# CUBAN DEBT OURS.

Peace Commissioners Talk Plainly to the Spaniards.

PHILIPPINES CONTROVERSY.

Day Intimates That We Shall and the Islands, Regardless of at Action May Be Taken With d to Cuba or Porto Rico.

ndon, Oct. 18.-A dispatch to a don news agency from Paris says: aday the peace conference reached is for the first time. Judge Day nted the demands of the American issioners in threatening words. aid that delay was the only posobject attainable by the persistent ts of the Spanish commissioners addle the United States with the an debt, and would be tolerated no r, as the United States would her assume nor guarantee any part the debt.

Spaniards replied that this placspain in a position of repudiating of reducing the face value of the an bonds from 50 to 60 per cent. ing only half the stipulated interest their reduced value. Before they old adopt either alternative they sid surrender to the United States ntire Philippines.

dge Day responded that the surder of the Philippines would probbe demanded, irrespective of the n or any other debt.

his to the Spaniards, the first ination of the intentions of the United ges as to the Philippines, resulted whispered conference, followed by quest for an adjournment in order communicate with Madrid. Judge said that President McKinley had ructed him to demand the entire ender of Porto Rico on Tuesday, the delivery of every town to the sited States officers before midnight, gether with the evacuation of Haa on or before Nov. 1, when the alted States would be at the gates the city ready to take possession. There was no alternative offered in case of either of these demands, of the session was consequently very received dispatches from Washton indicating that the administram is irritated and indignant over edelay of the Spanish commissioners

The Paris correspondent of The es says: At the sitting of the commission Monday afternoon American commissioners officially and it would seem definitely—rejectthe idea of accepting sovereignty er Cuba for the United States. The pasish commissioners thereupon re-tarked that Spain, having abandoned ach sovereignty under pressure from the United States and the United ites having denied that sovereignty sceforth belongs to them, Cuba is Macto in a state of anarchy, as an ntermission of sovereignty cannot be fewed in any other light. The American commissioners rejoined

hat, without accepting sovereignty, be United States considered themrendeputed and bound to maintain Aty for all the inhabitants, that bhold order, and, in short, that they would not fall to introduce and would do all that was necessary to put the island as specifily as possible hastate of normal organization, to be into a legal regularity satisfactory for the security of all.

Upon this the Spanish commissioners, with what seems striking logic, promptly replied that by the fact of the declaration just made them and for the United States undertaking to refore legality, order and security, the United States were invested with vertable sovereignty, and consequently wuld not refuse to accept the consequences of such sovereignty, seeing that they admittedly placed Cuba untheir supervision and direction.

Notwithstanding these striking obections the American commissioners ersisted in their refusal, and officially declared that the United States cannot be considered invested with sovreignty and that they (the commisoners) could not deviate from this eclaration.

Kansas City Snowbound. Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 18.-The earlist winter storm in the southwest in years and the worst early storm on ecord has today almost completely that Kansas City off from wire comnunication with the south, the west and the north. An opening on the east has alone kept the city from being totally isolated. Hundreds of telegraph and telephone poles have either been blown down or broken by the weight of the snow covered wires. At Fairmount, near Kansas City, and at the Third and Fifth Missouri and the Twenty-first and Twenty-second Kanas regiments are encamped, many tents were blown down, and the solders suffered acutely.

New York, Oct. 18.—Graham A. Young, of Louisville Ky., who died at the post hospital at a lilets Point yes-terday, was heir to almost \$1,000,000. He left home over a year ago, telling his mother he was going to enter a

A Millionaire Soldier's Death.

school of engineering. He came east and enlisted in the engineer corps. He was one of the detail sent with General Miles to Santiago, but saw no service there, and preceeded with the expedition to Porto Rico. He returned three ago, and was taken ill with typhold fever. The young soldier' fatht left a fortune estimated close to The soldier was the last of seven children, the others being dead.

Indian Uprising Ended.

