MOREA AND GUATEMALA

THEIR STRIKING EXHIBITS AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

this is the First Time Far-off Korea Has Taken Part in an International Exposition-Articles of Interest on Exhibit - Guatemala and its Productions. This is the first time, according to the

chicago Record, that Korea, commonly pated in an international exposition. Though he has been open to the world for more than ten years, her relations with other than ten years have not been intimate, except with chims. Japan and Russia. By these three fations she is surrounded and jealously satched, lest she may become either too interest of the state of the same of th dependent or too much under the influence of one of these three powers. Korea thus occupies a very delicate and dangerous position and must act cautiously with other Nations. She is less known than either Japan or China. Her exhibit, therefore, in the World's Columbian Exposition, is very important three powers.

world's Columbian Exposition, is very important and instructive.

The Korean booth is in the couthwestern gat of the Manufactures Building, and, being small, is crowded with exhibits. It is in charge of Royal Commissioner Jeung Klung wow, who, with his associates, lives at 275 Forty-second street. The Korean flag, which hangs from the booth, is blue and yellow, and as a symbol has a very interesting meaning. As explained in the preface of Dr. H. N. Allen's book on Korea, the flag represents the male and female elements of nature. Bue stands for the heaven, or male element, and yellow stands for the earth, or fe-

Guatemala has erected a building at the Fair and filled it with exhibits which explain the resources of the country and tell of its prosperity. There are still vast and almost unexplored regions of the republic, which in itself covers an area of only 50,600 square miles. When Cortex was pillaging Mexico he heard of a country to the south where there was more gold, and he sent troops to Guatemals, who robbed the native Indians. These aboriginal inhabitants had reached a state of civilization higher than that of the great majority of American Indians.

dians.

In one corner of the Guatemaia Building is a grotto where is exhibited specimens of the fauna of the country. Here is a kind of bird called the gavilan, which sings the half hours, and is as correct as a sun dial. It is almost as good as a Government observatory. It stops its vigils, however, at sundown, and begins again in the morning, which is the salvation of the bibulous Guatemaian, who keeps one of these birds in the house.

On the east wall of the open court there is painted a map which shows the location of the principal towns and the railways already built. in course of construction and projected. The principal work the Government jected. The principal work the Government is doing at present is the building of a railway which, when completed, will connect San Jose, the principal town on the Pacific coast, with Puerto Barrios, on the Gulf of Honduras. Already the city of Guatemala, the capital of the republic, has been reached from San Jose, and 175 miles of the road has been constructed from the Pacito Barrios end. The Government has already expended \$3,000,000. The total cost of the work it is estimated, will reach \$10.000,000.

ed \$3,000,000. The total east of the work it is estimated, will reach \$10,000,000.

The the Guatemalans claim that for flavor their coffee is the best in the world. To advertise it to the American people they have built a pavilion by their building, where they serve Guatemala coffee to the music of the marimba. In the center of the building is an open court where about a tential is court, where about a jountain is displayed the exhibit of the flora of the country. Pictures are hung about the baleony

displayed the exhibit of the flora of the country. Pictures are hung about the balcony which show the principal places in the city which is the constant of the republic there is a line of volcanic peaks, the loftlest of which is that of Tajumuleo, which is over larged and the central figure represent the four points of the compass.

Just at the left of the entrance to the booth are some miscellaneous articles of considerable interest: A cupboard with dishes, a

WORLD'S PAIR-VIEW FROM THE EAST BALCONY OF THE HALL OF MECHANIC ARTS.

On the walls of the booth hang banners like Japanese Kakemono. One painted on straw attracts attention. There are also here straw attracts attention. There are also here and there servens, of which one was handembroidered by the ladies of the palace. The boxes and cabinets for clothing look like trunks and seem durable. Skins of sable, opard, fox, tiger and other animals are court dress, while on dummies in the center of the room are shown the ancient warriors' costumes, the ladies' dress for dance and the court dress of both a military and civil offi-

The young Korean in charge of the exhibit has evidently become tired of answering hundreds of times every day the same questions by different visitors. Consequently to the terner of a map showing Korea and the heighboring countries he has attached a paper headed "Questions Answered." Many of them are here reproduced:

'Korea' and 'Corea' are both correct, but the former is preferred. "Korea is not a part of China, but is inde-

Pendent."
"The Koreans do not speak the Chinese language, and their language resembles teither the Chinese nor the Japanese."

