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Another Version,

Whe tramp, he tackled a brand new bride and asked her for something to eas;
"Will you give me some bread?" (but be meant a whole meal);
She consented with smiles that were

She brought him the half of a leas, and "Here's some of my very own!"
"He book it, then faltered: "I asked you for

And what do you give mo?-a stene!"
-Philadelphia Bulletin.

SECOMING AMERICANIEND.



First Chinese Laundryman-Hi, yal Me goin' to wilke-likes Melican man!

Second Chinese Laundryman-What

for atlike? First Chinese Laundryman-More

yen, and 19 hours a day, 'stlead of 20! Brooklyn Life.

Quite Different,

has the longer it takes her to make it up?

She Certainly.

"I suppose it is different with a girl's mind?"-Yonkers Statesman.

Ressauring.

"I actually believe you like the pupmy better than you do me." "Nonsense, George! You know I would do as much for you, dear, as I

would for the dog."-Tit-Bits.

Reward of Merit. Aunt Julie-Now, Tommy, that's a nice boy! Do the churning, and as a seward I'll let you turn the wringer

for the new washing machine.-Har-

die.-Brooklyn Life.

per's Bazar. Explanations Unnecessary. Mamma (to Freddie, just returned from a call upon his aunt)-Well, Freddie, what did nuntie say? Freddie (disgustedly)-Don't, Fred-

BEST FOR THE BOWELS



EAT 'EM LIKE CANDY

REMEMBERING THE DEAD.

On the other side of the stream That steals by this earthly shere, know that our loved ones love us still Just as they loved of yore.

They carry us in their thoughts, They speak of us when they meet And ever and ever the troth of old Bides with them warm and sweet.

O patient and constant dead, Whom so easily we put by, Who fade away from our inmost thought As the stars fade out of the sky!

We put them so far away. We hide them so deep with God; We think of them snatched to the far thest star As soon as they're under the sod.

Ah me! it is nitiful so.

Dear lovers, so leal and near, Aye, pressing your faces against the gate Of our hearts and we will not hear! O, friends, when our sainted dead Pass over that unseen line, They fly not far, to a foreign land,

They dwell in your land and mine A land that no fire can burn. No element sweep away. The dear long home of immortal love,

God's country and ours for ayel So draw them closer there, God meant we should walk through life

and death, In Love's immortal land.

-James Buckham, in Congregationalist

Friends Ever.

BY H. S. KELLER.

THEY had been friends from boyhood, and possessed the same tastes and inclinations concerning both play and study. When the collegs days dawned upon the horizon the same old spirit of friendliness manifested itself; they chose the same profession, medicine, and were greater friends than ever in the close rivalry of ambition.

In college they were known as "The Twins," though they were wholly dissimilar as to appearance, stature or complexion. Henry Morse was short, stoutly built, with blue eyes, crisply curling, light hair, and a mouth as sweet and tender as a woman's. John Findley was tall and slender, with dark hair and eyes the latter deep set and searching-and a mouth about whose corners the lines of a fixedness of purpose even thus early were drawn.

The college days are over, and we find them both attached to St. Mark's hespital, working side by side; ready for the ambulance call, to rattle away over the pavements of the city to administer aid to the unfertunate bruised and broken; or we find them together by the side of the dying, quick to smooth the pillow or receive the fluttering pressure of the en-feebled fingers of the "passer on."

"This fair Canadian nurse who recently came to St. Mark's seems a melf-possessed sort of a person," said Henry Merse, locking arms with his friend as the pair passed down the gravel walk leading to the hospital steps. But John Findley was not in a communicative mood, and he did not immediately respond. He had a habit of pushing one end of his thin, with his finger. He is doing it now; and it always gave the other a chill to see him do it, for Henry disliked habits of the sert.

All hospital grounds, flowers, walks and embellishments in the way of landscape gardening look stiff. They mean to be alleviating to the ill ones, charming to the eye; but they never are, for they bear too closely the marks of precision, soldierly care: and instead of appearing natural, they seem surrounded with too much red tape. Every flower, tree or shrub grewing upon hospital grounds has the sign of the red tape drawn about them. Even the fountain that tinkles He—I suppose the more hair a girl in the mellow, hushed air of the place plays the rhythm of rotation upon the eardrums of the afflicted behind those stone walls.

