Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be bor afflicted with weak kir neys. If I e child urinates ' ten, if the

urine scalds the fiesh or hen the child reaches an are than it should be able to control the p. sage, it is yet afflicted with ted-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail by druggists, in fifty-

free, also parnphlet tell- Home of Swamp-Root. ing all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

sample bottle by mail

PENNSYLVANIA HAILROAD. Sunbury & Lewistown Division. In effect March 18, 1900.

WESTWARD. 1 STATIONS, 1 KASTWARD Sunbury Selinsgrove Junction Selinsgrove Pawling

Train leaves Sunbury 5 30 p m, arrives at Selinsgrove 5 45 p m Leaves Selinsgrove 6:00 p. m., arrives

at Sunbury 6:15 p. m. Frains leave Lewistown Junction : 4 22 a m, 10 13 a m, 1 10 p m, 130p m 5 22p m, 7 07p m, 12 02 a m for Alteona, Pittsburg and the West, For Haltimore and Washington 865 a m 9 30, 102, 133 4 33, 8 10 p m For Philadelphia and New York 6 58, 8 05, 9 30 a m, 102 1 33 4 85 and 1116 p

Philadelphia & Érie R R Division. NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY WESTWARD,

Train leaves Seliusgrove Junction daily to southly and West. 9 25 a m, 12 58 p m, 5 30 p m,--Sunday 9 25 a m Trains leave Sunbury daily except Sunday: 1223 a m for Buff do,1 21 a m for Erie and Can-

andaigus
4 10 s m for Bellefonte Erle and Canandaigus
8 12 a m for Loek Haven, Tyrone and the West.
12 4s for Buffalo, 1 10 p m for Bellefonte Kane
Tyrone and Canandaigus
5 45 p m for kenovo and Elmira
8 46 p m for Williamsport

Sunday 12 23 a m for Buffalo via Emporium. 1 21 a m for Erie, 5 19 a m for Erie and Canandaigus 8 53 p m for Wi

6 50 a m., 9 55 a m 2 00 and 5 48 p m for Wilkes-barre and Hazelton 6 10 a m., 10 10 a m., 2 65 p m., 5 45 p m for Shamo-kin and Mount Carmel Sunday 9 55 a m for Wilkesbarre

EASTWARD.

FASTWARD.

Frains leave Selinsgrove Junction
10 00 a m, daily arriving at Philadelphia
311 pm New York 5 53 pm Baltimore 3 11 pm
Washington 4 10 pm
534 pm daily arriving at Philadelphia
.0 20 pm New York 3 53 a m, Baltimore 9 45 pm
Washington 10 55 pm
8 42 pm, ually arriving at Philadelphia
4 53 a m, New York 713 a m. Baltimore 2 30 a m
Washington 4 05 a m.

Tra'us also leave Sunbury:
2 45 a m daily arriving at Philadelphia 6 52 a m
Baltimore 7 20 a m Washington 8 30 a m New
York 9 33 a m Weekdays, 10 38 am Sundays,
3 10 am da'ly arriving at Philadelphia 7 92
a in, New York 9 33 a m, 10 38 Sundays Baltimore
120 a m, Washington 8 30 a m, Baltimore
1210 pm, Washington 1 15 pm
155 pm, week days arriving at Philadelphia
235 pm, New York 9 30 pm, Baltimore 6 00 pm
Washington 7 15 pm
334 pm daily, arriving at Philadelphia 7 32 pm
New York 10 23 pm, Baltimore 7 30 pm, Washington 8 35 pm
Trains also leave Sunbury at 950 am and 5 25
and 8 31 pm, for Harrisburg, Philadelphia and

ains also leave Sunbury at 950 am and 523 331 pm, for Harrisburg, Philadelphia and

J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass Agent J. B. HUTCHINSON Gen'l Manager.

IN COMBINATION WITH THE POST.

We give below some clubbing combinations with the Post. The rates quoted are very low.

