

# Sacrificed to Blood Poison.

Those who have never had Blood Poison can not know what a desperate condition it can produce. This terrible disease which the doctors are totally unable to cure, is communicated from one generation to another, inflicting its taint upon countless innocent ones.

Some years ago I was inoculated with poison by a nurse who infected my babe with blood taint. The little one was unequal to the struggle, and its life was yielded up to the fearful poison. For six long years I suffered untold misery. I was covered with sores and ulcers from head to foot, and no language can express my feelings of wondering those long years I had the best medical treatment. Several physicians successively treated me, but all to no avail. The mercury and iodine seemed to add fuel to the awful disease which was devouring me. I was advised by my friends who had seen wonderful cures made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I got two bottles, and I felt hope again revive in my breast—hope for health and happiness again. I improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result. S. S. S. is the only blood remedy which reaches desperate cases.



Of the many blood remedies, S. S. S. is the only one which can reach deep-seated, violent cases. It never fails to cure perfectly and permanently the most desperate cases which are beyond the reach of other remedies.

# S.S.S. For The Blood

is PURELY VEGETABLE, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no mercury, potash, or other mineral. Valuable books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Sunbury & Lewistown Division.  
In effect Nov. 20, 1898.

WESTWARD DIS.	STATION.	EASTWARD
9:00	A.	10:00
4:21	Lewistown	7:30
4:30	Main Street	7:38
4:41	Lewistown	7:35
4:59	Maitland	7:43
5:04	Pattee	7:49
5:13	Shindler	7:54
5:25	Wagner	7:57
5:31	Meillon	8:08
5:41	Harb's Mills	8:13
5:50	Adamsburg	8:19
5:54	Boatwright	8:25
6:01	Benton	8:34
6:10	Middleburg	8:40
6:20	Kremer	8:46
6:25	Pawling	8:52
6:33	Sellingrove	9:00
6:41	Sellingrove	9:08
6:45	Sunbury	9:15

Train leaves Sunbury 5 25 p.m., arrives at Selmsgrove 5 45 p.m.  
Trains leave Lewistown Junction:  
5 52 a.m., 10 15 a.m., 1 10 p.m., 5 27 p.m., 7 07 p.m., 11 58 p.m.  
For Altoona, Pittsburg and the West.  
For Harrisburg and Washington 9 35 a.m., 1 02 p.m., 1 52 p.m., 5 27 p.m., 7 07 p.m., 11 58 p.m.  
For Harrisburg 6 58 a.m. and 8 09 p.m.

## Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.  
Trains leave Sunbury daily except Sunday:  
1 21 a.m. for Erie and Canadana  
6 10 a.m. for Bellefonte, Erie and Canadana  
9 45 a.m. for Look Haven, Tyrone and the West.  
1 10 p.m. for Bellefonte, Kane and Canadana  
5 45 p.m. for Look Haven and Tyrone  
9 25 p.m. for Williamsport  
Sunday 5 10 a.m. for Erie and Canadana  
9 45 a.m. for Look Haven and 9 25 p.m. for Williamsport

6 10 a.m., 10 15 a.m. and 5 45 p.m. for Williamsport and Harrisburg  
7 0 a.m., 10 20 a.m., 2 05 p.m., 5 45 p.m. for Shamokin and Mount Carmel  
Sunday 9 55 a.m. for Williamsport

Trains leave Selmsgrove Junction:  
5 00 a.m. week days arriving at Phil delphia 5 30 p.m. New York 5 45 p.m. Baltimore 3 11 p.m. Washington 1 19 p.m.  
5 30 p.m. week days arriving at Philadelphia 5 20 p.m. New York 3 35 a.m. Baltimore 9 55 p.m. Washington 10 55 p.m.  
8 42 p.m. week days arriving at Philadelphia 6 00 a.m. New York 7 15 a.m.  
Trains also leave Sunbury:  
2 25 a.m. daily arriving at Philadelphia 6 02 a.m. Baltimore 6 45 a.m. Washington 7 45 a.m. New York 9 25 a.m. Week days, 10 28 a.m. Sundays.  
7 50 a.m. week days arriving at Philadelphia 11 48 a.m. New York 2 15 p.m. Baltimore 11 5 a.m. Washington 1 00 p.m.  
1 55 p.m. week days arriving at Philadelphia 6 23 p.m. New York 9 30 p.m. Baltimore 6 04 p.m. Washington 7 15 p.m.  
Trains also leave Sunbury at 9 30 a.m. and 5 25 and 9 55 p.m. for Harrisburg, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

J. R. WOOD, Gen'l. Pass Agent  
J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l. Manager.

## ON SALE EVERYWHERE.



Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.  
5c PACKAGES.  
Walton & Co., New York City.

