sigh the Lord Jesus Christ, to whom soft the Lord Jesus Christ, to whom soft timed because of these things.

II.—Conversion of Cornelius at 1. 30-41. Golden Text, Acts x., 43, hosever believeth in Him shall receive besion of sins." God in heaven readeth ssion of sins." God in heaven readeth regardeth the hearts of all men, and we he sees any one honestly and restly living up to the light they have seeking with all the heart for more He fad a way to reveal Himself to them. this case he used an augel and men to to Cornelius one whom He knew all show him the way. Peter preached life and death and resurrection of so of Nazareth and the forgiveness of entrough Him.

through Him.

pass III.—The Resurrection (I Cor.

12.26). Golden Text, I Cor. xv., 20,

ris Christ risen from the dead and bethe first fruits of them that slept." siternate lesson for this day showed us asks and Paul spending a year at Anhetesching the people. This resurrectesson undoubtedly sets before us the tance of that which they would teach anely that all believers should cleave a risen Christ, who is in heaven at a right hand for us.

will. 5-17). Golden Text, Ps. xxxiv., The angel of the Lord encampeth a about them that fear him and delivad about them that fear him and delivthem. The great enemy of God and
annot destroy the work of God, nor
suit that is redeemed by the precious
of Christ, but he will, if he can, dethe body of the believer.
The can the

this review is here made very prom-that all real word of God, whatever were may be the channel, is the work he Holy Spirit. He calls, separates, and sends forth Barnabas and Saul to le Lord's work by preaching the word id. The Spirit moves, the word is an and the work is done. "Be filled

see VI.—Paul Preaching to the Jews sxii., 26-39). Golden Text, Acts xiii., Through this man is preached unto the forgiveness of sins." This sermon at Antioch in Pisidia in the synagogue he Sabbath day, and the substance of it as always, the death and resurrection sus, and through Him the forgiveness es, to the Jews first, and also to the files. One has said that the Christianity does not start with the forgiveness of through the blood of Christ is impo-

Beware of it.

Beware of it.

Beware of it.

Cats xiv., 11-22). Golden Text, 'Acts

47, "I have set thee to be a light of the

Be." From Antioch to Iconium, then gise. From Antioch to Iconium, then join and Derbe, Paul and Barnabas is a preaching the same gospel everyse and enduring persecution everyse for Christ's sake and the gospels. It rehable that Saul's experience, as design in ICor. xii., 2, 4, was in connection his being stoned at Lystra.

2808 VIII.—The Conference at Jerum (Arts xv. 1-6, 22-29). Golden Treatments.

m(Acts xv., 1-6, 22-29). Golden Text, s.xv., 11, "Through the grace of the d Jesus Christ we shall be saved, even hey." The devil hates God's way of the by the blood of Christ alone and will ersuggest some other way without the d.Cain's way, the way of our new many people, or something in addition bely people, or something in addition be blood and the free grace of God, like e false teachers from Judgea, and many agus who, while they profess to trust in is, think they must do their part or pannot be saved, and thus they despise

ox IX.-Christian Faith Leads to dworks Jas. H., 14-23). Golden Text, H., 18, 'I will show thee my faith by works.' The last yerse of this lesson werks. The last verse sof this lesson werks. The last verse sof this lesson is it plain that James is as clear as a apon righteousness imputed to us a from any works of ours, and such ages as Eph. ii., 10; Titus Iii., 8, show in be as clear as James upon the nesty of works as an evidence to men of salvation. We are saved, not by our is, but by His work alone, in order as a saved people, we may serve the grand true God while we wait for His from heaven (I Thess. i., 9, 10).

