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East of the Mississippi—Points West are allowed freight to the River. It is made of solid oak, measures 66 1/2 inches high, 36 1/2 inches wide, French beveled mirror on top, 24 x 8 inches; well plate glass ends and plate glass front. Retail value, \$20—\$25 saved in buying of the maker.

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When you have no appetite, not do relish your food and feel dull a terrible eating you may know that you need a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Price, 25 cents. Store free at Middleburg Drug Store.

WRITER CORRESPONDENTS or REPORTERS

Wanted everywhere. Stories, news, ideas, poems, illustrated articles, advance news, drawings, photographs, unique articles, etc., etc., purchase! Articles revised and prepared for publication. Books published. Send for particulars and full information before sending articles.

The Bulletin Press Association,
New York.

Reproof Neatly Imparted.

Benham—Why don't you stop reading and look at the scenery?
Mrs. Benham—Oh, I'll see it some other time; anybody, to hear you talk, would think this was going to be my last wedding trip.—Town Topics.

Knew Her Business.

The Girl in the Pink Shirt Waist—
The Girl in the Blue Shirt Waist—
Well, she prophesied that I would be engaged to be married three times this season.—Puck.

Right Up to Date.

Sculptor—What sort of bust do you wish of yourself?
Mr. Newrocks—Well, I ain't particular, but I'm gettin' it to please Mrs. Newrocks, an' she says it must be a mythological one.—Brooklyn Eagle.

He Couldn't Lose Them.

Mrs. Naggs—I understand your husband is unable to meet his creditors.
Mrs. Wages—Don't you believe it. He can and does meet them much oftener than he cares to.—Chicago Daily News.

Worked Up.

"I understand you made money in that stock deal."
"Yes, I came out on top."
"How did you manage it?"
"Got in on the ground floor."—Philadelphia Press.

Got Things Mixed.

Mr. Suburb—Well, how are you getting along with my artesian well?
Contractor (despondently)—We are down 500 feet and haven't struck rock yet.
Mr. Suburb—Rock? Good lands! You've got things mixed. I told you to bore for water, man—water! I don't want a stone quarry.—N. Y. Weekly.

The Ways of Woman.

"There is one thing about modern society that puzzles me," said the philosopher.
"What's that?"
"The older women are all the time anxious to get in; the young and pretty ones want to come out."—Smart Set.

Her View of It.

"Yes," said the girl in blue, "she protested vigorously, and still he kissed her."
"Now, doesn't that just show the luck that some girls have?" asked the girl in white. "I've tried it twice and I lost the kiss both times."—Chicago Post.

TAPE WORMS

"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people."

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
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Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens, or Gripe. 50c. 50c. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.
Selling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 513

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all drug stores to CURE TOBACCO HABIT.

A SPLENDID RECORD.

Republicans Are Proud of Management of State Treasury.

BOOKS OPEN TO THE PEOPLE

Senator Penrose Shows How the Money is Protected, and That the State is Practically Out of Debt at the Present Time.

Republicans of Pennsylvania have every reason to be proud of the record of their party in the management of the finances of the state.

No other commonwealth in the Union can make a better showing.

In the present campaign, although there is a state treasurer to elect, there has not been a single charge made upon the stump or in hostile newspapers affecting the integrity or the capacity of the present state treasurer, or of any of his assistants.

United States Senator Boies Penrose, in reviewing the record of the Republican party administration of the state finances, a few days ago, said:

"The voters of Pennsylvania will be called upon to elect a state treasurer at the approaching election. For several years the state treasury has been conducted by a Republican, and the management of it has been bitterly assailed throughout the length and breadth of the state. Being the custodian of the public funds, the state treasurer has been peculiarly the target of abuse.

"Notwithstanding the innumerable charges brought against the management of the state treasury, particularly in recent years, the Republicans have gone on electing the state treasurer by increasing majorities, and now the Republican party presents to the voters of the state a distinguished Republican, Hon. Frank G. Harris, a member of the state house of representatives from Clearfield county, in the full confidence that he will be elected.