After the pair reached the thoroughfare leading to their quarters, situated but a short distance away, Findley finally found his tongue, and

"Whose name did you mention?" "Well, you must be pretty deeply in it, old man. I did not mention any "My friend is only joking. Come one's name," said Morse, withdrawing hie arm.

"But you were speaking of somone as we passed through the grounds.

"Then it has just struck you? I was simply saying that the fair Canadian nurse seemed to be a self-possessed sort of person. That's all."

"By the way, she is not fair; and how is she different from the rest, Henry?"

"I mean by fair she is-oh, well, charming, pleasing and pretty. She seems to know how to do things without asking. She is ready without urging. She has good nerve, too. Why. she did up the smashed leg of that poor fellow who was brought in day mistaken." before yesterday, before I came, in a manner to equal anything of the sort

I ever saw. "Humph! that's what she is at St. Mark's for-to learn how to do things. As for beauty and all that sort of thing, I-

"Well, what, John?" asked the other, as the tall, slender fellow lifted his hand to apply the latch key. The other hand was busy with the mustache, pushing one end of it out of sight. Henry Morse gave a little shiver of dislike, and Findlay said, as he pushed open the door:

"She may not be charming at all without her hospital garb. Come, let us go in; drop nurses and such trash." He led the way up the wide stairs,

When they appeared at the hospital the next morning they were asked to step into the office where "Old Ice," the pet name bestowed by the young fellows upon Roger Thorn, M. D., the best surgeon in the city, was swalting them. Ah, many a poor fellow's death warrant had been drawn up in that square, compact little niche of St. Mark's! And many a bold and intricate case had also been solved therein by the thick-limbed and sandy-headed man who is sitting in the big, leather-cushioned chair drumming upon the window sill with those long, blunted fingers. "Old Ice" is cool at all times-or at least his fingers are and those same fingers have guided the keen knife within a tissue's breadth of many a jugular vein, or have searched for many a hidden ill among bone and muscle.

"Good morning, gentlemen; sit down; I want to tell you something," uttered the celebrated surgeon, in his peculiar, jerky words. After the two were seated, he turned around squareby and asked:

"Either of you want to die? Ha, ha! Good joke, that-stop! Don't say a word until I get through. I'm the took the warm palm between his not much of a talker; I like to finish what I've got to say before the other chap begins, though. Some men are born soldiers, and do not know what fear means. Others acquire bravery after much practice. Was a timid young thing myself once. Got all over that-with a few exceptions here and there. The case I'll mention is one of the exceptions. Candidly, I am timid about it. Wish people would have some other sort of ills if they must be sick. This case I do not like. It makes me timid, as I said. I'm as cowardly as a child before a bulldog now."

If "Old Ice" felt as he said he did, he failed to show any signs of it in the slightest. He looked as ready to perform a great piece of work as he ever did. John Findlay, who could contain himself no longer, ventured to sav:

"Will you please enlighten us concerning the case, doctor?"

"In a moment. First, you are both sure you do not want to die?" "You are joking,my dear sir," said

Henry Morse. "I joking? You must be mad, sir! never joke. I may play jokes with nerves, bones, muscles and such; but what is commonly called joking-I never indulge in the foolish practice. To come right down to the facts of the case, I will simply say that I am about to take a great, a very great risk. I am obliged to call upon my young men to take the same risk-"

"Doctor, we are at your service," broke in Findley. And Morse nodded approvingly. "Ah! that's the sort of spirit I like

to see in my young men," said "Old Ice," good naturedly. Then fixing his deep, hazel eyes upon the face of John Findley, raised his hand and punctuated the air with his long fore-finger as he spoke: "It is an easy matter, young men, to remove a limb or sew and plaster a wound; nothing easier-in our line-in the world. But when a surgeon takes his life in his own hands and attempts to heal a poor mortal of a fatal infliction, and is ill, said he should not die. Brery liable, ten chances against the rest, to change, no matter how slight, was incur himself a fatal infliction, how about it, eh?" The sandy fringe of who seemed to be always by the sick inky mustache into the corner of his hair seemed to be bristling about that man's bedside. grand old head that had bent low over many a serious case in its time. Henry Morse began to feel as though he was wholly ignored, for the surgeon kept his clear eyes fixed upon Findley's face. And then Henry grew nervous as his friend began to push that inky slip of mustache out of sight with his fingers.

"Well, doctor, what is the case?" asked Findlay, without glancing at his bosom friend, who was bending eagerly forward, with a rosy flush spread over his fair face.

