HICKINGS OF THE TELEGR

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

What Is Transpiring the World o Important Events Briefly Told.

Capital, Labor and Industrial.

Since December 1 the New York Ce d Hudson river railroad company scharged nearly 1,000 men at points en New York and Buffalo, 300 of wl e relieved on the Hudson river divis e of the men had en in the emp e company 30 yea The laid off r ude trackmen, br emen, labor

l the mills in Rocky e, Conn., wool and stockinet, begin nning on thr ters time next Monday. The mi ioy, when running full capacity, ne 000 persons. The mills will run fi a week, eight hours per day.

e Newark, O., glass works resume ations, giving 400 men employment.

e Wheeling, W. Va., Iron and Ste any has decided to reduce the wages o mployes 33⅓ per cent. The propose ction will be resisted.

e furnace at Dunbar, Pa., will resum in a week, after laying idle for more two years. The resumption will give oyment to over 400 men, and also put eration the Ferguson and Farm Hill nines which will give employment to ke workers.

officials of the Lehigh railroad at sbarre, Pa., deny the report that all ers over the age of 45 years are to be rged. In a few days at the farthest it ved all the old men will be back at n the road.

Mortuary.

arkersburg, Jacob Beeson Jackson, or of West Virginia from 1880 to ed suddenly Wednesday while sitting air at his home.

Porter, widow of Admiral Porter, Washington. She was a daughter modore Patterson and was born in rleans 74 years ago.

Fires.

ge fire occured at Morgantown, N. C. re square in the business part of as destroyed including a hotel and stores.

rtland, Me., the block on Middle, d Vine streets, owned by the estate E. Donnell and occupied by the Furnishing Company, of Boston. 50,000; insurance $126,000.

ters, Accidents and Fatalities.

y Williams, 3 years old, was burn- th in Boston Monday. The lad left alone in his home.

Washington News.

house the concurrent resolution to ate the personnel of the navy was

Miscellaneous.

e last three weeks it has been antly in Colorado and th de w pla

thermometer registered 20 degrees zero at Watertown, N. Y., and 14 s below at Lowville, N. Y. Some cat- re frozen to death near Watertowa, esday night.

h E. Elliott, of Finleyville, Pa., has warded $2,800 damages against Dr. J. Grew, who administered carbolic acid wife by mistake, she afterward

publication of the fact that Chicago paring to feed and lodge the hungry omeless has caused a tide of ragged nity to set in from all over the ry.

plurality against Maynard in New was 101,064, the Republicans polling 2 and the Democrats 473,158. The licans have the senate by 6 and the by 22 and the constitutional conven- 45. For secretary of State, Palmer, as 34,484 plurality. The total vote 1,140,109. Palmer received 545,088; eyer 520,614, Bogardus, Pro., 34,301; Wright oples, 17,049; De Leon, Social and Labor, 054, and scattering 3,305. The other Re- lican state candidates are elected by ralities running from 23,000 to 35,000.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

olera has broken out in the City of fir, capital of the Belgian province of ame name.

BROKE UP A STILL.

York Police Astounded By a Moonshiner's Nerve.

nan who gave his name as Litovitch d a store and a basement under it in nement at 68 and 70 Canon street, New several months ago. He said he was to run a candy factory, which explain- action in putting a furnace into asement. A month ago he his in trade and gave up the n, ing the basement and a op.

olice were informed tch hisky still running in the case- They did not believe it was possible te an illicit still in the heart of the nd in a tenement house inhabited by families without detection. Detective s. Brennen and Farrell were sent with en, nevertheless, to raid the place and senger was dispatched for Revenue r Jeroloman, who lives not far away, venue D and Fifth street. After break- wo doors the detectives found them- s in a completely appointed distillery mall scale. In the room with the boiler three hogsheads full of mash, which eaming. There was a hot fire in the ce under the boiler. Out from the ery a passageway led to the yard and the yard there were other entrances e house, from which escape by the entrance was easy. Revenue Collector an and Deputy Collector Sparks were ed, and so was J. Levy, the owner of uilding, who runs the risk of having uilding in which the still was located cated. Collector Eidman spoiled the hogsheads of mash by adulterating it kerosene oil.

Mother and Children Burned.

welling in West Ashford, Conn., oc- d by a family named Guilbert was d. Mrs. Guilbert and her children urned to death. Guilbert and a man Smith escaped. The fire is suppos- the result of a drunken carousal.

