

The Middleburgh Post.

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Geo. W. Wagenseller, Editor and Proprietor

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A Bullet Proof Soldier.

The man who was shot 26 times in the terrible Filipino outbreak and who has received the most terrible wounds in the Manila campaign, and still survives, is D. W. Krider, of Wharton, O., a member of the Third regular artillery. Private Krider was shot 26 times in the engagement on February 4. His companions thought he was dead, and he was reported to be so two or three times. He was shot at 1:30 in the afternoon, and because he was thought to have been killed, was not treated by the surgeon until nine o'clock that night. His escape from death on the field is little short of miraculous. If he recovers he will be crippled for life. Leslie's Weekly is in possession of a letter from the young man's father, of the following is an extract: "From boyhood my boy wanted to join the United States regulars. After attaining his majority he still talked a great deal about enlisting in the army, but I would never give my consent, so one night in September, 1907, he left home without saying a word to anyone. I didn't hear from him until he had enlisted in St. Louis. Private Krider was cook of his mess.

A woman who has just been visiting in a town that prides itself on its literary atmosphere, tells about a lecture that she attended. The lecture room was so well filled that she could not be seated beside the woman friend with whom she went. Two or three seats in front of her there sat a dignified man who had been recently introduced to her. What was her surprise, as the lecture neared its close, to see this man turn deliberately around, fix his eyes upon her face, and, taking his handkerchief from his pocket, begin to fidget it to and fro. At first she tried to think he wasn't looking at her, but he was. She glanced at the other persons near. No one seemed to be paying any attention to his maneuvers, and the idea flashed into her mind that the idea he used to his little way. Acting on this suggestion, she decided to humor him, and so smiled and nodded. Not till the lecture was over did she see that he was trying to show her the accepted way to applaud.

Stories afloat about barb wire in Texas fences being made to serve for telephone uses are not pure imagination, as some of the newspaper paragraphers have endeavored to show. Eugene Thoma, of Midland, Tex., writes to the St. Louis Republic: "I am successfully operating nine barb wire ranch telephone lines, varying in length from eight to thirty-five miles. We do not put insulators upon the fence post, but leave the barb wire staples in the posts, and in all instances use a ground return instead of a metallic return. We operate three telephones in series (not bridging 'phones) upon our 25-mile lines. We have orders ahead which, when filled, will give us 500 miles of barb wire lines connected with our switchboard. I attribute the successful working of these lines to the extremely dry atmosphere here. Small resistance is offered to the current."

A unique automatic fishing device has been patented by a colored man of Louisville, which has attracted some attention. The unique feature of his invention is that it can be attached to a pole as an ordinary reel or it can be placed on a tripod on the ground. Any ordinary line can be used, the mechanism wound up as a clock and the invention will catch the fish without any further attention on the part of the angler. When the fish strikes the hook in the water the reel will automatically catch it, pull it into the shore and ring a bell to let the angler know that the fish is caught. The reel will play a fish all day, keep a tight line and just as soon as the fish stops resisting the reel will automatically land the prey. All a man has to do is to keep the bait bottle upside down and string the fish.

Mother Hubbard's are shocking to the aesthetic sense and temperament of one chief of police, who issued orders about as follows: "All persons seen walking in the street in loose wrappers shall be warned not to do so. If they heed not the warning they will be gathered in and sent to the police station on the charge of disorderly conduct."

The maiden who says: "The lips that touch liquor shall never touch mine," cannot be so sure of her premises as she used to be. The "kissing bug" is abroad in the land, and may come right from the osculatory office of a beautiful masculine man to the untainted lips of a modest maiden at any moment.

A German journal is authority for the statement that two-thirds of the religious nurses actively engaged acquire and die of tuberculosis.

REBUILDING THE TEMPLE.

International Sunday School Lesson for September 3, 1909—Text, Ezra 3:10-13—Memory Verses, 10, 11.

[Specially Arranged from Peloubet's Notes.] GOLDEN TEXT.—The temple of God is holy, which temple ye are.—1 Cor. 3:17. READ Chapters 3 and 4.