Washington, Oct. 18.-Adjutant Gencal Corbin late last night received the following dispatch from General Bacon, dicating that the Indian uprising in hnesota is practically at an end: At the council with hostile Indians leday the latter said they wanted no have fighting with the United States midlers, and agreed to come in and on Wednesday. This is the beult of their defeat when engaged with me on the 5th. Commissioner of dian Affairs Jones has been shown this telegram, and concurs in the en-

## STRIKE RIOT AT VIRDEN.

Fourteen Killed in a Battle Between Miners and Deputie

Virden, Oct. 14.-The little town of Virden is comparatively quiet after Wednesday's rioting and bloodshed, the long expected clash between the union miners and imported negroes. At 12:40 o'clock the Chicago and Alton special train, bearing 200 negro miners from the south, arrived at the stockade around the Chicago-Virden Coal company's mines and immediately the terrific firing began. The list stands 14 dend and 20 wounded, including 11

miners. Wednesday the Chicago and Alton limited due to pass here at 10 o'clock shot through en route to Chicago an hour late, displaying flags on the rear indicating that a special was following. Immediately the word was spread, and dense crowd of miners collected at the entrance of the stockade a half mile north of the station. D. B. Kliey, a Chicago and Alton detective, stood guard at a switch at the south end of the station platform, to see it was not tampered with. He was the first man killed when the firing commenced.

When the train arrived in sight shots were fired by a miner as a signal to the strikers in waiting. Immediately, It is said, the deputies on the train fired at the crowd of strikers, and then the firing became general. The train remained but two minutes at the stockade, and no attempt was made to unload the imported miners. When Engineer Burt Tigar received a bullet in his arm and dropped from his seat his fireman opened the throttle and ran the train to Springfield, carrying eight wounded men.

Governor Tanner declares that the company is responsible for the massaas his warning against importing men had been ignored. The company holds the governor responsible, "as he incited the strikers to acts of violence."

Last night the company brought two more carloads of negroes to the mines, but Captain Fevier, in command of the militia, refused to allow them to disembark. They have been sent back to St. Louis.

### DR. SEAMON'S TESTIMONY

Before the Investigators Refuted by

the Subsistence Department. Washington, Oct. 18.-The subsistence department of the army has a statement refuting some features of the testimony of Major Seaman, the surgeon before the war investigating commission. Major Seaman said no one could get supplies for the sick off the commissary of subsistence, yet when he



DR. LOUIS L. SEAMAN.

left Ponce the chief commissary there had at his disposal \$244,000 subject to requisition of surgeons for just such supplies as Seaman said he wanted. Major Daly, surgeon, who came with troops about the same time, made a requisition and secured \$3,000 for the purchase of supplies for the sick, and turned the unexpended balance into the department here when he arrived.

### STEAMER BURNED, NINE LOST.

The Blengfell Had Naphtha on Board,

and Was Quickly Destroyed. Margate, Eng., Oct. 18.—The British ship Blengfell, Captain Johnston, from New York for London, was destroyed by a sudden fire off this place early in the morning. Nine of those on board, including the captain, pilot, the captain's wife and child, and the first and second mates lost their lives. The survivors were landed here and at Dover.

The Blengfell was passing here, in tow, on her way to London, at about 6:30 a. m., and was about four miles off the coast. Suddenly she was enveloped in flames, and smoke poured from her hatchways. Two lifeboats immediately put off to her assistance, but before they were able to reach the burning vessel her masts fell and she was burneavenworth, Kan., where portions of ed to the water's edge. Her hull eventually drifted upon the Goodwin Sands

The Blengfell had a quantity of naphtha on board, and the smell of it was strong during the voyage, especially aft, so much so that the officers of the ship had to shift their quarters. An explosion occurred just as the captain of the Blengfell had engaged the services of a tug, which saved the survivors. The vessel burned so quickly that her crew had no time to lower the boats.

Terrible Railway Accident in England London, Oct. 18 .- A terrible railway accident occurred last evening on the Great Central railroad near Barnet. about 11 miles north of London. An express train going at the rate of a mile a minute came into collision with a freight train that was switching across the track at Barnet Junction. The express piled up a complete wreck. Nine dead and 13 seriously injured have been recovered from the wreckage, and there are others under the

A British Demand on China. Shanghai, Oct. 18 .- Reports from Japanese sources are in circulation here to the effect that Sir Claude MacDonald. British minister at Pekin, has informed the Chinese government that the sovereignty appertains solely to the emperor, who has been forcibly abducted and deposed, and that he must be restored to his position, while Kang-Yu-Wei and the other reformers must be Falling compliance,

Britain will enforce those demands.

Ninety-five Lives Lost Off Britain's Stormy Coast.

THE BRAVERY OF THE SAILORS.

