## **EXCITING CAMPAIGN ENDED**

IT WAS A WELL FOUGHT BATTLE ON ALL SIDES.

HILL DEFEATED IN NEW YORK

W. L. Wilson's District Claimed by Both Parties.

RANDALL'S DISTRICT REPUBLICAN

The Largest Vote Ever Before Polled in Several States.

The Republicans have carried New York The Republicans have carried New York state by estimated pluralities ranging from 130,000 to 150,000. These figures represent the probable plurality of Levi P. Morton, Bep., for governor, over David B. Hill, Dem., based upon the vote of New York city and Brooklyn complete, and returns from more than one-half of the election districts above the Harlem river. The total vote for the two leading candidates is considerably in excess of that polied for Fiewer and Fassett for governor in 1801, in addition to which is the vote cast this year for Everett. and Fassett for governor in 1841, in addition to which is the vote cast this year for Everett P. Wheeler, Independent Democrat, which will exceed 29,000. The tremendous Repub-lican sweep in the city and state, it is esti-mated, has elected 23 Republican congress-men, a gain of eight over the present repre-sentation in congress.

sentation in congress.

It was the expressed belief of those who were conducting the campaign for the Demowere conducting the campaign for the Democrats in the state that depreciated majorities below the Harlem for the party there would be offset by increased majorities above that river's bank for the Democracy. The most sanguine expected that the Democratic party, with Senator Hill at its head, would show recuperation from the vote given for Maynard in 1893. In place of all anticipated results comes a sweep of great proportions, and from every quarter beyond the highest claims made by the Republicans.

#### PENNSYLV ANIA.

Returns Indicate a Large Republican

Majority.

The Philadelphia "Record" admits the state has gone Republican by 120,000 majority. Glikison, the Republican state chairman, claims Philadelphia by 95,000 to 100,000 and the state by 250,000. The Democratic concressment trabable should be seen to be seen to be seen to be stated by 250,000. congressmen probably elected in Pennsylvania are Williams in the Twentieth district; Hart, Erdman, Streibinger and Buckaiew, John Fow wins his Democratic fight for state representative in the Seventeenth district by 20% majority, and Singerly carries that dis-trict by 38.



GOVERNOR-ELECT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The most authoritative returns in Philadelphia indicate that in Samuel J. Bandall's old district, the Third, which has gone Demceratic from time immemorial, Halterman, Republican, is elected to congress by at least 8,000 majority over McCulien, Democrat. Me-Aleer's Democratic majority in the same district two years ago was 10,000. In Philadel-phia the Republican majority on state and city tickets will be not less than 50,000, and it may be 65,000 or 70,000, Horbornaster Thomas J. Ryan, of Phila-

delphia, whose teaching Gubernatorial Candi-date Singerly denounced for the defeat of Congressman McAleer for renomination, was himself defeated in the Sixthward, as a Demo-eratic candidate for the legislature. His Republican opponent, Hastings, caught a safe majority in the landshife, which buried



WALTER LYON, LIEUT, GCV, ELECT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

All eastern Pennsylvania seems to have All castern Pennsylvania seems to have gone about the same way. Berks county gives 4,000 Hepublican majority, a gain of 3,500; York, 200 Republican majority, a clean flop; Chester, 4,500 Republican and Lancas-ter 11,000. The Republican leaders who pre-dicted 200,000 majority in Pennsylvania now avers of told your control of the control of the con-75,000 Republican unjority, and the figures seem to be rising.

West Virginia.

Indications point that Dayton, Republican, is elected over W. L. Wilson, Democrat, by

600 plurality.
Wilson's county, Jefferson, gives him 1,010 majority, which is less than anticipated. The election in the second district will be close, and it will require the official count to deter-

ine the result.

The Republicans are jubilant and claim Wilson's defeat, but the returns from the back counties cannot be gotten for a day or

Romney gives a gain for Wilson of 19 and Moorfield again of all Information from Grahen, bemoerable congressional headquarters, indicate Wilson's election.

Later information from the country districts in Bergley county indicate this Dayton's majority will not see over 200.

OHIO.

The Republican Majority Larger than Ever Before.

Ever Before.

