# THE MIDDLEBURGH POST.

CHEVE AND

### T. H. HARTER, EDITOR AND PRO'R.

MIDDLEBURG, PA, NOVEMBER 27, 1890

# CAPTURE OF CROOKS. THE GANG CHARGED WITH WORK.

ING CHICAGO.

#### Robbed a Bank Messenger and Cracked Several Safes. It is Said.

Chicago, Nov. 23 .- A most important capture of the thieves was made last evening by the Desplaines street station police. For two months they have lived within the shadow of the station, but so clever were they that their presence was not known until a day or two ago. Four bold safe robberies and innumerable thefts are laid at their doors. They are charged with robbing Messenger Austin of the Prairie State National bank of a satchel containing \$2,000 in currency and clearing house checks for \$87,000.

When the story was printed a week ago of the messsenger having lost the satchel and of its having been found by an honest boy, ctc., the papers questioned it and asserted that the satchel was really stolen and that it was returned minus the \$2,000 currency, the thieves having no use for the checks. At the station the prisoners gave their names as Sheldon, Shine, Lally, Wade, Dutton, Felsenthal, Maggie Warner and Kitty Adams Neither of the women is over 29 years old. The male members of the gang are all old time thieves. Sheldon, Shine and Lally are three of the best safe blowers outside prison walls. The police claim that they are the parties who robbed the safe at the Lake street depot of the Illinois Central railroad, Booth & Son's safe, and the other jobs of recent date. The gang is also credited with stealing from Millionaire Keller's buggy last week a tin box containing valuable papers.

#### NEW RAILROAD ALLIANCE. Jay Gould to Assume Direction of Lines

in Which He is Interested. New York, Nov. 21 .- It is stated this afternoon that an alliance has been formed between the interests represented by Geo. C. Magoun, of Kidder, Peabody & Co., Jay Gould, C. P. Huntington and the Standard oil party, by which all the railroads owned or controlled by them individually or jointly will be operated together practically under Gould's direction. This includes the Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Northern Pacific, Atchison, Wabash, Kansas & Texas, Texas Pacific and many other roads. It is also said that Gould is trying to force the holders of the Rock Island either to sell their stock or join hards with the other roads in the alliance. The Burlington and Chicago & Alton will act with the allied roads in what ever steps may hereafter be made, but there are fears that the Vanderbilts may be angry at the loss af their traffic contract with Union Pacific and may refuse to join. If the Vanderbilts and the roads controlled by J. Pierpont Morgan can be brought in a meeting of bankers and railroad Presidents of all the roads in the country will be called, a new association formed, and then an immediate and material advance in all railroad rates will be at once ordered, ....

# FARMERS' CONFERENCE. Meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit

Association. Springfield, Ill., Nov. 18 - The National Assembly of the Farmers' Mutual Denefit Association met in secret session this afternoon with 500 delegates present. The principal topics to be discussed are the state of the union, the land question, transportation, money and interest. Dr. H. H. Moore, of Mt. Erie, Ill., who is member elect to the Legislature, is President of the association, and his movements, together with those of Messys. Taubeneck and Cockel, who are also members elect to the Legislature. excite great interest. They declare that they are not committed to the support of

any candidate for the United States Senate and decline to say what their course in the Legislature will be.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 19.-The National Assembly of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association is nursing a small volcano, which promises to disrupt the organization. It is the subbject of the tariff and the matter of indorsing a United States Senator in Illinois. The meeting to-day was short. It was decided to hold the next assembly at Indianapolis, and a resolution was adopted favoring co-operation with all societies of a like character. This ends all idea of amalgamation with the Farmers' Alliance.

Secretary Stelles's report shows there are now in the United States 4,947 lodges, and of these 2.766 were organized within a year. There were also organized within the year G tate assemblies and 78 county assemblies. Of the lodges organize I during the year 1,608 are in Indiana; 807 in Illinois; 153 in Kansas; 61 in Kentucky; 49 in Iowa; 38 in West Virginia; 36 in Ohio; 13 in Nebraska: 10 in Missouri, and 2 in Arkansas.