Soox X.—Sins of the Tongue (Jas. iii., 6, Golden Text, Ps. xxxiv., 13, "Keep longue from evil and thy lips from king guile." Not only works, but is, must indicate that we have been tof God and nave become new creasin Christ Jesus.

of God and have become new crea-in Christ Jesus. If the heart is right filed with the word of God, then the sill speak right things, for out of the dance of the heart the mouth speak-

dance of the heart the mouth speak-[Prov. xxiii., 16; Math. xii., 34, 36]. bsox XI.—Paul's Advice to Timothy Tim. i., 1-7; iii., 14-17). Golden Text. Im. iii., 15. "From a child thou hast sn the Holy Scriptures, which are able nake thee wise unto salvation." To sthe Scriptures from childhood is the test blessing a child can have, and the hers and grandmothers who. like Eu-tand Lois, thus train the children will greatly added not only to their own and hois, thus train the enharen will ignately added not only to their own to others' eternal joy. As to being shed for all good works, our lesson shat the Scriptures alone—of course is power of the Spirit (John vi., 63)— sufficient to thoroughly furnish any

seex XII.—Personal Responsibility b. xiv., 10-21). Golden Text, Rom. II. "It is good neither to eat flesh, to drink wine, nor anything whereby mother stumbleth." Not only works words, as previously stated, but even sating and drinking, should prove to a the reality of our new life. Self in y form is to be renounced, and Christ fall control. "Unto Him and not self," must be our thought, rememgathat all believers must stand before adgment seat, and every one of us give unt of himself to God.—Lesson Helper. XII.—Personal Responsibility

Fish Commissioner of Indiana "The greed for more land closes yes of a vast majority of the peothe fact that an acre of water, her conditions being the same, is than is an acre of soil. The small ant of land that is redeemed by ing or draining the lakes is not isurate with the amount of

reducing conditions that are thus fed." This may be a valuable

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

June 15. The bill to levy \$1 a year on pleasure carriages, bicycles and tricycles, and \$3 on traction engines was defeated. The money that was to have been raised in this manner was to have gone toward the improvement of roads. Mr. Baldwin, who had the bill in charge, said it would have netted the state \$600,000. The bill was defeated. The inheritance tax came up for third reading. There is not much hope for the passage of this bill. The striking out of the \$5,000 exemption clause has caused much dissatisfaction, and the bill is regarded by many as iniquitous. Another cause for opposition is the failure of the senate to act on the Bliss bill taxing beer. The proposition to tax beer has many friends in the house, and they propose to juggle with the direct inheritance tax bill until they can force the senate to pass the beer bills, which have already passed the house. The direct inheritance bill is now in shape to be called up at any time, but it is certain that the advocates of the measure will take great care.

In the senate the prison bill limiting the number of inmates of state prisons, penitentiaries and other penal institu-

the number of inmates of state prisons, penitentiaries and other penal institugoods therein to 20 per cent. and pro-hibiting the use of machinery in such manufacture was passed. The bill pro-viding that licensed brewers shall sell to licensed dealers not less than a doz-en pints or in packages of not less than an eighth of a barrel, and further than one person or association can own or control two breweries upon the pay-ment of \$1,000 license for each, passed

finally.

June 17. The Senate made more progress with the tariff bill to-day than on any day since its debate opened. The schedules on spirits and wines and on manufactured cotton goods were completed. A new paragraph was added to compensate the cotton manufacturers for the placing of raw cotton on the dutiable list. It provides that on all cotton yarns finer than No. 10 single, and the goods manufactured thereof, the duty shall be 10 per cent, in addition to the rates of the cotton schedule.

In addition to the rates of the cotton schedule.

The House was in session an hour and a half, most of the time being taken up with roll calls. Mr. Sulzer, Democrat, New York, succeeded in injecting into the proceedings a brief speech in favor of Cuba, in which he denounced Weyler as a "thief" and "murderer." The bill for the relief of the residents of Greer county, Oklahoma, was passed. The House adjourned till Monday

CONGRESSIONAL.

