

Natural History Item.
Gardening ants collect pieces of vegetable and pile them up to rot in the dark interior of their nests until the rubbish is covered with a growth of fungus on which the ants feed.

MR. ULDBOIE—I am a self-made man, sir. I began life as a barefoot boy. Kennard—Indeed, Well, I wasn't born with shoes on, either—

Deafness Cannot be Cured
By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of deafness cured by catarrh, which cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, etc.

The sweet potato was brought into England in 1563.

A Child Enjoys
The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be constipated or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Alexander the Great, when on a campaign, ate the rations of a common soldier.

J. Kilmer's Swamp-Root cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles.
Pamphlet and Consultation Free.
Laboratory Birmingham, N.Y.

Dove, the poet said there was nothing more delicious than a haunch of venison.

Karl's Clover Root, the great blood purifier, gives freshness and clearness to the complexion and cures constipation. 25 cts. 50 cts. \$1.

Waco, Tex., has a cotton palace.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Britain's flag floats on 5,735 ships.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—LETTIE FERREL, Empson, Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, 1894.

Central Asia makes the best bricks.

Afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Crip—Poison Ivy

A professional nurse, well known in Massachusetts, says: "After a severe cold, followed by the grip, I gave up sick and took my bed. I employed physicians without relief and determined to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I took one bottle and I was feeling much better. I continued with the second bottle and in the middle of May I started for my home."



My summer residence, at Brewster, Cape Cod, while there I came in contact with poison ivy and my hands became very sore. I continued to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and in a short time it overcame my affliction and gave me renewed health. After the first of July I was able to do my work and now feel in the best of health."

ABRAHAM J. CHAFFMAN, Brewster, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels.

P. N. U. 50

Try Them All,

Every Tom, Dick and Harry's Buckwheat.

THEN TRY

Heckers

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS in Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkali or other Chemicals or Fats are used in our Cocoa. It is absolutely pure and contains no sugar or oil.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

WATERBURY BERRY TREATMENT

For Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Headache, Stomachic, and many others. Send for circulars, free. W. ALLEN, 42 Broadway, N.Y. City.

RHEUMATISM CURED

Medicine. Safe, Sure Scientific. Price \$1.00. Sold by Druggists. Send for circulars, free. W. ALLEN, 42 Broadway, N.Y. City.

ANOTHER TRAIN HELD UP.
\$100,000 TAKEN.

Three Bold Bandits Do a Nice Clean Job Down in Texas.

One of the most daring train robberies ever committed in Texas took place eight miles west of Ft. Worth Thursday evening. An eastbound Texas and Pacific passenger train was near Mary's Creek. It was brought to a sudden stop by a danger signal displayed on the trestle. The engineer was covered by three unmasked men who boarded the cab and ordered that the train be backed about a half mile, when the fireman was covered and ordered to break in the express door. He refused but the robbers pulled the triggers of their guns and a number of shots in the air brought the fireman to terms. He broke open the express door with a pick. One of the robbers kept the fireman and engineer covered while the others went into the express car.

Fort Worth is the end of the express run and the safe doors were open. One of the robbers lifted the safe, while the other kept guard over the messengers. At 6 o'clock the train was stopped and 50 minutes later it was in Ft. Worth. The exact amount the robbers secured is not known but it is said to have been nearly \$140,000 in money, gold bullion enroute from San Francisco to Washington, and Texas and Pacific checks. After the hold-up the robbers mounted horses, told the engineer to go on and then made leisurely off. The express officials say they do not know the amount taken but that it is the only through train from the West, and carries every evening a large amount of money. On the arrival of the train at Fort Worth possession was organized to go in every direction after the robbers.

AS A NATIONAL FESTIVAL.

Anniversary of Gustavus Adolphus's Birth Celebrated.

