THE MIDDLEBURGH POST.

GEO. W. WAGENSELLER. Editor and Proprietor

Middleburg, Pa., November 28, 1895

France has three hundred Senators, while this country has but eightyeight.

It is estimated that the commerce of the great lakes for 1895 will run over 45,000,000 tons, of a value of \$640,000,000.

Lord Windsor draws about \$500,. 300 a year of "uncarned increment" from the mines of the south of Engand and Wales.

The Danish government is considering a project to spend 20,000,000 erowns to supply 600 worthy laborers with farms. It would be a good investment.

John Habberton says that he is ! ... ting money from "Helen's Babies" ret, and the book has paid him \$12,-300, though he had hard work to find a publisher who would touch it.

"The unwelcome and unsuitable responsibility of the ballot" is what a large number of inducatial New York women call the "Oright" for which a good many other women clamor.

A medical authority on the virtues of various kinds of food declares that the herring gives the muscles elasticity, the body strength and the brain vigor, and is not not desh-forming.

San Francisco's Fire Department Committee has declared against tall buildings and recommended the passage of an ordinance prohibiting the prection of fireproof buildings of a greater height than 100 feet, and provided that buildings that are not fireproof shall not exceed eighty feet in height.

The speed with which Australian mining camps suddenly develop into large cities is shown by Coolgardie, the centre of the new mining district West Australia, that is on the edge of a great desert. Two years ago it was unknown to the world on Wednesday a fire burned a whole block in the centre of the town and the loss is estimated at \$1.45 Ti derful devel

BIBO Seen South Af ica. It rivals even the room growth of California cities in pioneer days.

Dr. Talmage preached in Pittsburg on a recent Sunday, and the Gazette of that city heads its report of the sermon as follows: "In one wild rush thousands gathered yesterday to hear Dr. Talmage preach. Fought to get into church. Women scaled the MORE RECRUITS FOR CUBA. fence and climbed in the windows, They had to start a hospital. Thirty policemen were powerless to keep the crowd in order. Women fainted and Sunday clothes were badly damaged, The crowd began to gather for the evening service at 3 o'clock. By church time twenty thousand people were gathered in front of the church. Stopped the street cars."

A recent census bulletin, says Womankkind, dealing with the occupations of the people of the United States shows that 48 per cent of all persons, male and female, more than ten years of age are engaged in some gainful occupation. The total number of working people is 22,735,661, of which 18,820,950 are men, and 3,914, 711 women-a gain of 1,267,554 women since 1850, a rate of increase nearly three and one half times as great as the increase of working men. A study of the tables in the bulletin reveals some interesting comparisons, In 1880 there was one woman architeet in the country; in 1890 there were 22; then there were but five lawyers, ten years later there were 208; there were 67 women elergymen in 1880; in 1890, 1.235, The number of actresses increased from 692 to 3,949; artists and teachers of art from 412 to 10,810; dentists from 24 to 337; designers, draughtsmen and inventors, from 13 to 306; journalists, 35 to 888; musicians and teachers of music, 5,753 to 64,519; government officials, 414 to 4,875; physicians and surgeons, 527 to 4,555; theater managers, showmen, etc., 100 to 634; brokeepers, accountants, clerks and copyists, from 8,011 to 92,825; stemographer and typewriters, from 7 to 21, 185; sale-women, from 2,775 to 5 119. There were two veterinary san germs and forty-six chemists and as-a ... in 1890, against none or either a sso. -

The Secretary o Ag louiture says that the exportation of horses to Great Britain has more than doubted since 1893.

THE SLIPPERY SULTAN.

A BUTCHER IN POWER

Bahri Pasha Puts in Charge of Turkish Troops at Aleppo.