June 15. Senator Tillman gave notice of an amendment to the tariff bill providing for a head tax of \$100 on all immigrants of the United States. The amendment also makes it a misdemean-or punishable by fine and imprisonment for any person to enter the United States for the purpose of engaging in trade or manual labor without in-tending to become a citizen. These provisions are modified by a provision to the effect that they "shall only re-main in effect until sliver shall be ad-mitted to our mints for coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1, on the same conditions with gold." At the request of Senator Allison, the

Hawalian provision in the tariff bill has been passed over by the Senate. June 16. The tariff bill was under consideration to-day. Two amend-ments offered by Mr. Vest and one by Mr. Jones (Ark.), reducing the duties on fresh milk, condensed milk and cabbages, were rejected. Mr. Vest made a humorous speech when the paragraph relating to cider was reached. He appealed to New England to come to the rescue of "cider, the liqour of our boyhood, the beverage which cheers, but not inebriates; which sparkles in every New England festival, and in the west and south, wherever the apple is raised and used." Mr. Deboe presented petitions from a large number of citizens of Kentucky favoring a modification of Kentucky favoring a modification of

the civil service law.

June 16. The house passed the Simon bill requiring municipalities to purchase electric light plants holding franchises in their limit before erecting or seeking to operate plants of their own.

A resolution ws passed requesting A resolution was passed requesting congress to make an appropriation for a United States exhibit in Paris, 1900. The governor's veto was sustained on the bill making it lawful to erect wire fences along public highways. The Young bill, giving trolley companies the right of eminent domain was defeated.

In the senate a bill to tax both home In the senate a bill to tax both home and foreign beer one cent a gallon was laid over. A bill was passed creating a state board of arbitration to settle all labor disputes. A bill providing for the physical education of children in the state schools was defeated.

The Senate was in session less than half an hour June 17, on account of the meagre attendance and consequent

meagre attendance and consequent peril to bills on third reading, the cal-endar having been cleared of bills on the other readings. The Farr bill, to make eight hours a day's labor for make eight hours a day's labor for mechanics, workingmen and laborers in the employ of State or municipal corporations, was called up by Mr. Magee, of Allegheny, and passed finally without opposition. Mr. Thomas, of Philadelphia, introduced a bill increasing the tay on the Panagylvania basis. ing the tax on the Pennsylvania busi-ness of foreign insurance from 2 to 4 per cent., and imposing 4 mills on the market value of bank stock. June 19. The day was rendered note-worthy in the Senate by the defeat of

the finance committee on four important paragraphs in the flax, hemp and jute schedule on the tariff bill. Thesa were the paragraphs relating to floor matting, plain jute fabrics, burlaps and

cotton bagging.

Mr. Vest took exception to the inrease on floor mattings, saying the dutles as proposed would range from 40 per cent. to 105, whereas they had heretofore been free. He moved to strike out the entire section. On a roll call the senate accepted Mr. Vest's amend-ment striking out paragraph 330 in regard to floor mattings, the vote stand-

gard to floor mattings, the vote standing 25 to 22.

June 21. The tariff bill was taken up in the senate this morning. Mr. Allison, in charge of it, asked that the wool schedule, which had been reached before adjournment on Saturday, should be passed over and that the paper and pulp schedule be proceeded with to-day. He asked his democratic friends whether it would be satisfactory to them. Assent was given and the paper schedule was taken up. The committee amendments to the first three paragraphs in the schedule were agreed to. Paragraph 392 (printing pagreed to. Paragraph 392 (printing pagreed) agreed to. Paragraph 392 (printing paper for books and newspapers) was er conditions being the same, is of producing far more food-an is an acre of soil. The small

Decrease in Ocean Travel.

Despite the inducements held out by the various steamship companies in the way of formers, who have so long suffrom the low prices of wheat and At all events the farmer with a bond is enabled to agreeably vary and diet.

Superior accommodations and the jubilee attractions in England, travel to Europe has fallen off. The books of the large lines show that the decrease compared with last year amounts to about twelve per cent. for first-class travelers, and about eight per cent. for the second-class department.

