importance of a Soiling Corn.

If there has ever been any question as to the importance of every dairyman, not possessing a silo, of providing some soiling crop, last summer's experience throughout the dairy districts should

have removed every doubt. The loss annually to the dairy interest during the dry season, more intense and destructive some years than others, reaches a fabulous sum. This dry heated term, supplemented by the advent of flies, which are a terror to the bovine mother, makes it doubly necessary that some palatable, succulent food should be produced to meet this emergency. It is not only the great loss of milk during this dry season, but, as every intelligent dairyman will concede, it is practically impossible for cows that have shrunk in their flow of milk to recover the shrinkage. The writer, from his own experience, believes that the loss in this direction can be reduced at least one-half—in other words, ten cows properly cared for during the year will produce more milk than twenty cows cared for in an ordinary way. If this is true, is it any wonder that there are so-called dairymen who are ready to proclaim that dairying does not pay, thereby injuring the most important industry, to the largest number of people in the country.

The demand is not necessarily for more cows, but for better ones, remembering that the great and imperative need is the man behind the cow. A three hundred pound cow with a one hundred pound man will prove a failure. The ounce of prevention is the remedy. Now is the time for ac-

tion. Every dairyman is not provided with a well filled silo to meet the dry and fly season that confronts him. Every dairyman can and should plant on a well fertilized piece of land one, two or more acres of fodder corn, in proportion to the size of his herd, for soiling purposes. This, properly fed, will keep up the flow of milk during this season of ordinary loss and disaster, and start them into the winter fitted for profitable work. This soiling crop should be planted at intervals sufficient to have the corn to reach maturity in such quantities as the herd demand. We feel confident, if our dairy farmers will try this experiment, it will prove to be the most profitable and satisfactory crop on the farm.

We hope that large numbers will try it. We have found common corn entirely satisfactory; some of the sweet varieties are, however, excellent. Drill it in rows about three feet apart. After preparing a good seed bed, and if properly put in, it will scarcely ever fail. Cut it as needed, day by day, allowing it to wilt a little before feeding. Feed liberally to cows in a full flow of milk, and we are not afraid to risk our reputation on the success of the enterprise. Supplement this with some pumpkins and mangel wurzels for fall and winter feeding.

SHOE BARGAIN COUNTER

Boys' Shoe Bon Ton Toe, well made, good solid leather reduced from \$1.25 to \$1.00
Child's Button Calf, heavy school shoe has a nice tip, reduced from \$1.20 to \$1.00.
Some smaller sizes, same quality, reduced from 95c to 75c.
Ladies' Empress Dongola Button; formerly \$2, now \$1.35.
Ladies' Keystone Button reduced from \$1.50 to 90c.
Patent Leather Tip, \$2.25 reduced to \$1.80.
Men's Plow Shoes from \$1.00 up.

Men's and Boys' Boots

Boys' Boots reduced from \$1.75 to \$1.25
Men's Boots reduced from \$3.00 to \$1.75.

The entire stock of Boots and Shoes are well made of superior leather, carefully sved and without a blemish. They must go at reduced prices to make room for new stock.

Dry Goods

Good unbleached Muslin from 4c up.
The best Prints, 5c and 6c.
Dress Goods that will wear for years—a large stock, low prices.

Warm Foot-wear

We have a large stock of lumber men's socks, good heavy warm goods made of reliable materials. Felt Boots, that will stand hard wear and keep out the cold. The prices are away down.

BROSIOUS & MINIUM,
Mt. Pleasant Mills, Pa.

Harding Bargain Counter

I have just returned from the Eastern cities with a full line of Spring and Summer goods at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

A Few Bargains

Lawn and Organdies 5c.
Yard wide muslin worth 7c must go at 5c.
Prints, as low as 4c and up.
Table oil cloth, 12c and up.

Shoes

Men's heavy plow shoes, 90c.
Men's heavy split peg tap soles and iron heel rim, \$1.35
Ladies' fine dongola shoes worth \$1.50 marked to \$1.10
Come to see the full line of Work and Dress Shirts.

HENRY HARDING, SCHNEE, PA.