Ohio has broken her resord on Republican pluralities. The largest plurality heretofore was when John Brough, Republican, for governor, in 1863, had 101,000 over Clement L. Vallandigham, Democrat, the latter being exiled at the time in Canada.

Last year Governor McKinley carried the state by ever 80,000, but no such plurality had been previously known since the noted Brough-Vallandigham canvass when all the Ohio soldiers in the fields and hospitals of the seuth voted.

At that time over 40,000 soldiers outside

the south voted.

At that time over 40,000 soldlers outside the state voted for Brough, and less than 3,000 for Vallandigham. During the last 20 years the parties have alternated in carrying the state, the Democrats electing Governor Bishop in 1877. Governor Hoadley in 1883 and Governor Campbell in 1889. While the Benubillens slain a plurality for Searcher. and Governor Campbell in 1889. While the Republicans claim a plurality for Secretary of State Taylor of 125,000 to 130,000, the Democrats concede that the Republicans have made large gains over the McKinley vote of last year, and possibly beaten the Brough high-water mark of 1863.

On the basis of the state vote the Republicans claim 17 of the 21 congressmen, the present Ohio delegation in congress consisting of 11 Democrats and 10 Republicans.

Congressmen elected were as follows: First

ing of 11 Democrats and 10 Republicans.

Congressmen elected were as follows: First district, Charles P. Taft, Republican; Second, J. H. Bromwell, Republican; Third, Paul J. Sorg, Democrat: Fourth, F. C. Layton, Democrat: Fifth, F. B. DeWitt, Republican; Sixth, George W. Hulick, Republican; Seventh, George W. Hulick, Republican; Eighth, L. M. Strong, Republican; Ninth, J. H. Southard, Republican; Tenth, L. J. Fenton, Republican; Eleventh, C. H. Grosvenor, Republican; Eleventh, B. G. Young, Democrat: Fourteenth, W. S. Herr, Republican; Fifteenth, S. C. VanVorhis, Republican; Sixteenth, S. P. Danford, Republican; Seventeenth, J. D. Richards, Democrat; Eighteenth, R. W. Taylor, Republican; Twentieth, C. R. Beach, Republican; Twentieth, C. R. B

The result is in doubt in the Twelfth dis-trict between Outhwaite, Democrat, and Watson, Republican, but the Republicans claim Watson's election. Coxey cut no figure in the Eighteenth district as the Populist can-didate.

Illinois.

With some precincts missing, but all dis-tricts in the State heard from, the indications are that Illinois is in the Republican column

by a plurality estimated all the way from 10,000 to 80,000. The Democrats admit that the plurality will reach 40,000.

In no part of the State is there consolation for the Democrats. The entire Republican State ticket has been elected, the Republicans have secured a good working majority in both branches of the Legislature despite. in both branches of the Legislature, despite the apportionment made by the Democrats, and the Republicans have secured majorities in both Chicago and Cook county.

Kentucky.

Kentucky.

The indications are that the Democrate have elected the following congressmen: Hendrick, in the First district; Clarry in the Second, Montgomery in the Fourth, Berry in the Sixth, McCreary in the Eighth, Hart in the Ninth and Vane, in the Eleveenth, The Republicans have elected Hunter in the Third, Evans in the Fifth, Denny in the Seventh and Pugh in the Tenth. As returns come in, Evans' majority increases, and it may reach 2,560. The Commercial claims the election of Judge Denny, Rep., ever W. C. Owens Dem., in the Seventh district by 1,000 majority.

Indiana. Full returns from any one congressional district have not been received. Indications point to Republican triothiph in the state. The Republican state committee claims for Owens from 30,000 to 50,000 majority over his opposent, Myers, for secretary of state, 13 congressmen, and both branches of the legislature Democratic constant in have four congressment. Record Second, Stockslager in the Thir.

There has been a cratic vote and a gain cans and Papulists, off in the Democratic vote, and a gain and the Republicans and Populists, fatter gaining the taost. It seems likely the Governor Nelson, Republican, is reliefed by an increase over his plantifican, is fee. Cited by an increase over his plantility of 14,000 two years ago. The labor vote has chiefly gone to the Populists, and that party has held most, if not all, of its former strength throughout the

North Dakota.