REYSTONE STATE NEWS CONDENSED.

ATTACKED BY A MADMAN.

Assaulted by an Escaped Lunatic

Herman Miske, who had been confined in the county almshouse on account of insanity until six months ago, being then supposed to be cured, enter-ed the residence of John Ausman, at Altoona, and violently attacked Mrs. Ausman and another woman, a visitor at the house. Mr. Ausman arrived about this time, and was knocked down by the maniac. Before Miske could do further harm he was overpowered and looked up.

The board of trade of Johnstown instructed the Municipal committee to collect facts concerning the annexation to this city of Morrellville and Coopersdale, so the board may be able to place the matter intelligently before city councils. This move in the direction of a greater Johnstown is the result of many citizens of these borought being anxious to come into the city.

The following pensions have been granted—William Evans, Pittsburgh; Alexander J. Swaney, Fairchance; Thomas Nolan, Oswayo; Patrick Burk, Hollidaysburg; Robert D. Wampler, Larlmer; Michael Fichter, Manorville; Andrew J. Putnam, Stony Fork; August Feevey, Elkhorn; Matilda J. Wetzel, Orbisonia; Catharine Kugel, Johnstown; Harriet Melvin, Pittsburg; Samtown; Harriet Melvin, Pittsburg; Samtown; town; Harriet Melvin, Pittsburg; Sam-uel H. Croyle, Jeannette; Christopher Cramer, Warren; John Moore, Scott Haven; David K. Edwards, Johnstown; Horatio Rockwood, Union City; George F. Currie, Dayton, Armstrong county; F. Currie, Dayton, Armstrong county; William B. Scriock, North Hope, and Moses Jackson, Glade Mills, Butler co; Phillipp Fawver, Oriental, Juniata county; Andrew J. Stumpf, Big Run, and James C. Leabhart, Lindsay, Jefferson county; Alfred Ordway, Miles Grove, and George W. McComber, Albion, Erie county; William A. Altemus, Brush valley, Indiana county; Andrew Brush valley, Indiana county; Andrew I. Young, Jefferson, Greene county.

At Leisenring No. 3 Henry G. Knight, a coke worker enployed at the H. C. Srick Coke company, was mourning at the wake over the remains of James Durkin, a friend who was killed at a railroad crossing in New Haven. At midnight he left the room in which the corpse was. Knight appeared in per-fect health, but he walked only as far as the door when he dropped to the threshold. The remains were brought to this place to the home of his mother. Knight was 30 years old and single.

Dr. George K. Edwards, of New Castle, died in the room at Princeton College he had occupied during his college course. Dr. Edwards was a avorite with undergraduates, and his devotion to his alma mater is shown by the fact that while ill he traveled here from California in order to die in the town where he had spent the most enjoyable days of his life.

In the absence of his parents, Earl Fainefrock, the 4-year-old son of Da-vid M. Fainefrock, of Cooperstown, obtained his father's revolver and was tained his father's fever toying with the deadly weapon. While looking into the barrel of the pistol the weapon was discharged. The builet weapon was discharged. The builet entered the unfortunate little fellow's mouth. He will surely die.

The following have successfully bassed the examinations of mine forenen: J. Gould, Emlenton; Archie Maxwell, Jackson Center; Jacob Ashman, Cannelton: John Bower, Grove City; H. W. McKallip, Emlenton; James Robert-son, Reynoldsville, and P. J. Skahen, Rothmel. There was a class of fourteen

An intoxicated brakeman named An intoxicated brakeman named Michael Mann on the St. Marys road forcibly ejected the engineer and fireman from the cab of the engine, and ran the train several miles to the station of Brandy Camp, near Ridgway, where he stopped for more intoxicants, and was caught by his pursuers.