Korea made treaties in 1882. "All the articles are owned by the govern-

"Korea has electric lights, steamships, telegraphs, but no railroads. "Koreans live in comfortable tile-roofed uses, heated by flues under the floor."

Korean civilization is ancient and higharea, 100,000 square miles; population, 16,-600,000—climate like that of Chicago, country mountainous, mineral wealth undevel-oped; agricultural products, chiefly rice, beans, wheat and corn.

GUATEMALA AND ITS EXHIBIT.

bronze table and dinner set for one person. Indians. The Indians for the most part are boots and shoes of wood, straw and leather; devoted to agriculture, while the Ladinos after pot and tools, a board on which is are engaged in commercial pursuits. Guatboots and shoes of wood, straw and leather; as fire pot and tools, a board on which is are engaged in commercial pursuits. Guat-played a game evidently resembling chess, banners and lanterns, a kite and reel, vases (white and blue) and on the floor a brass cannon, very old, used in the American atoms, varyold, used in the American atoms, a spote and almost all kinds of (white and blue) and on the american at-cannon, very old, used in the American at-tack on Korean forts in the 70s. One of the tack on Korean forts in the 70s. One of the tropical fruits are produced. In the north-custern and southwestern parts of the counavai officers, by the way, who participated in that attack, is now a resident of Chicago. Ho is Lieutenant F. S. Bassett, interpreter of the foreign department of the World's Fair. All of the South American republics have and Secretary of the Chicago Foik-Lore South American republics have courted immigration in emulation of the courted immigration in emulation of the United States, but most of them without

united States, but most of them without very bright results.
Guatemala is ruled by a political code which was adopted in 1879 and in part revised in 1885. The President is elected directly by the people. His term of office is six years, and by the constitution he is not allowed to succeed himself. The legislative branch of the Covernment is constituted by branch of the Government is constituted by scattered about. In an upright glass case are exhibited various fabrics, articles of foot gear, an embroidered silk cushion and arm test, a man's suit, a lady's dress and a lady's of departments of foreign affairs, interior and justice, public works, war, treasury and public instruction. The judiciary is com-posed of a chief justice and a supreme court, and the system is very similar to that of the

FOSSILS AT THE PAIR.
There are all forms of fossils ranged in rows of cabinets and cases in the south gal-lery of the Enthropological Building. The evolution of the first form of life to its perevolution of the first form of life to its per-fection—man—is laid out and traced in order, necording to the lore of paleontologists, in the Ward collection. Cabinets of crusta-ceans, tritobites, crinoids do not alone mo-nopolize the space of the exhibit in paleon-tology. There are all sorts of things of all the geological ages, from the first to the latest before our own, from the Laurentian to the quaternary. There are reproductions of the forms of glant reptiles, mastodons and models of the huge beasts of prehistoric times. To the mind of the paleontologist the term antediluvian does not convey the impression of great antiquity. He deals with hings of the age when the earth was a shapeless, molten mass, of the age when it first began to cool so that existence was made

possible upon it. Properly the Ward collection has its begin ning in the north end of the south gal-which adorn the east wall of the south gal-lery. Over the first division of fossils is the lery. lery. Over the first division of fossils is the label "Laurentian," which signifies the first of the geological ages. In this age, accord-ing to the erudition of paleontologists, the Close up to Mexico lies Guatemala, the first land of Central America. Although the frontier of Mexico is like an impassable frontier of Mexico is like an impassable thasm, and the Republic of Guatemala is shut chasm, and the Republic of Guatemala is shut offirm all intercourse with the realm of most all the trade that is done is carried on most all the trade that is done is carried on most all the trade that is done is carried on most all the trade that is done is carried on most all the trade that is done is carried on most all the frade that is done is carried on most all the Mexican of Guatemala wants lier, and when a citizen of Guatemala wants lier, and when a citizen of Guatemala wants live, and when a citizen of Guatemala wants leving the found form. Then the lowest order of animal life found form. The coral sponges, crustantier, and when a citizen of Guatemala wants leving the found, some in France, some near Beauhar, life found, some in France, some near Beauhar, and some near Brailatree, which have a place in the collection were found, some in France, some near Brailatree, would be a parel for market. The eatch in 1891 (later fligures are not accessible) was 1,380,000 fish, waited the crust animal life developed. Whether in the Laurantal life developed. Whether in the Laurantal life developed. Whether in the Laurantal life there is still a bone of contention, but certain it is that there was in the succeeding age called the house door and then called her husband to her. Just as he approached she lit a match and set her clothes on fire. Then, seizing which have a place in the collection were found, some in France, some near Beauhar, life there is still they were both enveloped and the man is crazy and likely woman died and the man is crazy and likely to die.