The total reported membership, with dues paid, is 107,785. The platform will be adopted to merrow. It will advocate tarlif reform; lowering the taxes on necessaries and increasing the duties on luxuries; favoring the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people; unlimited coinage of silver, the sub-Treasury idea and the loaning of money to farmers at nominal rates of interest by the Government, and money to be issued directly to the people without the intervention of banks.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 20 .- The Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association Assembly today agreed to resolutions demanding a revision of the patent laws: the abolition of the National banking system; the circulating medium of the Government be confined to gold, silver and copper coin, and United States Treasury notes: favor the loaning of money by the National Government to citizens in sums not exceeding \$1,000 to any one person and property secured at interest not to exceed 4 per cent. per annum; favor the issue and sale at par by the Government of United States bonds in denominations of \$10, \$20, \$50 and \$100 bearing 2 per cent. interest and redeemable at the option of the holder and the Government. The resolutions demand the regulation of corporations by law. They also favor the election of President, Vice-President and United States Senators by popular vote, oppose the Civil Service laws and fix the tenure of office of United States Judges at a period not to exceed nine years; the election of postmasters and 2.35 way and warehouse commissioners by popular vote is also urged. Pensions to soldiers and sailors are approved, and a revision of Government officials' salaries is recommend-

# OFFICIAL REPORTS.

RESTRICTION OF IMMIGRATION.

## Surgeon General Hamilton's Report to Secretary Windom.

Washington, Nov. 21 .- Surgeon General Hamilton has made a report to the Secretary of the Treasury, giving the results of visits paid by him to the principal foreign ports of embarkation of immigrants bound for the United States,

He says he visited the ports of Naples London, Liverpool, Glasgow, Bremen, Trieste and Hamburg, and found that there is at present no systematical medical examination of immigaants at any port of embarkation.

"Some of our steamship lines," he says, 'require their surgeons to make a prelimin ary examination, which, however, in no case compares with the examinations made at New York by the officers of the Marine Hospital service, as the purposes are entirely different, the purpose of the steamship company being to pass, all that can be passed. while the purposes of the Marine Hospital inspection are to report to the Superintendent all cases thas are likely to become a public charge from permanent disability cr present disease. It may be positively asserted, without fear of successful contradiotion, that the immigrants bound to the United States are not generally required to undergo a proper inspection."

Dr. Hamilton further says : "So far as my observations extend, and so far as I can learn from the literature on this subject, there is no country in the world in which citizenship is so cheaply obtained as in the United States. The general question of restrictive measures as against the incoming mass is one of the most important that can be considered from an economic or political standpoint, and, viewed from an American standpoint, there is no doubt that the welfare of the country demands more restrictive measures than the present laws seem to be able to furnish The advocacy of restrictions upon immigrations does not necessarily imply hostility to foreigners, not legislation adverse to the interests of those naturalized citizens now in this country. On the contrary, it is believed to be for the general interest of those now on the soil who, having been invested with the rights of citizenship are entitled to all the protection that our laws can give, and it is in their interest, not less of the natural born citizen, that further influx of persons not bringing skilled labor or material wealth to the country should be restricted.

"It is suggested that the law be amended to provide that any person intending to emigrate to the United States shall produce, to the United States Consul nearest him, evidence from the proper local authorities satisfactory to the Consul that he has not been convicted of any crime; that he has not any time been a public charge in the country whence he comes, nor has he at any time received public assistance; and, further, that he also produce to the Consul a certificate from a legally qualified resident physician to the effect that such emigrant is at the time suffering from no contagious or epidemic disease or disability such as would make him a publie charge; that on the production of these certificates to the consul, he shall issue to the intending immigrant his certificate.

THE BARKER FAILURE. They Are the Barings' Philadelphia Agent.

Philadelphia, November 20 .- The failure of Barker Bros. & Co., bankers and brokers, was announced on the Stock Exchange this afternoon.