John Keer, Fred Miller and "Slugger" Hanan are in the lock-up for in-juries they inflicted on James Wilson, track boss at Percy coke works, Union-town. The three fell on Wilson, struck him on the head with a brick, jumped on him and kicked him into insensi-bility. His skull is thought to be fractured.

Harry W. Wilson, surviving member of the firm of A. W. Wilson & Son, at Indiana, made an assignment, being unable to continue business since his father died. The assignee is George B. Stewart, Mr. Wilson's brother, in law. Configuration of the servin law. er-in-law. Creditors are said to be numerous in the surrounding country.

Trying to save the family dog from being bitten by a beast with rabies, John Beale, a boy of Phoenixville was attacked by the savage brute. Before being shot the animal had terribly lacerated his victim about the face and limbs. The boy will be treated for

hydrophobia. hydrophobia.

The recent passage of the law taxing unnaturalized foreigners has had a good effect on those in the vicinity of Johnstown. Fifty applications for paners have been filed and probably 200 pers have been filed and probably 200 more will be presented this week. Business in this line is booming in Cambria

Olga, the three-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Herman, of Johnstown, was found dead in bed

Blanche, aged 13, daughter of Jacob Rubritz, of Conemaugh, used kerosene with which to start a fire. She will die. She ran wildly to a rain barrel and jumped into it. Thus she was able to put out the flames, but not until she had been fatally burned.

At Jacksonwald, the dress of Mrs. Mary Steinmetz, a widow, caught fire while she was at the bake oven. She was literally roasted to death. At Reading, the dress of Mrs. Florence Miller, aged 22 years, caught fire while she was preparing dinner. She died.

James G. Path, aged 19, on Manor Hill, Huntingdon county, jumped from a freight train at Petersburg and fell under the wheels. Both legs were crushed. He was brought to the Al-toona Hospital, where his legs were amputated. amputated.

David Frichie, aged about 30, attempted suicide at Harrisburg, by slashing his throat with a razor, severing the windpipe. He is at the hospital, where it is stated he cannot recover. Domestic trouble is said to be the cause.

Herman P. Schulz, convicted of mur-dering his wife, and awaiting sentence of death at Milford, attempted to an-ticipate the execution by strangling himself. He did not succeed. He says he will starve himself.

Dr. W. M. Swingle, for the past sev en years principal of the Greensburg seminary, has resigned to accept the superintendency of the Rahway (N J.) schools, at a large salary.

At Butler, Daniel Evans got four months to the workhouse for malici-ous mischief. J. W. McKee of Saxon-burg, for illegal liquor selling, was fined \$50 and 30 days to jail.

John Griner of Altoona started for Germany with \$900 and \$300 belonging to friends, was robbed in New York of all but his ticket and went crazy on reaching the Fatherland.

John Smith, aged 72 years, and for fifty years a teamster in West Newton, was knocked down by his cow, which he was taking to pasture, and serious-

ne was taking to pasture, and serious-ly injured.

Diocletian Shipley, general contrac-tor, Uniontown, has assigned to J. S. Douglass. Assets and liabilities about \$3,500 each. Baker Bebout of West Washington was badly injured by an explosion of gas in his bakery. He will recover,

INDUSTRY'S FIELD.

Some Works to Close, Others Will Resume-Labor Notes.

It is announced at Reading, Pa., that the finishing department of the Reading iron works, employing over 100 hands, will resume Monday, and it is likely that other departments will soon follow It is predicted that the majority of 1,-500 men idle because of wage reduction will soon be at work, but puddlers re-

The Massachusetts, Merrimae and Booth cotton mills at Lowell, Mass., each posted a notice to the effect that the mills will be closed for two weeks. and that when work is resumed it will be only on half time. The Lowell Machine Company will also close for one week and afterwards run on short time. This will affect, in all, about 2,-

The Midland Steel Company of Muncie, Ind., issued a card to a local newspaper that the men employed in the mill will be compelled to accept a general reduction in wages before the next year's scale is signed or the plant will remain idle for an indefinite period. President Beatty says the reductions made by Eastern manufacturers and nonunion mills have forced the inevitable. The mille employs 1,000 men and the new scale must be signed after July 1.