Returns so far show Allin, Rep. elected for governor, ranning ahead of the ticket. The Reputheans gain in Fargo, Grand Forks, Bis marck and all other large towns, while in some country precincts the Populists gain slightly.
Alin's election by 5,000 plurality is claimed
by the Republican central committee. The
Democrats concede it by 1,030.

New Jersey.

Allan L. McDermitt, chairman of the Democanal L. Schoffmitt, chairman of the Demo-eratic state committee, says that Stevens, Dem., will be elected to congress from the Seventh district, and that the Democrats will elect the 11 assemblymen from Hudson by about 2,000 plurainty. He says the rest of the state will not be worth hearing from, and concedes the explanate to the results. concedes the legislature to the Republicans,

Kansas. Returns thus far received from Kansas, in-dicate the election of Morrill, Republican, and the entire Republican state ticket. The Republicans probably carry all but two con-gressional districts, and the legislature is been elected. An unusually large vote has been polied the weather having been pleasant probably Republican on joint ballot.

A heavy vote was polled. The Gaiveston "News" predicts the usual Democratic majority for the State officers and the legislature; also the election of Democratic ingressmen in all the districts, with the possible exception of the Ninth and Tenth.

Louisiana.

The returns show almost to a certainty the re-election of the present Democratic Con-gresmen by 5,000 majority in the First, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth districts, and the election of Charles A. Buck, Democrat, in the Second district by a large majority to succeed Payer.

South Dakota.

Returns from all portions of the State indi-cate that the Republican ticket, including two Congressmen-at-Large is elected by not less than 12,000 plurality.

Iowa.

The Republicans claim the state by 75,000. The Republican state committee claims 10 Republican congressmen elected by increased majorities. The returns are slow in coming

Mississippi. Dispatches from all quarters of the State indicate the election of the Democratic can-didates for Congress in every district by

large majorities. Georgia. Of Georgia's 11 Congressional districts, 10 certainly elect Democratic nominees. The Seventh is also probably Democratic,

California.

Throughout California the polls were kept open until 5 o'clock. The general impression is that Estee, for governor, and nearly all the Republican candidates for state officers have throughout the state.

The second district of the second

#### TWO ESTIMATES.

Faulkner Does Not Concede the House. McKee's Claims.

Senator Faulkner, the chairman of the Democratic congressional committee, made the following statement at midnight.

the following statement at midnight.

"Indications seem to point to a Republican victory in the congressional contest. However, the informatian I have received does not justify me in giving up the organization of the house by the Democrats; nor does my information justify me in giving up the election of Mr. Wilson.

There seems to be no possibility of a loss of more than one district of Virginia. If the reports of the Associated Press are correct, it will be impossible for the Democrats to organize the house. The Republicans are

ganize the house. The Republicans are claiming everything, but I pay little atten-tion to their claims. We expect to receive telegrams from every Democratic candidate for congress, and then will have something definite on which to base an estimate."
Senator Fau'kner declined to express an opinon of the causes which brought about increased Republican majorities. The Democratic headquarters were descrited before midnight by all but the clerks of the com-

midnight by all but the clerks of the committee.

It is supposed that Cummings is defeated by 14 votes in New York city, but that is not sure. I understand that our friends in Michigan admit that the Republican have carried the state, and all but two members of congress. We have heard nothing authentic from Wisconsin. Tarsney's election in Missouri seems to be in doubt. The A. P. A. has been active against him. In the south I know of no losses, but several gains, including the seat now held by Murray (colored Republican) of South Carolina.

At midnight Secretary McKee, of the Republican congressional committee gave out the tollowing estimate of Republican congressmen elected so far as heard from:

Alabama 2, California 5, Colorado 1, Connecticut 4, Delaware 1, Idaho 1, Indiana 8, Illinois 16, Iowa 11, Kansas 8 Kentucky 3, Louisiana 3, Maine 4, Maryland 2, Massachusetts 13, Michigan 12, Minnesota 7, Missiouri 4, Montana 1, Nebraska 5, Nevada 1, New Hampshire 2, New Jersey 5, New York 25, North Carolina 3, North Dakota 1, Ohio 17, Oregon 2, Pennsylvania 24, Rhode Island 2, South Carolina 1, South Dakota 2, Tennessee 3, Vermont 2, Virginia 3, Washington 2, Westing and South Carolina 1, South Dakota 2, Tennessee 3, Vermont 2, Virginia 3, Washington 2, Westingia 3, Washington 2, Westingia 3, Westington 3, Westington 2, Westingia 3, Westington 3, Westington 2, Westingia 3, Westington 3, Westington 2, Westingia 3, Westington 2, Westingia 3, Westingian 3

3, Vermont 2, Virginia 3, Washington 2, West Virginia 3, perhaps 4, Wisconsin 8, Wyoming 1. The New York estimate does not include Brooklyn. The total claimed by the Republi-cans is 218.

