

GOVERNOR STONE ON THE ISSUES.

A Notable Speech by Pennsylvania's Stalwart Republican Executive.

BRYANISM TORN TO TATTERS

Timely Reference to the Matter of Fusion and the Danger That Confronts the Republican Organization in State and Nation.

Governor William A. Stone made what has been regarded as the most notable speech of the state canvass at the recent convention of the State League of Republican Clubs in Philadelphia. The speech was delivered in the Academy of Music and Senator J. H. Packer, who was the star orator from outside of the state on that occasion, publicly stated that Governor Stone's speech was the best he had heard in the present campaign.

Governor Stone, among other things, said: "I greatly appreciate the privilege of addressing you on this occasion. We have the same candidates that we had four years ago, with this difference—William McKinley has been tried by the people and found equal to every emergency, while the Democratic candidate has not been tried. McKinley is considered by what he has done while Bryan must be considered by what he claims he will do. You have on the one hand a competent, faithful public servant, who has won your confidence, while upon the other you have a visionary theorist. When four years ago you put William McKinley on trial you put his theories of government on trial. They were sound money and a protective tariff. They, as well as he, have been fully tried and they have proved a complete success. Their success has proved the Democratic theories of free trade and free silver a complete failure. The country could not be its present prosperous condition and free trade and free silver be right. The trial and success of sound money and a protective tariff prove conclusively that free coinage and free trade are wrong. Now, which will we have, a man and his rules of government that we know are right, or a man and his theories that we know are wrong? Will we discharge our family physician who has cured us of our sickness and keeps us in health and employ a quack who gives the medicine that made us sick? Will we bet our money on a horse that has won every bet and won every race at home and abroad or on a horse that has only pranced before the reviewing stand?"



GOVERNOR STONE.

"I knew Bryan in congress and admire his great power as an orator. He has delighted me with his eloquence upon more than one occasion. And I remember that Aaron was a great orator. But it was not Aaron who led the children of Israel out of the land of Egypt. It was Moses, and when the American people were suffering during Cleveland's administration under the blighting curse of the Wilson tariff bill and the threatened free coinage of silver, when we were groaning under our task masters and making beds without straw, it was not Bryan who lifted our heads, but it was William McKinley who led us out of the land of shadows and gave us with the manna of sound money and a protective tariff, and almost as if by magic still hear the rattle of the chariot wheels our spies and our enemies, the promised land and the rich grapes of prosperity. We have the manna and quail in abundance and we no longer make Democratic bricks without the straw of protection."

"That while the free coinage of silver was the paramount issue four years ago, it is not the paramount issue now. Our Democratic friends do not think so much of free silver as they did. They are still for it, but they are not for it. They have a new theory. They call it imperialism. They still keep a stock of free trade and free silver in their shelves, but they do not show them to customers, except to customers from the west. They declare that imperialism is the paramount issue. They say that McKinley and the Republicans are imperialists and that the maintenance of an army in the Philippines and the attempt to subdue the insurrection there is imperialism. They say it was all right to buy Spain twenty millions of dollars for them, but that it is always wrong to maintain possession of the purchased property, and they bring forward the declarations of departed saints of the Democratic party to prove that the acquisition of territory is all wrong and they want us to discuss that. They say that is the paramount issue. Now, I am willing to discuss any question with them except the demagoguery of the Democratic party. That is a matter too apparent and self evident to warrant discussion."

AMERICA AS A NATION.

"It may be that when our nation was young and weak and when the chief concern of our statesmen was to keep from treading upon the toes of more powerful nations that a timid declaration of intention to keep to ourselves and let these more powerful nations have the rest of the world was the wiser policy, but we have kicked off our copper toed boots and outgrown our short clothes and can now afford to tramp on the toes of other nations. If they get in our way. We could not in our infancy as a nation very well afford to expand until we had expanded, but in all the precedents and opinions of our older statesmen I fail to find that any of them have ever maintained that we should buy new territory as Christmas gifts for other nations."