The New York Tri-Weekly Tribune and the Middleburg Post, one year, paid in advance, only \$1.75.

The Tri-Weekly is published Monday, Wednesday and Friday, reaches a large proportion of subscribers on date of issue, and each edition is a thoroughly up-to-date daily family newspaper for

The New York Weekly Tribune and the Middleburg Post, one year, paid in advance, only \$1.25

The Weekly Tribune is published on fhursday, and gives all important news of nation and world, the most reliable market reports, unexcelled agricultural department, reliable general information and choice and entertaining miscellany. It is the "people's paper" for the entire United States, a national family namer for farmers and villagers. The New York Tri-Weekly World

and the Middleburg Post, one year, paid in advance, only \$1.65.

The Pri-Weekly World comes three times a week, is filled with the latest news of the country and is well worth the price asked for it.

The Practical Farmer, one year, and the Middleburg Post, one year, paid in advance, \$1.50. Both of the above papers and the Practical Farmer Year Book and Agricultural Almanae for 1900, paid in advance, only \$1.65.

The Practical Farmer is one of the best farm papers published, issued weekly, as \$1.00 year. The year book contains 600 pages in which there is a fund of in-formation that is useful to the farmer. The price of this book alone is \$0 cents. and the Year Book foronty \$1.63.

As a result of a protracted series c. experiments with salt solutions, the Salt as a Life efficacy of which in prolonging life was

recently announced by Prof. Loeb, of the University of Chicago, two prominent physicians of that city claim to have demonstrated that in cases of great loss of blood by disease or injury, normal salt solution used as a restorative will save life even when 90 per cent. of the blood has been months, have, according to the physiperitonitis, acute and chronic Bright's disease and all heart affections result-Much success has followed, the physicians say, all their experiments, particularly those made with pneumonia ments the physicians used more than 100 dogs and found it possible to withdraw 70 per cent, of the circulation from an animal before it was necessary to inject a stimulant. The final test was made on a dog from which 90 per cent, of the blood had been withdrawn. A needle connected with a salt water apparatus containing a two per cent. solution was inserted in the jugular vein and a second needle inserted in the junction of the large veins lying close to the heart. After the blood had been drawn off the salt solution was forced in around the heart and into the vessels of the brain. The dog was able to stand inside of an hour and on the following day was able to walk. A human patient suffering with pneumonia, who was operated upon, recovered in much shorter time than it was customary with those suffering with that trouble. In cases of malaria the injection of the salt solution was made directly into the spleen and in six weeks all symptoms of disease had disappeared. No claim was made that a cure had been effected in cases of Bright's disease, the physicians merely asserting that they had removed several of the most troublesome features of the complaint.

Some one in the Philippines should preserve the humor evolved by American soldiers since they landed in what was practically a strange world. Scarcely a letter of any length comes from a private without examples of new words or novel bits of American fun. A company of infantry on a transport that repeatedly stuck fast on the coral ridges rechristened the ship the "Chamois, because she skipped from land, Sweden, Denmark, Servia, Buirock to rock with such ease." One correspondent describes an inland march during the rainy season, and says: "I was glad to finish the trip with my that her soil is adapted to the cultivaimmortal soul and a toothbrush." Along the route the monkeys came out and barked in chorus. Then "they would laugh and grab their mothers' tails and do trapeze acts, and show in every way that they knew we were not enjoying ourselves." American volunteers have always been the keenest of spontaneous humorists.

the crop of green peas in the United rather than have a relative laid in a States during the past year, owing pauper's grave. In this way he exprincipally to the ravages of the pects to come out ahead. aphis, a little green insect which destroys the plant. Long Island suffered severely, and growers in Delaware, Maryland and New Jersey were little better off. In localities further north the aphis did not appear, as the cooler climate was unfavorable to its development. Altogether the loss of growers on the pea crop amounted to about \$3,000,000.