In spite of the Sultan's profession of soile itude for peace and his apparent auxiety to restore tranquility, evidenced by the release Armenian suspects from prison and the promulgation of urgent orders, there has occurred a further instance of manifest insult to the powers, especially Great Britain. This was the appointment of Bahri Pasha as mili-

tary commander in the Aleppo district
This notorious official made himself so
conspicuous by his cruelty to the Armenians and maladministration of his district when corrier of Van, that British Ambassador Currie demanded his removal, which was done only after infinite trouble. Following this degradation the Suitan cooly gave England a slap in the face by forgiving the butcher, and bestowing upon him the decoration of the Order of the Ormanich. ation of the Order of ation of the Order of the Osmanich. Soon afterward it was said that Bahri Pasha was to be appointed to command the large forces of Turkish troops being concentrated at Marash for a movement upon Zeitoun, which is held by the Armenians. This report raised is held by the Armenians. This report raised such a storm of indigration that the plan was

Now, however, Bahri Pasha has been ap-Now, however, Bahri Pasha has been ap-pointed military commander of the Aleppo district. The bad impression which this has produced can hardly be exaggerated, for the diplomats feel that it will be almost impossible to prevent film from pursuing the same factics at Aleppo as he did at Van.

Upon receiving the news of Babri Pasha's appointment to the military command of Aleppo the representatives of the powers held a meeting and discussed the matter. The re-suit was that they have joined in a note to the Turkish government saying that they cannot answer for consequences which must ensue should the Armenians of Zeitoun be ensue should the Armenians of Zeitoun be massacred after their surrender, which the Armenian pstriarch, at the instance of the powers, is endeavoring to bring about in order to provent further bloodshed. Aleppo is situated about 75 miles distant from Marash, which is about 15 miles from Zeitoun, and is the capital of the vilsyet of Haleb, in which both Marash and Zeitoun are illusted. both Marash and Zeitoun are situated.

A dispatch from Constantinople says that evillages have been burned in the north-20 villages have been burned in the north-western portion of the district of Aleppe, and that the inhabitants have been massacred, The Kurds are gathering on the borders of the Euphrates, preparing to march into Syria for the purpose of massacroing the Christians

AIMED AT THE TURK.

Prominent Men of New York Protest

Against Barbarities in Armenia. A large audience assembled at Chickering Hall, New York, at the call of the Armenian Relief Association to protest against Turkish barbarities and to appeal to the powers to protect Christians and Armenians in Turkey. President Seth Low, of Columbia College presided, and made a short address. Rev. Father Ducey made a speech, and Varian Dillogan, an Armenian Christian, who escaped the massacres of last summer, related his ex-

The following resolutions were adopted: That it is our opinion the Sultan of Turkey has forfeited all right to rule over the Armen

ian people.

"That we respectfully urge our Government to make every possible effort to induce the governments of Christendom to rouse themselves from their apathy and put an end

itens wide extermination of thousands bousands of innocent fellow Christians. ast we urge apon our government also to do everything in its power to preserve the fruits of American missionary toil.

"That we express our ardent sympathy with the unutterable sufferings of this perse cuted race, and that we call upon all the peo-ple of Christendom to insist that these unutterable sufferings shall cease,

President Low, in his speech, said that the owers of Europe were to isting state of affairs, and particularly England, for she had, after the Crimen war, practically guaranteed the protection of Christians in Turkey.

National Guard and West Point Officers Now Ready to Embark.

The Cuban revolutionary party in New York has been very active during the last week in completing the final arrangements for the transportation of the largest expedition to Cuba since the hostilities began between the insurgents and the armies of Spain. Every step in this movement has been conducted with the greatest secrecy, and so well has the affair been managed that the local leaders are satisfied that the authorities will not be able to interfere with the starting of the flibustering.

This expedition is net made up of the ordinary class of recruits. Among the men are several members of the National Guard of New York and New Jersey, and several grad-uates from West Point, who have seen active service. Teese are the kind of men whom the nsurgent leaders say are most needed now to speed their cause along. Fresident Palma i quoted as follows regarding bonds:

"I am awaiting for a prominent Cuban, who will arrive here from Europe in a few days. Then I will appoint a committee, at the head of which I will place that gentleman. I don't know a recommentation of the committee of the comm man, I don't know as yet the amount we will issue, but we need lots of money, and will probably issue \$30,000,000 worth. not expect to place that ameunt, but I will take as much as I can. We will pay six per cent, interest, and the principal will be paid as soon after the war as possible.