## CRUSHED BY A LANDSLIDE.

A Little Settlement in Vancouver Completely Wrecked.

The steamer Princess Louis, just down from the north, brings intelligence of a terrible disaster at Shushartie bay, at the northwest end of Vancouver island, which completely wrecked the settlement recently established there known as the Caradian Co-operative Com-

Early last Monday morning a landslide tore down the mountain side, crushed a log build-ing and carried it and the ground on which it stood about 100 feet into the bay. Four of inmates were killed.

Harry Kipling of Victoria was buried up to the waist in dirt, jammed between two logs, and before he could be released the tide had reached his mouth; then as a last resort the others had to cut bim out with axes, amputating both legs. He died the following

#### WORSTED THREE BURGLARS An Unarmed Woman Puts Them to Flight After a Hard Struggle,

Mrs. James D. Scott, wife of the proprietor of the Capital Turf Exchange, at Denver, vanquished three burglars who broke into her house Saturday night after a desperate ner house saturday hight after a desperate fight, in which she was seriously injured. One of the men was armed with a regulver, another with a slugshot and the third with a billy. With these weapons they rained blow after blow upon her head, arms and body, but she fought so energetically and raised such an outery that they beat a retreat with-ment taken any of the results or other value. out taking any of the jewelry or other valua-

bies lying about.

The battle lasted nearly ten minutes, but Mrs, Scott did not faint until her assailants had gone. An hour clapsed before she revived sufficiently to give an account of the afair. She is a handsome woman of 45, six feet tall and weighs 200 pounds. She was alone in the house when the burglars as-

#### CHINESE SOLDIERS FLEE.

The Road to Moukden Now Open to the Japs.

A telegram has been received at the Japanese legation at Washington, saying that on October 31, the detachment under the command of Gen. Tatsumi took possession of Fon Fang, a most important stronghold next to The Chinese soldiers fled, mostly ioward Moukden, the rest in the direction of Hai-Cheng and Ta-Ku-San.

The native inhabitants were suffering from lunder and devastation committed by the hinese soldiers, and welcomed the Japanese army. The captures to this date amount to 55 cannon, and 1,500 small arms, also about 20,000 rounds of ammunition for the cannons and about 2,500,000 for the other arms, with miscellaneous articles of immense quantity.

### OIL STILLED IN WATER.

Experience of a Baltimore Barkentine in Southern Seas.

The Barkentine Nellie Smith, at Baltimore from Port Tampa, with phosphate rock, had atemptuous voyage from her port of departure to latitude 32 degrees. In a succession of northeast gales her sails were lost and solit her main galf and foretopgaliant yard were sprung, and her forecastic and galley were irequently flooded with water from shipping neavy seas. Captain Wainice says he used all with ex-

collect results in preventing high seas from boarding the vessel. Between Bodies Island and Currituck the barkeatine sailed through acres of lath which had evidently been wasned overboard from a vessel's deckload of that

#### TWO CHILDREN MURDERED. A White Boy and Negro Arrested to Prevent Their Lynching.

George and Nellie Good, aged 9 and 6 years respectively, children of Samuel Good, who lives about three miles north of Pauld-ing, Ohio, were found Monday morning in the woods near the house with their throats cut from ear to ear, their bodies terribiy lacerated and blackened from a fire started with the supposed object of removing all trace of the crime.

Sonday afternoon the Good children were playing and wandering into a nearby wood. They failed to return at supper time, and The belief is that the little girl was assaulted and then murdered and her brother killed to prevent his telling the awful tale.

