

WEALTHY BARNATO IS DROWNED.

ACCIDENT OR SUICIDE?

The English Jew, Who Once Controlled \$300,000,000, Dies in Mid-Ocean.

On board the British steamship Scot, which left Cape Town for Southampton was Barney Barnato, the South African Diamond King, who it was announced, had leaped overboard from that vessel. His body was recovered. It is also reported that he accidentally rolled overboard.

There is no doubt that financial worry the last year or so, accentuated by events since the Jameson raid, have been the cause of his supposed mental breakdown.

Barnato must assuredly leave a gigantic fortune, since he spent little on himself and could not be honestly taxed with any kind of excesses. At the same time he was never popular here. The people regarded him as the worst type possible of the financial parvenu, and the respect felt for his marvelous administrative ability was about the only sentiment currently entertained regarding him.

The late Barney Barnato was in many respects the most remarkable speculator of the century. Of all the Englishmen who have taken part in the development of South Africa, two only have secured a world-wide reputation. These have been Cecil Rhodes and Barnett Isaacs, more often and less respectfully styled Barney. Barnato was an assumed name, a sort of stage name, for he began his life in South Africa by exhibiting a trick donkey about 25 years ago. He was then about 20 years of age.

Barnato was an English Jew, and illustrated in an extraordinary way the financial genius of his race. Up to the point where his fortunes began to decline he made money by leaps and bounds, and in 1895, when his good fortune was at its zenith, it was estimated that he controlled interests in the neighborhood of a hundred million pounds. It was the fashion to call him the richest man in the world.

The center of this tremendous financial outburst was Barney Barnato, and he was conservatively estimated at that time as worth between \$100,000,000 and \$150,000,000. Among his assets was a bank originally capitalized at \$15,000,000. In a very few months its capital stock rose in value to \$45,000,000.

GNAWED TO DEATH.

The Horrible Murder of a Mexican Smuggler.

A letter has been received at San Antonio, Tex., giving an account of the terrible death meted out to Alfredo Carrizales, a Mexican smuggler, by his enemies. The murder took place in Zavala county, Tex. Carrizales was riding along the road near Carrizo, when he was fired on from ambush. He was shot through the body, and the man who did the shooting tied the wounded man to the tail of his horse and dragged him through the cacti and prickly pear. The horse was then stopped and the wounded Mexican placed in a sitting position and five more shots fired into his body. He was left for dead, but was alive and coyotes gnawed out what little life remained. Juan Garza has been arrested, charged with the crime.

MUST NOT WEAR FEATHERS.

Women Liable to Punishment if they Possess Bird Plumage.

One of the bills which was passed by Governor Wolcott of Massachusetts is aimed against the destruction of insect killing birds for millinery purposes. It makes the mere possession of the skin or feathers of any bird which is now protected by law punishable by the same penalty as has hitherto been imposed for killing the birds. The bill was opposed by those who are in the business, and are exposing women to punishment for wearing feathers which they now have; but a large majority voted for the bill on the ground that the destruction of these birds has resulted in a vast increase of vegetation-eating insects, causing much pecuniary loss, wholly aside from questions of cruelty or fashion.

A PITTSBURG BOYS'

Murderers are Permitted to Escape from a Turkish Prison.

It is learned from Constantinople that two of the Kurds who are supposed to have been connected with the murder of Frank G. Lenz, of Pittsburgh, the bicyclist who was shot and killed on the road between Kourthah and Zahar, about two years ago, while on a tour around the world, have died in prison at Erzeroum, another Kurds suspected of complicity in the murder have escaped from prison.

United States Minister Terrell has appealed to the Supreme Court here to secure the recapture and trial of the fugitives. In all eleven men were arrested on the charge of being connected in the murder of Mr. Lenz.

WALDORF ASTOR ENTERTAINS.

The Millionaire Gives a Reception to the Nobility.