DEADLY FEUD IN ALABAMA

Tares Men Killed Because One Was Ac cused of Stealing Melons.

As a result of a feud between the Handley, Jones and Kilgore families, near Birmingham, Ala., Joseph Kilgore and John Jones are dead and John Handley is fatally injured. The trouble started over Jones accusing ley of stealing watermelons.

Handley, accompanied by Frank Kilgore, a relative, went to Oak Run to transact some Both men carried their rifles Jones and Joseph Kilgore, a consin of Frank followed and overtook them near Marietta. Jones told Handley if he would submit to a cowhiding that would settle matters. Handley rejected the proposition, and Jones and his friend opened fire. A pitched battle fol-lowed. Each man fired until his weapon was exhausted, fully two dozen shots being exchanged. Frank Kilgore, who was unburt,

Will Train the Negroes.

The South Carolina constitutional convention adapted a proposition providing for the establishment of an industrial, mechanical and normal school for negroes under state control. It was also provided that the dispensary profis outside of what is given to the counties and municipalities shall be ap-piled to the school fund.

Black Sea Fleet.

A dispatch from Sebastopol says that the Black sea flest, which 10 days ago was ordered to lay up for the winter, has been recommissioned, and that the troops stationed at Odessa have been warned to be in readiness for active service.

TRADE REVIEW.

Iron and Steel Products Show a Decrease With Competition for Orders.

R. G. Dun & Co., eay: Of reaction in business there is none. Efforts to explain it or to attribute it to this or that temporary influence are all wasted. In every business men now perceive the fact that the purchases in advance of current distribution, which were made when prices were booming, invoived of a necessity a season of halting when the rise stopped, and until the actual demand for consumption has been recognized. sumption has been measured.

Iron and steel products are lower, averag-

ing 1 per cent for the week and 7 per cent for the highest. Bessemer, anthracite No. 1 bar are quoted lower, while sales below quotations are frequent. There is competition for orders, most works having little shead. and new business is remarkably small. Structural work is cut down by the strike of bouse workers here, and quite a number of mills, principally bar, have stopped within a few days. The associations reaffirms prices, but do not well enough to keep works busy.

The demand for cheap boots and shoes is a

The demand for cheap boots and shoes is a shade better, but many shops are idle, or working part time, and buyers generally hold off, aithough considerable reductions are now offered by manufacturers, on men's split shoes and on grain, grain-glove and buff polish and polka shoes. Shipments for the month are 22.7 per cent less than last year. Leather is weaker, though only one class is quoted lower; but hides at Chicago have again declined about 2 per cent, and average relatively lower than leather and shoes.

Products are lower, without disturbance or

Products are lower, without disturbance or sign of panic. A reputable estimate of 475, 000,000 bushels of wheat excites fittle remark. Prices have declined about 1 cent. Corn de-clined 1/2 a cent further. Pork products also have reason for weakening; lard 15 cents per have reason for weakening; lard 15 cents per 100 pounds and pork 25 cents per barrel. The cotton market has been assisted all the week by small receipts and remarkably stiff statements of scarcity, but has gained a sixteenth. Exports are small, partly because stocks abroad are heavy and partly because the manufacturer abroad does not find a market for the usual quantity of goods, the British being especially substrassed. being especially embarrassed. In this country the cotton manufacturer has fared better, escaping an excessive rise and the resulting decline. Retail distribution has hardly kept pace with manufacturers orders or with sales to retailers. The opening of clay worsteds by two leading mills at advanced prices has not yet been followed by others, and it is doubted whether foreign prices, after London woot sales gext week, will be hopeful, Failures for he week have been 320 in the

United States, against 322 last year, and 42 in Canada, against 31 last year.

BEAR AND LION.

England and Russia Arranging a Little Private Turkey Dinner.