Sunday was the three hundredth anniversary of the birth of Gustavus Adolphus, the hero of Protestantism in the 30 years' war, and the day was generally observed by Protestant Germany. Special services were held in several of the Berlin churches. There was a festival gathering at noon at the Singakademie, at which Prof. Treitschke, the historian, delivered an address on the career of Gustavus Adolphus. The Swedish minister and the staff of the Swedish legation were present. Similar celebrations were held in all the larger German cities. At Lutetia, the scene of the battle in which Gustavus Adolphus was mortally wounded, the whole population joined in the fetes with the greatest enthusiasm. Throughout the grand ducal States-Weimar-Kneissach the day was kept as a national festival.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Turkish Sultan plays rather well on the piano.

The Duke of Norfolk has an income of \$1,845,000 a year.

The Emperor of Austria is strongly opposed to capital punishment.

BRUCE B. ANTHONY's next birthday, her seventy-fifth, falls on February 15.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND dictates nothing to a stenographer, but writes every word of his messages.

PRINCE BISMARCK's first duel was with an Englishman who spoke slightly of the many petty states of Germany.

Count Tolstoy laid the foundation of his literary reputation by writing news letters from Sebastopol during the Crimean war.

LOUIS DONNELLY has resigned the Presidency of the Minnesota State Farmers' Alliance. He will devote the remainder of his life to literary work.

COLONEL RICHARD MALCOLM JOHNSTON, the author of an 1876 Swedish book, celebrated the golden anniversary of their marriage at their home in Baltimore, Md., recently.

WILLIAM THEOBALD, who defeated "Champ" Clark in the Ninth Missouri Congressional District, is a professor of music, and paid little attention to his canvass during the campaign.

SENATOR CORE, of Texas, has served his State as Supreme Court Judge, Governor and United States Senator. He will be sixty-six years old when he retires from office next March.

PRESIDENT ANSELL, of the University of Michigan, believes in doing his whole duty as a citizen. He has been drawn as a juror for the Circuit Court and has declared his intention to serve.

BRET HARTE's hair is snowy white, contrasting sharply with the ruddy glow of his beautiful complexion. His face is clean shaven except for an ample mustache, and his smile most genial.

THE MARQUIS DE LORNE, husband of the Princess Louise, the third daughter of Queen Victoria, of England, has become a partner in a firm of house decorators, and is actively sharing in the designing work.

MAURUS JOKAI, a great novelist of Hungary, has attempted, in a fit of melancholy, to kill himself. He used a chemical fire. His servants burst open the door of his room when the fumes had almost suffocated him.

QUEEN ELIZABETH, of Roumania, is about to celebrate her twenty-fifth wedding anniversary. She was born in Germany fifty-one years ago, and in 1869 married Prince Carol, of Roumania. In literature she is known as "Caroline Selys."

SENATOR ISLAM G. HARRIS, of Tennessee, is the oldest and one of the liveliest members of Congress, though no one knows how old he is, as he informs all inquirers, "That is my private business." He entered Congress in 1849, six years ahead of John Sherman.

His friends see in the present fear of Russia qualities which resemble those of Alexander I. This monarch, whose reign ended in 1825, embodied a firm will with an enlightened policy and an amiable disposition. For a dozen years he ruled the destinies of Europe.

Vance on Elections.

The late Senator Vance, of North Carolina, was elected to the Senate in 1870, but his "disabilities" not having been removed—he had been Governor of North Carolina during the war—after waiting a year without admission, he had to send in his resignation. On his way home, in a depondent mood, he happened to sit behind two ministers who learnedly discussed the doctrine of "election." Knowing his Calvinistic faith, they finally appealed to him. "Well, gentlemen," said he, "my experience is that 'election' will not amount to much unless you first get your 'disabilities' removed." On one occasion he was being driven across the country by a colored driver, who talked about the doctrine of election and free grace. Finally the Senator ventured to ask what the driver thought of his chance of election to salvation. "Well, Mass Vance," said the polite driver, "I can't never hear of no-body being 'lected to anything 'thout he were a candidate."

The value of gold depends on weight, not polish.

TRADE REVIEW.