"It is true that in this campaign the abuse and misrepresentation concerning the management of the state treasury has not been as violent as in campaigns immediately preceding. Other weapons have been taken up from the junk shop to do duty in this contest, and municipal abuses and evils constitute the chief features of the assault upon the Republican nominees. At the same time the attack on the management of the state treasury is not altogether lost sight of, and some of the most able speakers of the day have taken the lid off it in hard to understand.

"Any responsible citizen can go into the office of the state treasurer and ascertain the exact status of the public receipts and disbursements.

"All taxes are paid directly to the state treasurer, and he must account for them every day; in fact there is a balance sheet for every day, and at the close of business each day the state knows to a cent how it stands financially. On all moneys received a receipt is issued, which is countersigned and recorded by the auditor general before being sent to the party making the payment, and the receipts of the day in the treasury must balance with the records in the auditor general's department.

"The auditor general is an officer entirely independent of the state treasurer, elected by the people, and is as absolutely a check upon the state treasurer as it is possible to imagine.

STATE NEVER LOST A PENNY.
"In the history of Pennsylvania the state has practically NEVER LOST ONE PENNY FROM ANY DEFALCATION IN THE STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE OR BY THE FAILURE OF A BANK.

"It is true that the state did once lose about \$6,000 from some failure of a local depository, and for certain technical reasons the state could not recover the amount, but this exception is the only one in the history of the state.

"Under the administration of State Treasurers Bailey, Livey, Boyer and Hayward several failures of banks holding state funds occurred, but IN EVERY CASE THE BONDSMEN OF THE

The Reason.
"He wouldn't harm a fly," said the man who was trying to pay a tribute to an acquaintance's gentle disposition.

"That remark," said Mr. Sirius Barker, as he took a dyspepsia tablet, "sounds the keynote of most of the forbearance that humanity displays. We don't harm flies, because we can't catch 'em."—Washington Star.

A Hero.
The Jollier—I suppose you heard how Mr. Jamaica sailed his yacht to a derelict yesterday and saved nine lives? He ought to have a medal!

The Thoughtful One—Saved nine lives? Nonsense! Why, the derelict was deserted, the only living thing on board was a cat!

The Jollier—Well, hasn't a cat got nine lives?—Brooklyn Eagle.

Decidedly Up to Date.
"Is she an up-to-date girl?" he repeated. "Is she? Well, rather. Why, do you know what she did?"

"What?"
"Well, sir, when the young man to whom she was engaged began to show indications of a desire to reconsider, she went into court and applied for an injunction to restrain him from breaking the engagement."—Chicago Post.

THE TREASURER MADE THE LOSS GOOD.

"Under a recent act of the legislature interest is exacted on all state deposits from the banks, and a bond is required from all depositories so that now the state is still further secured from any possibility of loss. It is doubtful if there is another state in the Union of which this statement can be made that no money has ever been lost by the state in the management of the office of the state treasurer.

"A remarkable feature of the management of the state treasury of Pennsylvania is that the enormous work of the department is conducted by a very small force of employees. In other words, the work of receiving and disbursing about \$17,000,000 every year, entering the receipts and payments upon the books, making monthly and itemized annual reports, examining, verifying and approving all settlements made by the auditor general, keeping a debit and credit account with all corporations and county officials, with the necessary correspondence of the department, is done by eight employees of the state. There is not a bank in the state doing the business of the state treasury that does not have at least twice the number of employees, and possibly more.

"The office of the state treasurer was never more efficiently administered than it has been under the management of the present state treasurer, Colonel James E. Barnett. He came into the department fresh from his military campaign in Manila as lieutenant colonel of the Tenth regiment, and he has brought the state treasury up to the highest standard it has attained in years.

NO DELAY IN PAYMENTS.