The Odessa correspondent of the London 'Daily News' says that it is reported in official circles that in view of the possible disruption of Furkey, Russia and England are negotiating an agreement which will give the czar a free hand for the occupation or annexation o Antolia, while England will have the right to establish a permanent protectorate in Egypt.

"Chronicle" prints a dispatch from Vienna, which asserts that the news that Russia has backed out of concerted European arrangements for the settlement of the Turk isk question, produced a heavy fall in the bourse there. The correspondent explains that Russia has agreed to the assembling of the fleets in the Levant, and that the cgar is willing to negotiate measures in the future.

The Telegraph publishes a dispatch from Constantinopie which asserts that no news of Fresh disturbances in Asia Minor has received since Saturday, and that confidence is apparently being restored. At Aleppo it is hoped that the worst is over, and it is be-lieved that quiet has been re-established in

European Turkey.
The correspondent also announces that the Armenian women of Constantinople have addressed a memorial and an appeal to Lady Henry Somerset, well known for her work in the W. C. T. U. in particular, and for her efforts as a humanitarian in general.

WHITE HOUSE SAFEGUARDS

The Police Protection Greater Than Auy Time Since the War.

The sentry boxes that were placed in close proximity to the various entrances to the White House a year ago, and which were removed for the summer, have been replaced. They are so located that every approach to the mansion can be commanded by their in-

During the summer while the President and his family were absent from the city, the police patrol of the White House and surrounding grounds was maintained, and at present the force of guards, watchmen and policemen on duty is greater than at any time since the war. They are on duty within and without the mansion at all hours of the day and night, and their details are so arranged that there are never less than six officers on duty in the grounds at all times, in addition, the system of automatic alarms connecting the mansion with police headquarters and with the military posts at Ft. Meyer, the Marine barracks and elsewhere, has never been so perfect as now, and the inmates of the White House feel safe from

BAD BOOKS SPOILED THEM

The Boy Train Wreckers Who Will Be Held For Murder.

The coroner's inquest in the wreck of a New York Central train, near Rome, N. Y., by four boys, shows that they expected to rob dead and dying passengers of about \$30,000. The confession of Watson Hildreth, leader of the gang, was supplemented by two of his companions. Herbert Plato and Theodore dubbard. They say reading sensational tovels caused the crime. The fourth boy, Hubbard. Frederick Bristol, is slient, but his compan-ions implicate him. The boys are in jail, and do not seem in the least remorseful

Two passengers were killed and a number injured in the wreck. When the boys realized the result of their work, they became frightened and fled. They will be tried for

CRISIS IN EUCADOR.

Forty-threePersons Arrested for Being in an Assassination Plot.

A cable from Panama says: "Guayquil, Eucador, advices state that 43 prominent members of the Conservative party have been arrested there and charged with being im plicated in a conspiracy to assassinate Presi-dent Alfaro and his cabinet, as well as other government officials. A ministerial crisis reigns in the republic, and one minister has

Mormon Elders Chased.

Elders Nebecker and Rogers, who came to Taliahassee, Fia., to sow seeds of the Mor-mon faith, were arrested. They were charged with being a menance to the place, dig-nity and good morals of the city, and were fined \$200 or 60 days in jail. Judgment was held in abeyance for one hour, to give them time to leave, which they did.

Makes Children Legitimate

The South Carolina constitutional convention took action adopting an ordinance pro-viding that courts should recognize divorces granted heretofore and hereafter in other states of the union, under certain conditions Its passage logitimatizes bundreds of children in the state.

KEYSTONE STATE CULLINGS

THE DYNAMITE LET LOOSE

Apd Three men Were Hurled Several Hundred Feet.

One hundred pounds of dynamite, which was being thawed out on a screen above a stove in a shanty at the North Lebanon stone quarries, exploded with terrible force. Wililam Thompson, Harry Hillard and Pierce Pietter, who were standing nearby, were hurled several hundred feet. Thompson, who stood nearest the building, was terribly in-jured, his face and body being filled with jured, his face and body being filled with splinters of wood and small pieces of iron and tin. Almost all his hair was burnt off his head, and he will lose the eight of both eyes. Pietter had his arm broken, but Hillard escaped injury.