Labor Items.

Arkansas House of Representatives killed a bill providing for the building of railroads by convicts.

The Brotherhood of Railroad Train-men has reduced the age of admittance from 21 years to 18 years.

The Woodworker's Union of Duluth

has succeeded in getting the union label on all work put out by the woodworking shops of that city.

An Illinois court ordered a railroad to

pay a discharged conductor \$875. The conductor was not given a reason for dismissal, and he was unable to secure work work on any other road.

Brooklyn Central Labor Union did not agree to take part in a reception to Alfgeld because the charmakers de-clared he had veteed an anti-convict

Fifty imported Mongolian laborers have taken the places of white men in Watsonville, Cal., beet fields. One thousand Japanese have been em-ployed for some time at Chine.

A hat factory at Orange, N. J., has just been unionized. Non-union men were fired and the company is paying union men 25 per cent more than it paid

non-unionists.

For all State printing in Massachusetts during the ensuing year typesetters will be paid 48 cents per thousand ems. At a meeting of negroes at Washing-ton resolutions were adopted against granting eating-house licenses where the color line is drawn.

An Illinois operator says: "Probably the American miner will never again earn good wages. Prosperous times would help him, of course, but there are far too many miners for all to find work, even in good times. If some would leave the mines it would help matters for those who remained."

MARKETS.

杊					
	PITTSBURG.				
	Grain, Flour and Fee	ad.	3		
	WHEAT-No. 1 red		85 %	Ä.	86
	No 2 red.		79		80
	CORN-No. 2 yellow, ear		30		31
1	No. 2 yellow, shelled		29		30
1	Missal and				30
1	Mixed ear. OATS—No. 1 white		27		20
1	OATS-No. 1 White		25		26
1	No. 2 white		24		25
1	RYE—No. 1	177	42		43
1	FLOUR-Winter patents		70	4	80
1	Fancy straight winter	-	40	4	50
1	Rye flour	2	65	2	75
1	HAY-No. 1 timothy			11	75
1	Mixed clover, No. 1	7	50	8	50
1	Hay, from wagons.			13	00
1	FEED-No. 1 White Md., ton.	12	00	12	50
1	Brown middlings		50		75
1	Bran, bulk	0.00	10000	10	1000
1	STRAW-Wheat	5-7-W	25		50
1	Oat		25	-5757	50
1	SEEDS-Clover, 60 lbs		8500		05
1	Timothy, prime		45	277	
1	Plus Cleans		75		00
1	Blue Grass	4	10	4	UU

Oat	6	25	6	50
SEEDS-Clover, 60 lbs	4	8500	5	05
Timothy, prime	1	45	1	65
Blue Grass	1	75	2	00
Dairy Products.				
BUTTER-Eigh Creamery \$		1500		16
Fancy creamery		16		17
Fancy country roll		Đ		10
CHEESE-Ohio, new		7		8
New York, new		8		9
Fruits and Vegetable	8.			_

)	Fruits and Vegetables				Ī
	BEANS—Hand-picked, # bu \$ FOTATOES—In car, bu CABBAGE—Home grown, bbi. ONIONS—Yellow, bu	1	25 32 60 55	1 1	1000
	Poultry, Etc. CHICKENS, 7 pair		60@		

and the second second and second second	4.0	
CINCINNATI.		
FLOUR	3 75@	
WHEAT-No. 2 red		81
RYE-No. 2	9	37
	2.0	25
Para	19	20
BUTTER—Ohio creamery	12	15
PHILADELPHIA.		
FLOUR	3 25@	4 75
WHEAT-No. 2 red	4.4	83
CORN—No. 2 mixed		29
OATS-No. 2 white	25	26
BUTTER-Creamery, extra	+	15
	CINCINNATL FLOUR. \$ WHEAT—No. 2 red. RYE—No. 2. CORN—Mixed. OATS. EGGS. BUTTER—Ohio creamery. PHILADELPHIA.	CINCINNATL FLOUR