Suprance are to accessible) was 1,380,000 fish, decided the flux and the figures are not accessible) was 1,380,000 fish, accessing of the crust flux animal life there is still flux the crossible of the crust flux animal life there is still flux the

the formations of o. the twelve geological ages. The sp. mens are oftenest found in mountain earners, broken places in the earth and about volcanoes.

Right here in this cabinet of the Cambrian age begins the forward march in the evolution of man, through mollusks of all degrees and finally through the mammals of the tertiary and quaternary ages. After the Cambrian age came the Ordevician. The trilobites became more numerous and increased in varieties and the crinoids begin to show forth.

Then the oyster made his bow to the vet-

show forth.

Then the cyster made his bow to the veterans of the earth and took up his abode. The fourth division of time in geology was the Silurian age, and at this time the appearances of new forms of life were marvelously frequent. The nautilus is in evidence in numerous fossils. Great quantities and varieties of coral are seen. Still all the life on earth was confined to invertebrate animals and there were no signs of vertebrates. The star fish came in the Devonian age. A score of varieties of these fish in fossils were found at the falls of the Ohio near Louisville.

ville.

The permian, triassic and jurassic ages are classed together and called the "reptilian ages." In the latter part of the permian age the reptiles began to come. From small animals they grew into huge-jawed beasts. Some walked on their hind feet and after awhile developed wings. The ichthyosaurus, a huge creature of the sea, is found impressed on fossils. There were in those days hundreds varieties of the nautilus, while to-day there are but few. The fish mostly had cartilaginous skeletons, like the shark of to-day. Vertebrate animals began to put in their appearance, and in the cretaceous, the tenth age, then the first bird soared into the air, if the theory of paleontologists is sound. The the theory of paleontologists is sound. The bird was only a further development of the reptile with wings. It had a caudal append-age and teeth and was covered with feathers. One animal of the tenth age was the iguan-

A femur bone of one of these animals is in A femur pone of one of these animals is the possession of Professor Ward. The bone is four and one-half feet long, which would make the height of the animal about twelve feet. The tertiary and quaternary ges were the ages of mammals. Some of sem grew larger than the elephant and some were of prodigious bulk as well as height. The things of the waters were huge beyond com-parison with any living creatures of our own age. The common, ordinary cows of which skulls and horns have been found in the strain of the quaternary age weld put to shame the prize 3000-pound bulls of the stock

same the prize 2000-pound bulls of the stock exhibit.

Some of the jaws of the mammals are four feet long with the teeth several inches wide. The eggs of animals akin to our ostrich are about four feet in circumference.

The models of these prehistoric animals probably attract more attention than any other exhibit in the Anthropological Building. The largest of these models is that of the great Siberian mammoth which stands near the center of the south gallery. The restoration was made by the celebrated German preparatem, Herr L. Martin. The measurements were taken from the largest bones of the mammoth contained in the Royal museum of Stuttgart, while the character of the outer covering is copied from acter of the outer covering is copied from portions of skin, covered with halr, taken from a mammoth that was found in 1799 in glacier ice near the mouth of the River Lena in Siberia, and is now preserved in the Im-perial museum of St. Petersburg. The speci-men stands sixteen feet high and twenty-two feet long from its tail to the forward curve of the trunk. The tusks are nearly six feet long and curved. A huge skeleton of a plessionaurus, a marine reptile of the jurassie time, stands with a coterie of other models. The original specimen was found in 1848 in the Lias, near Whitby, England. It meas-ures over twenty-two feet and would be a

hideous compliment to any nightmare.

A restored cast in plaster of the huge dinesaurian reptile, the hadrosaurus foulkif, from the upper cretacouns of New Jersey, stands near the huge mammoth. A testudo of wonderful proportions, and an immense ungulates or hoofed animal, called the dinesaurus and dinesauru

saurus, which, in the tertiary day, were nu-merous in Wyoming.