William Waldorf Astor gave his second reception at his home in Carlton House Terrace, London. It was preceded by a dinner party, at which forty guests were present, including Prince Alexander of Teck, Ambassador Hay, Mrs. Hay and Miss Hay. The mansion, which before it became Mr. Astor's residence, was counted among the most elegant private mansions in England, has been entirely renovated. The display of jewels was simply prodigious and the house was a mass of flowers. M. Paderewski, Mme. Melba-Planson and other famous artists assisted in the musical programme.

Post Office Business.

Nineteen postoffices showed an aggregate increase of \$33,977, while 31 showed an aggregate falling off of \$33,414. Pittsburgh was one of the offices showing an increase, its receipts last month being \$62,287; May, 1896, \$58,597; per cent of increase last month, 6.3. Philadelphia, on the other hand, showed one of the heaviest decreases last month over May, 1896, the figures being \$219,036 and \$231,120, respectively; percentage of decrease, 5.2.

Ohio Man Solicitor-General.

On July 1 Judge J. K. Richards, ex-attorney-general of Ohio, will succeed Justice Holmes Conrad as solicitor-general in the department of justice at Washington.

To Tax Inheritances.

The Democratic members of the senate committee on finance agreed to offer as an amendment to the tariff bill a provision for an inheritance tax. The amendment was prepared by Senator Turpie. It provides that a sum be levied equal to 2 per cent of the value of every decedent's estate.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.

General Rius Rivera and Colonel Bacallao Court-Martialed.

Havana, June 13. The secret court martial of General Rius Rivera and Colonel Bacallao, his chief-of-staff, who were captured in Pinar del Rio, was closed at Cabanas Castle. The sentences were death in both cases and the execution may occur during the coming week, unless Washington renews its protest.

ARMS FOR CUBA.

The state department has information that a most important filibustering expedition is about to leave for Cuba. A second cartload of rifles and dynamite left Jacksonville on the regular freight train for the probable purpose of being transferred to some vessel on the east coast, probably the yacht Valusia, which has been engaged to transport these munitions from the railroads to the vessel destined for Cuba. It is probable that the vessel which will receive these arms will not come close to shore.

American Doctor Killed.

Captain Foster R. Winn, M. D., of St. Louis, a volunteer surgeon with the Cuban insurgents hospital corps in the field, is reported to have been killed in an attack by Government troops upon an insurgent hospital near Quivicán, Province of Havana.

Cubans May Go to Africa.

The Congo Free State has agents in Cuba visiting Weyler's reconcentrados in quest of able-bodied laborers willing to emigrate with their families to Africa under contract with a syndicate protected by the king of the Belgians to engage in coffee planting on the Congo river. Many of the unfortunates are returning to Spain at the rate of 2,000 per month.

Ten Men Killed.

In consequence of overwinding, a terrible accident has occurred in the Galth colliery at Maesteg, Glamorgan-shire, Wales. The cage was precipitated to the bottom of a shaft 300 feet deep. Ten men were killed.

TERRE TELEGRAMS.

A cyclone at Lyle, Minn., injured 20 people.

Howard Scott who murdered his wife last fall, was electrocuted in New York.

At a "Queen's Jubilee" celebration in New York city, English music was hissed.

Archbishop Janssens, head of the Catholic diocese of New Orleans, is dead.

Train-wreckers failed to derail a train of eleven cars which was returning from Coney Island.

Alfred Quick, fearing mob violence for assaulting a child, committed suicide at Cincinnati, O.

It is estimated that the Irish Fair, which closed at New York, will show a profit of \$250,000.

Stephen Walsh, his wife and daughter were critically burned by a lamp explosion at Pittsburg.

Henry Irving unveiled a statue erected to the honor of Mrs. Sarah Siddons, the English actress at London.

To encourage a fire Mrs. Fannie Bodner of Braddock, Pa., poured oil into a stove. She is dead.

Ex-Secretary of the Navy, Richard N. Thomas, celebrated his 88th birthday at Terre Haute, Ind.

Fourteen-year-old George McKinney has been held for trial in New York for setting fire to a tenement.