The firm is composed of Abraham an Wharton Barker and Joseph Wharton.

The firm at 1 o'clock stoped receiving deposits at their office at Fourth and Chestnut streets and at 1:15 o'clock the doors were closed.

The members of the firm refused to make any explanation of their troubles, Mr. Wharton Barker stating to an Associated Press reporter that the firm had no statement to make whatever.

As soon as the announcement was m d on 'Change there was a general fall in stocks.

Mr. Wharton Barker is president of the Finance Company. The firm also controls the Wharton Switch Company, and gained a world-wide reputation some time ago by its Chinese Inter-Telegraphing Banking scheme They are also the Philadelphia correspondents of the Barings, the great London bankers, who were in difficulty recently.

The firm of late has been doing very little business through the Stock Exchange. An assignment has been made to Edward Mellor, who is the son-in-law of Mr. Wharton Barton.

The suspension was not much of a surprise to the well-informed, as the firm's credt has been poor for the past two months, It is said that the habilities will be about \$3,. 000,000, but the creditors are not numerons The firm is said to have an interest in the stock market and failed because of their inability to realize on outside securities,

# SUGAR AND LUMBER.

#### Assistant Secretary Spalding's Instructions to Customs Collectors.

Washington, November 21. - Assistant Secretary Spalding has informed the Collector of Customs at Newberne, N. C., that imported sugars not above No. 16 Dutch standard, and molasses, cannot be withdrawn for consumption before April 1, 1891, with payment of the duties imposed by the act of March 3, 1883.

He also informed the collector at Burlington, Vt., in regard to drawback on certain manufactures of lumber, exported from New York after the new tariff act went into effect, under combined transportation and export entry, made at that port before Octoher 1, that the drawback must be equal to the duty paid on the lumber used in manufactures, viz: Two dollars per 1,000 feet subject to the deduction of 1 per cent. prescribed in Section 25, of Act of October 1, 1890.

The Department having previously decided that the new rate of deduction is applicable to all exportations made after that date, without regard to the date of the importation of the materials, and that in cases of indirect exports, the date of exportation specified in the certificate from the frontier or seaboard port, and not the date of entry, should, says the Assistant Secretary, be taken as the dividing line between shipments subject to the old rate of retention and those entitled to the new rates of reduction.

### ANOTHER RAID REPORTED. Indians Break for the Big Horn Valley-

# COMMERCIAL.

How Business Stands the Great Financial Strain. DUN & CO.'S WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

The Number of Failures Smaller Than Was Apprehended.

New York, November 22 .- R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The marrel to-day is that the business world has been able to stand, with so little disturbance thus far, such shock and strain as the past two weeks have brought. With the cases of the largest commercial banking house in Great Britain turned over to the Bank of England, with several large stock failures here and one at Philadelphia, and some saving banks besieged by ignorant depositors in a panic, the legitimate business of the country has hardly been affected at all as yet. Stringency has checked some buying, difficulty of making foreign exchange threatens to retard movements of cotton and a more conservative temper is seen in trading, but everything thus far indicates a sounder condition of legitmate business than many suppose. The collapse of many great speculations has brought heavy losses, but the public has not been taking much part in such operations. It may be hoped that financial institutions, forced at last to drop speculations which absorbed enormous capital, will have more avillable money after the storm has passed

for the use of industry and commerce. British losses by the shrinkage in South American stocks, nitrates, cedulas and South African securities are estimated at \$439,000,000. The depression in American

stocks since last spring has involved the loss of more than \$200,000,000, and in wheat and other products losses have been heavy. But the number of failures up to this time has been smaller than was apprehended: While money markets are generally tight, there is still no unusual complaint as to collections, though renewals and rediscounts have been large. The volume of business continues to exceed that of any previous year at all clearing houses outside of New York about 181-2 percent for the month thus far. Exports have been checked, New York falling 9 per cent below last year's for the month, but the imports here in half of November exceed

last year's by 29 per cent. Even at Boston and at Philadelphia the great failures are felt less in commercial circles than might have been expected. At Philadelphia money is tight, and commercial paper almost unsalable, but trade in wool improves; in groceries trade is good, though in tea and coffee is dull; in produce trade is fair, though collections are slow.