At Tarentum a bold robbery was perpetra-ted Tuesday morning by three men, who broke open the store of Hess, Lindsay & Co., on Nogley avenue. The robbers secured only \$70. as Mr. Hess had deposited oves \$800 yesterday. Evidently the work was well planned, as Friday was pay day at the plate glass works and the firm generally has large sums paid in at that time.

Court at Washington sentenced Jules Boise to a \$500 fine and four months in the work-house for keeping a speak-easy at Primrose. The shortage of \$300 in the accounts of the

postmaster at Cassandria. Cambria county, has been made good by his bondsmen. John Miller was killed in the rallroad yards at Lock Haven while coupling cars,

Mrs. Wilson, State organizer, instituted a women's auxiliary of the Order of Railway Conductors at Altoona.

Albert Hamilton, of Sharon, sentenced to wo years in the Columbus, O., penitentinry for complicity in many burgiaries in eastern Ohio, is in a critical condition in prison, the result of attempting suicide by swallowing sulphuric acid used in the polishing department where he was working.

The Beaver Falls and Beaver electric street car company is to be revived at New Brighton.

The sherig has closed Samuel Lewin's clothing store at Bellefonte. Linbilities about \$25,000; assets, \$7,000 to \$8,000,

F. J. Palosseter, of Connecticut, a Nickel Plate brakeman, was blown from the top of his train near Ashtabula and had his skull fractured. He died en route to Erie hos-

Lizzle Moore, formerly Lida Thomas, of New Castle, was sentenced at Cleveland to five years in the penitentiary for picking

The Pennsylvania Society Sons of the American Revolution held their second anniversary meeting of the organization at the Hotel Duquesne, Pittsburg.

Thieves stole 85 chickens and 25 turkeys from Mrs. Dimond, of Greensburg.

Thomas L. Jones, of Greensburg, has bear appointed general manager of Coulter-Huff

Fire caused a loss of, over \$3,000 by destroying a building used as a sample room by the Logan hotel, at Altoona. Profs. J. D. Trussell, of Claysville; Hall, of

California Normal school; Stevenson, of Eurgetistown, and Dalbey, of Monongahela, are all candidates for school superintendent of Washington county.

David Harris, colored, of Rochester, was fatally crushed by a safe falling on him.

John Shepae was crushed to death by a fall of rock at Lemont, Fayette county. J. W. Frasher was appointed postmaster at

Smock, Fayette county. Judge Gannison, of Erie, sentenced John Cuddy, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad robber, to three and a half years in the penitentiary.

Fire at Cooperstown, 10 miles south of Butler, on the Butler plank road, destroyed H. D. McCrea's restaurant, C. M. Stoddard's residence, M. Kline's billiard room, Mr. Leslie's dwelling and the stores of Bellis & Co., and McClelland & Burch, The total loss is

Frederick Held, who kept a tailor store in Latrobe, has been mysteriously missing since Thursday last, when he left home with \$40 that he said he was to deposit in the bank. He did not reach the bank and nothing has been heard from him.

The New Castle City Council has ordered the city solicitor to bring criminal proceed ing against the Shenango Gas company tearing up streets in violation of a city ordi-

George Jones fell from a Pitteburg and Westers railread trestle between New Castle and Ellwood on Monday night. He lay in the gulen until next morning, and was seriously injured.

The residence of W. H. Stewart, at Claysville, was destroyed by fire on Monday, new water works failed to be of any v as the hose and fire engine were locked up and the keys could not be found.

The residence of William Stonebaker, at Tyrone, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$1,000. David Stoner's house, barn and other buildings at Scottdale, were destroyed by fire. Loss, \$5,000.

Will Martin, colored, aged 18, is in jail at Uniontown, charged with assault upon Rob-ert Hurd of Dunbar. Hurd is dying.

IRON TRADE OUTLOOK.

Interest.