Ex-President Cleveland will have the degree of Doctor of Laws conferred upon him by Princeton University.

Ex-Congressman Bynum, of Indiana, has settled in New York to conduct the Democratic sound money campaign.

Mrs. Cleveland unveiled a Class Memorial window at Wells College, Amherst, N. Y., from which she is a graduate.

After a stormy voyage and a breakdown in mid-ocean the Northern Pacific steamer has arrived at Tacoma, Wash.

It took a doctor a day to unlock the jaws of C. B. McDonald, of Carthage, Mo., which he dislocated while yawning.

The dancing masters at a recent convention held in New York, complained that the bicycle had injured their business.

While impersonating a ghost at Edmeston, N. Y., Mortimer Halsey fell into a stream entangled in a sheet and narrowly escaped drowning.

The financial straits of Mark Twain have prompted the "New York Herald" to start a fund for the popular author. The "Herald" heads the list with \$1,000.

The widow of Charles H. Mallory died at Clifton, her home in Port Chester. She leaves an estate valued at \$1,000,000.

The Esperanza gold mine in Mexico has been sold to a syndicate of New York capitalists for \$6,000,000 in Mexican silver.

"Prohibition has been defeated at the polls in thirteen states" was the report given at the Brewers' convention, held in Buffalo.

For embezzling several thousand dollars Hiram A. Waite, ex-city comptroller of Port Huron, Mich., was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

A new combination, the Western Door Company, has been formed at Rock Island, Ill. Capital stock \$1,000,000.

Ten thousand people attended the centennial celebration of the founding of a Roman Catholic mission at San Jose, Cal.

The government buildings of Ellis Island for the reception of immigrants were destroyed by fire. No lives were lost. Loss \$200,000.

The Pacific Mail steamship City of Argate brought the details of the loss in mid-Pacific of the British ship Buckhurst, having picked up part of the crew of the ill-fated vessel 200 miles off the Nicaraguan coast and landed them at Punta Arenas.

The Grand Jury at Minneapolis has indicted City Treasurer Haugen, president of the collapsed Washington bank; Cashier Field and Directors Johnson and Searle for misuse of the bank funds.

After having reached a height of 5,000 feet, the balloon attached to the airship of Prof. Barnard exploded. The machine descended gently and the Professor escaped with slight injuries. This occurred at the Nashville Exposition.

A domestic quarrel led to a street fight at Jamestown, N. Y., between Populist Leaders C. M. Maxon and E. J. Squires, and the latter was seriously hurt.

Phillip Reilly, president of the John Martin Lumber company and vice president of the St. Paul National bank, committed suicide by shooting at St. Paul.

FAVOR THE ANNEXATION OF HAWAII.

TREATY DISCUSSED.

Strong Sentiment to Place the Islands under United States Protection.

Since the passage of the sugar schedule of the new tariff, which is said to place not less than \$5,000,000 a year in the hands of the sugar trust, there has been a fervent desire on the part of many congressmen to annex the Hawaiian islands.

Others declare that a new treaty is necessary as the importations from Hawaii are greater than the exportations and that the benefits of the treaty are entirely with the Hawaiians. It is also rumored that President McKinley is looking towards the placing of the islands under the protection of the stars and stripes.

Senator Nelson said that the claim that we owe it to Hawaii to continue the reciprocity treaty because of the acquisition of Pearl harbor is not well founded, as Pearl harbor had been acquired under the first treaty and an ample price had been paid for that harbor. He said the United States had paid \$15,000,000 only for the Louisiana purchase, yet in tariff remissions on sugar alone there had been paid \$31,000,000 for Pearl harbor. Senator Frye claimed that President McKinley is prepared to enter upon a negotiation for a more modified treaty and added that the Hawaiians are willing to meet him half way in the work.

Senator Thurston announced himself to be decidedly in favor of abrogation, though he is, he said, a believer in the wisdom of annexing the Hawaiian Islands to the United States. He said that if the present arrangement, which gives the Hawaiian Sugar Trust an annual gratuity of \$9,000,000, is to be continued in connection with the gratuity voted to the American trust, which amounted to not less than \$5,000,000 a year, it would be utterly impossible to defend the course of the Republican party.