The Woollen Manufacture Greater Than Last Year.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: It is difficult to detect any change in current business. Prospects after January 1 are considered hopeful; in some branches there are larger orders, and the westbound shipments of merchandise are a little larger. But the working force naturally diminishes near the end of the year, and the holiday traffic brings just a temporary activity. There is reason, however, to expect the employment of a somewhat larger working force after the holidays.

The government report on feeding of wheat to cattle and hogs has scarcely influenced the market. The receipts of wheat are larger than a year ago, and the exports smaller. Estimates of the winter wheat average indicate an increase of 1.9 per cent, with a condition somewhat better than last year. The price of corn has changed but little. Cotton has fallen again to 5 1/2 cents, very close to the lowest point for many years.

The iron industry seems to have distinctly brighter prospects at Chicago, where the iron is firmer and bar in larger demand because of orders for freight cars. But Bessemer iron has sold at \$10.25 at Pittsburgh; steel rails have been reduced to \$22 there and wire rods are a week weaker.

The wool manufacture has been doing 3 per cent more than last year, but 31 per cent less than in 1892, and the average of 104 qualities of wool quoted by Coates Brothers is 13.75 cents, the lowest ever known, 11 per cent lower than last year and 39 per cent lower than in 1892. Manufacturers are receiving more orders for spring and fall, and considerable demand for heavy goods, particularly for overcoatings, on account of the change in the fashion, and there is much confidence expressed that they will be able to continue production at about the present rate after January 1.

The failures this week have been 325 in the United States against 385 last year, and 40 in Canada against 42 last year. "Bradstreet's Financial Review" says: The reassembling of congress and the president's message were the natural speculative factors at the beginning of the present week. Judging by the course of quotations, it may be said the financial portion of the message was favorably received in the stock exchange and banking circles, although there is an almost universal impression that the recommendations are unlikely to result in positive action at the present short session of congress.

Foreign financial opinions are favorable to the suggestions in the message, but the feelings in the foreign markets is that considerable time will elapse before our currency situation can be so favorably affected, and that in the meantime the position afforded a opportunity for further complications of a more or less severe nature. London accordingly took little part in this market and was not a factor.

THE STORE IS CLOSED

Disappearance of a Pittsburg Wholesale Dealer in Produce.

The wholesale commission firm of Kirkpatrick & Johnson, 1011 Liberty street has been closed. This will be said news to a large number of farmers and other shippers of poultry and produce throughout Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, to whom, it is said, the firm owes from \$5,000 to \$7,000. The junior member of the firm, Frank Johnson, is missing, and the other member, the silent partner, is not known to the credit, although his name appears on the firm's books.

Constable Joe Weber, of Allegheny, Master's office, closed the phone of 816 ment for \$75 issued to Elinor Campbell for paid rent. The store was it was awful. My December 1st, he saw that he saw the

When Johnson 6 months of cannon, announced that his partner was a traveling man employed by a Milwaukee commission concern to buy oranges in the South. George Prescott was hired manager, and a dozen employes, including a bookkeeper, receiving clerk, three traveling agents, and a young lady typewriter, were engaged. They are still due the larger portion of their salaries since the concern opened. Preparations were made to do business on a large scale, and sales were heavy and profits large, as the products were offered at low prices. The other commission merchants started at the manner in which their competitor set at the price, but the sequel affords the solution to the mystery. The traveling men were instructed to hire agents who were offered \$75 per month and 1 per cent commission on all the poultry and produce they could secure from farmers. It is said that about 75 of these agents were employed, and received little, if anything, for their work.

Soon shipments began to come in from every direction, which were immediately turned into cash. The shipments were followed shortly by complaints that the checks for the purchases were not forthcoming. The most urgent appeals were met with a temporarily satisfactory answer. Checks were filled out and mailed by Johnson, but he did not attach any signature to them. The consequence was that the shippers were appalled for the time, believing that the checks were to have the checks signed was merely a mistake, and they were returned for correction. In some cases further shipments accompanied their return to the firm.

DE LESEPS IS DEAD

A Life of Activity and Brilliant Achievement Closed.