While a large oak log was being sawed into lumber at L. C. Beem's mill, Richwood, O., the circular saw ran into an obstruction in the log, which completely wrecked the saw and endangered the lives of the workmen. The log was chopped into and almost in its heart was found the steel bit of an ax. Their medicinal properties enter the skin which must have been broken off there and go straight to the seat of the disease. at least 30 years ago, as indicated by that number of concentric growth rings surrounding it as a center.

According to the testimony before the senate committee on agriculture the other day, a manufacturer of oleomargarine defined "process butter" to margarine defined "process butter" to be oleomargarine "washed with sul- disease, are cured with the least possible phuric acid" to remove rancidity. With suffering and less of time. "process butter" and "formaldehyde milk" the American breakfast of chicory and buckwheat cakes, with glucose maple sirup, becomes a thing to make the stoutest tremble.

Iowa is one of the few states not represented in the statuary hall at the national capital, and members of congress from the Hawkeye state are considering whether it is not time to abolish the unenviable distinction.

The members of President McKinley's cabinet have very short names. only 40 letters being required to spell them all-Hay, Gage, Root, Long. Griggs, Smith, Wilson and Hitchcock.

In the mining town of Windber, Pa. there were forty fights and two murders on New Year's day. The town has here is an opportunity. Kindly s record of eighteen murders in seven months.

Illinois wants a law passed to make it unlawful for people to eat oysters dur- Illustrated catalogue 4 cts stamps, ing the summer months. The "R" months does the work in other states. 1-17-12t.

The people of Winchester, Va., have accepted the medical theory that malaria is conveyed Malaria and

by mosquitoes on-Mosquitoes. ly and have acted promptly upon it. The town council has passed an ordinance for the extinction of mosquitoes, which requires the ewners of property to pour crude petroleum upon all the stagment water in the vicinity of the place, and every household to place a tub or lost. The experiments, which have other vessel filled with water, with been extended over a period of six the surface covered with oil, under any trees or bushes or vines which cians, made practicable a new system may happen to be in his yard. This of bleeding and substitution of salt so- ordinance was passed last summer lutions for persons suffering from and the effect was immediate. Before pneumonia, typhoid, malarial fevers, that time the people of Winchester had been grievously troubled with mosquitoes, but in a few weeks after ing from the last named complaint, the ordinance went into effect they disappeared almost entirely and before the summer was over there wasn't a mosquito in the place. The and Bright's disease. In their experi- abatement of the nuisance is believed to be entirely due to the remedies described, which were comparatively inexpensive. A few dollars and a little trouble was all it cost to get rid of the malaria and the annoyance of the mosquitoes. Every other town similarly situated will doubtless be able to accomplish the same results by the use of the same means.

Railrond men in Atchison, Kan., are puzzled over a question of duty or orders. On one of its sections near Atchison a railroad has just two men, the foreman and one hand. The printed rules of the company require that in case a rail should be found broken, one section hand must go in one direction and another in the other, for the purpose of flagging trains. Now, the question troubling Atchison is, how could the rail be mended with the entire force away flagging trains?

The North Carolina experiment station has discovered that the flavor of eggs is determined by the feed. After giving hens chopped onions for two weeks the eggs became so disagreeable in flavor that they could not be used. Wheat shorts, cotton seed meal and skim milk increased the number of eggs laid, but the eggs had a disagreeable flavor. Cracked corn and corn dough resulted in fewer eggs, but larger ones and of better flavor.

On account of so many countries hav ing turned their attention to the cultivation of beets for sugar, the markets of the world are becoming glutted. The European producing lands are Germany, Austria, France, Belgium, Holgaria, Roumania, Switzerland, Italy, Greece and Spain. Persia is just entering the field, and Egypt is realizing tion of the beet.