"The balance in the general fund of the state of Pennsylvania this night is \$6,690,936.27. For several years complaint has been made as to the delay in the payment of the appropriations to the common school districts. This delay has arisen from various causes, but it does not occur this year. The state treasurer can well feel proud in the declaration that about 2,250 of the 2,500 common school districts throughout the state have been paid their appropriation in full, and it is expected that less than 50 will remain unpaid at the close of the present year.

"No part of the appropriation has been paid to Philadelphia or Pittsburgh, it is true, but payments will begin to these two counties not later than next week. It is no exaggeration to say that NEVER IN THE HISTORY OF THE STATE HAS THE APPROPRIATION TO COMMON

LY AS THIS.

"The payments this year will be made nearly three months in advance of last year.

"What other state can compare with Pennsylvania in this respect? Considerable over 64 per cent. of the state revenues are appropriated for the purposes of public education, a proportion of the public revenue far in excess of that applied by any other state to a similar purpose, most of them appropriating only 10, 15 or 20 per cent., and many a much less amount. Further than this, the payments to various charitable and other institutions throughout the state for the quarter just ended have been met and paid.

"I might refer to other obligations and payments required of the state, but I have cited sufficient instances to show that the state treasurer has fully kept up with all the obligations of the state government. The personal property tax has been returned to the counties paying the same without any delay, when it is paid by draft or certified check. When paid by private check payment is usually withheld for a period of some ten days in order to give the state depository the necessary time to present the same to the bank on which it is drawn for payment.

"In the case of Philadelphia the state treasurer paid to the county \$1,311,015.50 on September 5, 1901, and on the 9th of September the warrant for the full amount of the three-fourths, amounting to \$908,361.62. The state of Pennsylvania imposes these taxes upon the great corporations of the state and returns from her coffers the generous proportion of three-fourths of the amount received to the various counties for the relief of local taxation.

PRACTICALLY OUT OF DEBT.

"The remarkable assertion can be made of Pennsylvania that the state is today practically out of debt. The total bonded indebtedness of the state is \$6,701,655.10. If we add relief loans of 1861, interest certificates unclaimed and outstanding and a small item to domestic creditors, we have a total debt of \$6,815,290.02. If we deduct from this the United States bonds, certain railroad bonds, interest due on bonds and interest due from banks on sinking fund deposits, together with cash in the state depositories belonging to the sinking fund, we have left a net debt of \$507,338.62.

"Of this amount \$113,643.92 is made up of claims that the state will never be likely to be called upon to pay, as they consist of items very largely which have been carried on the books for many years. Deducting, therefore, this amount from the net debt, would leave the inconceivable sum of \$393,694.74 as the debt of the state of Pennsylvania.

"What other state can point to a better or even to an equal record?

"The state of Pennsylvania has never lost a dollar in its treasury management, and is practically out of debt, and extends a more generous provision than any other state in the Union for educational, charitable and eleemosynary purposes. In the midst

of detraction and misrepresentation we have a right to point with pride to this splendid record and to feel confident that our candidate for state treasurer will be elected by a great majority."

QUAY RECOGNIZED BY PRESIDENT

Mr. Roosevelt Turns Down York's Insurgent Candidate for Postmaster.

"Pennsylvania Republicans in Washington who are adherents of Senator Quay and the regular organization are delighted with President Roosevelt's action in appointing Augustus Loucks postmaster at York," says a special dispatch from Washington to the Philadelphia Inquirer. "In doing so, the President turned down A. L. Strayer, a pronounced insurgent, and demonstrated beyond doubt the fact that he has no sympathy with mongrel yellow politics.

"The fight was a square contest between Senator Quay, representing the party organization, and Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith, representing the insurgents. When Robert J. Lewis was elected congressman from the hitherto Democratic York-Adams district last fall he presented to President McKinley Mr. Loucks' name for postmaster at York to succeed David A. Minnick, Democrat, whose term expired January 18 last.