LIGHT FROM OTHER SCRIPTURES.—The Temple of Solomon.—1 Kings, Chaps. 6, 7, 8. The Temple Repaired.—2 Kings 22. The Spiritual Temple.—1 Cor. 3:16, 17; 6:19; 2 Cor. 6:16; Eph. 2:21; 2 Thes. 2:14; Rev. 3:12. PSALMS 87, 106, 107, 115, 118 and 126, according to Geikie, were composed for this occasion.

TIME.—Journey of return, spring, B. C. 536; temple planned, altar set up, October, 536; foundations of temple begun, May, 535; building ceased, 15 years; work on temple renewed, 529; temple completed, 521.

PLACE.—Jerusalem. RULERS.—Cyrus, king of Babylon and the east (539); Darius Hystaspes (522-485), at completion of temple; Tarquin the Proud, king of Rome.

PROPHETS.—Daniel, an old man, at time of return (Dan. 10:3), in Babylon. Haggai and Zechariah were both living in Jerusalem, but did not begin to prophesy till 521.

EXPLANATORY. Introductory.—If the 40,000 returning exiles left Babylon in March (B. C. 536), they could not well reach Jerusalem, after a journey of 500 to 700 miles, before some time in July. It took Ezra four months to make the journey (Ezra 7:9). They found the city in ruins, as it had lain for 50 years since its complete destruction by Nebuchadnezzar. "The list of towns," says Geikie, "named by Ezra and Nehemiah (Ezra 2:23, 28, 34; Neh. 7:25-26) as the first homes of their brethren includes only Bethlehem on the south, while on the north their territory did not extend beyond the narrow limits of Benjamin." In October, two or three months after their arrival, they proceeded to renew the worship of God by rebuilding the altar on its old foundation.

I. The Foundations of the Temple Laid.—Vs. 10-13. Vs. 10. "The builders, I e., Joshua and Zerubbabel, who were at the head of affairs. (See Ezra 3:2.) "Priests in their apparel." The elegant and beautiful official robes used by the priests in their celebrations, especially the blue and scarlet purple robes, with gold and gems. (See Ex. 28:15, 29:27, etc.) "With trumpets." Not for music; but, like our church bells, for summoning assemblies and joyful announcements. "The sons of Asaph." One of the great choir leaders of David's time. These were his descendants or their successors in this choir, as those in training in the schools of the prophets were called sons of the prophets. "Cymbals." These were musical instruments very much like those which are in use among us under the same name. "After the ordinance (order) of David." (See 1 Chron. 15:16, 21.) David first organized choirs and music for the temple services. Vs. 11. Sang together by course, B. V., one to another, respectively. (Compare Ex. 15:20, 21.)—Cambridge Bible. "He is good," etc.: These words first appear as the doxology at the close of the psalm written by David, and sung at the bringing of the ark to Jerusalem (1 Chron. 16:34). They are found substantially in Psa. 106, 107, 118. Vs. 12. "Ancient men, that had seen the first house," which was destroyed B. C. 586, 51 years before.

II. Opposition and Delay.—Vs. 1-5. I. "The adversaries of Judah." The mixed race of the Samaritans. Those opposed in race, in religion, and in purpose. They did not call themselves adversaries, but were so in reality. V. 2. "Let us build with you." Let us join in your work, and hence in the use and direction of the temple. "For we seek your God . . . and we do sacrifice unto Him." But they did it in a very different way, partially in connection with other things which would destroy the perfection and power of the Jewish worship. V. 4. "Weakened the hands." The refusal of the Jews to unite with the Samaritans made them bitter enemies, and they did everything in their power to stop the progress of the temple building. (1) As in Nehemiah's time (Neh. 4:1-12), by sneers, slanders, and threatening attacks. (2) By writing slanderous letters to the government and hiring (V. 5) "counselors against them," probably in Babylon. This continued "all the days of Cyrus," who died in 529, "until the reign of Darius," who began to reign B. C. 522, and it took two years more to get the desired permission so that for about 15 years nothing was done on the temple.