"Bryan and his Democratic colleagues urged us to buy the Philippines. They helped to ratify the treaty with Spain. If there was any imperialism it was in buying the islands. It is certainly not imperialism to try to get possession of the property we bought. If McKinley is an imperialist Bryan is an imperialist, because they both favored the purchase of the Philippines. McKinley is only trying to get possession of the property which Mr. Bryan authorized him to buy. Was Bryan in urging the purchase of the Philippines trying to make a campaign issue? Was he trying to put the Republican party in a hole? No hole that the Democratic party can dig is big enough to hold the Republican party this fall. Have we paid \$20,000,000 for a campaign issue for the Democratic party?"

CONGRESS WILL DECIDE.
"As to what will be done with the islands after we get possession, that will be for congress to decide and not for Bryan or McKinley, if either is elected president. Bryan says he will call congress together in extra session to frame a bill for the independent government of the people of the Philippines. McKinley says he will put down the rebellion and get possession and the congress can deal with the matter, and in the meantime one tribe in the Philippines, the Tagals, are hoping and praying that Bryan will be elected and straining every nerve to hold out until after election."

"The Democrats did the same thing in 1861. They declared the war a failure and proposed a dishonorable peace. They nominated a candidate upon this issue. The Republicans renominated Lincoln, and declared for the prosecution of the war. He went to the polls upon that issue, and the Confederates kept up the fight, hoping that the Democratic party would win. Lincoln was elected, and the southern Confederacy went to pieces within 40 days after his inauguration. If the Democratic party had stood square up to the war in the campaign of 1864 Lee would have surrendered six months before he did. All that kept the southern Confederacy together during its last days was the hope of a Democratic victory, and all that keeps the Philippine rebellion together now is the promised aid of the Democratic party if successful at the polls in November."

RESPONSIBILITY PLACED.
"How can Bryan and his colleagues, who openly declare their intention, if successful, to give terms to Aguinaldo, escape the responsibility for our soldiers slaughtered during this campaign? I know that the custom of criticising the administration is prevalent in campaigns. I know that great latitude is allowed in criticism, but where overtures are held out to public enemies with whom we are at war it ceases to be legitimate criticism, and ought to be condemned severely at the polls."

"It is permissible to oppose the administration in all internal matters that do not affect our relations with other countries, but it is un-American and disloyal to extend sympathy and promise aid to a people with whom we are at war. Had there been a presidential campaign on in 1898 it would have been equally as proper for Bryan to have declared his intention to convene congress for the purpose of stopping hostilities with Spain as for him now to declare his intention, if elected, to stop the war with Aguinaldo and his followers. They are public enemies, and a man who extends sympathy and encouragement to a public enemy is hardly a safe and proper man to elect president of the United States."

"It makes no difference whether the president happens to be a Republican or a Democrat, no law abiding citizen can afford to throw obstacles in his path. We should at all times present a united front to the enemy. We should not encourage him by dissensions at home. If the Democratic national convention had declared for a vigorous prosecution of the war it would have been over by this time. The last Philippine soldier, however of aid through political dissensions in this country, would have thrown down his gun in despair."

QUESTION OF HONOR.

"I am surprised that the Democrats have raised this question. Our people are a peaceful people and love not war, but they have never halted nor hesitated in front of the enemy. The east and the west may divide upon finance, but they will never divide upon a question that affects the honor of the country. We could not, without dishonor, withdraw our soldiers from the Philippines so long as there is a man in arms against our flag. We did not make war on the Philippines. We acquired the islands legitimately. As soon as we had done so Aguinaldo undertook to drive us away. Had we struck our colors and left the islands, does any one doubt that Bryan would now be charging us with cowardice and claiming that we should have done just what we are doing?"