THIRD CONGRESS.

Proceedings of Our Law- at Washington.

EVENTH DAY.

e senate Mr. Cullom, Re- ois, made a long speech of the Federal election to a lively colloquy be- r. Hill, Democrat, of New the senate adjourned.

house to-day there was an nusing debate on the bill Mr. Rawlins, the delegate olygamy was dying from in a short time would altogether. Who were esponsible for the polygamy in Utah? s. They were the men ared, educated and actu- uents of New England—a burned witches, prosecuted rove out Roger Wi- has a smaller per- ign born citizens than New York, and there n Utah than in Massa- ill went over after some he house adjourned.

IRTH DAY.

spirited debate was car- te today, based on Mr. requesting the President s to furnish to the senate n in regard to the ap- nt as Commissioner close of the debate the rred to the committee on After a short executive djourned.

n interest in the House the Hitt resolution, re- n McCreary, from the ign Affairs, calling on copy of the instructions Willis of Hawaii. The articularly in regard to nstructions as to the tates troops and as to any ge in the form of gov- and, passed. After an iting polygamy, the bill he Union was passed. e business the House ad

TH DAY.

as but one matter of in to-day's session of s the introduction by irman of the Finance providing for the coin- e ox profit from the sil- hased under the Bland the rate of $2,000,000 ase after that coinage is 0.0 worth of silver bul- ithdrawal of all notes of f $10; the withdrawal of d coin; and the appoint- ssioners to an interna- the establishment of a nd silver. The bill was nittee on Finance and urned.

otonous round of roll secure a quorum and orum to take up the consumed both the f the house. Finally nced that, as it was publicans were filibust- e that the House ad- prevailed.

TH DAY.

ession.

use today the bill for izona was put through dmission of New Mex- way when a wrangle done with Oklahoma bate thus precipitated ent.

TH DAY.

the reading of the Hawaii, Mr. Morgan, of the Committee on oduced a bill as to ats. It provides that States shall acquire gn country ation of otherwise, the President of the United States, with the advice and consent of the Senate, may appoint a Gover or for the same and a Legislative Council, to consist of any number of persons, not less than five nor more than 25, whose acts shall be subject to revision or appeal by Congress, and unless a treaty of annexation or cession shall otherwise provide, said Governor and Council shall constitute and conduct a Provisional Government for such country or place until Congress shall otherwise provide by law. The bill was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations and the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—The pension question first came up in the urgency deficiency bill, which was considered in Committee of the Whole. This was followed by the reading of the President's Message on Hawaii and at its close the house adjourned.

ORGANIZED FOR INCENDIARISM.

A Convicted Firebug Confesses and Betrays His Accomplices.

Through the confession of David Lenher, who was sentenced last Wednesday in the Union County, N. J., court to fifteen years in State Prison for incendiarism, the police of Elizabeth have discovered an organized gang of firebugs, who for several years have successfully carried out a systematic plan of house burning, regardless of the many lives imperilled. All the fires occurred during the night.

Lenher was convicted of setting fire to a row of tenement houses on Elizabeth avenue, Elizabeth, which was destroyed by fire at 2 o'clock in the morning a month ago, imperilling the lives of the thirty families in the buildings, who were rescued in their night clothes by the police and firemen. Lenher occupied the first floor as a dealer in second-hand goods. At the trial it was shown that he had recently insured his stock for a large sum and that on the night of the fire a barrel of oil had been delivered at his store, although he did not deal in the article.

The only defense submitted by Lenher was that he was out of the city the night of the fire. Shortly after returning to his cell after receiving his sentence the prisoner, who was completely unnerved by its severity, asked that he be allowed to consult with his wife. His request was granted. An hour later he asked that Prosecutor Marsh be sent for, as he had something to tell him. Upon the arrival of that official, Lenher admitted that his store had been fired for the insurance money, but said that it was done by another person than himself, although he was aware of it being done. Lenher then in a matter of fact way confessed to being a member of an organized gang of "firebugs," who for several years had successfully carried on a business of hiring stores and apartments in tenement buildings, which they would stock up with a cheap line of goods, and after insuring them for a large amount, would fire the place in such a manner as to insure entire destruction, thus removing all evidence of the fire's incendiary origin. He gave the names of the members of the gang.