Scarcely Life Enough to Create Any

The "Iron Trade Review" says. There is scarcely life enough in the iron market to create any interest in the limited business that a week brings forth. Settling prices for pig iron and steel; weakness, though less pronounced, in nearly every form of finished pro-duct; a prolongation of the wait in iron ore, that now promises to go on until there are distinct signs of new conditions in secondary markets—this is the situation in brief. There is plenty of optimism abroad in the trade, in spite of the quietness, and there are those whose predictions of \$20 Bessemer from were made freely and confidently three months ago, who are still giving utterance to their faith in the pientiful buying and the remunerative prices that are to come with the opening of the new year.

Coke Production.

The coke shipments for the last week of record were considerably over 10,000 cars. and would have been larger if the railroads had been able to carry them. The production fell of 10,000 tons from the previous week and consequently 32,760 tons of stock coke

The production was not in excess of the demand, but is being regulated to correspond with the facilities for shipping. The number of active ovens increased 83, making a total of 16 118 in blast and 1,829 idle.

The total shipments for the week ending November 16 were 10,241 cars an increase of 768 cars over the previous week.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Queen Victoria's daily income is \$8000. Gladstone will spend the winter at Monte

General Schofield has concluded to return to Chicago to live.

Senator Hill, of New York, will lecture on "Liberty" in ten cities.

Lieutenant Perry announces that he has learned the Eskimo language.

Richard Watson Gilder is probably the best known of New York's poets, J. M. Coe Forsaythe, the future king of the Cannibal islands, is worth \$2,000,000.

It is said that the Prince of Wales receives begging letters, on an average, every

Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal, is going to Europe to write a life of Abraham Lincoln.

Count Tolstoi recently refused two big offers for a story he had written, and gave it to a magazine for nothing. Sir A'gernon Borthwick, editor of the London Morning Post, is the first journalist who has been raised to the British peerage.

Governor Brown, of Kentucky, proposes to move to Louisville and engage in the

practice of law at the expiration of his term Count Badenyi, the new Prime Minister of Austria, is descended from an Italian cook, who was in the service of one of the last Kings of Poland. He has not a hair on his

The poet of the Fifty-fourth Congress is Rowland Blennerhusset Mahany, from the Thirty-second New York District. He is a native of Buffalo, and has had a stiff struggle

native of Buff with fortune. S. M. Inman, of Atlanta, Chairman of the S. M. Inman, of Atlanta, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Southern States and Cotton Exposition, has donated \$50,000 to pay the floating debt, and the other mem-bers paid the other \$50,000.

Ex-Empress Eugenie, in her latest will, has constituted herself the godmother of all male children born in France on the birth-day of her son. The number amounts to 3834, all of whom she has remembered in her

Marion Butler, of North Carolina, youngest of the members of the new Senate, is thirty-two years old. His father was an extensive slaveholder, and he was reared on a plantation, but the war deprived him of his

family possessions. James B. Garfield, who was elected State Senator from his father's old district in Ohio, was nominated on July 2, the four-teenth anniversary of his father's assassina-tion. He is thirty-three years old, and closely resembles the late President.

Frank S. Black, Representative in Congress from the Nineteenth New York District, began life as a farmhand and now looks like a college professor. He is a Maine man by birth, and taught school after he gave up farm work. Later he was a newsopaper reporter, and then he studied law, a paper reporter, and then he studied law, a profession in which he has been succ

General Duchesne, commander of the French army that routed the Hovas in Madagascar, won the Cross of the Legion of Honor at Solferino, and is now fifty-eight years old. He distinguished himself in the war of 1870 and in the Tonquin campaign. At present he is on the high tide of popular esteem and if he desires may perhaps succeed Boulanger in the role of the "man on horseback,"

J. Frank Hanley, from the Ninth Indiana District, is the log-cabin man of the Fifty-fourth Congress. He was born thirty-two years ago, amid the forests of Champaign years ago, amid the forests of Champaign County. This was a sparsely settled section, and his parents were very poor. They had no neighbors nearer than four miles. When six years old his father purchased a "History of the Civil War," and from this the boy learned to read.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