"Putrescent abscess of the liver." John Findley quit gnawing his mus tache; he straightened up in his chair and looked for a brief instance into those clear, hazel eyes fixed upon him Then he rose and said, hesitatingly:

"Dr. Thorn, I am very sorry to say that we do not care to assist you in the case-"

"You mean yourself-not I," broke in a sweet toned voice.

"Eh? You-why bless my stars!" broke from the surgeon, as he gazed at the fair speaker.

Henry, let us go." Findley went to the door and laid his hand upon the brass knob. He opened the door and stood for a brief instant upon the threshold, as though waiting for his friend to spart with him. He only sat there, smiling back at the hazel syes of the sandy-headed man who was looking at him in astonishment. The door opened and closed, and the surgeon of St. Mark's and the student vere alone.

"I thought he had the most nerve," said the surgeon.

"So did I. "I had picked him out from among the entire lot of young fellows to help me in this affair. Well, I was "So was I."

"And you will join me in this case roung man?"

"With the greatest pleasure in all the world, doctor." A pair of hands clasped there in the little square room where many a life or death verdict had been pronounced. The young man received his instructions as to the hour of operation and then he left the room, went out where the flowers nodded, and where a pretty girl dressed in the uniform of the St. Mark's nurses stood by the side of the tinkling fountain under the elms.

What passed between the pretty Canadian nurse and the young medical student is of small import to us; but a look of surprise, followed by KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN and the two were soon settled for the one of anxiety, came upon her face when Henry Morse responded to the

postion she asked. She turned her ee away from his, and looked down at the gold-fish darting hither and thither in the shaded pool at her feet. He asked her a question, but she did not answer; she continued to look down, drew in slightly her under hp, and gave a dainty shrug of her shoulders. When she lifted her face again, he was at the gate. Then she urmured:

"He is grand, but I thought the other was the strong, brave one of the pair."

The day passed, and the subject of the operation to be performed upon the following morning was never mentioned between the two friends. Onee, only once, Morse turned his eyes toward the dark face bending over a book. The black eyes were fixed upon the page, and the fingers of one hand were crowding the inky mustache out of sight. And when they parted to retire, Henry Morse held out his hand before going to his chamber, saying:

"Shake, old boy. Recollect, we are friends, ever."

"Friends, ever," echoed Findlay, as chill fingers.

"Good-night, John, my friend." "Good-night."

The door between the long, wide, waiting-room and the operating room opened, and "Old Ice," leaning heavily upon the arm of the fair-faced young student, emerged from it. The hazel eyes were not as bright as usual, and the generally ruddy face of the great surgeon was ashen. He was helped into his office, where he took a glass of wine, after which he seemed to recover-some of his eld-time spirits. He left the hospital afterwards-and inside of ten days was a dead man. The cause of the old surgeno's death was pronounced to be plood-poisoning.

Upon the evening of the day of the surgeon's funeral, Henry Morse was taken to St. Mark's ill, weak, nerveless.

"There seems to be something wrong with the boy," said Findlay. after his friend had been placed upon one of the snowy cots, in a cool, quiet room.

A white hand was laid upon the sick man's brew. Findlay turned to meet the calm gaze of the Canadian nurse. "Yes-it is now a struggle between

she said, softly. "You?" "Yes, I hall be his nurse." 'There are others who can surse

life and death. I pray Ged I will win,"

him." "There is no one but myself who can do so much for him," said the sweet, low voice of the fair girl.

"Why you, more than any other nurse? "That, no one but he has a right to ask," replied she, as she pointed to-

ward the face upon the pillow. And then commenced the great bettle for the mastery. Medical science said the brave young fellow should die. Close, careful and skilled nursing, backed up by youth and manhood that had never known any watched by his friend, John Findlay.

side until Findlay went out for his

It is midnight, and the eries is at The face upon the pillow is livid. The blue lips are drawn back, and the white teeth gleam in the shaded light. By the side of the bed sits the young student, Findley, holding the feverish hand of his friend. The tinkling of the fountain falls upon his ears. The rattling of wheels over the parement comes from the distance. The sleeve of the sick man's robe is pushed back, and the arm with the turgid veins is disclosed. The small figure in hospital garb stands with back turned to Findley. A long. lean finger produces from the vest pocket something that gitters in the light. A careful hand guides the object to the thick part of the forearm. and then-like a phantom, as quick nd as noiseless a small figure leans ver the bed and pushes one slender white hand between the instrument's keen point and the bared arm. A pair of black eyes are raised to the now livid face of Findley, and a pair of tightly-drawn lips huskily whisper:

