THE PRICE OF WHEAT AND REPUBLICANISM.

When the Latter Is Successful the Former Sells High.

Major J. W. Wham Presents Some Very Interesting Figures.

While the argument has not been strenuously insisted upon by the Republican papers that the return of the publican papers that the return of the the sole cause of the rapid advance in the price of wheat, there is one thing certain, and that is that high prices for cereals always occur when the Republican party is in control, and under its fostering hand the mills are fired and running. On this subject Major J. W. Wham, of the United States army, and an expert on the subject, recently said in an interview:

"In 1883, the year prior to Cleveland's first election, the average price of wheat was 91 cents per bushel. In 1884, the year after his election, the average price was 64 cents per bushel, a drop of 27 cents, from which price it only rallied slightly during his entire administration, selling the last year at an average of 68 cents per bushel.

"Harrison was elected in 1888, and wheat immediately bounded back to a point two cents higher than when Cleveland was first elected, the average price for 1888 being 93 cents per bushel, from which point it only slightly reacted, the average price during the last two years being 84 cents per bushel.

"Cleveland was re-elected in 1892, and there was an immediate drop of 21 cents per bushel, continuing on down until 49 cents per bushel was reached, the lowest during the century. Millions of men were out of employment. Consumption necessarily fell off. Economy, even in the use of bread and its kindred luxuries, was forced.

"Compare the per capita consumption in the United States during the first three years of Harrison's administration, when all the wheels of commerce and enterprise were hot with action, and the first three years of Cleveland's last administration, when the conditions were absolutely reversed, and you have a falling off of one and one-quarter bushels per capita during the Cleveland administration.

"Our population now amounts to very nearly 80,000,000, which would make a difference in consumption of about 100,000,000 in favor of the Harrison administration.

"The per capita consumption of wheat during the last year of Arthur's administration and the last year of Harrison's administration, respectively, was nearly six and one-half bushels—call it six and one-quarter bushels; multiplying our 80,000,000 of population by this we have 500,000,000 bushels of wheat necessary for our home consumption.

"Our annual average production of wheat during the last ten years being about 470,000,000, leaves us short annually about 30,000,000 bushels. There was a tariff under the old McKinley law of 25 cents a bushel on wheat, which, being re-enacted into the Dingley law, seems, independent of the foreign shortage when taken in connection with these facts, to give the American farmer the 'cinch' on the world's wheat market."

HIS IMAGINATION.

It Appears That Dr. Swallow Has Had One For Some Time.

From the Clearfield Raftman's Journal.

A leading member of the Methodist church of this place tells a story on the Prohibition candidate for state treasurer that illustrates the method that gentleman had of doing business many years ago and likewise today. He was presiding elder in the Altoona district and much opposed to the Juniata valley camp meeting, at that time very popular among the Methodists of this section. He was stopping with a Methodist family in Altoona who were great friends of the well conducted camp meeting, and who constantly upheld the same as against the thrusts of the presiding elder. The day before the opening of the camp he wrote for the Altoona papers a scathing criticism of the camp meeting, and withheld his name. When the papers circulated among the Methodists the morning of the opening they were surprised to find this article. The lady took the paper to the breakfast table where Dr. Swallow was seated and began commenting severely upon the uncalled for attack, and showed the same to the preacher, remarking that there was no grounds for anything said therein. The preacher expressed regret that the camp meeting had thus been assailed, and remarked that whoever had written the article had drawn largely upon his imagination for the evils complained of. Many years afterwards this good lady learned that the man who "had drawn on his imagination" was none other than he who had made the remark. In all of his gigantic discoveries since that time, of evil, and they have been many, he has drawn on his imagination the same as when he wrote the criticism of the Juniata valley camp meeting.

Simply a Walk Over.

From the Mifflintown Herald.

But four weeks remain from next Tuesday of the campaign, which has been one of the quietest we ever remember in Pennsylvania politics. It is true that this is an off year, and that the popocrats were snowed under so effectually last fall by a majority very closely rubbing 300,000, that there is not much interest manifested. As for the Republican candidates, it is simply a walkover. It is true that, stimulated by the side show of Dr. Swallow, the popocrats have placed a ticket again in the field, which the red headed and hopeful chairman, Garman, declares has a good chance of being elected, but as his assurances are all talk, without a base to rest upon, the mongrel popocratic party take no stock in them.