Count Ferdinand de Lesseps died Friday at Luchena, near Vatan, in the department of l'Indre.

Ferdinand de Lesseps was born in Versailles in 1805, the son of Jean Baptiste Barthelemy, Baron de Lesseps. When 20 years old he was appointed attache to the French Consulate at Lisbon. He afterward engaged in the Commercial Department of the Minister of Foreign Affairs. In 1828 he was attached to the Consul General at Tunis, and in 1831 was made Consul to Alexandria. In 1839 he negotiated in behalf of French commerce with the Spanish Government. The same year he was transferred to the Consulate at Barcelona. In 1844 he returned again to Alexandria, but was speedily reappointed to Barcelona. French Minister at the court of Madrid in the last days of the reign of Louis Philippe, he returned to Paris after the revolution in which that monarch fell, and was sent by the Republican Government to represent France at Rome, then under a Government headed by Mazzini.

His commission to negotiate for the construction of the Suez Canal was given in 1854 but not until 1856 was the Campaigne Internationale formed for this purpose. The years between then and 1857 were spent in collecting money for this great project and the overcoming of other difficulties than the financial one; but in July, 1854, the final and favorable decision of Napoleon III, was gained and work on the canal was fairly begun. It was opened in 1869, the year witnessing the completion of perhaps the greatest piece of engineering of modern times and the highest triumph of the indefatigable man who had constructed it.

His first conception of the idea of the Suez Canal came with a visit to Said Pasha, the Egyptian Khedive, in 1846. On his return to Paris he published a document setting forth the project. The great engineers of the world laughed at him. He sought for other worlds to conquer. Blessed with a remarkable physical constitution and spurred on by his ambitious young wife and the fatality of the world, he believed nothing was impossible for him, and, unwarned by his advanced years, he at the great age of 74 risked all by embarking on the Panama canal scheme and lost.

THE CROPS ARE SHORT.

Pennsylvania and Ohio Show the Effects of the Long Drought.

The crop bulletin issued from the department of agriculture contains the following reports from State agents: Pennsylvania—The yield of corn would have been exceedingly small, owing to the general drought but that a few localities were visited by such frequent local showers as to sustain in a measure the general average for the state. Potatoes were generally injured by the drought during the summer, but the favorable fall weather helped them materially and the late growth increased the size of the tubers. It is difficult to estimate correctly the quality of the tobacco crop, as a large portion of it is yet on the poles.

Ohio—Husking verified the fact that corn is a short crop. On the bottoms and in the rich valleys corn may be said to be good, but on uplands and over good bottoms, it is from "fair" only to "very poor" and very much of it the latter. The crop is probably poorer than last year, though the total product will be slightly increased, as the acreage is in excess of last year. A large percentage of the present crop must be classed as unmarketable. Potatoes are below average in yield and quality. Hay was a light crop, but generally good as to quality.

Colb's Message. Colb has written a message, addressed to the Alabama Legislature, in which he recommends that his followers refuse to pay their taxes until he gets what he wants, as the tax collectors in thirty-eight of the sixty-six counties in Alabama are Kolbitzes, this move may embarrass the administration and cause much confusion in the finances.

Currency Coin Commission. Representative McCree (Dem., Ky.) has presented a bill for the appointment of a currency commission. It is to be composed of three persons, to be appointed by the president, three senators to be appointed by the president of the senate, and three representatives appointed by the speaker of the house.

The people of Logan County, West Virginia, have voted for a division of the county, the new portion to be named Konna, after the late United States Senator.

MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.
(THE WHOLESALE PRICES ARE GIVEN BELOW.)