In the inclosure of the Ward exhibit are In the inclosure of the Ward exhibit are
the skeleton and several legs of various specimens of mon, a gigantic, wingless bird, found
in recent deposits in New Zealand. The monswere but lately exterminated. Complete
skeletons, with portions of the skin and
feathers still adhering, have been found.
A glyptodon relie of the latter part of the
certiary age was found near Montovideo. A
cast of this animal is contained in the Ward
exhibit. It was a huge armailile, but withexhibit. It was a huge armadillo, but with-out the bands or joints present in modern species, by means of which they can roll themselves into a ball. There are nearly a score or more of these peculiar animals, all of which have no counterparts in modern

BRODE ISLAND DAY AT THE PAIR. Rhode Island's day has been celebrated in fitting manner at the World's Fair. The Bhode Island National Guard was represented by the staff officers of the Newport Artillery and 115 men. Governor D. Russell Brown's personal staff, and many military officers on the general staff. At the Rhode Island Building Governor Brown and Pro-fessor Williams delivered addresses,

RESOURCES OF ALASKA.

Interesting Facts From a Census Agent's Report.

Charles H. Isham, Deputy Collector of Customs of Alaska, who was assigned as census agent, to the duty of preparing statistical data of the Territory, arrived at Port Townsend, Washington, from Sitka the other day, and gave out some information concerning the resources of Alaska which has not been published before. He estimates the not been published before. He estimates the annual gold product at about \$1,006,000. Miners who ascend the Yukon River in the spring usually return with from \$2000 to \$5000 in gold dust, and about \$700,000 in gold is taken out annually by the Treadwell mines. For the year ending June 30, 1893, 113 vessels entered from foreign ports, and 110 cleared; coastwise vessels, eighty-five and eighty-nine. In the district there are afty-five vessels documented. The value of domestic exports to foreign countries was estie exports to foreign countries was \$14,811, and foreign goods exported to foreign countries, \$3020, making a total of \$17,831. The valuation of the imports for the same time was about \$60,000. The customs receipts from all sources amounted to \$11,769.54, but the expenses of collection were \$19,119.26.

In the customs district of Alaska there are thirteen employes, including six deputy colment not to put up more than 400,000 cases this year. From reports received to September 1, I estimate their catch at 250,000 cases. The independent canneries have packed about 50,000. The whole output will not exceed 300,000 cases. The codfishing business is now principally operated by a combination controlled by a San Francisco firm. The base of their operations is between Popoff and Sanakh Islands. The fish are taken to the salt house and then trans-ported to San Francisco, where they are pre-pared for market. The eatch in 1891 (later

Where Pearls Are Found.

carls are found in the shells of my kinds of mollusks. They occur many kinds of molluaks. They occur in the common edible oyster, but are not of value. Very large white ones are occasionally obtained from the giant clam, which is the biggest known bivalve, but they are not worth much They are always symmetrical and or some beauty, having a faint but pleas ing sheen when looked at sideways. The shells of the giant clam are occasionally used for baptismal fonts in churches. The animal is found, buriec up to the lips, hinge downward, it coral reefs. Men have lost their liver by stepping between the open valves, which closed immediately upon the closed immediately upon the foot, holding them until they drowned

It is said that pearls of a yellowiel color are sometimes obtained from the pearly nautilus. But the natives of the Sooloo Archipelago throw then away, considering them unlucky. They declare that, if a man should fight while wearing a ring with such a pearl he would certainly be killed. Pearl bearing mussels are found in the lake and streams of many parts of the world, including the United States These wollusks have yielded great numbers of valuable gems in this country, so that attemnts have beer made to establish pearl fishing ou s commercial basis in some rivers.

The chief sources of supply of mother-of-pearl shells are the Torres Straits and West Australian fisheries and the trade centers of Singapore and Macassar. Innumerable islands of the Pacific contribute more or less of this valuable product - notably Tahiti Three varieties are recognized commonly-the white, the black edged and the golden edged. This statement refers to the pearl oyster, which furpishes the finest mother-of-pearl. The shells of a single oyster have been known to weigh as much as fourteer pounds. The utmost economy and skill are exercised in cutting up the shells, each part being made to serve some particular purpose. Thus, from a single one of good size will be obtained a penholder, a pistol butt, two or three knife handles, a poker chip and a dozen and a half buttons of different sizes .- Washington Star.

First Appeniances The entire Hebrew Bible was printed n 1488.

Ships were first "copper-bottomed" n 1783. Christianity was introduced into

Japan in 1549. The first telescope was used in Enrland in 1608.

The first watches were made at Nuremberg in 1477. Omnibuses were first introduced in New York in 1830.

The first copper cent was coined in New Haven in 1687. The first newspaper advertisement

appeared in 1652. Kerosene was first used for lighting surposes in 1826. The first saw-maker's anvil was

rought to America in 1819.