"Mr. Loucks, like Representative Lewis, is a strong Quay man in politics. The insurgents of York immediately started to oppose his selection. Dr. James A. Dale, the anti-Quay leader, brought out A. L. Strayer for the place, and had no difficulty in advocating the latter's appointment.

"Mr. Smith used every influence with the late President McKinley in Strayer's behalf, but the late executive had made it a rule to permit Republican congressmen to control such appointments in their districts. He would not break this rule nor did he desire to wound the feelings of one of his cabinet members, so that for months the appointment was hung up. About two months ago Representative Lewis went to Canton to see President McKinley and secured from the latter a letter ordering the appointment of Loucks. Representative Lewis called upon the postmaster took office and presented a letter from Mr. McKinley. Still the postmaster general tried to hold the appointment back. About ten days ago Senator Quay came to Washington and called upon the President. It was then announced in a Washington dispatch to The Inquirer that Mr. Roosevelt would recognize party regularity in making appointments. The truth of this dispatch was promptly denied by the insurgent newspapers, including the official organ of the postmaster general.

"Last Wednesday Mr. Lewis came to Washington and went direct to the White House, where he had a conference with President Roosevelt. About the same time Postmaster General Smith arrived, and the whole matter was gone over before the President. Mr. Roosevelt agreed to the wishes of Representative Lewis, and told him that Loucks would receive the appointment.

"The contest was really the first test of strength between the regulars and the insurgents of Pennsylvania with President Roosevelt's administration, and resulted in a square turn-down for the insurgents, a clean victory for the Quayites and the personal humiliation of the factional postmaster general."

ROOSEVELT IS INTERESTED

The President Anxious to Have Sweeping Republican Victories Next Month.

"A dispatch from Washington says President Roosevelt is particularly anxious to see sweeping Republican victories in all the states holding elections this fall, as it will be regarded as a vote of confidence in his administration," declares the editor of the Doylestown Republican. "The dispatch further declares that the President will feel that he is materially strengthened in his purpose to give the people a clean, prosperous and businesslike administration on McKinley lines if he knows that he has popular support, and adds that he and his most influential advisers will be happy if all opponents of the party everywhere are buried next November beneath an avalanche of Republican ballots. The President's views on this subject ought to appeal to every Republican. As stated in this column the other day, President Roosevelt is a strong partisan, but none the less the foe of official corruption. He stands just where every upright and conscientious citizen must stand with relation to that which is evil, but he be lieves a party should purify itself without abandoning its principles by endorsing the candidates of some other party. And do not reason and common sense dictate this policy? What followed the election of Governor Pattison in this state? Was the party purified? According to those arrayed against it in this campaign it was never so corrupt as at present. And what are they going to do if they elect Democrats? Will they continue to elect them? If not, why not keep their own party in power and begin the purifying process at the primaries and conventions."

LABOR AGAINST YERKES

Workingmen Oppose Democratic Nominee for Supreme Court.

THEY MEET AND TAKE ACTION

Labor Organizations in Philadelphia, Pittsburg and Elsewhere Go On Record Against the Candidacy of Judge Yerkes.

It has about dawned upon the Democratic leaders that they made a grave mistake when they nominated Judge Yerkes for justice of the supreme court. They have discovered that he is being bitterly opposed by organized labor throughout the state, and that many thousands of Democrats propose to cut him on election day.

Yerkes has been scored by labor leaders in every county in the commonwealth, and the public action taken by the Central Labor Union of Philadelphia last week, in calling upon workingmen to vote against him simply opened the eyes of the Democratic leaders to what they are up against.

It is recalled that when the late William M. Singler was a candidate for governor, there was a secret organization of organized labor which when the polls were closed, demonstrated the fact that they had gotten many thousands of Democrats to vote against their party's candidate simply because of his hostility to the typographical union. Singler never knew what hit him until he began to analyze the returns and he found that in the district where the labor vote was strong he ran away behind his colleagues on the Democratic ticket.