"Do it, coward! You dare not!" The instrument is withdrawn, and John Findlay leans back and begins to oush his inky mustache out of sight. Again, the figure of the nurse standing upright, and with arms folded access the breast, and a pair of searching eyes penetrate to the in-

nermost heart of the false friend. The sick man stirs uneasily, the lips part, and upon the quiet air of the room there falls softly, slowly:

"Friends e-ever." The nurse laid her cool hand upon the forehead, and gave a sigh as of satisfaction. The brow was no longer hot and feverish. It was cool to the touch. "Go, please; I can attend to him

now without your help," she said. Findlay rose, gave one glance at the sick man's face, and then left the room, fussing with his mustache in the old, tiresome manner.

Up in the Canadian woods, where Henry Morse went with the fair girl he married, he found health rapidly. Once-only once-he asked her why his friend Findlay had left him so suddenly. His wife shrugged her shoulders, and said nothing.

"I had an idea, dear, that he fancied you."

"I did not fancy him."

"John is queer-but he and I are to be friends ever."

But the two were destined never to meet again upon this world.-Good

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

esson in the International Series for August 4, 1901-Abraham and Lot.

[Prepared by H. C. Lenington.] THE LESSON TEXT. (Genesis 13:1-18.)

1. And Abram went up out of Egypt, he, and his wife, and all that he had, and Lot with him, into the south.

6. And the land was not able to bear

them, that they might dwell together; for their substance was great, so that they sould not dwell together.

7. And there was a strife between the terdmen of Abram's cattle and the herdmen of Lot's cattle; and the Causanite and the Perissite dwelled then in the land.

8. And Abram said unto Lot, Let there be no strife. I pray thee, between me and

thee, and between my herdmen and thy aerdmen; for we be brethren.

9. Is not the whole land before thee? Separate thyself, I pray thee, from me; if thou wilt take the left hand, then I will po to the right; or if thou depart to the right hand, then I will go to the left. In And Lot lifted up his eyes, and be-held all the plain of Jordan, that it was well watered everywhere, before the Lord destroyed Sodom and Gomorrah, even as the garden of the Lord, like the land of

Egypt, as thou comest unto Zoar.

11. Then Lot chose him all the plain of Jordan; and Lot journeyed east; and they separated themselves the one from 12. Abram dwelled in the land of Canaan.

and Lot dwelled in the cities of the plain, and pitched his tent toward Sodom.

12. But the men of Sodom were wicke and sinners before the Lord exceedingly. And the Lord said unto Abram, after that Lot was separated from him, Lift up now thine eyes, and look from the place where thou art northward, and southward, and eastward, and westward: 15. For all the land which thou seest, to

will I give it, and to thy seed forever.
And I will make thy seed as the dust of the earth; so that if a man can number dust of the earth, then shall thy seed iso be numbered. 17. Arise, walk through the land in the length of it and in the breadth of it: for I

iength of it and in the breadth of it; for a will give it unto thee.

18. Then Abram removed his tent, and came and dwelt in the plain of Mamre, which is in Hebron, and built there and then the the state of the st altar unto the Lord.

altar unto the Lord.

GOLDEN TEXT. — Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do you so to them.—Matt. 7:12. NOTES AND COMMENTS.
In the chapters (Genesis 13 and 14) which should be read in connection with

the verses assigned for the present lesson, we have an opportunity for a further study of the character of Abraham, which is made to appear the stronger by its contrast to that of Lot. The character study of both men may well be perused in the order of the various incidents related:

A Family Quarrel 13:1-18
The Land Given to Abraham 13:14-18
Lot Taken Prisoner 14:1-12
Abraham Rescues His Nephew 14:13-24