## Woman's Progress.

The Ladies' Legal Association of New York is one of the organizations that illustrates the development of the new woman. The enterprise is in no sense a charity. It is run on self-paying business principles, has a good financial backing and influential patrons, and purposes to give the wage-earning woman and her sister householder and property owner a chance to get competent legal counsel on any and all questions that may require it for a reasonable rate of payment. In its prospectus there is a clause which excited some curiosity. The prospectus says that the initiation fee for the member is two dollars and the annual dues eight dollars. These payments entitle subscribers to certain privileges, among which is that of "receiving mail at the office of the association and having the same redirected if desired." In explaining this feature of the work cut out by the association, the manager stated that the privilege quoted is for the accommodation of married women who are doing work in order to earn a little pin money. "You would be amazed," said the official, "at the number of apparently well-to-do women who, although they have fine houses, servants, carriages and credit, haven't a penny to spend themselves. They are victims of housekeeping husbands—men who pay the piper willingly enough, but who do not let their wives handle a cent if they can help it." According to the manager, most women in these circumstances try to earn the price of a matinee ticket occasionally and the Ladies' Legal association enables them to do so without hubby being any the wiser. About 200 women are on the list of members, and it grows longer day by day. The queer part of it is that many men have applied for the privileges of the association, and a branch is to be formed for them. The officers are also in correspondence with representative responsible women of other cities, looking to the opening of branch offices for carrying on a like order of work.

I do wish that our men and boys would not lounge outside of their clubs or bed-chambers, complains Mrs. Frances Evans, in Ladies' Home Journal. The habit is not only discourteous, but it is exceedingly bad for the lungs. A center rush on a football team, full of vigor and muscle, will lounge about a parlor like an invalid, while the girls sit in manly attitudes adoring the hero of the field, who in truth looks like a sleepy baby elephant. Not long since I met a man celebrated throughout America for his achievements, and I confess I was surprised at his simple, cordial manner, such as in my youth would have been called good. Why was I surprised? Because the majority of my celebrated acquaintances are distinctly ill-mannered, owing to their inordinate self-consciousness and belief in the special privileges of genius.

"English as she is spoke" receives some new illustrations from the Cleveland Leader, which tells this story: "A New York man claims to have received a circular from a Cincinnati manufacturer of shirts, who says in his announcement: 'I make shirts to order; that's been my specialty for years. I shirt the most careful dressers in Cincinnati.' The New York man claims to be terribly shocked by this language, but Cincinnati is not the only town that produces queer English. At a reception in this city a few evenings ago one fashionable young man asked another: 'Who is your gleyver now? Your gloves always seem to fit so lovely.' 'I haven't any regular gleyver,' was the reply, 'but Wingham has been socking me for years.' Then, pulling up his trousers just a little, he asked: 'Aren't those sweet?'"

The government pays out annually an average of \$35,000,000 for the transportation of mail matter and mail cars. This is at the rate of eight cents per pound on an average haul of 450 miles, or eight dollars per 100 pounds for all the mail matter carried by rail roads. For the same service the rail roads charge the express companies less than one-tenth of the amount charged the government, and it has never been asserted anywhere that the railroads were losing money in carrying express matter.

Hypnotism is now being advertised as a cure for seasickness. The mesmerizer, suggests a doubting contemporary, doubtless "babblers of green fields," and the patient thinks he is suffering from hay fever and mosquito bites, and forgets the tossing of the deep. "To lie down in the shade of a tree" has long been a standard specific humorously prescribed for mal de mer.

Already the pension office has received 2,125 claims for pensions in consequence of the Spanish war, 1,947 being army and 178 naval. The first pension was awarded to a man named Gates, and before long it will be generally realized that the gates are open.

The assimilation of Hawaii will be complete when the islanders are seen eating New England pie, and the inhabitants of the "pie belt" partake cheerfully and adequately of the Hawaiian national dish, poi.

Admiral Dewey has refused an offer of \$5,000 for a magazine article. Spain would have paid more than that if the admiral had kept his magazine articles locked up in Manila bay.