An undertaker in Butte offered decently to bury the city's pauper dead at one cent per body, the next lowest bid being \$15. The one-cent man explained, on being awarded the contract that most destite people who die in Butte have friends or relatives elsewhere who are nearly always ready to There was an enormous shortage in pay the expenses of a good funeral

> Pennies do not consist of copper alone, there being in them two per cent, of tin and three per cent, of zine to 95 of copper. They cost the government about 42 cents a pound exclusive of stamping, and there are 148 in a pound, so that the government makes a fair profit on every pound minted, since, while they are redeemable in gold, but few are ever presented.

IN THE WINTER. (Benson's Plaster is Pain's Master.)

For coughs and colds Benson's Porous

They relieve and cure a "seated" cold without disturbing the system or upsetting the stomach. Cough mixtures often nau-seate Benson's Plasters are medicinal in the highest degree, and quickest to act.

Placed on the chest or back or on both

at once in serious cases, the good effect is felt immediately. The congestion yields, the cough abates and the breathing improves.

Benson's Plasters are immeasurably superior to Belladonna, Strengthening, Capsicum or any other combination in plaster

Benson's Plasters have received fifty-fice highest awards over all competitors; and more than 5,000 physicians and druggists have declared them to be one of the few trustworthy household remedies. For sale by all druggists, or we will prepay postage on any number ordered in the United States on receipt of 25c. each. Be sure you get the genuine. Accept no

imitation or substitute Seabury & Johnson, Mfg. Chemists, N.Y.

WANTED!

Reliable man for Manager of BranchOffice we wish to open in this vicinity. If your record is O. K. give good reference when writing. In. A. T. Merris Wholerale House I NATI, OHIO.

Blood Troubles: Scrofula, Old Sores.

blood contains all the elements necessary to sustain life, it is important that it be kept free of all impurities, or it becomes a source of disease, poisoning instead of nourishing the body, and loss of health is sure to follow. ous enter the blood from without, through the skin by absorption, or inoculation; others from within, as when waste products accumulate in the system and ferment, allowing disease germs to develop and be taken into the circulation. While all blood troubles have one common origin, each has some peculiarity to distinguish it from the other. Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, Eczema and other blood diseases can be distinguished by Chronic Ulcers. a certain sore, ulcer, eruption or inflammation appearing on the skin. Every blood disease shows sooner or later on the outside and on the weakest part of the body, or where it finds the least resistance. Many mistake the sore or outward sign for the real disease, and attempt a cure by the use of salves, liminents and other

external applications. Valuable time is lost and no permanent benefit derived from such treatment. BLOOD TROUBLES REQUIRE BLOOD REMEDIES; the poison must be completely and person nently eradicated—the blood reinforced, purified and cleansed, or the disease goes deeper and sape the very life. Mercure, potash and arsenic, the treatment usually prescribed in this class of diseases, are violent poisous, even when taken in small doses—never cure, but do much harm by adding another poison to the already overburdened, diseased blood.

S. S. Nature's own remedy, made of roots and herbs, attacks the disease in the blood, antidoter syll forces out all impurities, makes weak, thin blood irich, strong and healthy, and at the same time builds up the general health. S. S. S is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the only one that can reach decressated blood troubles. A record of 50 years of successful cures proves it to be a reliable, unfailing specific for all blood and dain troubles.

Free Medical Treatment. Our Medical Department is in charge of skilled physicians, who have made blood and skin diseases a life study, so if you have Contagious Blood Poison, Cancer, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Eczema, an Old Sore or Ucer,

or any similar blood trouble, write them fully for advice about your case. All correspondence is conducted in structest combdence. We make no charge for this service. Book on blood and skin diseases free.