In the Land of Dreams.
Hetty—Oh, Bertha, you must show me that hat your husband said he was going to buy for you. The last time I was here, you know, he said it was a dream.
Bertha—And it is still a dream, Hetty.—Tit-Bits.
A Long-Felt Want.
"I see a crank out west announces his invention of a theater hat for ladies that will shut up when the curtain rises."
"If he'd only invent a box party that would do that he'd deserve a medal."—Philadelphia Press.
The Happy Place.
You'll soon be at the place
Where do blossoms run a race
So do the larks in a-havin' or say fun,
Where do melen rips on red
Is a-makin' or his bed
Is th'win' or his green eldes to do out
—Atlanta Constitution.
EVIDENCE.



Up-to-Date Schoolmistress (but short-sighted)—Oh! is that you, Miss Maylove? Have you had your boxing lesson?
Miss Maylove—What do you think?
—Ally Sloper.
She Knew Carrie.
Hetty—Going to wear that hat no more? Why?
Bertha—Carrie says it is awfully becoming to me. Of course, that means it makes me look like a fright.—Boston Transcript.
One Man's View.
"Do you believe in love at first sight, Chris?"
"Sure. If more men took a closer look they wouldn't fall in love."—Philadelphia Bulletin.
Savings banks deposits in this country are now the largest in the world, reaching \$2,310,000,000. These deposits have doubled in about 15 years. Germany is the next largest, \$1,900,000,000; Austria-Hungary, \$1,301,240,000; France, \$854,220,000, and the United Kingdom, \$829,020,000.
The Wisconsin girl who sued her recreant lover for \$5,000 damages to compensate her for the loss of 100 pounds of flesh while she was working over his dilatoriness probably thinks she is worth her weight in gold.
A St. Louis preacher solved the "marriage problem" by suggesting the women be given the "same right of proposing as men." Compulsory acceptance would make the plan well like a charm.
Gold can be beaten out so thin that it allows light to pass through it, and many a light scrapie can be beaten out so thin that it allows gold to pass through it.
A Chicago physician has convinced himself that electricity is the source of life. He reminds us of the man who had a new liver and electric lights.
The man who never makes a mistake is harmless. He never makes any mistake. Doesn't even make the mistake of classing anybody with himself.
A mean Reebrieston.
"Of My!" exclaimed the young wife, reading over the insurance policy on her husband's life in her favor. "This insurance company is just hate ful."
"Why, what's the matter?" asked her husband.
"Why, if you commit suicide they won't pay any money at all."—Philadelphia Press.
News.
Correspondent (over telephone)—Oldest inhabitant died here at age of 110. How many words?
Managing Editor—Fifty words.
Correspondent—But he never used liquor nor smoked tobacco in moderation.
Managing Editor—Heaven! Send half a column.—Brooklyn Eagle.

COURT HOUSE CHIPS.

Deeds Entered for Record.

Harrison Miller, adm'r. C. T. A. of Samuel C. Miller, dec'd, to J. B. Frymoyer, 206 acres in Snyder and Juniata counties, for \$1005.

Levi Light and wife to John B. Underkoffler, 18 acres in Perry twp., for \$400.

John Field and wife and B. W. Yoder to Nathan Hackenberg, 71 acres and 100 perches in Middlecreek twp., for \$1000.

Mary A. Keiser, adm'r of John A. Keiser, to Wm. R. Moyer and Isaac Shawyer, 51 acres in Adams twp., for \$206.

Reuben Zechman and wife to Howard Zechman, 124 acres and 130 perches in Beaver twp., for \$1200.

Jacob D. Schrader to A. S. Schrader, 32 acres and 130 perches in Adams twp. for \$1225.

Jacob C. Hassinger, adm'r. D. B. N. T. A. of John Hassinger, dec'd, to Jacob Haines, lot No. 18 in Beaver-town, for \$36.

Isaac Weiland, adm'r of Eivina Kauffman to Joseph H. Middlewarth, 2 acres in Spring twp., for \$200.