A western editor suggests that after all Bryan may be right when he asserts that the price of silver and wheat remain together. These conditions are surely getting closer: they will each soon be a dollar a bushel.

The best thing that can happen to American manufacturers is that they shall have a monopoly of the home market first of all. The worst thing is that foreigners shall occupy this market so largely that the Americans, to meet them, must cut prices below the profit point and then almost give away the surplus to Europeans. The notion that trade over seas is a sign of prosperity is a British notion. It is promulgated in this country by free traders, who regard the British stamp upon anything, from an economical idea to a high hat, as an assurance of correctness. We do make some things which we can export at a profit, because we beat the world in producing them, but this is not true of the mass of our manufacturers. — Philadelphia (Pa.) Textile Record.

The only hope the Democracy now has is in some unexpected disaster. It wants a combination of strikes with the weevil in the wheat, an early frost, a coal famine, a European tariff war against America to upset the stock market, a pinching out of the gold supply—all these things coming together would raise its drooping spirits. But short of that there seems to be no opening for another Democratic raid on the offices and the national industries.—San Francisco (Cal.) Chronicle.

There is no need to worry about the Dingley law. The men who drew that measure knew what they were doing. They declared that it would raise revenue enough to support the government, and that will be the result, after the law has got to work fully. There will be no bond sales to provide money with which to run the government, nor will the nation's credit be impared in any way.—Cleveland (O.) Leader.

The enactment of the Dingley law was a wise act because the government needed a sufficient revenue for its support, and experience had taught the effectiveness of a protective tariff in building up the industries of the country. Business is greatly improved and prosperity is returning because of the necessity of such a law and the sense of security growing out of it.—Washington (D. C.) Star.

"Because it is my deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is mainly due to its system of protective laws, I urge that Germany has now reached the point where it is necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States."—Bismarck.

The free traders are not shouting about that recent sale of American tin in foreign markets.

Altgeld to McLean: "Why didn't you take warning by my fate and keep that gold bond out of sight?"

W. H. PALMER,

WATERLOO, IOWA.

"Saved From the Horrors of Nervous Prostration" by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

A COUGH does not always indicate consumption. Mr. W. H. Palmer, of Waterloo, Iowa, writes: "I was taken with a nervous stricture of the bronchial tubes, which developed into nervous prostration. I was so weak I could not sit up. I got no sleep for days except when under the influence of opiates. For four months I suffered agonies and prayed that I might die and be at rest. One physician said I had consumption, for I had a cough that gave me no rest. But a good old physician whose medicine had failed, advised me to use Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and I thank God that it has brightened my days, lengthened my life and saved me from the horrors of nervous prostration."

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health

Dr. Miles' Nervine and Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free to all applicants.

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL

For sale at Middleburgh, by W. H. SPANGLER.

WANTED—Trustworthy and Active gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Snyder County. Monthly $65.00 and expenses. Position steady. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. Y, Chicago, Illinois. 9-16-16t

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Understood the Case.

Stranger—I should like to retain you in an important case. It is a fight over a child.

Great Lawyer—Between husband and wife?

"No; she is an orphan and has no near relatives. The contest is between distant relatives on both side of the house."

"Ah, I see. How much is she heiress to?"—N. Y. Weekly.

She Had the Stamps.

"So he's to marry Miss Croesus?"

"Yes."

"She's not very beautiful. I wonder how he ever happened to look in her direction."

"Why, you see, he's an enthusiast in his line."

"And what's his line?"

"He's a stamp collector."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Summer Courting.

Whene'er a pretty maiden would be won,
And there's an honest swain disposed to woo—
How quick they learn a hammock built for one
Is just about the proper size for two!
—Town Topics.

A TRUE LIKENESS.

Miss Cawstic—Don't you think monkeys are cute?

Blowdust—Naw, they remind me too much of some people.

Miss Cawstic—Oh, you shouldn't be so seasitive.—Detroit Free Press.