"We are accused of favoring expansion. Bryan and his followers are opposed to expansion. Expansion is growth. The party that will be in control in this country must keep pace with the march of events. The country has expanded, grown. The ideas and ambitions of our people have grown; everything has expanded but the Democratic party. That is their trouble. They still tread in the footsteps of their forefathers. They will not realize the wonderful growth and expansion of the country. Nor will they appreciate the need of more territory and greater markets for our surplus products. They are an old party, behind the date, a buck number. There is not room in the Democratic party for the growing energy, zeal and pluck of our new America. The Democratic party is a party of the past. They have

so future. They want to bring back the flying ships of ambition and enterprise and trade and commerce, and anchor them forever in the safe harbors of Democratic national indolence. They chance nothing, hazard nothing, risk nothing. They are not fit to govern this country, and they have demonstrated that fact every time they have tried it."

THERE MUST BE NO HALTING.
"The country cannot wait. It is hurrying on to its destiny. It has no use for the Democratic party. We must have new consumers and new markets for our surplus products. If today our exports to foreign markets of our surplus products should cease we would have a panic in 90 days. We ask nothing of the Democratic party but to keep out of the way. We are not consulting them; we are pressing forward to capture the markets of the world for our surplus products. The present so-called Democratic party are not Democrats, but an aggregation of all Populist factions. The Democrats, the real Democrats, who think more of principle than party, are voting for McKinley."

"I know with the cunning that comes with great experience they are trying in some counties of our state to capture Republicans by fusion upon candidates. A few of our brethren are not satisfied that the majority should rule. They think the minority should rule. When a man in any organization is not satisfied that the majority should rule it the organization can better spare that man than to change its rules and let the minority rule it. I know of no organization, be it civil, political, religious or social, where the majority does not control it. I for one am not willing to try the experiment of permitting the minority of the Republican party in Pennsylvania to control it. Our majority is not so close in Pennsylvania but what we can spare those who do not believe that the majority should rule."

ADVICE TO INSURGENTS.
"This fusion with the Democrats will fail. A presidential campaign in Pennsylvania is a bad time to try the experiment. These Republicans who are planning it and encouraging it had better drop it. They will fall in the end. Certain newspapers will undoubtedly continue to urge it, but they will have little influence. Their motives are pretty well understood. Recent primaries prove that. They exert no political influence in their own communities and they will soon cease to exert any in other localities. The people are not dishonest or corrupt because they do not agree with an article in a newspaper. They are quite as likely to be as honest as the man who wrote it, and more so when the man who wrote it does not express his own views, but as he may be directed to write."

MAY LOSE SENATE SAYS ALLISON

Republicans of Pennsylvania Have a Warning From the Iowa Statesman.

BRYANITES ARE HOPEFUL.

Important That the Legislature in the Keystone State Shall be Controlled by the Stalwart Republicans.

Pennsylvanians are naturally interested in a speech by Senator Allison in opening the Republican campaign in Iowa, in which he referred to the danger of the Republican party losing control of the United States senate in the present national campaign. He pointed out that the danger to the



WILLIAM B. ALLISON.

business interests of the country from free silver is as great today as it was four years ago. The senator then directed his remarks to those who intend to support Bryan this year because they think the political complexion of the senate and the enactment of the currency bill removes any present danger from free silver, saying: "They now say that it is impossible for anything to be done respecting silver because the senate of the United States has a safe majority against its adoption; therefore, Mr. Bryan's hands are tied behind his back and free silver is a dead letter. Do they expect to elect Mr. Bryan president and secure the electoral vote of a sufficient number of states to elect him and yet make no change in the controlling majority of the senate? Do they believe that if Mr. Bryan is elected his election will not carry with it new senators of the faith of Mr. Bryan and of the faith of the platform adopted at Kansas City? Do they believe that Mr. Bryan as president will exert no influence upon the votes of senators and in the senate? Mr. Bryan is a positive character in some respects. With a presidential nomination far in the future he had influence enough with his party in 1899 to force a number of senators of that party to vote for the ratification of the treaty of peace with Spain, a number sufficient to secure the ratification of the treaty. He showed his power with his party at Kansas City, when, against

the judgment of a majority of its delegates from the great producing states of the country, he forced upon them this silver plank as a condition of his nomination. Such a man is not without a will. That he has a purpose to achieve. That he has a purpose respecting the free coinage of silver no one doubts. It was the shibboleth of his campaign four years ago, and he made it the shibboleth this year in fact by forcing it into the platform against the judgment of a majority of the delegates to the convention."