I. L. Walter, attorney-in-fact of E. Walter, to H. Norman Ritter, lot in Centreville, 1/2 acre, for \$303.

G. M. Shindel, clerk O. C., to Sarah Strouse, 37 acres and 130 perches in Monroe twp., for \$1000.

Uriah Boney and wife to William H. Ettinger, 87 perches in Adams twp., for \$50.

John H. Brubaker and wife to J. A. Brillhart, 90 acres and 32 perches in Union twp., for \$2500.

J. O. Goss and wife and James M. Mattern and wife to Lovina Boney, 45 acres and 115 perches in Adams twp., for \$100.

Ammon D. Moyer and Elizabeth Binghamman to Uriah Boney, two tracts in Adams twp., containing 45 acres, more or less, for \$250.

Wills Probated.

The last will and testament of Daniel M. Snook, late of Beaver township, dec'd, was probated and letters testamentary issued to the widow, Ada Snook, who is named as executrix and who is the beneficiary during her life and at her death what remains is divided equally among their children.

Licenses Marriages.

W. M. Woodling, Benfer, (Salle S. Good, Beaver Springs.)
John C. Herrold, Chapman,
Salle S. Good, Chapman.

June Trial List.

Joseph Foster vs. W. Henry Boyer.
Jacob F. Dink vs. John E. Hughes, Et'c.
David Stetschmann vs. Howard Letford.
Philip Strub vs. Emanuel Zehmann.
Samuel C. Binghamman vs. John Moha, et al.
James H. Beach vs. Jacob Meyer.
Abraham Arndt vs. Harvey Postles.

Lost Hair

"My hair came out by the handful, and the gray hairs began to creep in. I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, and it stopped the hair from coming out and restored the color."
—Mrs. M. D. Gray, No. Salem, Mass.

There's a pleasure in offering such a preparation as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It gives to all who use it such satisfaction. The hair becomes thicker, longer, softer, and more glossy. And you feel so secure in using such an old and reliable preparation.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. & T. B. CO., Lowell, Mass.

The final figures of the country's aggregate mineral production are some-what slow in coming to hand, but we are getting them.

Those for the year 1900 have just been furnished, and they make a very favorable showing. In that year, for the first time in the annals of the United States, the country's mineral output passed the \$1,000,000,000 mark. This fact was seen several months ago to be probable, but the final and revised figures, which are now made public from Washington, give the actual output officially. The precise figures are \$1,067,603,606. As there was a gain in several of the items in 1901, the figures for the year just ended will undoubtedly, when they are compiled and revised in the aggregate ten or 12 months hence, make a very encouraging exhibit. An increase in the United States gold production was made in 1900 over 1899, and a gain in 1901 over 1900 has been scored. There has been a slight increase, too, in silver. But the precious metals are far from being at the head of the list of the country's mineral products. The coal production of the country in 1900, for example, was \$307,000,000, as compared with \$79,000,000 for gold and \$34,000,000 for silver. In 1890, for the first time, the coal product of the United States passed the mark for the British islands, and this country took the first place among the coal producing localities of the world. Coal and iron in 1900 accounted for more than half of the total of the country's aggregate metallic product, or \$566,000,000. Of course, in aggregate mineral production no other country in the world makes any close approach to the United States, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. Moreover, the growth in the output of the United States is greater than is scored by any other country. Apparently there is no limit to the possibilities in the way of the production of the metals in this country. The United States has again taken the lead in gold output, and will probably hold it until the South African mines are opened to their full capacity, which cannot be until after the war in that section is ended finally and permanently. Colorado and Alaska are the fields in which the United States stands a chance to make its greatest gains in gold output in the near future, but this is only one, and not the most important, of the great avenues of mineral wealth production of the country.

Not enough publicity has been given to the very important fact that there is a **million dollar gold mine** in the **Crystal Palace, London**, an entirely American industrial organization, says the Milwaukee Sentinel. The mine has been shrewdly chosen, since the recreation year will undoubtedly attract to London an unprecedented crowd of visitors, foreign and provincial. To American manufacturers desiring to push their export trade the singular advantages of such an expedition will be patent, and the projectors of the affair (among whom is Sir Thomas Lipton) already state that it will bring together the largest and most important assemblage of American manufactured products of the higher grades ever exhibited outside the United States.