None of Them Made any Effort to Escape in the Lifeboats, and the Gallant Officers Went Down With Their Doomed Vessel.

London, Oct. 17 .- The steamer Mohegan, of the Atlantic Transfer company, was wrecked last Friday evening. Of the 144 persons on board, including 51 passengers, 95 were lost. The total number of bodies thus far recovered is 56.

Many persons undoubtedly were killed by being dashed on the rocks who would have escaped if cast ashore on of 160 sick soldiers landed at New York an ordinary coast. Some of the bodies from Porto Rico and Cuba on Tuesare horribly mangled.

The cause of the disaster remains the profoundest mystery. Nobody attempts to explain how the Mohegan got so far north of her true course-from six to seven miles. There was no fog at the time, while the wind on her port quarter was not sufficient to prevent her answering the helm. It has been suggested that the compass was faulty, but daylight lasted long after Eddystone light was passed. The sailors say the fact that the Lizard light was not visible should have served to give the alarm.

Remarkable stories of rescues continue. Robert Barrow, a seaman, performed the feat of swimming unaided through the roughest water to Coverack Point, a distance of two and one-half miles. He climbed up the ragged cliff, where a searching party found him early the next morning completely exhausted. A. C. L. Smith, of Oregon, a passenger, surrendered to a woman in the water wreckage that was supporting him and swam ashore unaided. The woman was saved.

The crew, in a chivalrous effort to undermanning the boats. There were speed only four sailors in one boat, which army. capsized as soon as it was launched. Messrs. Smith and Bloomingdale say that Captain Griffiths had appeared ill

The beroism of the English coast patrol and the discipline of the Saxon sailors stand out boldly. The Mohegan smashed upon the rocks at the Manacles off the Lizard at 7 o'clock Friday evening while the passengers were at

From the best evidence obtainable at St. Keverine it appears that the Mohegan foundered five minutes after she struck the rocks. She was going at full speed, struck twice, stopped and rapidly settled into the water. As the captain and the executive officers of the steamer went down with her it has been impossible thus far to ascertain how she got out of her course, as Falmouth Light and the coast were vis-

Dinner was ready and Captain Griffiths was about to proceed to the saloon when a sudden crash made it apparent that the steamer had gone ashore. The captain immediately went on deck, and the survivors say they mark, saw him on the bridge doing all in his power to lessen the disaster.

There was a rush for the boats, but

the officers stood firm and put the women aboard first. Captain Griffith murder. stuck to his post on the bridge shouting orders through a trumpet until he wers down with the ship. One passenger cut away the falls of a lifeboat with a razor and thus saved several lives.

As soon as the Mohegan struck the shricks of the passengers were wafted ashore and the Port Houstock lifeboat immediately put out. The life savers did noble work, and the Port Houstock boat was immediately followed by others. There was a high sea running. as the result of a gale, which made it necessary for tugs which put out to

The terror of the scene was indescribable-men jumped overboard in an agony of despair and the women passengers huddled together and refused to leave the deck. The officers remained on the bridge to the last and many instances of sacrifice are recorded; nate Emperor William of Germany Members of the crew are known to and King Humbert of Italy was prehave stood by and watched the boats vented in Alexandria, Egypt, Fourteen launched and put off when it was ap- Italian anarchists were arrested. parent that these were the only means by which their own lives could be

War Investigators Inspecting Camps. Jacksonville, Fla., Oct. 18.-The war investigating commission spent yesterday afternoon inspecting the camps in the immediate vicinity of Jackson-wille. A heavy rain was failing during a part of the tour, but the commissioners performed their self appointed mixed, October, 284,627c, No. 1 yellow, for local trade To. Outs other first first form. task of going through the camp from one end to the other in a very painstaking manner. While here the mem-bers of the commission made a call othy, \$11 for large bales. Beef steady upon Colonel William J. Bryan, who 8.7563.25; short clear, EJ, family, ELS is personally acquainted with most of \$12.75. Lard steady; western steamed them. They found him almost com- E.3. Butter firmer; western pitely recovered from his recent illness, but very much occupied in ar- York dairy, 146134c.; do. creamery, 1645 ranging for the mustering out of the Ec.; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing men in his regiment relieved by the at 24625c. do. wholesale, men in his regiment relieved by the order of the war department reducing the size of the companies of his regiment to the minimum of 80 men. He size of the minimum of 80 men. He said he was making an especial effort Ge. to relieve men with families.