The police and county officials who have been hard at work since Lenher's confession, have arrested several of the gang, all of whom are Hebrews. One is a woman. The officials refuse to give any names, fearing that it would warn others of the gang who are now being hunted for. Prosecutor Marsh expects in a few days to have under arrest all of the members of the gang. Several of the men were in the courtroom the day Lenher was sentenced and hurried from the room when they heard the severity of the judge's charged and sentence. They have not since been seen in the city, but their whereabouts is known to the police.

—By walking from New York to New Orleans in sixty-eight days, without spending a cent Edward A Williams won a $1,500 wager.

GO DOWN WITH THE BRIDGE.

MORE THAN 20 MEN MEET DEATH

By the Collapse of a Steel Structure in Course of Construction at Louisville.

The middle span of iron and timber falsework of the bridge now under construction between East Louisville and Jeffersonville, Ind., collapsed Saturday morning, crushing to death or drowning between 20 and 30 men, and injuring about 20 more, some of whom will die. Only six bodies have been recovered. Those known to be dead are:

Lester Garlock, Frank Miller, Frederick Miller, Frank Burns, Charles Murphy, Chicago, C. W. Cook, Mantau, O., J. P. Burns, Franklin, Pa.

The missing are: Henry Plaiss, New Albany; Frank Simmons, Jeffersonville; Russell Derflinger, W. A. Sharp, A. Soden, J. Kregan, M. Soden, G. H. Henkie, L. Pierce, J. L. Wilson, J. Scott, P. Sheridan, George Lilly.

The injured are: Albert Moore, both arms broken; G. W. Brown, Irvington, arms broken; D. E. Sheehan, Greenup, Ky.; G. F. Hall, Bristol, Tenn.; Harry Pugh, Mercer, Pa., both arms broken, back hurt and internally injured; Harry Lee, Jeffersonville, cut about head and injured by shock; Edward Haben, Chicago, slightly injured; T. N. Gallawyy, Louisville, ankle broken; John Meyer, Lexington, Ky., leg amputated; Edward Scheers, Pittsburg, Pa., will die; Edward Hildebrand, Northampton, Pa., spinal injury; G. Thorpe, injured about knees and side; E. D. Pard.

For weeks past a large force of men have been at work on the big 500 foot span over the middle of the river. The iron work was all up and was resting on a heavy frame work of piling driven into the bed of the river and securely bolted and braced. That afternoon the last bolts were to have been put in place in the iron superstructure and the gigantic span would have supported its own weight.

The foreman in beginning work that morning, noticed that during the night the "traveler," a huge derrick used for placing iron in position, had been worked loose by the wind and he ordered it drawn back into place. The wind was high and the gentle swaying of the false work gradually forced the traveler off the piles on which it was resting. When the end slipped the whole work trembled and the men, realizing their danger, started for the pier. The central bent was the first to give way and the men on this went down to be covered by the mass of iron and timber of the other bents, which fell almost immediately carrying with them the workmen who failed to reach places of safety on the piers. The north bent, the one attached to the Indiana pier, fell 14 minutes after the first and the partial span five minutes later.

There were 51 men on the bridge. A few succeeded in climbing to places of safety and were quickly rescued. Others struggled hopelessly and were carried off by the current to sink almost as rescue was at hand.

The ferry boats City of Jeffersonville and C. W. Hitt and the life saving crews were soon at the wreck, which completely blocked one channel of the river. Men with broken arms and legs were found clinging to pieces of timber. They were pulled into boats and hurried to hospitals.

After the crash the steamer Hotspur ran up to the wreckage and the crew saved nine men, who were so badly hurt that they could not have kept afloat five minutes. The lives of the workmen were insured for $1,500 each.

To whom must be laid the responsibility for the disaster will probably never be known. It is probable that it is but one of those unforeseen accidents that occur in spite of all precautionary measures. General opinion ascribes the cause to the stiff wind that has been sweeping the river all day. It bore with great force on the ponderous frame work, which necessarily became loosened from the constant strain and swaying of the timbers. Earl Manchester, a civil engineer employed on the bridge, said: "The accident was caused by the wind. The piling was strong enough to bear double the weight. The bridge fell like a pack of cards. It became loosened on the Indiana side first and swayed gradually across to the opposite side.

There were many narrow escapes. Eighteen men were saved by being on the great stone pier, 70 feet high, when the crash came. A rope ladder was thrown up and the men rescued.