His Present Condition.

He ate dried apples—water, too—
With quickness and precision.
He now is in the heavenly court,
The appel-ate division.
—N. Y. World.

Not a Good Job.

"Yes," he said, "I'm a self-made man."

"I take it for granted," returned the smart young man, looking the old fellow over critically, "that if you had it to do over again you'd let the contract out."

The young man had no expectations in that quarter anyway, so the remark had no effect upon his future.—Chicago Post.

Warring Emotions.

"I didn't know there had been any death in Miss Wayber's family."

"There hasn't. She's wearing black as an experiment."

"An experiment?"

"Yes, old Giltedge has proposed and she wants to see how she would look in mourning."—Chicago Journal.

Life-Like.

"What did you think of the scene in my play in which I show a modern legislator haranguing his colleagues?" asked an author.

"Most realistic thing I ever beheld," was the reply. "Half the people in the place were asleep."—Washington Star.

Cannibalistic Tendencies.

"Who is that young fellow?"

"That's Jim Dowling, better known as 'Cannibal.'"

"Why cannibal?"

"His father is a retired missionary and Jim lives on him."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

An Absurd Superstition.

Gus de Smyth—Those new boots of yours squeak awfully. Perhaps they ain't paid for yet?

Johnnie Fewsecads—That's all nonsense. If there is anything in that, why don't my coat and my vest and my pants and my hat squeak, too?—N. Y. World.

True to Himself.

Caraway—The manner of Cholly's death was in perfect keeping with his life, wasn't it?

Hooks—How so?

Caraway—As he was dying he tried to say something and couldn't.—Harlem Life.

Osculatory Demonstration.

She—And you say that a smart thief could steal something from right under my nose. I don't believe it.

He—Well, there.

And he had purloined a kiss.—Detroit Free Press.

Hoping for the Best.

She—You know, dear, we won't get any of father's money while he lives.

He—I know; but he's going to reside with us, and you're going to do the cooking. Let us hope for the best.—Tit-Bits.

Evidence of Failure.

John Doe—Did he tell you he failed?

Richard Roe—No.

"Then why are you so certain about it?"

"I heard him talking about luck."—Brooklyn Life.

Hard Luck.

"Just my luck!" cried the drummer. There were 14 Boston Girls in the car.

"Caught in a blizzard again!" he continued, donning his ear tabs.—Philadelphia Press.

Had Him There.

"I believe you women spend half your lives before the glass."

"And you men half of yours behind it."—Pick-Me-Up.

His Anxiety.

Distinguished Artist—Be careful of the picture; it's not dry.

Art Gallery Porter—It's all right, sir; I've got my old coat on.—Pick-Me-Up.

A NEW TRIUMPH.

The Dreaded Consumption Can be Cured.

T. A. Slocum, the Great Chemist and Scientist, Will send to Sufferers, Three Free Bottles of His Newly Discovered Remedies to Cure Consumption and all Lung Troubles.

Nothing could be more philantropic or carry more joy to the afflicted, than the generous offer of the honored and distinguished chemist, T. A. Slocum, M. C., of New York City.

He has discovered a reliable and absolute cure for consumption, and all bronchial, throat, lung and chest diseases, catarrhal affections, general debility and weakness, loss of flesh and all conditions of wasting away, and to make its great merits known, will send three free bottles of his newly discovered remedies to any afflicted reader of the Post.

Already his "new scientific system of medicine" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases.

The Doctor considers it not only his professional, but his religious duty—a duty which he owes to suffering humanity—to donate his infallible cure.

He has provided the "dreaded consumption" to be a curable disease beyond a doubt in any climate, and has on file in his American and European laboratories thousands of "heartfelt testimonials of gratitude" from those benefitted and cured, in all parts of the world.

Catarrhal and pulmonary troubles lead to consumption, and consumption, uninterrupted means speedy and certain death. Don't delay until it is too late. Simply write T. A. Slocum, M. C., 98 Pine Street, New York, giving express and postoffice address, and the free medicine will be promptly sent. Please tell the Doctor you saw his offer in the Post.

ALASKA-KLONDYKE GOLD MINING CO.