COLORED BOY FOR ANNAPOLIS.

Is there a Scheme to Keep Colored Boys out of the Naval Academy?

Congressman White, of Chicago, does not understand why it is that the colored boys whom he appoints as cadets to the Naval Academy at Annapolis cannot get in. He named one a year ago who failed to pass the examination, and recently he appointed another who has also failed. It is impossible to run the gauntlet of the questions asked him. Mr. White, however, proposes to keep on trying. The last colored boy appointed has already begun a course of study designated to meet the examination imposed at the academy, and Mr. White will name him again next September.

ALDRICH GOES HOME.

The Senator too Sick to Attend to his Congressional Duties.

Senator Aldrich left for his Rhode Island home by order of his physician. He has been confined to his room at the Arlington almost all the time since the first week of the tariff debate with an aggravated attack of indigestion. He was obliged to resign the first caucus on the sugar schedule, and was taken with a relapse afterwards. As he did not improve, his physician directed that he should go where he would have absolute rest and be free from the possibility of any consultation with him on the tariff.

GRAZED THROUGH LOVE.

Prominent Washington Man Now in an Asylum.

Edwin Doren, son of the late Paymaster Doren, of the Navy Department, is confined in a strong room at the Emergency Hospital, said to be suffering from aberration caused by his infatuation for a Washington young woman who refused to return his love. His rejection has led to several efforts to commit suicide. At one time he took 150 grains of chloral. A special nurse has been placed at his door and the house physicians are constantly on guard. Hour after hour the man paces the narrow room and cries piteously: "Irene! Irene! Angel of my life! Come to my arms, Irene, my Irene!"

CLEVELAND REFUSES.

An offer of \$60,000 a year for his Opinions on Current Topics.

Grover Cleveland intends to write a history of his two administrations to be published after his death. Therefore he will not have time to write on current topics for a literary syndicate at the rate of \$2,000 for each contribution to literature or \$60,000 a year.

FORCED TO YIELD.

Minister Terrell cables the state department that 18 Armenian families en route to the United States have been stopped at Sassaoun, and that their passports have been taken away.

This was a clear violation of the sultan's promise to the United States government and Minister Terrell protested vigorously. The ports promptly directed the provincial authorities to command the detained people to proceed. The emigration of this party had been specially provided for by Minister Terrell.

Wheat Prospect.

The June report of the Agricultural department makes the acreage of winter wheat at present growing, after allowance for abandonments, 84.6 per cent. of the area harvested last year, or 89.9 per cent. of the area sown in the fall of 1896. This in round numbers is 21,562,000 acres.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Miss Alger, daughter of the Secretary of war, has been congratulated by McKinley on her engagement to Charles Pike, of Chicago.

The committee having in charge the Tillman resolution for the investigation of the alleged speculations in sugar by senators, have agreed to report adversely.

R. Chapman, the Washington broker, who refused to give information to the sugar investigating committee of the Senate, has been released from jail. He was sentenced for 30 days.

The total product of gold and silver in the several states and territories for the calendar year of 1896, is estimated by the director of the mint to have been as follows: Gold, \$53,088,000; silver, \$76,069,296. The increase in the production of gold over 1895 was \$6,467,000, while the production of silver shows an increase of \$4,018,000.

Secretary Long of the Navy has shown that the cats must pay for their instruction by serving the nation.

BOMB FOR A PRESIDENT.

While Driving with a Party of Friends an Explosion takes Place.

An attempt was made to assassinate Felix Faure, president of the French republic Sunday at Paris, while he was en route to Long Champs, to witness the Grand Prix. While M. Faure's carriage was passing a thicket near Lacascade restaurant in the Bois de Boulogne, a bomb, which subsequently proved to be a piece of tubing about six inches long and two inches in diameter, with a thickness of half an inch, charged with powder and swanshot, exploded.