Prof. H. W. Wiley, chief chemist or are more expensive than white men at the department of agriculture at Adulteration of Washington, is un doubtedly in a po-Our Foods. sition to know

rather more than the average person about the extent to which food adulteration is carried on in this country. All of us are aware that adulterants are used extensively, yet the belief is quite general that the evil is not so serious as it was a few years ago. This belief, however, is decidedly wrong, as Prof. Wiley testified when he read a paper on the subject recently before the Society of Medical Jurisprudence in New York, Indeed, it was his contention, fortified by facts, that the adulteration of food with chemicals has never been more largely practiced and was never more dangerous to public health than at the present time. Several bills are pending in congress which call for a system of thorough cher ical examination of food products and also for the true labeling of adulterated foods offered for sale. The trouble is however, that such bills are introduced at every session, and that generally congress does not care enough about rats," an allusion to the former public health to treat the subject seri ously. Congress has passed antifilled cheese and anti-oleomargarine laws, but such measures have been in the interest of farmers and dairymen and the consumers have been given very little consideration in connection therewith. Yet there is really more

need of a general law that will effectually put a stop to food adulteration by compelling honest labeling than there ever was for any law directed against a single product. Congress has many important matters to attend to at present, but few of them are of greater importance to the general public than this question of pure foods. Thirty-five prominent American

sculptors will contribute to the embellishment of the grounds and build ings of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. They are at work on 120 original groups of statuary, to be used mainly at the grand entrance bridge the main court, the fountains, electrie tower, plaza and esplanade. Four large groups will adorn the entrance, a lot of new enemies. - Brooklyn Life. to the music temple. On the esplanade will be placed sculptural foun tains, illustrating the animal and plant world, and the mineral kingdom. The sculptures at the entrance to the live stock building are studies in the training of horses and of buffaloes resting. In the niches of the electric tower carved torchbearers will be conspicuous. The art features of the exposition are evidently in able hands.

Few persons have any idea of the amount of capital and labor now being devoted to the electrical industries of this country. An expert says that 600, 000 persons are employed and he divides up the investments in this fashion: "Street railways, \$1,800,000,000; lighting, \$1,200,000,000; telephony, \$300,-000,000; telegraphy, \$250,000,000; mining, power transmission and plating together, \$250,000,000; manufacturing apparatus, \$150,000,000, and automo biles and storage batteries, \$25,000,000 This is close to \$4,000,000,000, and is probably twice as much as Europe has put into the same line of business.

A wild-eyed resident of Iowa City dashed into police headquarters there the other evening and announced that a lot of grave robbers were at work in the church yard. Several officers started for the scene, and there, surenough, were a number of figures grouped around one of the largest mon uments. The sleuths crept forward and were just about to sprng on the supposed grave despolers when they discovered that it was a party of university students mitiating a freshman into the mysteries of a college order.

Two thousand Japa were put to work by the Great Northern railroad a year ago. They took the places of white men in all branches and there were many who predicted the neces sity of excluding the Japanese, just as the Chinese were before them The fear, however, was ill founded. The railroad has come to the conclusion that Japanese at one dollar a day

\$1.25. Orders have been given to discharge the Japanese as fast as their is need of some kind of reform it is to places can be filled.

The following advertisement was printed in a northern Michigan paper last week: "If that narrow contracted and short completed thing don't bring that trace chain back and put it on the dray he stole it off of, near the center of section 23 of -- township, he will see his fine name in print in this paper next week. Be careful there is no one close hereafter when you want presence of mind with him. Tit likes. to be a thief."

by electricity two months ago, hagrown four inches since that time. Her lower limbs had been paralyzed for eight years. The goosebone man who predicted a severe winter ought to be smoked out

Nettic Rosel, of New York, a girl of

13 years, who was cured of paralysis

terview when he misses. Delaware people are called "Musk-

He never swaggers forth for an in-

abundance of these animals. Just the Man.

Castleton-I am going around to see Miss Pinkerly. Say, do you think there is any chance of her accepting me? paper?-N. Y. Journal. Clubberly-Excellent. She told me yesterday she was dead tired of the theater, conversation, society and disners .- Brooklyn Life.