Sheriff Staley arrested Charles Hart, aged 19 years, who resides near the Good home on suspiction. Hart is illiterate and by some considered insane. Leo Cain, a negro, 21 years who has been a companion of Hart, was also

Paulding was filled with men talking wildly of lynching the arrested persons. Judge Snook and leading citizens made an effort to quiet the mob by making speeches to them on the street. A bloodbound was sent to the scene, but there is little hope of its being able to do anything to throw any light on the crime. The prisoners were quietly sent to Van Wert for safe keeping.

# DEATH OF ALEXANDER III. lope the military power of Russia, to organize her Asiatic and Causasian provinces and to keep a steady eye upon Constantinopic.

THE CZAR OF RUSSIA.

THE CZAR OF RUSSIA.

An Account of His Career—Surrounded by Constant Dangers.

The Czar died very peacefully at Livadia at 2:15 p. m. Thursday, surrounded by the members of his family. He was fully conscious ub to the time of his death. The Czarina was at his bedside to the end.

When all was over, the Czarewitch, Grand Duchess Xenia and the other Imperial relatives approached the bedside in turn to take a last farewell. The court officials and members of the Czar's suite were afterward admitted. The flag over the palace was agitation of the Fan-Siavist war party in his



placed at half mast and a salute was fired by capital. Nevertheless, he held fast to a



Alexander III., Emperor of all the Russias, who succeeded to the throne on the murder of his father by Nihilist conspirators on March 13, 1881, was born on March 10, 1845. For some time after his elevation to the for some time after his elevation to the throne, he seldom appeared in public, but lived in the closest retirement, at Gatchina, being in constant dread of the machinations of the secret societies of the Socialists. His coronation took place at Moscow, May 27, 1883. He married in 1886, Mary Feodorovna, formarly, Mary Souhia Frederica, Darwar formerly Mary Sophia Frederica Dagmar, daughter of Christian IX., King of Denmark

CHINA SUING FOR PEACE.

WILLING TO PAY INDEMNITY

China Said to Have Asked Interven-

tion of the Powers

A dispatch received at Rome from Pekin,

states that China is disposed to conclude a

peace with Japan on the basis of a guarantee

of the independence of Corea and the payment of an indemnity. The amount to be

fixed by the powers. The dispatch adds that

it is reported that China has invited the repre-

sentatives of the powers to intervene to se-

The Loudon Times publishes a dispatch from Tien Tsin saying that the telegraph line to Port Arthur was cut probably at the

tarrow isthmus between Port Adams and Tailen Wan, indicating that the Japanese are within a day's march of the Tailen Wan

The report cabled that Fung Wang Ching was set on fire before its evacuation by the Chinese has been confirmed by advices from the front. The Chinese, having evidently

abandoned hope of making a successful de-fense against the advancing Japanese army, set fire to the castle and then lied without waiting to be attacked.

Ancient City Discovered.

Advices from Honduras report the dis-overy of the remains of an ancient Toltec

city in the center of a mahogany awamp, near

Rio Grande. They comprise hundreds of large, well built stone dwellings, and three temples, each 100 feet long, 50 feet wide and 35 feet high. The streets are paved. These

An Earthquake in Mexico.

a minute shook the City of Mexico at 6:40 o'clock Friday evening. People and houses were thrown down in the streets. All houses were much shaken. Hundreds of persons fell on their knees on the streets and prayed.

A severe earthquake lasting more than half

are now covered with nine inches of soil,

cure peace.

placed at half mast and a salute was fired by the vessels in port.

Since Tuesday, when the doctors informed the Czar that there was no longer room for hope, he composedly waited for the end, attending to necessary State and family affairs in the short intervals of consciousness and freedom from pain. These were necessarily brief, the doctors having has recourse to sedatives to procure sleep and allay pain. On Wellnesday the Czar was still able to be taken to a window of the palace whence he gazed out upon the country he loved so well.

The country he loved so well, the Crown Prince Nicholas 26 years old; the Grand Duke George, now ill in the south of Russia; the Grand Duke Michael, a boy in his teens.

The young man who on the death of Alex ander III, ceases to be the Grand Duke Nicholas and becomes the next ruler of more than 100,000,000 people, is only 26 years old, having been born in May, 1868, the eldest son of the czar. But into his brief life has been compressed the experience of ages so far as instruction by the best masters, extensive reading, travel and mental and physical de-velopement could do so.

relopement could do so.