III. The Temple Completed.—Early in the reign of Darius Hystaspes the Jews obtained permission to build the temple. The prophets Haggai and Zechariah urged the people forward. The new movement began B. C. 520, and in four years, just 70 years after the destruction of Solomon's temple, 586, the new temple was completed and dedicated, B. C. 516. TYPE OF SPIRITUAL TEMPLE. The temple was the symbol and type of God's spiritual temple, both the individual Christian and the whole people of God (1 Cor. 3:10-16). (1) Rich and costly preparations have been made by others. We are heirs of all the ages. (2) The foundation is Jesus Christ. (3) He has prophets with messages from God to aid and encourage in the building—the Bible, the Holy Spirit, with teachers, pastors and friends to bring the message. (4) The true Christian character when complete is beautiful and costly. His soul is the Holy of Holies in which God dwells and manifests Himself.

Ram's Horn Blasts. He guards well his wealth who ungrudgingly uses it for the weal of the world. No man ever gave of his best without thereby losing some of his worst. Cursed are the impure in heart, for they can only see the evil. The value of repentance is not in the depths of its feelings, but in the permanency of its fruits. The power of our talent may be hindered by the discourtesy of our manners. Grace should make us graceful in word and act.

S. S. S. GOES TO THE BOTTOM.

Promptly Reaches the Seat of all Blood Diseases and Cures the Worst Cases.

In every test made S. S. S. easily demonstrates its superiority over other blood remedies. It matters not how obstinate the case, nor what other treatment or remedies have failed, S. S. S. always promptly reaches and cures any disease where the blood is in any way involved. Everyone who has had experience with blood diseases knows that there are no ailments or troubles so obstinate and difficult to cure. Very few remedies claim to cure such real, deep-seated blood diseases as S. S. S. cures, and none can offer such incontrovertible evidence of merit. S. S. S. is not merely a tonic—it is a cure! It goes down to the very seat of all blood diseases, and gets at the foundation of the very worst cases, and routs the poison from the system. It does not, like other remedies, dry up the poison and hide it from view temporarily, only to break forth again more violently than ever; S. S. S. forces out every trace of taint, and rids the system of it forever.

Mrs. T. W. Lee, Montgomery, Ala., writes: "Some years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. I was covered with sores and ulcers from head to foot, and in my great extremity I prayed to die. Several prominent physicians treated me, but all to no purpose. The mercury and potash which they gave me seemed to add fuel to the awful flame which was devouring me. I was advised by friends who had seen wonderful cures made by it, to try Swift's Specific. I improved from the start, as the medicine seemed to go direct to the cause of the trouble and force the poison out. Twenty bottles cured me completely." Swift's Specific—



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—is the only remedy that is guaranteed purely vegetable, and contains no mercury, potash, arsenic, or any other mineral or chemical. It never fails to cure Cancer, Eczema, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, Tetter, Boils, Carbuncles, Sores, etc. Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

TREES SUGGEST SKEETERS.

The Loquacious and Veracious Conductor from New Jersey Has His Full Say.

'Tis not often that one runs across a loquacious street car conductor. Usually they are just about as talkative as graven images. But there was a new man on the Indiana avenue line and he was hungry for a talk. Along about Forty-Seventh street a man took a standing seat on the back platform and the conductor fastened on him instantly, says the Chicago Inter Ocean.

"That's a fine grove of trees," he remarked, pointing to a row of maples, "but whenever I see trees I say to myself 'skeeters.' Yes, sir; that's the very first thing I say to myself—'skeeters.' I hate skeeters. I can't abide 'em. Consequently I don't like trees. No, sir; I'm a treeless, plain man, I am—a boundless prairie feller. Why, sir, I had a good job an' as nice a little home as you ever see down east an' I wuz fixed for life right there. But it was down in Jersey. An' the skeeters bit me till I didn't know my own name; would have answered to the name of Smith or Jones just as well. Well, sir, I throwed up my job an' sold my home and I started for New York. But, Lord love you, sir, I got into trouble quick. They stopped me fore I could get into New York. They said I had the smallpox, I wuz bit up so frightful. But I finally got west an' here I am. An' whenever I sees trees I thinks skeeters. Why, sir, down in Jersey, many's the time, I've seen them skeeters flyin' about smokin' clay pipes; yes, sir, smokin' clay pipes—to keep the other skeeters off 'em. Once I—"

But here the passenger jumped off between blocks.