## ANOTHER COMMISSION.

To Investigate the Manners and Habits of the Filipinos.  
Washington, Jan. 17.—President McKinley has decided to send a commission of five persons to the Philippine Islands to study the manners and habits of the Filipinos, the material resources of the country and its commercial possibilities. President J. G. Schurman, of Cornell university, has accepted the presidency of the commission, and it is understood that the other members of the commission will be Admiral Dewey, General Otis, Colonel Charles Denby and Professor Dean C. Worcester, of Ann Arbor university.

The personnel of the commission is considered excellent from the standpoint of expert knowledge. Admiral Dewey and General Otis have of course become familiar with many of the practical sides of the Philippine problem. Colonel Denby was for many years minister to China, and is thoroughly familiar with the people and many of the problems of the orient. Professor Worcester has lived for years in the Philippines, hunted with the wildest of the Mores and Sulus, attended their tribal rites and studied the political economy of the islands at close range.

The commission will not be subject to the confirmation of the United States senate, but will be named under the reserved authority of the president, and its expenses will be paid out of the war appropriations. It is not expected to commit the United States government to recognition of the independence of the natives nor is it to frame a scheme of government for the islands, as was the case with the Hawaiian commission. Undoubtedly, however, the commissioners will unofficially confer with the natives and advise with the military authorities. It being felt here that men of their experience and qualifications will be valuable counsellors in the conditions now existing. It is believed that the natives can be kept from hostilities until the arrival of the commission at Manila, and then it is hoped that the best results will follow the visit, including the reassurance of the natives upon many points as to which they are now doubtful.

Our Growing Exports.  
Washington, Jan. 17.—During the fiscal year 1898 the United States exported \$211,260,535 more of merchandise of all sorts than it imported, or a gain in excess of exports over imports of \$261,146,719. These enormous figures represent the balance in our favor shown by the official figures issued by the bureau of statistics yesterday for the year 1898. The bureau's statement covers the month of December and the year 1898. It shows that our exports for 1898 were \$1,254,925,189 and our imports \$633,664,634, of which \$267,967,915 came in free of duty. The statement makes comparisons with our trade with the five years immediately preceding the past, the largest exports for any of these years being \$1,099,709,044, in 1897, and the smallest \$834,860,136, in 1895. The only other billion export year was in 1896, when we exported \$1,005,837,241.

California's Deadlock and a Libel Suit.  
Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 17.—Sixteen ballots have been taken by the legislature in joint session for the election of a United States senator without result. The first ballot was practically the same as the first, and there is no indication that the deadlock will be broken within the next few days. The 16th ballot resulted as follows: U. S. Grant, Jr., 26; D. M. Burns, 24; W. H. L. Barnes, 10; R. M. Bulla, 9; scattering, 12. Speaker Wright, who has been accused by the San Francisco Call of selling his vote to the Grant camp, yesterday affixed his signature to a paper bringing suit against The Call for \$250,000 for libel.

Sick Soldiers From Manila.  
San Francisco, Jan. 17.—The Ohio arrived yesterday with 300 men from Manila, most of them soldiers who are either going home on a long furlough or are convalescent. The First Nebraska regiment is the most largely represented among the sick men, although there are a number from the Thirtieth Minnesota regiment. The convalescents were taken to the division field hospitals. Those who are too ill to go home immediately will be detained there. The others will go on to their respective homes as soon as they can be provided with suitable clothing.

Nicaragua Is "Mad as Us."  
Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 17.—The government of Nicaragua, probably, it is alleged, "in resentment of some recent acts of the United States," has arranged (so it is declared) to hereafter purchase the supplies it needs for its machine repairing shops, railroads, steamboats and electric light, telephone and telegraph establishments in Europe. A large percentage of these materials has for several years past been purchased through Nicaragua's commercial agent in New York city.

Clergymen Pralse General Miles.  
Boston, Jan. 17.—General Miles yesterday received an indorsement of his course in the controversy with Commissioner Eagan from the Baptist ministers of Boston, who adopted a resolution declaring that "the Baptist ministers of Boston and vicinity recognize with devout pleasure the magnificent bearing of General Nelson A. Miles in the crucial ordeal through which he is passing, as the friend of the soldier, as the cultured officer and as an illustration of American manhood."