Straus May Be Ambassador. Washington, Oct. 18 .- The reference granted to Minister Straus to the proposition to increase the rank of the miswith satisfaction. For a year past our represented by an ambassador at Constantinople, and has intimated as much to the porte. The president may appoint an ambassador only when the country to which he is accredited first sends an ambassador to the United States. In view of what has passed between Mr. Straus and the sultan it is now believed that the former will soon be made an ambassador.

Urging Reduced Foreign Postage.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Third Assistant Postmaster General Merritt, in his annual report, recommends immediate negotiations with the postal administrations of England, Germany and Prance, to reduce the international postage rates to two entries of the second postage rates to two entries of the second postage postage rates to two entries for a but the second postage of the second postage po eunce or travelou thereof.

Wednesday, Got. 19. Colonel Bryan's regiment, the Third Nebraska, is to remain in the service. The wife of General Fitzhugh Lee is seriously ill at her home in Rich-mosd, Va.

T W. Cridler, assistant secretary of state, was married in New York yesterday to Miss E. Muriel Telleschaw.

Louis W. Johnson, a mulatto, for criminal assault on Mrs. Stevenson, as sentenced to death yesterday in

C. H. Gibson, of the National Relief association, just arrived on the Obdam from Santiago, declares that he has "a story to tell which will startle the country."

Thursday, Oct. 18. Major Beebe, of the United States military commission in Cuba, died suddenly in Havana.

Helen Gould has assumed the care

General Lawton, our military governor of Santiago de Cuba, left Santiago for home yesterday, on a sick fur-lough. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, British colonial secretary, who, with his wife,

has been visiting ex-Secretary Endicott, his father-in-law, in Massachusetts, sailed for home yesterday. Ex-State Treasurer Haywood, of Pennsylvania, furnished \$5,000 bail at Philadelphia for trial on a charge of

misappropriating state moneys. He declares it a political dodge. Friday, Oct. 14. Five miners were killed and 11 others injured by a gas explosion in Colliery

No. 8 at Coaldale, near Tamaqua, Pa. Howard Gould, the multi-millionaire, was married in New York to Miss Kathrine Clemmons, the actress. Chaplain McIntyre, of the battleship Oregon, was sentenced to dismissal from the navy for maligning fleet of-

Bartolome Maso, president of Cuba's save the women, made the mistake of provisional government, favors the undermanning the boats. There were speedy disbandment of the Cuban

> Mrs. S. C. George was held without bail at Canton, O., charged with killing George Saxton, Mrs. President Mc-Kinley's brother.

Thomas Smith, William R. Reese, Mattis Olarkey, William Cook and John Konica were killed by exploding gas in a mine at Coaldale, Pa. Saturday, Oct. 15.

An epidemic of smallpox has developed in the village of McLean, near Ithaca, N. Y.

It is asserted that a military plot against the existing French ministry has been unearthed. It has been decided that troops for

Porto Rico shall be embarked at Charleston, S. C., and Savannah, Ga. The office of the Consolidated Mining and Hardwood company, at Minneapo-

lis, was robbed of \$50,000 government bonds by burgiars. The king of Denmark, czar of Russia, Ring of Greece and crown prince of Denmark acted as pallbearers at the funeral of Queen Louise of Den-

An officer of the miners' union at Virden, Bla., swore out warrants against Manager Lukens and other mine owners charging conspiracy to

Monday, Oct. 17.

Senor Agoncillo, the Philippine surgents' envoy, has arrived in Paris. Wagner, the Louisville club's third baseman, threw a baseball 134 yards, 1 foot and 8 inches, beating all records. Cornellus Vanderbilt and his son and namesake, estranged because of the latter's marriage to Miss Wilson, have become reconciled.

General Macias, Spanish governor de Porto Rico for Spain today, with most of his staff.

The negro republic of Liberta has sent Methodist Bishop Hartzell to Washington to urge that this country establish a protectorate over the coun-

An anarchist conspiracy to assassi-

### THE PRODUCE MARKETS

As Reflected by Dealings in Philadelphis and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, Oct. 17. Flour firmly maintained; winter superfine, 2.15g2.0; Pennsylvania roller, clear, 25g2.5; city for local trade, 37c. Oats quiet, but firm. No. 2 white, new, 296225c. No. 2 white, beef hams, \$19.500:20. Pork firm; do. factory, 13017e.