Gossip has coupled the name of the Czarewitch with that of an opera dancer, who is
said to be causing some trouble on account
of his approaching marriage to Princess Alix, health of the Grand Duke was for a long time delicate and it was often predicted he would not live to wear the crown. Recently his health has improved and he is said to be his health has improved and he is said to be now in good physical condition. He has two brothers and two sisters, so that the line direct from the Romanoffs will continue on the Russian throne for some time, in spite of the Nihilists and of the malaries, which seem to be part of the royal family's hereditaments.

As might be expected from a mild-mannered young man, he is not partial to war. as some of his forefathers have been. There if nothing of the Don Cossack in him. He has no ambition to crush the Turks or to wage war with Austria or with England on the Eastern frontier. He is a peaceable young man who would rather improve the somewhat expensive ground now known as Russia, and no one denies that there is room for improvement. He is unlike his two

brothers in this respect.

There is one thing to be said of the young man that cannot be said of other knights of daughter of Christian IX., King of Denmark, his age. His life has been clean. His name and sister of the Princess of Waies, and the king of Greece. The principal concern of the czar was to put down nihilism; to deve-

JAPANESE ONSLAUGHTS.

Chinese Unable to Withstand Their Con-

quering March.

The Japanese legation at London, has re-

ceived a dispatch stating that the Japanese

forces commanded by Field Marshal Count

Oyama are attacking Kin Chow. The dis-

patch adds that both Talienhwan and Port

Arthur are in a critical position,
A dispatch to the London Times from
Shanghai says that it is now asserted there

that no Japanese have landed near Talienhwan, but that they have landed at Taku-shan, at the mouth of the Yalu river.

The Japanese legation has received a later dispatch stating that Field Marshal Yama-

gata has captured Fungh-Whang-Ching, a

city in the Chinese province of Liautung, near Corean frontier. The Chinese defend-

near Corean frontier. The Chinese defending the place fled toward Mattenling.
The foregoing victory is an important one.
It leaves the Moukden road open to the
Japanese, as the Chinese are unlikely to
offer further resistance to the Japanese
army. Fungh-Whan-Ching lies about 200
miles northwest of Takusham, which is on
the Manchuria side of the Yala river.

President Cleveland Designates Thursday, Nov. 29, for Its Celebration. In his annual Thanksgiving proclamatics President Cleveland says: The American people should gratefully reader thanks giving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe, who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also with humility and faith supplicate the

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

A PERIOD OF SUSPENSE.

The Condition of Trade in Doubt on Ascount of the Election.

R. G. Dun & Co's. "Weekly Review of Trade" says: The last week in October, with an exciting election near, cannot indicate

much of the true condition of business. Is

some trades the season is too far advanced for great activity and in others the supposel

for great activity and in others the suppossi
effects of the voting hinders operations. The
volume of production is well maintained and
in one or two branches increased.

No monetary difficulties disturb, breadstuffs are a little nigher and no material decline appears during the week in manufactured products. Payments through principal
clearing houses for the week have been inper cent, less than last year and 34.4 per cencent less than last year and 34.4 per cendess than in 1892. The depression of cottes
and wheat and the partial loss of the concrop must be reckoned important because of
the hesitancy in the retail distribution of
products. This hesitancy affects industriavery differently. The boot and shoe manufacturer is retarded only in continued preference for low-priced goods, for the number

ence for low-priced goods, for the number of pairs produced and shipped seems greater than ever, in five weeks 417,561 cases against 288,864 last year and 385,646 in 1892.

There is still a large demand for cheaper

There is still a large demand for cheaper goods, crowding beyond their capacity the producer's of cheap men's and women's shoes and, while jobbers in wax and kill boots and shoes report the smallest sales for years, on the whole their sales of lower priced goods are larger than ever. Waiting for retail trade depresses textile manufacturers, and concession in price have been made to effect large contracts.