Death of Nelson Dingley.  
Washington, Jan. 14.—Hon. Nelson Dingley, of Maine, leader of the Republican side on the floor of the house of representatives, and representing the Second congressional district of Maine in that body, died here last night at 10:30 of heart failure, resulting from extreme weakness due to double pneumonia. He was nearly 66 years old, and was first elected to congress in 1881, being re-elected nine times.  
College Destroyed by Fire.  
Digby, N. S., Jan. 17.—St. Anne's college, conducted by the Eridist fathers, was totally burned early in the morning, and in their labors to secure the safety of the inmates Fathers La Dore, Chaisson and Canon were seriously injured. The 110 pupils and 13 professors escaped. The college cost about \$75,000 and the furniture and personal property was worth \$25,000 more. The college will be rebuilt.

## MAKING CIDER VINEGAR.

Has Now in Vogue to Run It Over Shavings at a Fairly High Temperature.

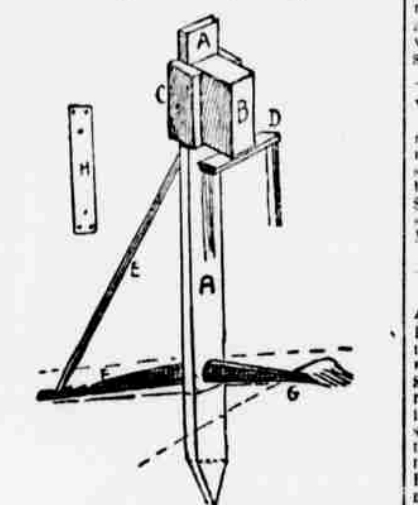
The Virginia experiment station has been conducting some experiments to determine if it be feasible for the ordinary farmer to attempt to ferment his own vinegar. As is known by most of our readers, the old way of making cider vinegar is to allow the cider to stand in barrels for from one to two years before using it. The more recent plan is to run it over shavings in a moderate heat. By this means fermentation progresses rapidly and the cider is soon changed into commercial vinegar. In the case of the Virginia experiments the generators used consisted of a 4x8-foot wooden tank filled with beech shavings. The tank was provided with holes near the bottom for the admission of air, and fitted one foot from the top with a wooden disc, perforated to allow the entrance of the cider, which was distributed evenly over it by means of a dumper. The vinegar was drawn from the tank by means of a syphon of glass tubing inserted in a hole near the bottom. The temperature of the fermenting cider in the mass of shavings was controlled by regulating the supply of air, some of the air holes being shut off when the temperature rose too high and opened when it fell too low.

In order to acidify the shavings and start the process of fermentation, the generator was charged with strong vinegar and again with vinegar in which some concentrated grape juice was dissolved. The stock solution, a mixture of weak vinegar and fermented cider, was then run through the generator at the rate of 20 gallons in 24 hours. The resulting product was a very good vinegar, ranging from 4.05 to 5.87 per cent. acid. A mixture of half vinegar and half fresh cider failed to produce good vinegar without being run through the generator twice. Better results were obtained by allowing the vinegar to ferment for some time in casks before running it through the generator. The temperature within the generator two feet from the bottom ranged from 88 to 106 degrees. The higher temperature caused the loss of alcohol and lowered the acidity of the product. Temperature below 90 did not give good results. The best is thought to be about 95.—Farmers' Review.

## A TRAP FOR MOLES.

Description of a Simple Contrivance That is Almost Sure to Prove Effectual.

To make a mole trap as illustrated below, the upright piece A is 1 by 3 inches, 2 1/2 to 3 feet long and sharpened so as to be driven firmly into the ground. It sustains a heavy oak block (B) attached to it by two wooden clamps (C), which allow it to slide up and down with great freedom. Nailed on the block is a crosspiece (D) 1/2 inches long and 2 inches wide which has at each end two stout wires inserted an inch apart and made very sharp. The block (B) is sustained in an elevated position by the piece (E) which passes through the upright just far enough to catch upon the block when in the position shown in the cut. It is held in this position by the piece (F, G).



HANDY MOLE TRAP.

In one end of which, at F, notches are cut and the slightest elevation of the opposite end (G) disengages the piece (E) and lets the block fall.  
The trap is so arranged that when the block drops the pins will enter the mole track, which is undisturbed except by flattening it down with the foot even with the surface, just at the place where the end (G) of the piece (F, G) will come. The block is lowered once or twice to make sure the pins will penetrate the soil without difficulty. The trap is set and G just touches the ground where it is trodden down over the mole track. The block must have a fall of 12 to 14 inches. The pieces (E and F, G) are each about 15 inches long and made very light. The slightest lifting at G will throw E out of the notch in F and let the block fall. The mole approaches from either direction, and when he raises the ground before him springs the trap and the points will pierce his body.