No one was injured by the explosion. A man in the crowd suspected as the prime mover was arrested. He gave his name as Gallet and made only the briefest replies to questions put to him by the police. He is believed to be insane, for he shouted as the carriage passed along so loudly as to attract general attention in the crowd. The news of the attempt spread like wild fire through the city, and when M. Faure returned to the Elysee, the streets along the route where it was known he would drive were crowded with people who cheered him vociferously. M. Faure behaved with perfect self-command and continued to bow right and left to the crowd after the explosion, as if nothing unusual had happened.

M. Faure returned to the Elysee, accompanied by his wife, while in another carriage were his two daughters, Mlle. Lucie Faure and Mme. Berge. The horses attached to M. Faure's carriage reared wildly at the explosion, and were whipped on by Monjarret's vigorous arm. Roustoux, the detective, who is always with the president, rushed forward and grappled with a man, but was immediately set upon by a half dozen persons in the crowd, probably accomplices of the would-be assassin. The crowd mistook the detective for an anarchist, and were about to lynch him. He was beaten, kicked, spat upon and not rescued by the police until bleeding and unconscious from a terrible beating. M. Faure sent an officer this evening to inquire as to the condition of Roustoux.

Pope Recommends Loyalty.

Following are the Pope's views with reference to France. He disclaims all intention of recommending any preference for either the republican or the monarchical form of government, but he observes that practice has shown that the interests of religion in any country are best served by loyal support of the constituted government, and he gently reproves those who professing attachment to the holy see, sow the seeds of distrust and create difficulties by looking askance at or combating existing governments.

100 Worshipper Killed.

More than a hundred worshippers perished at Tien Tsin, China, late last week. The president was attending a temple dedicated to the queen of heaven. A festival was in progress and the edifice was crowded, mostly with women and children.

FROM ACROSS THE SEA.

Nine persons were killed, and 25 injured in a railroad wreck in England.

Princess Adelaide of Portugal is to take the black veil and become a nun.

A number of people lost their lives and buildings were destroyed by earthquakes in India.

Ambassador Andrew D. White had an interview at Berlin with Prince Hohenzollern, the Imperial Chancellor.

The queen regent has granted a pardon to Jose Carabre, at Havana, who was under sentence to be shot.

Many persons have been drowned by floods in the province of Taurida, Russia, and the crops have been nearly ruined.

A French Comstock, named Berenger, is making sad havoc among certain classes of literature and art in Vienna.

Dr. Wilkens, professor of animal physiology, who was suffering from an incurable disease, committed suicide at Vienna.

A terrible cyclone, accompanied by hail, devastated the Valley of Caprino, Italy, entailing great losses in silk worms and crops.

Ex-Secretary John W. Foster, special seal commissioner, was entertained at a banquet at the United States Legation in St. Petersburg.

Scotland Yard detectives are making strenuous efforts to prevent riots and attacks which are rumored to occur on the occasion of the Queen's jubilee.

The greatest statesman of the century, England's premier, Gladstone, has been ignored, and excluded from the London Jubilee festivities. The disgusting Sultan, however, will be represented.

Famine, smallpox and the black plague are ravaging the eastern districts of China. The sky in some localities is black with vultures feasting on the corpses.

In spite of the protests of the Reichstag, Emperor William has ordered the construction of 10 ironclads, and 16 big cruisers. These men-of-war are to be completed by 1900.

After an airship had reached the height of 3,000 feet in Berlin, the attached balloon exploded and Herr Woelfel, the aeronaut and his assistant were precipitated to the ground and crushed.

A dispatch from Athens reports that the armistice between Greece and Turkey has been broken by the Turks, mobilizing reinforcements, fortifying Volos and sending troops to various islands. The dispatch reports also that the Turkish fleet passed out through the Dardanelles at 10 o'clock last night.

DIED AT HIS POST.

Engineer Remains on his Seat While the Engine is Wrecked.