EASY TO CHANGE THE SENATE.
"His friends claim that he will not carry many states, but in order to be elected there are certain states that he must carry, and in some of these United States senators are to be elected. There is one senator to be elected this winter in each of the states of Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming, Colorado, Montana, Utah and Idaho, and I believe Bryan carried them all in 1896, and I believe we will carry most of them, but he must carry them this year to give him even a chance of success, and the same votes that will give him these electoral votes will also elect legislatures Democratic."

"The currency law of the last session was passed by 18 majority. Senator Kyle, of South Dakota, being absent and unpaired, did not vote, though having a consistent free silver record in the senate. Senators Lindsay, of Kentucky, and Caffery, of Louisiana, go out of the senate on the 4th of March, and both their places have already been filled by senators who favor free silver. So that by that process the majority of 18 would be reduced on a similar vote to 14, and standing off Utah against Pennsylvania (both these states having a seat vacant), if the six senators from the states I have named, except Utah, shall be Democratic, the Republican majority in the senate will be reduced to two, and if Senator Kyle should vote for free silver, as he has always done heretofore, the senate would be a tie on that question, leaving the vice president to cast the deciding vote, which he is pledged by his record, by the platform and by speech to cast in favor of free silver. The Democratic senator from Delaware voted for free silver, and if the Democrats shall carry that state, where there is now one vacancy, it is fair to suppose that the senator elected would be for free silver also."

THE DOCTRINE OF CHANCES.
"Thus it is that on the doctrine of chances, leaving out of consideration all one other states claimed by Mr. Bryan in which senators are to be elected, and assuming that taking all these together, there may be one or more changes, there would be a majority, including the vote of the vice president, for the repeal of this law without any changes other than I have mentioned."

"Thus, without discussing the question whether Mr. Bryan could or could not, through his secretary of the treasury, force upon the country the silver standard, it is plain to me that if he is elected, with the power he will wield in his party as president, there will be a majority in the house of representatives, and a large majority, for free silver, and with the force and power that lies behind free silver, a majority in the senate will be secured for the repeal of the law passed at the last session, and that law repealed, without affirmative legislation for free silver, it is possible, in my belief, for a president hostile to our present standard of money to force the silver standard upon the people."

Senator Allison's speech should appeal to Republicans to support the regular candidates of their party for the assembly, so that the next legislature will be absolutely controlled by the stalwart Republicans to ensure the election of a stalwart Republican to the United States senate from Pennsylvania.



PRESIDENT MCKINLEY.

Imperialism has no place in its (the administration's) creed or conduct. Honest co-operation of capital is necessary, but conspiracies and combinations intended to restrict business, create monopolies and control prices should be effectually restrained. The pension laws should be justly administered, and will be. It is our purpose to establish in the Philippines a government suitable to the wants and conditions of the inhabitants, and to give them self government when they are ready for it. Every effort has been directed to their (the Filipinos) peace and prosperity, their advancement and well being, not for our aggrandisement, nor pride of might, nor for trade or commerce, nor for exploitation, but for humanity and civilization. We invite the sound money forces to join in winning another and we hope permanent financial victory. Prosperity abounds everywhere throughout the republic. We are selling our surplus products and lending our surplus money to Europe.

THE very word "operation" strikes terror to a woman's soul. Nearly always these operations become necessary through neglect. If the menses are very painful, or too frequent and excessive, get the right advice at once and stop taking chances. It will cost you nothing for advice if you write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for it, and if you let the trouble run along it will surely cost you a great deal of pain and may mean an operation.

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