Experiments have proved that the best distance apart for the pairs of wires is 9 inches, letting them enter the ground about 4 1/2 inches from the piece G. The block (B) is a piece of rough scantling with the piece (D) nailed on. It is a good plan to put another wire into the middle of the piece (D) at each end about 2 1/2 inches from the two outer ones, which will prevent any chance of its falling to catch the mole when sprung. Arsenic mixed with corn meal and dropped into mole runs usually soon destroys the animals. Grains of corn pricked at the heart and a little arsenic put in and raw potatoes with arsenic introduced usually prove effectual also, but require careful preparation.—Farm and Home.

Always trim off the injured roots before planting trees and shrubs.

# After-Effects of the GRIP

Grip is a crackerjack disease. You think it is cured and the slightest cold brings on a relapse.  
Its victims are always left in a weakened condition—bleed impure and impoverished; nerves shattered. Pneumonia, heart disease and nervous prostration are often the result.  
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will drive every trace of the poisonous germs from the system, build up and enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves. A trial will prove this. Read the evidence:  
When the grip last visited this section Herman H. Eviler, orill W. Main St., Jefferson, Mo., a well-known contractor and builder, was one of the victims, and he has since been troubled with the after-effects of the disease. A year ago his health began to fail, and he was obliged to discontinue work. That he lives to-day is almost a miracle. He says:  
"I was troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart and a general debility. My back also pained me severely. I tried one doctor after another and used numerous remedies suggested by my friends, but without apparent benefit, and began to give up hope. Then I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People enclosed in a St. Louis paper, and after investigation decided to give them a trial.  
"After using the first box I felt wonderfully relieved and was satisfied that the pills were putting me on the road to recovery. I bought two more boxes and continued taking them.  
"After taking four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I am restored to good health. I feel like a new man, and having the will and energy of my former days returned, I am capable of transacting my business with increased ambition."  
"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a wonderful medicine and any one suffering from the after-effects of the grip will find that these pills are the specific." H. H. EVILER.  
Mr. Eviler will gladly answer any inquiry regarding this if stamp is enclosed. From *Cole Co. Democrat, Jefferson City, Mo.*  
Look for the full name on the package. At druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. 50c. per box. 6 boxes \$2.50.

# FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

SNYDER'S OLD, AND RELIABLE Gen'l Insurance Agency,  
SELMSGROVE, SNYDER COUNTY, PA.  
Elmer W. Snyder, Agent.  
Successor to the late William H. Snyder.  
The Par-Excellence of Reliable Insurance is represented in the following list of Standard Companies, from which to make a selection. None Better the World over.  
SAYRE. LOCATION. ASSETS.  
FIRE—Royal, Liverpool, Eng. (including foreign assets) \$43,000,000.00  
Hartford, of Hartford, Conn., (oldest American Co.) 8,645,735.62  
Phoenix, Hartford, Conn. 5,588,058.07  
Continental, New York, 7,541,908.72  
German American, New York, 6,240,088.81  
LIFE—Mutual Life Ins. Co., New York, \$204,338,088.60  
ACCIDENT—Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Accident Ins. Co., Subscribed Capital \$3,750,000.00  
Fire, Life and Accident risks accepted at the lowest possible rate, justified by a strict regard to mutual safety. All just claims promptly and satisfactorily adjusted. Information in relation to all classes of Insurance promptly furnished. ELMER W. SNYDER, Agt.  
Telephone No. 182. Office on Corner Water & Pine Sts., Selmsgrove, Pa.

## SPECIAL NOTICES

Small advertisements of every description, want, sale or rent. List of Pounds or their notices inserted under their own initials and sent out a word for one insertion and one-fourth cent a word each subsequent insertion. Nothing inserted for less than ten cents.  
WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY persons in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight \$900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly \$75. References enclosed. Self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Pres., Dept. M., Chicago. 9-15-101.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERY where for "The Story of the Philippines" by Hurst Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific and General Merritt in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the trenches at the fall of Manila, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of battle at the fall of Manila. Bonanza for agents. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book, low price, big profit. French, plain, Credit given. Drop all trashy unofficial war books. Omit Prof. Address, F. T. BARBER, Secretary, Star Insurance Bldg., Chicago. 3-10-101.