FINGERING HELPED STATUES.

Curious Discovery Made in Berlin Museums Abolishes the "Hands Off" Sign.

Until a short time ago, says the New York Times, the bronze statues in some of the Berlin museums was most carefully labeled: "Hands off," just as it is in many American museums. What happened in Berlin, however, may cause the curators of some of our museums to take down their signs. It was observed in Berlin that those parts of the bronze statues which were surreptitiously handled by the public retained a good surface. This led to the conclusion that fat had something to do with it. An experiment was therefore tried for some years with four bronzes. One was coated every day with oil and wiped with cloth; another was washed every day with water; the third was similarly washed, but was oiled twice a year; and the fourth was left untouched, just as our bronzes remain isolated behind the notices, "Hands off." The first looked beautiful; the third, which had been oiled twice a year, was passable; the second looked dead; and the fourth was dull and black. It is probably a fact not generally known that the ancient Greeks polished their statues by constant hand rubbing. Perhaps the curators above mentioned, who have charge of statues and other adornments, will profit by the experiment here described.

Here is a good story and probably a true one that Capt. Coghlan told at the Winfield meeting. Dewey sailed into the Manila harbor, fought his battle, and then cut the cable. The English admiral wanted to help him, but didn't dare. But he thought that Dewey might take a hint. So the English admiral sailed over to Dewey and said: "Ah, I see you have cut a cable." "Yes," answered Dewey. "Which one?" asked the innocent English admiral. And then Dewey, knowing for the first time there were two cables, rustled back, grappled for the second cable, and cut it.

A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. I saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter a great deal of suffering.—Yours truly, Mrs. Geo. F. Burdick, Dabert, R. I. For sale by all Druggists.

CHINESE ALMANAC.

An infallible Journal That Enjoys the Largest Circulation in the World.

The Chinese Almanac is the most largely circulated publication in the world, the number of copies printed and sold yearly reaching several millions. It is printed at Peking, and is a monopoly of the emperor, no other almanac being permitted to be sold in that country. Although containing reliable astronomical information, its chief mission is to give full and accurate information for selecting lucky places for performing all the acts, great and small, of everyday life. And as every act of life in China, however trivial, depends for its success on the time in which, and the direction (point of compass) toward which it is done, it is of the utmost importance that everyone should have correct information at all times available to enable him so to order his life as to avoid bad luck and calamity, and secure good luck and prosperity. So great is the native faith in its infallibility, that not long since the Chinese minister to Germany refused to sail on a day which had been appointed because it was declared in the almanac to be unlucky.

Drink Grain-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grade of coffee and costs about 75 cents as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is the genuine food drink containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15 and 25c.

Why She Did It.

It was evident the moment she entered the parlor that he was angry. "What do you mean by suing me for breach of promise?" he demanded. "I never proposed to you in my life." "Why, of course you didn't," she answered in a conciliatory tone. "And I wouldn't have accepted you if you had. But you know I am going on the stage, and I must make some preparations."—Chicago Post.

Does Coffee Agree With You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I make Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c. and 25c.

NEURALGIA cured by Dr. Miles' PAIN EXPELLER. "One cent a dose." At all Druggists.

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AUDITOR'S NOTICE. In the Estate of Henry Grubb, Sr., dec'd. of Snyder Co., Pa. The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Snyder County, Pa., to distribute the funds in the hands of Henry Grubb, Jr., Administrator of the Estate of Henry Grubb, Sr., late of Centre Township, Snyder Co., Pa., deceased, as appears by his first and final account, and to make report to the next term of Court, will sit at the office of Jacob Gilbert, Esq., in Middleburg, Snyder County, Pa., on FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1909, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of fulfilling the duties of his appointment; when and where all parties in interest shall attend, and present their claims on said fund. HORACE ALLEMAN, Auditor. Aug. 5, 1909. Peerless Pile C. A MARVEL OF PERFECT instant relief and permanent NO SALVE OR UNPLEASANT POSITORIES. Price to \$2.00. PEERLESS REMEDY 5 Cedar St., N. 7-27-1mo. PATENTS OBTAINABLE. Consult or communicate with us of this paper, who will give all needed assistance.