Grain, Flour and Feed.	
WHEAT—No. 1 red.	57 1/2
Do. No. 2 red.	56 1/2
COB—No. 2 yellow ear, new.	48 1/2
Mixed ear, new.	46 1/2
Do. No. 2 yellow soft-shell.	47 1/2
OATS—No. 1 white.	39 1/2
Do. No. 2 white.	38 1/2
Extra No. 3 white.	35 1/2
Light mixed.	33 1/2
RYE—No. 1.	53 1/2
Do. No. 2 western.	50 1/2
FLAX—Minnesota, fancy patents.	47 1/2
Fancy winter patents.	49 1/2
Fancy straight winter.	47 1/2
Straight XXX hovers.	45 1/2
RYE—No. 1 timothy.	11 1/2
Do. No. 2.	10 1/2
Mixed clover, No. 1.	10 1/2
Local timothy from westerns.	11 1/2
FEEB—No. 1 White Mt., wagon.	11 1/2
Do. No. 2 White Mt., wagon.	10 1/2
Brown Middlings.	15 1/2
Do. No. 1.	14 1/2
STRAW—Wheat.	5 1/2
Oat.	5 1/2

Dairy Products.

PROVENCY—Eggs Creamery.	28 1/2
Do. No. 2 creamery.	27 1/2
SPRIT, through the mill.	18 1/2
Spirit, through the mill, new.	19 1/2
also from Deuts.	17 1/2
muzzles the ox make.	15 1/2
(1 Tim. v. 18).	14 1/2

Apples, Fruits and Vegetables.

APPLES—Fancy, 2 bbl.	2 1/2
GRAPES—Country, 100 lb. basket.	1 1/2
Do. 5 lb.	10 1/2
BEANS—Hand-picked, per bu.	1 1/2
POTATOES—Fine, in car, bu.	50 1/2
From store, bu.	50 1/2
BETS.	1 7/8
BARRAGE—Home grown, bbl.	1 1/2
TURNIPS—per bbl.	1 1/2
ONIONS—Yellow, bu.	50 1/2
PARSNIPS.	1 7/8

Poultry, Etc.

Live Chickens, 9 pair.	45 1/2
Dressed Chickens.	35 1/2
Live Ducks, 9 pair.	40 1/2
Dressed Ducks, 9 lb.	9 1/2
Dressed Chickens, 9 lb.	9 1/2
Dressed Turkeys, 27 lb.	11 1/2
EGGS—Pa. and Ohio, fresh.	24 1/2
FEATHERS—Extra Dyed, 2 lb.	50 1/2
No. 1, 2 lb. live, 2 lb.	30 1/2
Country, large packed.	32 1/2

Miscellaneous.

SEEDS—4 boxes, 4 lb. 1/2.	3 1/2
Timothy, prime.	2 80
Blue Grass.	1 40
RYE—Country mixed.	1 7/8
BUCKWHEAT—White, 20 lb.	16 1/2
BUCKWHEAT.	12 1/2
MAIZE—No. 1, new.	15 1/2
Country, sweet, bbl.	4 50
FALLOW.	1 1/2

CINCINNATI.

FLOUR—No. 2 Red.	25 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	54 1/2
RYE—No. 2.	55 1/2
LOAN—Mixed.	44 1/2
Good, 20 lb. sack.	45 1/2
EGGS.	19 1/2
BUTTER—Ohio Creamery.	22 1/2
EGGS—Pa. Creamery.	25 1/2
EGGS—Pa. Creamery.	25 1/2

PHILADELPHIA.

FLOUR—No. 2 Red.	51 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Mixed.	51 1/2
OATS—No. 2 White.	48 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery, extra.	25 1/2
EGGS—Pa. Creamery.	25 1/2

NEW YORK.

FLOUR—Patents.	67 1/2
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.	59 1/2
RYE—State.	54 1/2
OATS—No. 2.	36 1/2
GATS—White Western.	33 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.	16 1/2
EGGS—State and Penn.	27 1/2

LIVE STOCK.