The government has sustained a heavy delicit for the month of October, and customs receipts are disappointingly light. Otherwise money markets reflect only a remarkable absense of commercial demand, though the possible reduction of interest on deposits may

possible reduction of interest on deposits may lead to some withdrawais of country funds. Exports for the past four weeks were 16 per cent, less than last year, while imports were

9 per cent. greater.
The failures continue small, and for four weeks ending October 25 the liabilities were \$8,206,592, of which \$3,149,455 were of manufacturing and \$4,991,434 of trading con-

THANKSGIVING DAY.

also with humility and faith supplicate the Father of All Mercies for continued blessing accorded to their needs, and they should by deeds of charity seek the favor of the give of every good and perfect gift.

Therefore I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the twenty-ninth day of November, inst., as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed by all the people of the land.

On that day lef our ordinary work and business be suspended, and let us meet in our accustemed places of worship and give thanks to Almighty God for our preservation as a

Nation, for our immunity from disease and pestilence, for the harvests that have rewarded our husbandry, for a renewal of national prosperity, and for every advance in virus and intelligence that has marked our growth as a people.

as a people.

And with our thanksgiving let us pray that these blessings may be multiplied unto usthat our national conscience may be quickened to a better recognition of the power and goodness of God, that in our national life we may clearer see and closer follow the

path of righteousness.

And in our places of worship and praise, as well as in the happy reunions of kindred and friends on that day, let us invoke divine approval by generously remembering the poor and needy. Surely He who has given us comfort and plenty will look upon our lief and our ministrations of charity as the work of hearts truly grateful and as proofs of the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

#### FOR A STATE INCOME TAX. Georgia Populists Propose to Assess An Income Tax.

Mr. Hogan, the leading Populist member of the Georgia Legislature, has introduced a a bill which provides that all persons, natural and artifical co-partnerships, and all estates receiving an annual net income of \$2,000 and upward shall be assessed for taxation on a graded scale. From \$2,000 to \$10,000 they are to be assessed 3 per cent; from \$10,000 to \$20,000, 4 per cent; from \$20,000 to \$40,000 5 per cent; from \$40,000 to \$109,000. 6 per

The funds to be derived from this bill are to go to the common school fund. The Populists say the Domocrats of the House caunot on principle fight a measure which they have indersed in national legislation,

#### MAY RETALIATE.

Uncle Sam Will Object to Diseased Horses Shipped From Germany.

The embargo which Germany has just placed against American cattle may have a sequel which the German authorities have not anticipated, viz., an investigation as to the glanders and other diseases with which German horses brought to this country are Secretary Morton called attention in his

last report to the tack or inspection of horses coming from abroad and suggested that it would be well to provide for quarantining horses. At that time there was such comity between this country and those of Europe in the shipment of live stock that the horse inspector was not urged. Now, however, with Germany closing her ports against American cattle, the Secretary's suggestions of protection against diseased horses becomes pertinent.

## FLOODS IN FRANCE.

BOMB-THROWING.

A Fashionable House Mistaken for that of Justice Hawin's. A bomb was exploded at midnight in front of No. 1 Tilney street, corner of Park lane,

West London, occupied by Reginald Brett, son of Lord Esper. The door was shattered and the windows blown to powder. The windows for a dozen numbers up the street were simished, plaster loosened from the cenings and the occupants fled panie-striexen to the streets. Nobody was wound-

The neighborhood is a fashionable one. At No. 5 is the house of Justice Hawkins was sentenced the Wallsall Anarchists and more recently condemned Francis Poiti and Guiseppe Earnaro, alias Euni Carnot It is surmised that the bomb was set by Anarchists who mistook Brett's house for that of Justice

Great Damage Done to Property and Several Lives are Lost

The heavy rains of the last few days have caused floods in the north of France. In the departments of Pas de Calais and the Nord thousands of acres are under water. Many villages have been rendered uninhabitable and hundreds of peasants have been driven from their farms. In the neighborhood of Lille, Tourcoing and Armentiers the water is three feet deep. The factories in industrial towns have been stopped, and nearly 100,000 operatives are out of work. Many miles of railroad tracks have been undermined. In tne valley of the Mense hundreds of cattle have been killed and bridges swept away. Several cases of drowning have been re-

Populists Ruled Out.

The Chicago Board of election Commissioners ruled that neither of the rival Populists city and county tickets were entitled to a place on the official ballot. The Populists were informed that they must get the names of their candidates before the people on peti-