Capital Stock, 500,000 Shares of $10.00 each, fully paid and non-assessable, of which 250,000 Shares are now offered for subscriptions at par.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

There are many persons who desire to go to the gold fields of Alaska the coming season, who have not enough ready money available to enable them to do so.

To all such, we would advise the desirability of forming a local syndicate of three or more persons, and jointly purchase 500 shares of our stock, and select one of your number to go and prospect and mine for joint account.

With parties forming such syndicate, this Company will contract to send out one of their number for each 500 shares of stock purchased from it at par, and maintain such party there for one year from the date of arrival at the gold fields, supplying him with food, tools, and all things requisite to enable him to prospect for gold, and with help to develop and work all good claims located by him—the claims to be located in the name of the syndicate and the Alaska-Klondyke Gold Mining Co., and to be owned jointly and equally, share and share alike.

Write for Circular—Full Particulars

DIRECTORS.

James Rice, late Secretary State of Colorado;
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E. M. Titcomb, Vice President and General Manager Eastman Fruit Dispatch Co.;
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Geo. W. Morgan, Circle City, Alaska;
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Wm. F. McKnight, Attorney-at-Law, Grand Rapids, Mich.

The business of the Alaska-Klondyke Gold Mining Company will be to run a line of steamers on the Yukon River, and between Seattle and the different parts of Alaska, open supply stores at the different camps, do a general transportation, commercial and banking business, and, in addition, dig in Mining Claims and work the mines already owned and that may hereafter be acquired by the Company.

The Company controls the following properties:

Eight Gold Placer Claims aggregating 160 Acres in Extent, located on Forty Mile Creek under United States mining laws. Development has proved the pay streak to be five feet thick and has yielded placer dirt that pans from $10 to $15 to the pan. Five Gold Placer Claims, aggregating 100 Acres in extent, on Porcupine River, that pans from 25 cents to $10 to a pan.

Ten Gold Placer Claims, aggregating 200 acres on the Tanna River, panning from $10 to $50 a yard.

A fine gold quartz lode in Alaska, which assays from $15 to $500 per ton. The lode shows an enormous outcrop of free milling ore,—vein at surface being 12 feet thick; on this property have made 12 locations of 1500 feet by 300 feet, equaling 130 acres. We don't claim that is the mother lode, but we do know it is without an equal for prospective values.

The estimates and statement above are of necessity based upon information obtained from our Superintendent, and are believed and accepted by the company.

This company having acquired extensive holdings of rich placer and good quartz properties, capable of earning large dividends on its stock, offers to investors advantages that insure large and profitable returns.

Mr. George W. Morgan, our Superintendent, has been on the Yukon for the past year working in the interest of this company. Therefore, we are not asking any one to contribute to a project unplanned, but to one thoroughly matured. This company, with its able aids, extensive knowledge, and great resources, is certain to become one of the richest companies operating in Alaska.

Our President takes pleasure in referring you to the following list of references:

James E. Dewey, Mills & Co., Bankers, Detroit, Mich.;
Louis C. Tetard, Commissioner World's Fair from Mexico, "The Rookery," Chicago, Ill.;
Senator H. M. Teller, of Colorado;
John Shafroth, Representative to Congress, Colorado;
J. M. Bell, Representative to Congress, Colorado;
C. C. Clement, Washington Trust Co. Building, Washington, D. C.;
Joseph C. Helm, ex-Chief Justice of Colorado;
Charles D. Hayt, Chief Justice of Colorado;
C. B. Maugham, 219 Times-Herald, Chicago, Ill.;
Maurice Joyce, Electro Picture, Star Building, Washington, D. C.;
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The full-paid stock is now offered at TEN DOLLARS per share. Send your orders to the

Alaska-Klondyke Gold Mining Co.,
No. 66 Broadway, New York.

TO OPPOSE BEACOM.

The Independents Nominate W. R. Thompson For State Treasurer.

A RED HOT LETTER ACCEPTING.