Comrades, Attention.  
I served from '62 to '64, and was wounded May 10, 1864, in the Battle of the Wilderness. I would like to have my comrades know what Celery King has done for me. In 1890 my old complaint, chronic diarrhoea, came back. The doctors could not stop it, but Celery King has cured me, and I am once more enjoying life.—FRANK BEHRELL, Owosso, Mich. (Co. F, 4th N. Y. V. I.). Celery King for the Nerves, Liver and Kidneys is sold in 50c. and \$1.00 packages by W. H. Herman, Troxelville; Middleburgh & Uih, McClure; H. A. Ehrigt, Alldene.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY persons in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight \$900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly \$75. References enclosed. Self-addressed stamped envelope. Herbert E. Hess, Pres., Dept. M., Chicago. 9-15-101.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE Let-ters of Administration in the estate of Amos Gift, late of Franklin township, Snyder county, Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, while those having claims will present them duly authenticated to the undersigned. DAVID H. GIFT, Adm'r.  
Jacob Gilbert, Atty.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE Let-ters of Administration in the estate of Wm. Hollenbach, late of Perry township, Snyder Co., Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, while those having claims will present them duly authenticated to the undersigned. SAMUEL HOLLENBACH, Adm'r.

A Cure for Nervous Headaches.  
For eight years I suffered from constipation and severe headache, the headache usually lasting three days at a time. Headache powders relieved me temporarily, but left too bad an effect. Since I began taking Celery King I have greatly improved in health, seldom or never have headache, have gained in flesh, and feel decidedly well.—MRS. E. S. HATCH, Temple, N. H. Celery King for the Nerves, Liver and Kidneys is sold in 50c. and \$1.00 packages by W. H. Herman, Troxelville; Middleburgh & Uih, McClure; H. A. Ehrigt, Alldene.  
SEND NO MONEY. My new revised scientific method treating every weakness and disease is similar to the one used in the prison. Every man, no matter what his occupation or position in life, can use this method with the greatest of ease. It is of vital interest to the married or unmarried, to the healthy and strong or to the weak and feeble. Write for a free copy of my new book, "The Gentleman's Yearly," which contains a complete and up-to-date list of all the ailments of the body, and a full description of the causes and cures of each. Address: Dr. J. H. Packard, 691 Main St., Wilmington, Vt.

## Diamond Wall Cement

Is used for Plastering Houses.  
It is a new discovery  
Guaranteed to last longer than any other plaster. It is preferred to Adamant.  
For particulars call on or address  
D. A. KERN MIDDLEBURGH, PA.

## Mifflinburg Marble Works.

R. H. LANGE, DEALER IN  
MARLE AND SCOTCH GRANITE  
Monuments, Headstones and  
Cemetery Lot Enclosures.  
Old Stones Cleaned and Repaired  
Prices as Low as the Lowest  
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.  
J. A. JENKINS, Ag't.,  
Crossgrove, Pa.

## A BIG CLUB.

Get this out and return to us with \$1.00 and we'll send the following, postage prepaid:  
VERMONT FARM JOURNAL 1 YEAR.  
NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE 1 YEAR.  
AMERICAN POULTRY JOURNAL 1 YEAR.  
THE GENTLEMAN'S YEARLY  
MORNING HARTLAND'S COOK BOOK  
TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM.  
All For \$1.00. Regular Cost \$4.00.  
This combination fits a family nest. To form paper for the men—the "Gentlemen," as ideal paper for the ladies—N. Y. Weekly Tribune for all—Morton Hartland's Cook Book with 300 pages and 1,000 practical recipes for the wife, and the book, "Ten Nights in a Bar Room," the greatest Temperance novel of the age. A low cost stamp brings samples of papers and our great cutting list.

## Vermont Farm Journal, W. N. L. PACKARD, PUBLISHER.

## MEDICAL WORK FOR MEN, FREE

SEND NO MONEY. My new revised scientific method treating every weakness and disease is similar to the one used in the prison. Every man, no matter what his occupation or position in life, can use this method with the greatest of ease. It is of vital interest to the married or unmarried, to the healthy and strong or to the weak and feeble. Write for a free copy of my new book, "The Gentleman's Yearly," which contains a complete and up-to-date list of all the ailments of the body, and a full description of the causes and cures of each. Address: Dr. J. H. Packard, 691 Main St., Wilmington, Vt.