Tall men mate with short women and fat women with slim men, and so on through all the opposites. Kansas has an unusual example of its kind. James A. Babbitt weighs considerably less than 100 pounds. He is a dwarf and for a number of years he traveled with Barnum's circus. His legs are not over 15 inches long, and his other members in proportion. At 79 years of age he enjoys perfect health and a clear mentality. And he is the happy husband of a wife who weighs more than 300 pounds.

Abundant Procreation.
The imported Jersey cow, usually so gentle, made a savage dash at the visiting young woman, who was on the other side of the fence.
"It's that red ribbon you've got on you," apologized the farmer. "I guess you'd better take it off."
"On the contrary," said the young woman, "I shall keep it on, and wear it as my red badge of cow rage."
And then the imported Jersey made another savage but ineffectual lunge at her.—Chicago Tribune.

European statistical annuals, as well as newspapers, are giving much space to the United States, its power and pretensions.

One of the latest of these exhibits, the London Daily Mail's Year Book for 1902, has a series of tables which show the particulars in which the United States leads the world. In the matter of wealth, according to that authority, this country has a long lead over England, which stands second on the list, and which stood first until a comparatively recent date. The lead, indeed, is greater than these figures show, for the wealth of the United States is larger than is here given. Reduced to terms of American money, the wealth of this country in 1900 in the London statistical publication is put at \$52,000,000,000, while the United Kingdom's is \$59,000,000,000, France's is \$48,000,000,000, Germany's is \$40,000,000,000 and Russia's \$32,000,000,000. This estimate for the United States, according to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, will be found to be too low. From the preliminary figures which have been furnished from Washington it appears certain that the aggregate value of this country's property in 1900 will be placed by the census authorities in their final figures above the \$90,000,000,000 mark instead of the \$82,000,000,000 given in the London publication. In the proportion of national debts to national wealth the United States, of course, makes an even better showing than it does in the item of wealth alone. While the ratio of debt to wealth, as given by the London Mail's Year Book, is 1.4 per cent. in the United States, it is six per cent. in the United Kingdom, 8.1 per cent. in Germany, 11.1 per cent. in Russia, and 12.8 per cent. in France. The real ratio, so far as regards the United States, would be even better than this, for this country's wealth, as before mentioned, is in excess of the figures given by the London annual. That publication's figures of pig iron production, which are for 1900, are more nearly correct, and they show, as in the other particulars, a long lead for this country. The figures are 13,769,242 tons for the United States, 9,908,570 for the United Kingdom, 4,494,858 for Germany, 3,699,494 for France, and 2,821,000 for Russia. In steel production the United States' predominance is greater than it is in pig iron, its steel output in 1900, 16,000,000 tons in round figures, being more than double the production of the United Kingdom and of Germany and more than five times that of France or Russia. The figures for these countries for 1902, when they are gathered a few months hence, will undoubtedly reveal a still greater lead for the United States.

It will require the purchase of a thousand dollars' worth of machinery to keep the white trousers of the West Point Military academy cadets in presentable condition. It is found it will be necessary to make some special provision for the means to keep such garments in the best order. It is proposed, according to the Chicago Tribune, to spend, as soon as congress will appropriate the money, about a thousand dollars in the purchase of laundry machinery, including two ironers, one starch separator and one starch tumbling machine. The use of the machinery will save time and labor in the ironing of the 2,000 pairs of white trousers which must be done each week.

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MIDDLEBURGH MARKET.

Butter.....	22	Wheat.....	80
Eggs.....	14	Rye.....	56
Onions.....	75	Corn.....	60
Lard.....	12	Oats.....	45-50
Tallow.....	3 1/2	Potatoes.....	75
Chickens.....	7	Bran per 100.....	1.20
Hide.....	8	Middlings.....	1.20
Shoulder.....	10	Chop.....	1.25
Ham.....	15	Flour per bbl.....	4.00

Colic brings weakness, exhaustion, nervous prostration. Dr. Miller's Remedy cures them. Beware of cheap imitations. Sold by all druggists.