How Senator Quay's Late Legislature Legalized the Poll Tax Evil—Another Sensation Promised in Connection With That Notorious $20,000 Indemnity Bond.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Harrisburg, Sept. 28.—There has been no lull in the exciting train of political events during the past week. Organized opposition to the machine is springing up all over the state, its latest development being in Pittsburg, where former friends of Senator Quay have within the past few days placed in nomination Mr. William R. Thompson as a candidate for state treasurer against James S. Beacom.

The remarkable thing in connection with this movement is the fact that it has been engineered, and is being carried forward, by the men and organizations that formerly were the sole source of Senator Quay's strength in Pittsburg. This independent movement has for its support the Municipal League of Pittsburg, and all that body of self respecting independents who gave Senator Quay an unqualified support because of his promise to introduce various reforms in state politics. As a result of Quay's failure to keep his word with these men they are now numbered among his bitterest political enemies, and thus another potent power against boosism has been invoked.

QUAY'S FRIENDS DESERTING.

This defection of the Municipal League and the Independents of Pittsburg from Quay leaves him absolutely without a friend in Pittsburg, while as for Allegheny City his hold is constantly relaxing over there. The candidate nominated by the Independents, Mr. William R. Thompson, is a leading banker of Pittsburg, and a man of great force of character. This is shown in his letter of acceptance, one of the strongest of its kind ever written. It is a bitter arraignment of Quayism, and is as follows:

"After consultation with thoughtful and conservative men, irrespective of party affiliations, and in response to letters received from distant parts of the state, as well as the personal solicitations of friends, I am led from a sense of duty and Christian citizenship to accept the nomination as a candidate for the office of state treasurer, which the citizens' meeting of Saturday evening, Sept. 11, so generously tendered to me.

"It has been urged that business men, by their refusal to enter politics, are responsible to a large degree for the condition into which government—national and state, state and local—has fallen.

"It is no secret that the methods employed by political managers have purposely been of such a character as to deter the best men in the community from taking part in public affairs.

"RECKLESS DISHONESTY."

"It is urged that even in the face of possible defeat it is the duty of some one to stand as a candidate in order to give the law abiding element in the state an opportunity of rebuking the 'reckless dishonesty and sweeping debauchery in the political affairs of Pennsylvania' during recent years. It is not necessary to enter into particulars familiar to every one. Thoughtful and patriotic men contemplate the political condition of our great commonwealth with humiliation and apprehension. They ask the questions: What is to be the end? How long can the republic exist under such a strain of luxury, avarice and corruption? Where is the patriotism of the past? Who now sit in the places once dignified by such men as Franklin, Morris, Reed, Wharton, Biddle, Cadwalader, Dallas, Ross and others?

"We have come to that pass where statesmanship seems lost and party supremacy and personal pecuniary gain are the highest matters.

"We have come to that pass where men, ignorant of the law, unable in cases to make a living in any business, by a vicious process of selection, miscalled an election, are sent to the legislature, not to represent the state, or even the interests of their constituents, but to do the bidding of the men to whom they owe their positions.

THE TREASURY DEBAUCHED.

"We have sunk to that level where the public treasury is regarded as a political asset, to be used, not in promoting the educational, charitable or business interests of the state, but as a private fund for the corruption and subjugation of the people.

"Reflecting on such things, we are almost ready to say: 'Rome, thou hast lost the noble breed of bloods,' for are we not confronted with the strange spectacle of a free people held in bondage, political and commercial, by a system that crushes liberty of speech and freedom of action, and that, too, in the 121st year of our independence?

"Let us not deceive ourselves. We are face to face with another revolution, in which the principles of free speech, of free press and free men are to be contested for anew.

"The tyranny of King George led to the establishment of the American republic. The tyranny of the slave holder led to the emancipation of the colored race, and the tyranny of the political boss, with its degradation of the individual and its insolent effrontery in attempting to compel the aid of the national authority in matters purely local, must yet lead to a purer and nobler management of public affairs if our republic is to permanently exist.

MUST CALL A HALT.

"We must call a halt on the appalling use of money in politics, and as your purpose is one of reform upon high principles, it is apparent to all that the use of money, so common to such contests, is to have no place in this canvass.