Baltimore, Oct. 17 .- Flour firm; west-Brn superfine, \$2.5002.50 do. extra, \$2.5000 f; do. family, \$3.35g3.70; winter wheat, patent, \$3.75g3.80; spring do., \$2.75g4. by the sultan recently in an audience druner; spot and month, 724,073c. November. 72 wiff2%c.: December, 72972%c. steamer No. 2 red, 689685c.; southern, by sio to an embassy has been noted here sample, \$89734c.; do. on grade, 6844 Corn strong: spot and month, 369 government has been willing to be 8%c.: November, 35%0.55%c.; new or old November or December, 35\san35\c. January, 35\san35\c. February, 35\square, steam or mixed, 35@35%c.; southern, white, 35% \$35c.; do. yellow, 36@36%c. Outs firm, No. white, western, 28g/29c.; No. 2 mixed, tetive: steam to Liverpool, per bushel, d., November: 44d. December: 9ad. fanuary: Cork, for orders, per quarter, is. 3d.#4s. 8d., October: is. 3d., Novem-

## THE WRECKED MOHEGAN A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED MR. M'KINLEY'S DEGREE.

### Impressive Ceremonies at the University of Chicago.

PRAISE FOR CHIEF MAGISTRATE

Warm Wards of Encomium by the Speakers at the Ceremontes Which Created the First American a Doctor of Laws.

Chicago, Oct. 18 .- The University of Chicago yesterday conferred upon President McKinley the degree of doctor of laws. Eight hundred people, as many as could be jammed into Kent theater, applauded to the echo as President Harper placed around the shoulders of the nation's executive the good of purple-purple to indicate, as Dr. Harper said in Latin, that the recipient of the degree "had surpassed other men in native genus and devoted to it." The exercises at the university, while hampered very much by wet weather, were still impressive to an extraordinary degree.

The president spent the morning quietly, receiving only those callers for whom appointments had been previously made, among them being Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana. Shortly be-fore 12 o'clock he left the residence of Captain Lafayette McWilliams, entered a carriage and was driven rapidly to the "White House" of the university, the home of President Harper. Here luncheon was served to the presidential party, the faculty of the college and a few invited guests, prom-inent among whom were Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Rev. Dr. John Henry Barrows and Thomas B. Bryan. Mrs. McKinley was not present at the luncheon, but joined the party at Kent theater in time to witness the conferring of the degree upon her distinguished husband.

Before entering the theater Mr. Mc-Kinley mounted a stand in front of Dr. Harper's residence, where he stood under an umbrella and reviewed a long line of students of Chicago university and its affiliated institutions. At 3 o'clock the president entered Kent theater amid great enthusiasm. Dr. Harper took the seat in the center of the stage, flanked by President Mc-Kinley and Rev. Dr. Charles D. Henderson, chaplain of the university. The president presented a striking ap-pearance, attired in the cap and gown.

After prayer by Dr. Henderson the address on behalf of the trustees was given by Rev. Dr. Alonzo K. Barker. He spoke on the "firm foundation of national peace."

After the singing of "America" Professor Albion W. Small delivered the address on behalf of the congregation. Throughout his address he was greeted by unbounded enthusiasm, his remarks in commendation of the president's rea during the troubles with Spain being received with resounding cheers. In conclusion he addressed President McKinley directly as follows: "In expressing to you, wir, our respect,

our gratitude and our admiration, the members of the university believe that we voice a general judgment of the citizens of the republic. You have honored, while you have represented the nation, by the careful polse, the cautious prudence, the courageous patience, the constant patriotism with which you have discharged the peculiar task of your administration. You have led the nation upon a triumphant march of forebearing peace and of unfaltering war. At every step your Cash paid for good butter and eggs. leadership has won loya! approval. We congratulate you, sir, upon this secure result of your official life. Your exerincreased the prestige of the chief magistracy and exalted the standards to which it must henceforward conform."

Solemnly and impressively the dean general of Porto Rico, left San Juan and the president of the university then pronounced in Latin the formulae conferring the degree of LL.D. upon the president of the United States.