The building of the bridge has been marked by a series of disasters. No less than 50 men have been killed and injured in its construction before the present accidents. Three years ago the Masonic Savings Bank, one of the largest financial concerns in the city was wrecked by holding too much of the bridge's paper and the president of both bridge and bank, Jacob F. Kreiger, was ruined. He soon died and work was stopped. Several months ago arrangements were made with the Big Four and other railroads to furnish the money to complete the bridge and the work was commenced by the Phoenix Bridge Company of Phoenixville, Pa., which contracted to have the bridge up by January 1 next. The accident will cost the contractors $75,000. The loss of life heretofore has generally been in the caissons.

A HAND-TO-MOUTH BUSINESS.

Trade Still Waiting as Much as It Can, Although the Volume a Few Years Ago Would Have Been Called Large.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

It is proof of the enormous vitality of the country that, while mills are stopping in every direction, and the army of unemployed is larger than it has been for many years, other mills are constantly starting up to answer the demand which a single year of unprecedented disaster has only diminished. Industry is doing nothing on speculation, but the needs which the wonderful growth and past prosperity of the people have created, are pressing upon supplies exhausted by months of reduced production. Trade still waits as much as it can, and yet the volume of business on a mere hand-to-mouth basis is such as would have been called large a few years ago. Measured by clearing house exchanges, it is 15 per cent. less than a year ago, the decrease being greater in the West and South and less in the East. Measured by railroad earnings, it is 12.6 per cent. less than a year ago.

The fierce struggle of the Pittsburg region for iron business drives prices to the lowest point ever known, $11 for Bessemer iron and $16.75 for steel billets, and takes away nearly all new work from the east and west, where depression increases. Yet some additional furnaces went into blast last week.

Wheat receipts at the West have been 3,291,872 bushels against 5,549,913 the same week last year and Atlantic exports only 596,704 against 2,879,398 last year, and stocks in sight increased rapidly, but prices declined with sales of only 4,690,000 bushels here. Corn receipts were very large, 3,643,520 bushels, against 2,331,390 last year and exports were fully maintained; the price yielding ¼c.

The week has brought fewer sales of stocks by foreign holders that usual and some buying.

Failures are numerous and large, 339 in the United States for the week, against 279 last year and 40 in Canada against 25 last year.

Fined for Eating Peanuts in Church.

Morris Whittington and James Brown, two colored youths of Baltimore, were fined $10 and costs for eating peanuts in church.

LATER NEWS.

WASHINGTON.

Civil-service Commissioner Charles Lyman of Connecticut has resigned as president of the commission.

The senate has confirmed the appointment of Marcellus L. Davis, of Arkansas to be consul at Merida, Mex., and John R. Proctor of Kentucky to be civil service commissioner.

The senate bill to repeal a clause in the last pension appropriation bill, which prohibited the payment of pensions to persons residing in foreign countries, was passed.

FOREIGN.

The Chilean Congress has approved the protocol for the settlement of the boundry between Argentina and Chile.

Ten thousand persons are ill with influenza in the Province of Rhein-Hessen Ger. The disease is also very prevalent in the Province of Nassau.

Fourteen people were killed and thirty injured in a Russian railway wreck.

The French chamber of deputies have adopted anti-anarchist measures by large majorities.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

The coal operators of the Flat Top region met at Roanoke, Va., and protested against free coal. Fifty million dollars capital was represented at the meeting.

A. L. Sweet of Chicago has bought ex-Gov. Larrabees coal mines in the Black hills for $100,000. A railroad to develop them will be built and it is estimated that the mines will yield 5,000,000 tons.

CRIMES AND PENALTIES.

At Sedalia, Mo., Richardard Robinson, colored, was hanged for the murder of his white mistress.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Alder, living six miles southeast of Brighton, Io., had a quarrel. Mrs. Alder pushed her husband into the well, which was open and forty feet deep. She then threw stones on him and shot him. He will die.

G. P. Myers and Joe Bloom, two well-known confidence men were shot and killed in a saloon in Sioux City, Io.

Phillip M. Schieg, the defaulting teller of the Bank of Minneapolis, who was brought back from England for trial, and who pleaded guilty, was sentenced to seven years and six months at hard labor in the Minnesota State Penitentiary.

DISASTERS, ACCIDENTS AND FATALITIES.