Proceedings to Bring the N. Y. P. & O., in as a Part of the Erie.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust company, of New York, filed a petition in Common Pleas court at Akron asking for a receiver for the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio railroadwhich is a portion of the Eris extending from Dayton, O., to Salamanaca, N. Y. Herman Drisler and W. T. Neiswanger, trustees, are also named as defendants

The plaintiff company hold a mortgage on the road of \$37,000,000, made in May, 1883, on which interest has never been paid. The plaintiffs and defendants selected Charles Whitehead, of New York, as receiver, but Judge Veris could not appoint him, as he is not a resident of the State. John Ted, of Cleveland, vice president of the line, was ap-pointed. This is due to pay the debts of the road, that it may become part of the reorgantzed Erie.

TWO GREAT FIRES.

Five Lives and Half a Million Dollars

Lost. During a fire which swept through the Dry Goods and Woolen Exchange building at Chicago, Friday, five firemen were carried through a floor a buried under tons of wreckage by the collapsing of five floors above. Four of the men are dead, but the fifth was not seriously injured. One girl fell from a window and received injuries from which she died. A dozen other men, women and girls were hurt or overcome by smoke, and many were rescued from imminent death. property loss to the building and contents is estimated at \$400,000.

A fire Thursday destroyed \$500,000 worth of property. The seven-story brick building extending from 175 Canal street to Jackson street, a nine-story brick and a great part of a four-story brick building adjoining are in ruins. The seven and nine story buildings were owned by Warren Springer, and the four-story structure by William J. Wilson. The loss on the buildings, \$150,000, is amply insured.

Control of the Senate.

Not counting the disputed senatorship from Delaware, the Republicans will have 42 senators, requiring two more to make a majority of the 87 senators holding unchanged seats. The Democrats will have 39, and the Pop-ulists 6. When the two Utan senators both Republicans, are admitted early in the coming year, the number of senators will be increased to 90, or 89, allowing for the Dela-ware vacancy. Forty-six will be a majority of a full senate, while the Republicans will have only 44, being as far from a majority as they are now. The admission of the Utah senators and the decision of the Delaware contest in their favor will not give them a majority. As the senate, unlike the house, a continuous body, and always organized for business, this complication will not interfere with its taking up legislative work at the opening of the session, as the old officers will hold over until superseded by new elections.

Powderly's Successor.

At Thursday's session of the general as-sembly of the Knights of Labor J. A. Wright, one of the original members of the order, and en the rolls of local assembly No. 1, of Dis-trict No. 1, of Philadelphia, was appointed to a ceneral master workmen, a position vapast general master workmen, a position va-cated by the suspension of Mr. Powderly. This appointment is made as a fitting recognition of the services of Mr Wright through out the many years of his membership in the

Millers Appeal to Congress

Sovereign Resigned.

In executive session of the general assembly K. of L. Assembly 49 of New York, made charges of general mismanagement against General Master Workman Sovereign, where upon the latter resigned. The great majority of the delegates sided with Sovereign, and after a very heated debate he was re-elected.

NEWS FROM THE CAPITAL

THE GOLD STANDARD.

Annual Report of Director of the Mis Preston.

Director of the Mint Preston, in his annureport to the Secretary of the Treasury, a the approximate stock of money in the pr cipal countries of the world is: Gold, 81 osc, 800,000; full legal tender silver, \$439,300,000; limited tender silver, \$631,000,000; making a total silver stock of \$4,700

500,000; uncovered notes, \$2,460,500,000 Mr. Preston states that the real demonstra tion of silver took place in 1853, when the weight of the divisional coins was reduced about 7 per cent. This was not an accident or oversight. It was expressly declared the house of representatives that the intention was "to make gold the sole standard and the so value" in large transactions, and sliver spi servient to it for small ones.