A Family Quarrel.-Speaking literally and by the book, this was strictly not a family quarrel, but might easily have ocen but for the peaceable disposition evinced by Abraham. It was really a quarrel between the servants of the two men. It was a case of two much prosperity. Both men were exceedingly prosperous. Both had great herds of eattle and great flocks of sheep. So great were these flocks and herds that there was not place for all to graze in the place selected. The shepherds and herdsmen came to words and blows with each other over securing the best pastures. With the retinue of servants spon each side (numbering in Abraham's case 318 men capable of bearing arms), we can readily see how serious the quarrel could have shortly become. Abraham acted as the peacemaker. He suggested to Lot that inasmuch as there was not room in that place for both, that they should separate, one roing to the east, the other to the west. The way Lot settled this question is, considering all the circumstances, quite indicative of the character of the man. The plains on either side were rich and fertile. But to the west the land was still new and unoccupied. To the east was Sodom and other cities. We remember that Abraham came westward to get way from the idolatrous city of Ur f the Chaldees. Lot, choosing to pitch his tents near Sodom, inevitably suggests that he still had in his heart some of the old love for worldly pleas-

ures. The Land Given to Abraham.-On the westward side of the Jordan was the land of Canasn. It was here that Abraham's cattle were to graze. And here Abraham had another of his visions of God, and God revealed to Abraham that his descendants were to be as the dust for number. The building of an altar to the Lord in the plain of Mamre is another of the many indications given of Abraham's religious nature. Lot Taken Prisoner and His Rescue

by Abraham.-This incident is a further illustration of the noble character of Abraham. The kings of the plain of Jordan made War upon each other. The kings of Sodom and Gomorrah met defeat, and in their predpitous flight fell into the slime pit; their cities fell into the hands of the enemy, and Lot and his family and servante and all his possessions also were taken. Abraham gathered together his men and went in pursuit. By a night attack he scattered the enemy and rescued all the goods that were taken and Lot, his nephew. When Abraham returned, he gave thanks to God for his victory, gave tithes to Melchizedek, the high priest, and returned not only the prisoners he had taken but also all the goods, and this, in the light of the ancient customs of victorious leaders, shows a character far in advance of the then current standard.

Spear Points. Faith is the force that makes mo-

You cannot claim a monopoly of the

consequences of your sins. The dividends of sin come back in

the same coin as the investments. There can be a cheerful face only

where there is a faithful heart. God does not count the cash put in so much as that kept out of the collec-

The trouble with some people is that they are talking of Christian perfection before they have begun to practice it .- Ram's Horn.

"Common Screet

Is the motto or the min the rain skirt are witnesses to the wise



But the

reglecting was per imention with other memory when it matter of one matter of come knowledge that Pierce's Farm Prescription may we at worst strong and may women well. women well, establishes me larity, dries establishes me larity, dries establing drains, had inflammation as ulceration as cures female was ness.

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We scarcely need stop to sek The reason why, for it is because such an easy lask. -Mariem Life.

WILLING TO ITFFER.



Girl-Are you a lover of nucle, po

feesor? Professor-Yes, I am; int it does not make any difference. Just p on and play away.-Helten Well

Could Testify Othorrise. "It's all a lie." the temest horied. As he quickly ran to cover, While the missiles all around im few, "That the world adores a lever"
-Chicago Tribune.

"We have a deaf and dum member of our Woman's club," said fiss Gab beigh to young Mr. Dugglesh. "Indeed," gurgled the yoth

At No Disadvantas.

should think she would be a a disadvantage." "Oh, my, no. Why, we let er make all the motions."-Baltimon Ame

Wrong Diagnosis.

"What's the matter, pet?" "That big, ugly man you sent fo look at poor Fido says he as dir temper, and I told him it was't true, and I wanted him to go away. There's nothing at all the matter wit Fido's temper. It's his poor little stom-

sch!"-Chicago Tribune. The New Baby. Happy Father-We've got , new baby up at our house. Friend-So? What do

Aim? H. P .- We don't call him; ; does all the calling himself .- Detre Free Press.

An Apology for Heave Mrs. Crimsonbeak-It seems range to me, if matches are made in aven, that there should be so many usappy marriages. Mr. Crimsonbeak-Oh, you foret; if

is the matches that are made erenot the misfita.—Yonkers Stateman. A Jewel. Ethel-Papa says he likes yorbook

of poems immensely! Chelly-Aw-really? Ethel-Yes-he says it's thonly thing he can throw at cate ights and not care whether he finds light or not in the morning.-Judge.

Natural Question to Asl "We must have an interviewed the heroine of that soundal," agrid the managing editor of the sensional

sheet. "But the details are all known protested the city editor. "What ihere

left to sak her? "She should be asked," replie the managing editor thoughtfully, "rether it is her intention to write sovel or go on the stage."—Chicago Pt.

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