The Woman of It. Tom-What a charming complexion Miss Budd has-always so fresh look-

ing. Chara-Yes, and she doesn't look a bit fresher than she is .- Chicago Baily

A Natural Conclusion. "Where did De Mathews get his

"He first met her in a department "Oh, was she a bargain?"-Chicago

Times-Herald. A Success.

Husband (wearily, after the reception)-Well, that's over with, and excellences.-Chicago Record. what have we gained? Wife (triumphantly)-Gained! Why,

Sponge Cake. Mistress-Do you call this sponge cake? Why, it's as hard as can be.

New Cook-Yes, mum; that's the way a sponge is before it's wet. Soak it in your tea, mum .- N. Y. World. Their Reintions.

Caller-Is your cousin, Mr. Roslyn, on your father's side, Willie? Willie Williams-Nope. He's on ma's side whenever there's a scrap .--Brooklyn Eagle.

A Foxy Scheme.

Bluffer-So you have taught your wife poker? Meekboy-Yes. It's a great scheme. Last Saturday night I won back nearly

two dollars of my salary!-Puck. He Felt Honored.

Pather-My daughter tells me, sir, that you have been making love to her. Clubberly-I don't know why she should single me out among so many. -Detroit Free Press.

The Key to the Puzzie. Markby-What do you think of that eigar, old man? It was smuggled. Cutter-Ah! I was just wondering

how it got past the health authorities. -Town Topics. Knew Each Other Well.

Chollie-She called me an idiot. Mollie-Indeed! I didn't think she knew you well enough for that .- Yon-

kers Statesman.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta. Gr.

Cancer.

Rheumatism,

Contagious

Blood Poison,

USE

-

1115

Parifying Politics. The Major I don't know but there ities arenne here.

The Colonel -1 think so. I'm be fanatic, but I think ballot box stoffer should be done with moderation -

Ready for the Question.

Mrs. Younglove John, do you know that you haven't kissed me for a week? Mr. Younglove Yes, darling: I as just waiting to see how long it would take you to notice it.

John, it will be observed, had bis

Spenks Both Fluently.

Yeast- Does your wife speak more than one language? Crimsonbeak-Yest she speaks two

- one when she's got hairpins in mer mouth and one when she hasn't. You kers Statesman.

Further Information.

His Little Son- Papa, isn't a skeptie a man who doesn't believe what he can't understand?

The Deacon-Yes; especially H If's something that doesn't suit him-

It Pills the Bill.

Customer-I want a good, clean family paper that does not treat of murders, suicides or divorces. Newsdealer-Yes, sir. Would you like to look at our line of wrapping

One of Many.

Mr. Flightie-Mere talent is not appreciated nowadays. Oh, if I only had

a touch of real genius-Wife-Genius isn't what you need. "Eh? What, then?"

"Horse sense,"-N. Y. Weekly. The Very Reason.

Little Harry-Why haven't we ever had a lady president, papa? Papa-Because, Harry, a man-made law makes it imperative that the president be more than 36 years old.

He-I point out your faults because I love you. She-Nonsense! If you really gived me you would think my faults were

Wouldn't Have a Chance.

Miss De Pride-I wouldn't marry him if he were the last man on earth!

Rival Belle-Indeed you wouldn't I'd take him myself then! Tit-Bits.

In 1800 a man could travel only by coach or on horseback. To-day ther are more than 250,000 miles of railroad track in the United States alone, being more than six times the mileage of any other country.

A western passenger agent says that his experience has shown that Friday is the best day in the week for rallway passenger travel, and Wednesday the Worst

A collection of blotting papers in the possession of an American citizen is estimated to be of great value. Each sheet contains the blotted impression of the handwriting of a president, and all the chiefs of a republic since 1841 are represented. One sheet is that on which President Lincoln blotted a letter on the day of his murder.

The pet delusion of a mildly insane man in Osage City, Kan., is that he has an electric wire in his stomach on which he can send messages all over the country. He also imagines that the local telephone company has connections with this wire, and can thus learn all that he thinks.