CATTLE.	
Prime, 1,000 to 1,500 lbs.	3 10
Good, 1,000 to 1,500 lbs.	4 75
Good, 1,000 to 1,500 lbs., calves.	5 1/2
1,000 to 1,500 lbs.	3 10
Fair light steers, 900 to 1,000 lbs.	3 10
Common, 700 to 800 lbs.	2 90

Philadelphias. HOGS. 4 50
Best Corners and mixed. 4 45
Common to fair Yorkers. 4 25
SHEEP.
Extra, 98 to 105 lbs. 3 00
Good, 85 to 95 lbs. 2 90
Fair, 75 to 85 lbs. 2 80
Common to fair Yorkers. 2 70
Yearlings. 2 60
Chicago, Cattle—Common to extra steers. 2 30
Hog—Medium, 100 to 125 lbs. 2 50
Hog—Heavy, 150 to 200 lbs. 2 50
Mixed, 40 to 50 lbs. choice assorted. 2 50
Light, 40 to 50 lbs. pigs. 2 50
Pigs—100 to 125 lbs. choice. 2 50
Pigs—100 to 125 lbs. common. 2 50
Cincinnati—Hogs—select shippers. 4 50
butchers. 4 50
Fair to good. 4 50
Good to extra. 4 50
Cincinnati—Hogs—select shippers. 4 50
butchers. 4 50
Fair to good. 4 50
Good to extra. 4 50
Cincinnati—Hogs—select shippers. 4 50
butchers. 4 50
Fair to good. 4 50
Good to extra. 4 50

How It May Happen.

"Jemmy crickets, she's got the rickets," whispered one beau to another in the company of a very pretty girl. Truly she was very beautiful, but there was a twitching about the nerves of the face which showed suffering. "No," said the other, "it's not rickets and she's a martyr to it." St. Jacobs Oil was suggested as the world-renowned cure for it, and she tried it. Well, she was cured by it and she says it is the best of all cures. The use of the medicine afterwards, the use of the great remedy for pain will not bring about a rupture, out in its cure of pain it will bring about conditions of health to make life more enjoyable. No man or woman ought to marry who is not free from rickets. Pain. We would not wish you to win only wretchedness.

The manufactured products of Great Britain amount to about \$1,100,000,000 a year. The Rothschilds are worth \$2,000,000,000.

A Bright Eye
Is a sign of good health, and the stomach is not in the best of condition if the eyes will show it. Ripans Tablets will make the stomach right and keep the eyes bright and clear.

Different Then.
India rubber was known for erasing pencil marks was used in England as early as 1770. A cube of it half an inch square cost 3 shillings.

THE BUSINESS MAN'S LUNCH.

Hard Work and Indigestion go Hand in Hand.

Concentrated thought, continued in, robs the stomach of necessary blood, and this is also true of hard physical labor. When a five horse-power engine is made to do ten horse-power work something is going to break. Very often the hard-worked man coming from the field or the office will "bolt" his food in a few minutes which will take hours to digest. This too many business men about as profit in the stomach as a keg of nails would be in a fire under a boiler. The ill-used stomach refuses to do its work without the proper stimulus which it gets from the blood and nerves. The nerves are weak and "fretty" to break, because they do not get the nourishment they require from the blood, finally the ill-used brain is morbidly wide awake when the overworked man attempts to find rest in bed.

The application of common sense in the treatment of the stomach and the whole system brings to the busy man the full enjoyment of life and healthy digestion when he takes Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets to relieve a bilious stomach or after a too hearty meal, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to purify, enrich and vitalize the blood. The "P.L.P." are tiny sugar-coated pills made of highly concentrated vegetable ingredients which relieve the stomach of all offending matters easily and thoroughly. They need only be taken for a short time to cure the biliousness, constipation and slothfulness, or torpor of the liver; then the "Medical Discovery" should be taken in teaspoonful doses to increase the blood and enrich it. It has a peculiar effect upon the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels, toning up and strengthening them for all time. The whole system feels the effect of the pure blood coursing through the body and the nerves are vitalized and strengthened, not deadened, or put to sleep, as the so-called celery compounds and nerve mixtures do—but refreshed and fed on the food they need for health. If you suffer from indigestion, dyspepsia, nervousness, and any of the ills which come from impure blood and diseased stomach, you can