Henry McMillen, a Cincinnati letter carrier, was found drowned in the river Sunday. He leaves an unencumbered estate of $100,000.

In the burning of his home at Sheffield, Mass., John C. Rovaback, aged 75, was burned to death and his daughter Ida fatally burned.

MORTUARY.

Mrs. Eliza Brown, known as "Liza Bell," the biggest colored woman in Rhode Island, weighing 400 pounds, died at Providence.

Mrs. Sarah F. Urstrand died Friday at New Brunswick, aged 105. A severe fall was the cause of her death.

Dr. Gustave Adolph Liebig, the celebrated chemist of Maryland, died at his home near Cantonville.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Crane Iron Company, Philadelphia, has assigned. The company has a paid up capital of $1,500,000 and a funded debt of $448,000.

The sheriff has closed the Rockford Shoe Company's store in Chicago on an attachment for $30,000 in favor of Rudolph Solomon.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Curis Evans, the California train robber and outlaw, has been found guilty of murder in the first degree and the penalty fixed at imprisonment for life.

By the decisive vote of 71 to 38 the South Carolina house of delegates has defeated a bill to provide separate coaches on railroad trains for the races.

At Londonville, Vt., the thermometer registered 40 degrees below zero at 7 o'clock Saturday morning.

The Metropolitan Traction company of New York offers $50,000 to any person who before January 1, 1894, will give the board of railroad commissioners plans for a system superior or equal to the trolley.

Evidence to prove Mayor Harrison's murderer insane has been introduced by his attorneys.

TIME AND WAGES CUT.

The Pennsylvania Retrenching on its Divisions North of Philadelphia.

There has been a general cut along the New York division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which extends from New York to Philadelphia, in the time of all its employes who work by the hour, such as carpenters, mechanics and laboring men. The reduction in running expenses has been made on the order of President Roberts. About 160 have been laid off on the New York division and the time of the hour men has been reduced from ten to eight hours. The average wages of those men whose time has been reduced is 12 cents an hour, or $1.20 a day.

The train service on the Pennsylvania Railroad was cut down considerably about a month ago, and wages will be reduced on the Delaware and Raritan Canal, which is controlled by that corporation.

LITTLE ONES LOOKED ON

And Saw Their Father, Who Was Out of Work, Hang Himself.

After trying in vain for nearly seven months to get work, Henry Weber, a tailor 35 years old, hanged himself at his home in Williamsburg, N. Y. He was a widower and from the time his wife died about a year ago, he took charge of his three children. On Sunday his children had little to eat. They went to bed crying.

When Weber thought they were asleep he got a piece of clothesline and hanged himself from a transom. His 8-year-old boy was not sleeping and saw him. He woke his sister and brother. The children were too much frightened to raise an alarm. They lay in bed and watched their father strangle to death.

Don't Shout After the Ball.

At Mankoto, Kan., the city council to increase depleted funds in the city treasury passed unanimously an ordinance making it an nuisance for any person, man, woman or child, hereafter to whistle or sing "After the Ball" between the hours of 6 a. m. and 10 p. m. The offense is punishable with a fine of 50 cents for each performance.

Catering to Woman's Vanity.

A flourishing establishment in New York derives most of its income from renting jewelry, instead of selling it outright, to women who cannot afford to buy. The business is a perfectly legitimate one. Only a fair amount of interest is charged for the use of the goods and nothing is ever attempted in the way of deceiving customers as to the actual value of the jewelry they hire. You can go to this store and get a watch set with turquoise, to wear on the lapel of your new electric blue gown, and you can keep the watch as long as you please by paying the rate of interest agreed upon when you take possession of it. Of course you must pay a deposit amounting to the full value of the turquoise bauble before you take it out of the shop, but when you go back with it all the money will be refunded except the small sum charged for its use. It is so with diamonds, and rings. Indeed, the whole list and category of jewelry might be included. On the night of a large ball the shop will be nearly cleared of its rentable stock. By the next day noon everything is returned, and the jewelry, newly polished and glittering as ever, are back in their cases waiting for the next [illegible]

A Strict Sabbatarian.

Primus—I won't ride on the street cars on Sunday because the employes have to work. Secundus—And I don't go to church because the preacher has to preach on the day of rest.—Judge.