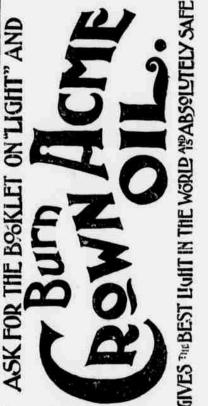
EGGS-Pa. firsts		11
NEW YORK.		-
FLOUR-Patents	4 50@	4 75
WHEAT-No. 2 red	44	76
CORN-No. 2	9.6	30
OATS-White Western	**	23
BUTTER—Creamery	**	15
EGGS State of Penn	2.5	12
LIVE STOCK		

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, PA. CATTLE. Prime, 1,300 to 1,400 fbs...... \$ 4 90@ 5 00

Good, 1,200 to 1,300 fbs. Tidy, 1,000 to 1,150 fbs. Fair flg.tt steers, 900 to 1000 fbs. Common, 700 to 900 fbs.	4	50 00	4	75 60 20 75
Hoos.				
Medium	3	55	3	60
Heavy			3	50
Roughs and stags	2	50	3	25
SHEEP.				
Prime, 95 to 105 lbs, wethers \$	4	00@	4	10
Good, 85 to 90 lbs	3	75	3	90
	Fair light steers, 900 to 1000 lbs. Common, 700 to 900 lbs. Hogs. Heary. Roughs and stags.	Tidy, 1,000 to 1,150 ths. 4 Fair light steers, 900 to 1000 ths. 4 Common, 700 to 900 lbs. 3 Medium	Tidy, 1,000 to 1,150 lbs.	Tidy, 1,000 to 1,150 ths. 4 50 4 Fair light steers, 900 to 1000 ths. 4 00 4 Common, 700 to 900 lbs. 3 50 3 Hoos. 3 55 3 Heavy. 3 Roughs and stags. 2 50 3 **SHEEP** Prime, 95 to 105 lbs, wethers. \$ 4 00@ 4

Common.... Culls.
Choice lambs.
Fair to good lambs....





For sale by the Atlantic Refining Co.

The only scienti-Baco-Curo fic cure for the Tobacco habit. Baco-Curo where other remedies failed. (Write for proofs.)

Baco-Curo the will power of the user. It is the Cure. Vegetable & harmless.

WE MAKE Wheels, Too! Quality Guarante STYLES: Ladies', Gentlemen's & Tandem. The Lightest Running Wheels on Earth. THE ELDREDGE

THE BELVIDERE

We always Made Good Sawing Machines! Why Shouldn't we Make Good Wheels!

National Sewing Machine Co., Factory:

330 Broadway, New York, Belvidere, Ills. and the state of the state of the state of

Baco-Curo birections are clear.

Used the Totalera and home for same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will concover that refunds you to stop.

Is the Original West.

Investigate Baco-Curo before taking any remedy for the Tobacco Habit.

All druggists are authorized to sell Baco-Curo with our fron clad written guarantee.

One box \$1.00; 3 boxes graininteed care-\$2.00. It is this Secondary BLOOD POISON permanently building on the selection of the most formal to cure. If you have taken mercary, ledide potash, and still have aches an another in the secondary BLOOD POISON permanently building to the still be of the selection of the selection

Chocolated Chocolated RIPANS TABULES

are intended for children, ladies and all who prefer a medicine disguised as confectionery. They may now be had (put up in Tin Boxes, seventy-two in a box), price, twenty-five cents or five boxes for one dollar. Any druggist will get them if you insist, and they may always be obtained by remitting the price to

The Ripans Chemical Company No. 10 ~ ST. NEW. YORK. GI