Train No. 2, southbound express on the Grand Rapids & Indiana railway, was derailed at Stone station, near Ridgeville, Ind. The rails are said to have spread, ditching the engine, tender, mail and baggage cars. The engine was totally demolished, instantly killing Engineer David Kramer, of Ft. Wayne, aged 59 years. He did not leave his seat, and was found under the engine. Fireman Grabel, of Ft. Wayne; Baggage-master Marzetti, of Ft. Wayne; and S. W. Mundy, the express messenger of Grand Rapids, were injured. No passengers were hurt. Heat is supposed to have caused the spreading of the rails.

Fainted on the Seafloor.

James French was hanged at Rockford, Ill., for the cold-blooded murder of his wife last July. French did not weaken till the last, but fainted as the black cap was placed over his head. Deputies had to brace him for a minute till the trap could be sprung. Sheriff Oliver suffered nervous prostration last night, and the execution had to be postponed nearly an hour to allow him to perform it.

SYNDICATE BY THE NEWSPAPER MEN.

McKINLEY WAS FIRM.

An Invitation to Vanderbilt's Mansion Rejected by the President.

Returning to Washington from his trip to the Nashville Exposition, President McKinley accepted an invitation to visit Biltmore House, George W. Vanderbilt's splendid mansion at Asheville, N. C. Mr. Vanderbilt is abroad, and his representative, Charles McNamee, is with him. In the absence of both the estate is governed by E. J. Harding, said to be the Englishman by birth. When waited on by the local committee of arrangements a day or two ago for permission to enter Biltmore house, he objected strongly to receiving any members of the party other than the president and his cabinet and the ladies with them. He even refused permission to Manager McKisick of Battery Park hotel, in charge of the party here, and in the course of conversation had with two members of the committee said: "Mr. Vanderbilt spits on newspaper notoriety, and so do I." When the President learned the action that had been taken in regard to his guests, the newspaper men, Mr. Harding was informed through Secretary Post, that the President would not step his foot inside the estate if the newspaper men were barred. This brought things to a crisis, and Mr. Harding capitulated with the best grace possible, and the newspaper men were admitted to the mansion on the same footing as the president and his cabinet.

OHIO DAY AT NASHVILLE.

The President Greatly Pleased with the Exposition and Tennessee.

From Washington to Tennessee, from north to south, greeted by both blue and gray, the nation's chief made his way to the great Nashville Exposition. All along the route large delegations availed themselves of the opportunity of seeing the President, and the people were not disappointed. Surrounded by a guard of ex-Confederate soldiers, McKinley Thursday morning made his way to the exposition grounds. Amid the chiming of bells, the playing of bands, the enthusiasm of thousands, the beauties of the Southern Exposition burst upon the presidential party. In the afternoon the President and Mrs. McKinley held a reception and in the evening they viewed a grand display of fireworks. Gov. Taylor of Tennessee made the address of welcome, which was responded to by Gov. Bushnell of Ohio and President McKinley. The Governor expressed the hope that the bond between the two states might grow stronger year by year. The President said in part:

Officers of the Tennessee Centennial Exposition, Ladies and Gentlemen—American nationality compared with that of Europe and the East is still very young; and yet already we are beginning to have age enough for centennial anniversaries in states other than the original thirteen. Such occasions are always interesting, and when celebrated in a practical way, are useful and instructive.

This celebration is of general interest to the whole country, and of special significance to the people of the South and West. It marks the end of the first century of the state of Tennessee and the close of the first year of the second century. One hundred and six years ago this state was admitted into the union as the sixteenth member in the great family of American commonwealths. It was a welcome addition to the national household—a community of young, strong and sturdy, with an honored and heroic ancestry, with fond anticipations not only of its founders, but faith in its success on the part of its present and sagacious statesmen in all parts of the country. I am justified in saying that these anticipations have been grandly realized, that the present of this community of sterling worth is even brighter than prophecies of the past had dared to forecast it.