The labor leaders say they thought the Democratic party had been given a lesson and that it would never again place upon its ticket a candidate whose election was opposed by the workingmen.

Throughout Schuylkill, Luzerne, Lackawanna, Westmoreland, Lawrence, Fayette, Dauphin, Allegheny and other counties where organized labor is strong, the word has been passed to enlighten the workingmen as to the opposition of Judge Yerkes.

PHILADELPHIA WORKINGMEN

In Philadelphia it is predicted that 20,000 voters who will otherwise have cast their ballots for Judge Yerkes will vote for his opponent, Justice Potter, the Republican nominee.

The Central Labor union of the Quaker City includes the great allied building trades, including the carpenters, the painters, bricklayers and other mechanics, nearly every one of whom is a qualified voter.

At a meeting last Saturday night of the Political Labor union in Moorhead Hall, Pittsburg, resolutions were adopted condemning Judge Harman Yerkes as an enemy to organized labor. The statement recalls the fact that Judge Yerkes sentenced rioters during the traction strike of 1896 to the penitentiary, the sentences being regarded as the severest ever imposed under such circumstances. The final clause of the resolution follows:

"Resolved, That we call on the working classes all over the state, independent of affiliations, to vote for Mr. Potter and thereby secure for the state bench a man of broad views, of advanced ideas, and a man who is thoroughly in touch with the interest of labor as well as capital; a man who will strain every effort in the behalf of an advanced and honest government."

Evan Lloyd is president and William P. Purdon is secretary of the Political Labor union of Allegheny county.

PROTEST FROM READING.

The Reading Labor Advocate, a newspaper published by workingmen and the organ of organized labor, in a recent editorial said: "Judges Yerkes, of Bucks county, who heads the Democratic state ticket for the supreme court judgeship, can hardly expect any support from organized labor in this state. Yerkes is now rounding out his second term on the bench in Bucks county and during the score of years he has worn the ermine, has given some very strong proofs that he has but very little sympathy for the labor unions. This was strongly demonstrated during the trials of the men involved in the Philadelphia street car strikes some years ago.

"No Philadelphia judge cared to sit on any of the cases and Yerkes was called to preside over the court of common pleas. His remarks during the progress of the trials left drop at different periods clearly indicated that he had no love for the men who had sought to gain what every human being is entitled to—equitable wages and treatment worthy of human beings.

"The Olgarmakers' union of the state also claims to have evidence at hand to prove that Yerkes has sentenced union men to the Bucks county jail as tramps because they claimed to be without money and were hunting for employment within his domain.

"Labor would be recreant to its own interests to elevate any person to the supreme bench of the state who possesses anything like a prejudice for its right to organize."



The man who can hardly crawl, and has just strength to get through a day's work, has no strength left for family life. He wants to be quiet; to be alone, out of sight and sound of everybody.

What a difference between such a man and the healthy, hearty man, who romps with his children and rides his laughing baby to "Banbury Cross."

What makes the difference? Usually disease of the stomach, involving the entire digestive and nutritive system. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. When these diseases are cured the hindrance to the proper nourishment of the body is removed and strength comes back again.

"I am happy to say I am getting to feel fine," writes Mr. A. J. Vanderwater, of 573 West Division Street, Chicago, Ill. "In all I have taken six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and four or five vials of the little 'Pellies.' They have done me worlds of good. These medicines have brought the great change in me from a slow, tired, and sick all the time, and could do no work. Now I can work, sleep, eat, and feel fine, and that tired feeling is all going away. I was very thankful that I wrote to Dr. Pierce. His 'Golden Medical Discovery' and his little liver 'Pellies' have almost made a new man of me. I feel young as I did at thirty years. No other doctor for me, only Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION

FOR NOVEMBER 5th, 1901.

I, G. W. B. W., Sheriff of Snyder County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that at an election will be held in said county on Tuesday, November 5th, 1901 for the purpose of electing the several persons named to wit:

One person for Justice of Supreme Court, one person for State Treasurer, one person for President Judge of the 17th Judicial district and one person for Surveyor of Snyder County.