Percussion cans were first used in the United States any in 1830. The first use of a locomotive in this ountry was in 1829. The first almanae was printed by

George von Furbach in 1400, The manufacture of porcelain was introduced into the province of Hezin, Japan, from China, in 1513, and Hezin ware still bears Chinese marks.

The first daily newspaper appeared in 1702. The first newspaper printed in the United States was published in Boston on Sept. 25, 1790.

The first society for the exclusive purpose of circulating the Bible was organized in 1805 under the name of the British and Foreign Bible Society.

The first telegraph instrument was successfully operated by S. F. B. Morse, the inventor, in 1835, though its utility was not demonstrated to the world until 1842.

The first Union flag was unfurled on Jan. 1, 1776, over the camp at Cam-bridge. It had thirteen stripes of white and red, and retained the British cross in one corner.

Slightly Misconstrued.

Mr. Quizzer-Where are you going with that basket of eggs? Mr. Henpeck-Am going to Chicago to swap them for a divorce and a new thirt .- Arcola Record.

THE great painter Razzi filled his nouse with all sorts of animals, and laught his raven to cry "Come in" whenever there was a knock at the loor.

Denfness Cannot be Cured

Denfness Cannot be Cured or local application, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the car. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an infamed condition of the mucous thing of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets infamed you have a rumbing sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the infammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, bearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the nucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Deliars for any case of Peafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cure i by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for sirculars, free.

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The first magazine for the blind was printed by Rev. W. Taylor in London in

When Nature

Needs assistance it may be best to render it promptly, but one should remember to use even the most perfect remedies only when needed. The best and most simple and gentle remedy is the Syrup of Figs manufactured by the Calitornia Fig Syrup Co.

The Israelites learned surveying from the Ecyptians who had practiced it for

Sore throat cured at once by Hatch's Univer-sal Cough Syrup. 25 cents at druggists. The average height of clouds is a mile or rather a little more.

Beecham's Pills with a drink of water mornings. Beecham's no others. 25 cents a box. A peer cannot resign his peerage.

frafflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompoon's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle

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Amendment Adopted.

A member of the House of Commons had been paying attention to a son Black was especially fond, and young lady for a long while, and he which so accurately expressed his had taken her to attend the House sentiments that he made use of it on until she was perfectly posted on its all possible occasions. One of rules. On the last day of the session, these was the funeral of his most as they came out, he bought her a bouquet, saving:

"May I offer you my handful of flowers?

She gromptly replied:

"I move to amend by omitting all after the word 'hand.'"

He blushingly accepted the amendment, and they adopted it unani-

The Stork.

The Arabs have a superstition that the stork has a human heart. When one of these birds builds its nest on a housetop they believe the happiness of that household is insured for that year.

Miracles Not Ended Yet. WHAT A MINISTER SAYS OF SWAMP-ROOT.

Sageville, N. Y. May 12, 1863, Gentlemen: - For years I suffered with SCOTTON Ridney and liver after dector treated me with no avail. I prov werse and was



in despair of ever be ing any better. agony fendured when the attacks came on, rolling on the floor, down furthers merphine would quiet

me. It seemed death would be a relief from my suffering. My stopmen was in a terrible condition, food, what little I ate, distressed me, my complexion was yellow; howels con-stipated; I was only able to walk as far as the front porch. A friend recommended your Swamp-Root. I began to take it at once.

Swamp-Root Cured Me.

After passing off from my system a fearful amount of poisonous matter, imagine my jos to find it was decidedly better. My improve-m. For their as capid and uninterrupted and how in Co. . as I was completely cured, tian of Rev. Wm. H. Van Deusen.

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"German

I must say a word as to the efficacy of German Syrup. I have used it in my family for Bronchitis, the result of Colds, with most excellent success. I have taken it myself for Throat Troubles, and have derived good results therefrom. I therefore recommend it to my neighbors as an excellent remedy in such cases. James T. Durette, Earlysville, Va. Beware of dealers who offer you "something just as good." Always insist on having Boschec's German Syrup.



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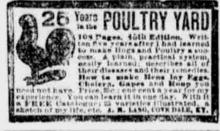
True and Appropriate. There was one hymn of which Par-

prominent deacon, who, though active in the affairs of the courch, had, in the business world, a reputation for sharpness and closeness that was not wholly enviable.

The services were drawing to a close. Parson Black rose slowly from his chair, and, in a voice of sepulchral sadness, said:

"Friends: Before removing the remains of our dearly be oved brother from this house to the house applinted for all the livin', let us join in singin' the 247th hymn;

"Believin', we rejoice To see the curse removed."





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