Your exposition shows better than any words of mine can tell the details of your wealth of resources and power of production. You have done wisely in exhibiting these to your own people and to your sister states, and at so time could the display be more effective than now, when what the country needs more than all else is restored confidence in its resources. This exhibition demonstrates directly your own faith and purpose and signifies in the widest sense your true and unflinching belief in the irrepressible pluck of the American people, and is a promising indication of the return of American prosperity.

Men and women I see about me from all parts of the country, and thousands more will assemble here before the exposition is closed. Let ourselves and let them always remember that whatever differences about politics may have existed, or still exist, we are all Americans before we are partisans, and value the welfare of all the people above party or section. Citizens of different states, we yet love all the states. The lesson of the hour, then, is this—that whatever adverse conditions may temporarily impede the pathway of our national progress, nothing can permanently defeat it.

Objected to Black Gowns.

At a meeting of the General Council of the Reformed Episcopal Church it was decided by a majority vote that only the black gown should be worn by members of the clergy. This action aroused the displeasure of many in attendance, and Bishop Cheney retired from office, many others following suit. On account of his action the congregation, Miss Harriet S. Benson has withdrawn a trust fund from which source the church derives a benefit of \$15,000 a year.

No Cause for Anxiety.

Stanton Sickles, secretary of the United States ministry at Madrid, is quoted as saying there is no cause for anxiety regarding the relations between the United States and Spain.

President McKinley has not settled upon a definite policy toward Cuba, according to Mr. Sickles. The president will probably wait to hear from the retiring United States minister as to what course to take.

Nominations Confirmed.

The senate confirmed the following nominations: Harold S. Vanburen, of New Jersey, to be the consul at Nice, France; Frank A. Leach, to be superintendent of the mint at San Francisco, Cal.; Robert S. Porson, of South Dakota, to be deputy auditor for the interior department; William Lynch, to be assayer of the mint at New Orleans.

Killed by Lightning.

Charles Walters and Charles Smith, while putting up the center pole for Ringling's circus tent at Wahpeton, N. D., were struck by lightning.

TROUBLE IN INDIA.

Twenty-five Soldiers and two Officers Killed in the Conflict.

The Mullah of Pownindah, a fanatic priest, is charged with having caused the massacre of 25 British soldiers and two officers.

Indications are that the affair more than a mere conflict with natives and that the notorious massacre of Pownindah is at the bottom of the trouble. The latest advices are that political officer, Mr. McGee, was visiting Shibrani with an escort of British officers when he was attacked at Madras by superior forces. The British troops were compelled to retreat and were followed for several miles by the Sikhs, and the British officers were killed. The fighting was desperate. All the British officers were severely wounded. Capt. Brown, of the First Sikh Regiment, was killed, and Surgeon-General, Lieut. Crookshank, of the Royal Artillery, were killed, and Surgeon-General, Lieut. Higginson, of the First Sikh Regiment, Lieut. Scaton-Brown, of the Punjab Infantry, were wounded. A second dispatch does not mention the death of Col. Doney, but states the fact that it says that Col. Gray, of the Punjab Infantry, was killed. Miranshah, has taken over the command of the British force engaged, it is inferred that Col. Bunnay is also among the dead. Mr. McGee is the displeasure of Great Britain some time ago for stirring up a rebellion among the natives and was expelled. Since then he has lived in Afghanistan, and been actively engaged in plotting against the English.

The Supreme court of Indiana has decided that the three-cent carfare law is constitutional.

Captain George Tillett, of Riverdale, Tenn., fatally shot his son-in-law, John Glenn. The trouble arose over Glenn's bad treatment of his daughter.

TURKEY WANTS SUPPORT.

Peace Negotiations Between the Sultan and Greece Progressing Slowly.

The Turkish government has issued a circular to the powers with a view to obtain their support in the peace negotiations, but thus far Russia alone has replied expressing the opinion that the question of the indemnity and the calculation of the amount of the indemnity should be settled by the delimitation of the Thessaly. This reply is regarded by the Turkish circles as justifying the hope that Russia will support the restoration of Thessaly.