When the purple lined hood was placed around Mr. McKinley's shoulder the audience broke into obsers, which lasted fully five minutes. Thoughout the exercises the president did not speak one word, merely bowing in response to the words of the collegians and the demonstrations of the audience. At 4 o'clock he left the university

grounds and was driven to the First regiment armory, where for some time he received the public informally Great crowds of people thronged the

streets, clamoring for admission to the armory, and ony a part succeeded in meeting the president during the time scheduled for the reception. During the handshaking a number of young women, and one or two not so young, tried to kiss the president, but, although there were several narrow escapes, none of the ambitious ones succeeded. A number of man and women kissed the president's hand, however. In the evening a dinner was tendered by President Harper, of the university.

Ruined by Dissipation.

Cleveland, Oct. 18.—Countess Louisa Von Lindeau, an actress known in Germany and in many American cities as Countess Kornigslow, was locked up at the central police station here Sunday night upon the charge of intoxication. In police court yesterday her fine was suspended for 24 hours, in order that she might have time to leave the city. The countess was formerly quite wealthy, but through dissipation lost Sopt. 1, 1898. everything. Friends of the woman will send her to New York.

Jesse James Indicted.

Kansas City. Mo., Oct. 18.-The grand jury yesterday returned indictments against Jesse James, son of the noted outlaw; William H. Lowe, the self contessed train robber; Charles Polk, Andy Ryan and Caleb Stone, for holding up and robbing a Missouri Pacific train at Belt Line Junction in September. Lowe and Ryan are already in fail. Warcants for the arrest of the others were immediately issued.

Lost a Fortune in Jewels.

Paris, Oct. 18.—The downger duchess of Sutherland, while on board a train bound for Calals, lost a satchel containing jewelry worth \$150,000. Her grace left the train at Amiena and re-

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# PEACE DECIARED!

goc. = for = \$1.00 **TREMENDOUS CLEARING UP &** BARGAIN SALE!

My present large stock must be reduced and shelves cleared at once to make room for incoming Fall Goods.

### During the next thirty days

you will have an opportunity to buy at prices never before offered in this section of the

In addition to my already low prices-always lower than elsewhere-you will receive a Special

### Discount of 30 10 Cents on Every Dollar's

worth of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and thoes, Clothing; and in fact on everything excepting Groceries, that you may buy during this big Clearing up Sale.

# Groceries.

Arbuckles' and Lion Coffee, Dic; 2 lbs. for 25c; 4 for 45c. Winner Coffee, 13c; 2 lbs. for 25c. Loose Roasted Javo, 13c; 2 lbs. for

Java and Mocho, 28c; 3 lbs. for 80c. Extra loose green coffee, 25c. 9 lbs. Soft A Sugar, 50c. 8; fbs Gran ulated, 50c.

10 lbs. Light Brown, 50e. Corn Starch, 5c., 3 lbs. for 12c. New Rice, 5; very nice. Best V. O. Molasses, 14c. a qt. Syrup, isc. a gal. Light Syrup, 30c. a gal. Chocolate, Isc. Baking Soda, ic. per lb. Boking Powder, 5c. ; lb.

Rasins, 7c. Silver Prunes, 12c., extra nace Oatmeal, De., 3 packages De. Crushed wheat, De., 2 packages Ec. Coffee cakes, Sc. a lb. Ginger snaps, 5c. a lb. Oyster crackers, dc. a lb. Knick-knocks, Sc. a [la

### cise of the presidential prerogative has In Carpets, Rugs and Oilcloths

we have all the newest patterns and choice colorings. The latest dequarter off from former prices.

Good Ingrain Carpet, only Se. Good Home-made Carpet, 25c. 8 4 Floor Odeloth, 50c. per vil d t Table Otlefoth, Inc. per vol 5 4 Table Oilcioth, Elc. per vit.

MARKETS No. 1 Butter, 8 Potation, 36 No. 2 Butter, 30 New Luck, 6 Freinit Baren, .7 Curkeys, 10 Onione, 50 Young Chickens, 7 Detect Agrange 2 Dried Cherries, 9 UDDITION: 50 Inch. 16

N. B .- We have no Special Bargain Day, Our Bar gains are Every Day.

## F. H. Maurer, In the evening a dinner was tendered N. W. Corner, Front and Union Size New Berlin, Pa.

without urther truly to Many to Many to Proper Speciality, Many to Proper Many to Many

### MIDDLEBURGH MARKET.

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