"The state is sound at heart, and the influence of the church and fireside, the vote of the law abiding people, who believe that man's chief end is not to make money and enjoy it forever, or for the advancement of a party by dishonesty and corruption, are the influences which will determine our national, state and local affairs.

"To such ends, and with the desire of political preferment farthest from my mind, promising, if elected, the same fidelity to the state that I would give to any other trust, I am willing to serve as your candidate, accepting election or defeat as a privilege, if by so doing the cause of good government may be advanced in even the slightest degree. I am very truly yours.

"WILLIAM R. THOMPSON."

This independent movement against the machine is a very formidable thing when it is considered that next year it will appear in the contest as a full fledged political, anti-machine power. It will poll at least 2 per cent of the Republican vote of the state, and this will give it full and legal standing as a political power. Its projectors, who are leading business men of Pittsburg, maintain that they are not in politics for fun, and that they will be found in the fight next year.

During the past week these Independents have been looking for a good man to run in opposition to Major Levi G. McCauley as a candidate for auditor general. They have appealed to the Business Men's League, the Wanamaker men of Philadelphia, and the state, to assist them, but the league is favorable to Major McCauley, and has declined to enter into any scheme to put up a candidate against him. The Wanamaker men, despite all of the falsehoods and misstatements of the machine leaders, do all their fighting within the party lines. They do not do as Quay and the machine have done—go outside to enlist the aid of Democrats to assist them in their fights. They are Republicans through and through, and their sole devotion is to the people, as was shown in the fight made for the people's rights by the "Seventy-six" in the late legislature.

THE INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE.

The desire of the Independents of western Pennsylvania to still further show their disgust with machine methods was exhibited on Friday, when the request was made of Grant Stewart Crothers, one of the leaders of the "Seventy-six" during the session, that he permit the use of his name as a candidate for auditor general. Although in sympathy with any movement for the overthrow of bossism, Representative Crothers felt that the offer had come too late to be successful, besides which his sympathies with Major McCauley's candidacy seemed to militate against his acceptance of the honor. As evincing their determination to fight Senator Quay at every point the Independents are still seeking for a candidate for auditor general, although their failure to secure one will not in the slightest interfere with their purpose to keep Mr. Thompson in the field for state treasurer.

It will be remembered that during the last legislative session your correspondent frequently showed up the hypocrisy of the machine leaders in the matter of reform legislation. It was shown then in detail how the bosses were buncoing the people even in the legislation by which it was proposed to reform certain evils. Senator Quay succeeded not only in deceiving the people, but by that legislation he has legalized some of the worst practices known in state politics. A case of this kind is now in evidence in Philadelphia, where one of the worst political evils, the polltax purchase, is now conducted under cover of law.

Under the old system the chairman of the county committee could buy poll-tax receipts in bulk, and then fill them out for anybody to whom he might wish to give them. They always did this with fear and trembling. Now they do it openly. At a meeting of the city committee last week printed blanks were presented giving power of attorney to ward committemen or district leaders to purchase poll-tax receipts for those whose names might be signed to the petitions asking such. Of course all that the bosses have to do now is to send their hired workers around, have the names of men who will not pay their own poll-tax sign the petition, and the shovel of poll-tax receipts in bulk will be given men to vote at the bosses' discretion under cover of law.

This infamous transaction was made possible by Senator Quay's legislature. It passed those laws of his creation, although it was alleged at the time that they were being enacted for the purpose of purifying politics. It is one of the greatest frauds ever worked by any political [illegible] on the people of any state.

A sensation was created in Harrisburg this week by the announcement that the signers of the notorious $20,000 indemnity bond were to be arrested by the Business Men's League on a charge of conspiracy in an attempt to secure money from the state treasury under false pretense. No definite information on this subject could be secured, as the Business Men's League refused to talk about the matter. It can be confidently asserted, however, that legal advice has been taken on the subject. There is a great fear prevailing in Harrisburg now as a result of this new and impending trouble.

The shameless jobbers in connection with the new capitol are bearing fruit. One firm of architects has already entered suit against the building commission, and others are to be brought. The capitol will not be built without involving the state in great expense and endless litigation. And all to give Senator Quay's friends a chance.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. Out Nov. 1.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.