Mr. Presion states that the currency last af the United States since 1873 are not on inconsistent, but contradictory, obstructive each others oberations and mutually destrtive. He says that on January 1, 187 date of the resumption of specie pays the only currency, except coin certifical quired to be redeemed in gold coin, was it \$346,681,016, legal tender notes then con standing, which the then secretary of it treasury was of the opinion that ag serve of \$100,000,000 would be suffimaintain, so long as there was no in but the paper currency redeemable sentation has been increased \$155 issued in payments of the silver bull chased under the act of July 14, 1890 Of these notes there were outstand November 1, \$141,092,280, making th government obligations as money, 2 206, redeemable on presentation. As

these there were outstanding Nover 1895, \$333,456,236, In silver certificat as the act of July 14, 1890, declared the established policy of the United maintain the two metals at parity " other, upon the present ratio as may be provided by law," the a total of \$821,22,532, resting on the the gold reserve of \$100,200,000, and to maintain the parity between the tw the government has been compelled a row \$162,000,000 in gold within the pass years.

Grants of Arid Lands. Secretary Hoke Smith, in his annual rewill recommend that the Carey law gran

which such lands are situated, be 1,000,000 acres of arid lands to so that the grant be made to the st right, and it be made responsible for rigation of the lands. Under the now stands, it would be many years; the state would receive the benefit of grant, and Secretary Smith believes the state can carry out better the intent congress if it gets control of the entire go at once, instead of waiting until water ; cured for the lands

APPALLING CRIMES

The Sultan Ordered the Massacre of 000 Christians.

The following letter has been received Boston from a reliable correspondent is 0 stantinople: "The turks have induced some of the sidized European papers to speak crimes as Armenian outbreaks, etc. ambassadors have full reports, which ought to publish, that resute all the show conclusively that the sultan, we day or two after he signed the reforms ordered the Armenians to be in

Armenian majority in any of the per The people sought the spoils obtains so did not execute the sultan's wis fullest extent. But the loss of life! awful. Moreover, there seems to of preventing more of the same sort

order that there should be no questi

"It is the most awful crime of because it is so persistently falsified to authors. "Everywhere the story is the san liberate preparation, and then a st Europe that the Armenians attacked

offensive Turks, and were reduced t after a few had been killed. Worse times are in store for us. is divided in counsel, and the Torks that nothing is done for this grime, to extremities. The highest Mos-has declared that the suitan canno be restrained in the exercise of his he is the representative of God for the

earth.

"From 15,000 to 20,000 people have slaughtered during the last month, consequence no less than 100,000 heretofore dependent on them for the food, are now in want. The coming will witness a vast amount of is not alone at Sassoun, but all over where these occurrences have take A dispatch to the London Daily Constantinople, giving a general the situation, declares that the recres put the earlier outrages of S Moush entirely in the backbround England or France or Russia sho

the riots are false. PROF. PERDUE LYNCHED

the stories reported officially by beaded consuls all Europe we

things possible. Wherever these

investigated matters, they have

aghast at the proof, surprised to th

the accusations that the Armenians pt

A Graduate of Yale and Prom Mason Put to Death by a Mob. Prof. L W. Perdue, a white ma taken from jail at Mt. Vernon, Go lynched Saturday morning by a mo was charged with having betrayed M lie Grady. The grand jury did a true bill, presumably because the gar able to appear before them. A Saturday morning 23 white armed to Sheriff McGreg, or's house and him, saying they had a negro they

As the sheriff came out and starts jail he was overpowered, rel pistol and keys and carried to was locked in a cell while the due from the jail, dragged ! miles through the woods and killed Prof. Perdue was a graduate of 160 lege and a prominent Mason. He tail and three grown children who are hig spected.

Battle In Crete.

Reports have been received at Athel collision between the Turkish tro Christians at Crete. Several of the advices say the reports of the tween the Turkish troops and the C at the island of Crete have been is estimated that thirty persons have killed and wounded.

Strike Ended.

The structural fronworker's strike ras declared several weeks ago a Buchanan, the contractor erecting Park building, Pittsburg, bus off by the president of the Bridge a urai Ironworkers' union, and the return to work. The strike has enously for the employes, and herealted men only will be employed.

The schooner John W. Foster was by United States officials at the best breakwater, suspected of having are ammunition aboard for Cuban inser-None were found, but the vessel is to