The election places are as follows:

- 1st district, at the Odd Fellows' Hall, in Selinsgrove Borough.
- 2d district, at the house of John F. Hoyer, in and for Perry township.
- 3d district, at the house of David Hoffer, in and for Chapman township.
- 4th district, in William Meyer's building, in and for Washington township.
- 5th district, at the Eagle Hotel, in and for Franklin township.
- 6th district, at the Odd Fellows' Hall, in and for Beaver township.
- 7th district, at the house of Harvey Wagner, in and for West Beaver township.
- 8th district, at the school house, Kreamer, in and for Centre township.
- 9th district, at the house of Matilda Fisher, in and for Penn township.
- 10th district, at Henry M. Dork's Hall in and for Jackson township.
- 11th district, at Aurand's Hall, in and for Monroe township.
- 12th district, at the house of Christian S. Graybill, in and for West Perry township.
- 13th district, at the Court House in and for the Borough of Middleburg.
- 14th district, at the house of Rothmel's House, in and for Union township.
- 15th district, at the house of James Mattern, in and for Adams township.
- 16th district, at the Public School House, in Adamsburg, in and for Spring township.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

"That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold an office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States or of this State, or any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, or who shall be employed under the legislative, executive, or judiciary department of this state or of the United States, or of any incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, or by law incapable of holding or exercising the same, shall be ineligible to election of judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or any officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for."

The Inspectors and Judge of the elections shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of those inspectors shall appoint one clerk who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

The following named persons have been nominated by the various parties for the different offices as follows:

REPUBLICAN—Justice of Supreme Court, William P. Purdon; State Treasurer, Frank G. Harris; President Judge, Harold M. McClure; County Surveyor, Geo. A. Bodford.

DEMOCRATIC—Justice of Supreme Court, Harmon Yerkes; State Treasurer, Elisha A. Coray, Jr.

PROHIBITION—State Treasurer, James J. Porter; Judge of Supreme Court, Isaac Mondraun.

SOCIALIST—Labor—State Treasurer, James A. McConnell; Judge of Supreme Court, Thomas Lawry.

PEOPLE'S—State Treasurer, Junius Watkins; Judge of Supreme Court, Isaac Mondraun.

UNION—State Treasurer, Elisha A. Coray, Jr.; Judge of Supreme Court, Harmon Yerkes; President Judge, 17th Judicial district, Andrew A. Leiser.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE—State Treasurer, Elisha A. Coray, Jr.; Judge of Supreme Court, Harmon Yerkes.

PUBLIC OPINION—State Treasurer, Frank G. Harris; Judge of Supreme Court, William P. Potter.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP—J. Mahlon Barnes Judge of Supreme Court, Charles Heidrick.

Now FARMERS—President Judge 17th Judicial district James G. Crouse.

AMENDMENTS—At the same time and place a vote will be taken on two proposed Amendments to the Constitution.

G. W. ROW, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Middleburg, Snyder Co., Pa.

In the Sea Garden.

Young Crab (inspecting the eel)—Ma, do you think this is a "live wire?"

Mother Crab—No, Ronald; but you will think it is if you touch it! That is an electric eel.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Averting a Sarcasm.

"You seem very self-satisfied today," said Miss Cayenne.

"Yes," answered Willie Washington, "but don't let that influence. Everybody says I've got dreadfully poor taste."—Washington Star.

After the Sermon.

He—I couldn't make out what he was driving at, could you?

She—Not very well; but how clever he must be to understand it all himself.—Brooklyn Eagle.

DON'T TOBACCO SPT

You can be cured of any form of tobacco using easily, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor by taking **NO-TO-BAC**, that makes weak men strong. Many cures in ten days. Over 250,000 cured. All druggists. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and advice FREE. Address **STERLING REMEDY CO.**, Chicago or New York.