ONCE let us deal with virtue and we are moving in a spiritual world; a world as different from materialism as is wine from the cup that holds it. By moral greatness we are put en rapport with better things. *Mallock, in "Doubt, Reason and Morality."*

"THAT man made money just by his sand." "What? That undersized, miserable little specimen?" "Yes; he's a brick maker."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials free. Address

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Massachusetts is an Indian word, signifying "country about the great hills."

THROAT DISEASES commence with a Cough, Cold or Sore Throat. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" give immediate relief. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

Greek cooks stuffed roast pigs with thrushes, eggs, thyme, mint and garlic.

Beecham's Pills correct bad effects of over-eating. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

National grants in aid of education were first made in the United States in 1803.

Cough nights? On going to bed take a dose of Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup.

Dew has a preference for some colors.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

"After a sunstroke I suffered with nervous prostration, lost all appetite, and my strength failed me. I was on the point of giving up. I had read much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, and concluded to give it a trial. Before I had taken half a bottle my appetite became so voracious that I would be compelled to eat between meals. Hood's Sarsaparilla has now fully restored my strength and general health. That terrible nervousness is entirely gone. I feel as vigorous and vigorous as ever. The pains in my back have greatly decreased." EDWARD SCULLIN, 153 Ogden Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

BLOOD POISON A SPECIALTY.

If any one doubts that we can cure the most obstinate case in 35 to 60 days, let him write for particulars and investigate our reliability. Our fee, if cured, [illegible] $500. When positive to use potassium, sarsaparilla or Hot Springs fail, we guarantee a cure—and our Mercury and Iodide Syphilis is the only thing that will cure permanently. Private, proof sent sealed, free. COOK REMEDY CO., Chicago, Ill.

NOW comes the season when dainty and delicious cake and pastry are required. **Royal Baking Powder** is indispensable in their preparation.

For finest food I can use none but Royal.—A. FORTIN, *Chef, White House, for Presidents Cleveland and Arthur.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., N.Y.

A Boy's Essay on Breathing.

We breathe with our lungs, our lights, our kidneys and our livers. If it wasn't for our breath we would die when we slept. Our breath keeps the life a-going through the nose when we are asleep. Boys who stay in a room all day should not breathe. They should wait until they get out in the fresh air. Boys in a room make bad air called carbonicide. Carbonicide is as poison as mad dogs. A lot of soldiers were once in a black hole in Calcutta and carbonicide got in there and killed them. Girls sometimes ruin the breath with corsets that squeeze the diagram. A big diagram is best for the right kind of breathing.—*Old Homestead.*

A Reward of Merit.

"I bought four dozen eggs of you the other day," he began, as he entered the grocery, "and I found——"

"Two dozen bad ones, of course. Well, I'm not responsible. I can't see through an egg shell."

"I was going to say that——"

"I know it, but I shan't make up the loss."

"Won't you let me say they were all good, every one of them?"

"Oh!"

"Not a bad one in the lot."

"James, put him up another dozen as a reward for lying!"—*Detroit Free Press.*

CURES OTHERS

M. W. SCOTT, Esq., of the U. S. Marshall's Office, *Atlanta, Ga.*, writes: "For many years my wife has been a constant sufferer from indigestion, sick headache, nervous prostration and all other complaints that the female sex is heir to, and, after trying many remedies and doctors with but little or no relief, I persuaded her to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' She was so out of heart, she returned the answer that it would be like all the rest—of no good; but on my account, she said she would try it, so I got one bottle each; and before she had used half of a bottle she felt that it was benefiting her, and she has continued to improve ever since, and now thinks it the most wonderful remedy on earth for her sex, and recommends it to all suffering females. She has not been so well in ten years.

I write this without any solicitation and with a free, good will, so that you may let all who may suffer know what it has done for her." Sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

MRS. SCOTT.

WHY NOT YOU?

PNU 51 '93

"COLCHESTER" SPADING BOOT

For Farmers, Miners, R. R. Hands and others. The outer or tap side extends the whole length of the sole down to the heel, protecting the shank in ditching, digging, &c. BEST Quality Throughout.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war. 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

One bottle for fifteen cents, Twelve bottles for one dollar, } by mail.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Ripans Tabules are the most effective recipe ever prescribed by a physician for any disorder of the stomach, liver or bowels.

Buy of any druggist anywhere, or send price to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 10 Spruce St., NEW YORK.

What Brings Release From Dirt and Grease? Why Don't You Know?

SAPOLIO!