The business failures occurring throughout the country during the past seven days number 274, as compared with 206 last week. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 277.

# ROBBED THEIR EMPLOYES.

A Riot in the Chinese Quarter of San Francisco.

San Francisco, November 20 .- The members of the firm Tong Yoong & Co., one of the most extensive Chinese merchandise houses, and who are also labor contractors, have fled to China with \$40,000, the wages of 200 Chinamen who recently returned from Alaska. Geong Hen Ven and Haw Mee Sen comprise the firm, which was next to the Six Companies in importance. The absconders owe other creditors \$29,000, making their habilities (60.000. It is stated that failures amounting to over \$25,000 have occurred among Chinese firms during the past month. There was a riot in Chinatown last night as a result of the absconding of the Chinese contractors with the laborer's wages. The Chinese fishermen are left penniless af er a whole season's work, and about 200 of them marched to the store of Tong Fung, one of the labor contractors' bondsmen, and forcibly took possession of the store. About fifty of them closed the heavy iron doors and declared they would remain inside. Others went to Chew Chong's store, another bondsman's place, but were prevented from capturing the place by the interference of the police. After a hard fight the Chinese were dispersed. Serious trouble is anticipated, and the six Chinese companies have issued a proclamation stating that they will do all in their Pine Ridge or north to the scene of this last power for them. Tong Fung's store is still in the possession of the rioters.

# A GREAT MOVE.

#### Southern Inter-State Immigration Conention at Ashville, N. C.

The great Bouthern Inter-State Immigration Convention is to assemble in the city of Asheville, N. C., on the 17th of December. It is no ordinary gathering, but is composed of commissioned delegates from every State in the South, chosen as follows: Four from the State at large and two from each State Sena-torial District, by the Governor; two from each county, chosen by the County Commis-sioners; one from each corporate city, chosen by the Mayor; one from each Cham-ber of Commerce or Board of Trade, chosen by the presiding officers; two delegates from each editorial association; one dele-gate from each railway or steamboat com-pany, chosen by the General Passenger Agent; one delegate from each land com-pany, chosen by the Manager or presiding officer of the company. The convention in Asheville, N. C., on the 17th of December, is not an experiment. It is not the start, and the entire people are in-terested in the great move on the part of more than a dozen States. We give a brief outline of the movament: The Southern Inter-States Immigration Asheville, N. C., on the 17th of December. It

more than a dozen States. We give a brief outline of the movament: The Southern Inter-States Immigration Bureau was created by the Southern Inter-States Immigration Convention, held in the city of Montgomery, Ala., December 12th, 1888. This convention was composed of dele-gates, appointed by the Governors, municipal authorities, Boards of Trade, and railway compositions: the State Commissioners of

corporations; the State Commissioners of Immigration were exoficit delegates. The movement had the hearty endorsy-ment of all the chief executives, Commissioners of Agriculture and Immigration of the several States interested. Mr. F. B. Stahiman, of the Louisville and

Nashville Railroad, in addressing the conven-tion, made a ringing speech endorsing the movement, and assured the convention that the railroads would meet the people half-way

the railroads would meet the people half-way in this matter. Not only were the objects of the conven-tion approved by the leading newspapers throughout the country in advance, but the plan and scope of the work were endorsed by them without exception. The plans proposed by the committee on permanent organization, which were unani-mously adopted, were as follows: "Your committee selected for the purpose of drafting a plan of organization looking to

of drafting a plan of organization looking to the formation of a permanent Southern la-ter-State Immigration Bureau for the put pose of securing added population and capi-tal for the Southern States and Territories, tal for the Southern States and Territories, securing uniform freight and immigration rates, the opening of a general office and the establishment of such other office and agen-cies, the arranging of fairs and expositions, establishing ports of entry and the doing of all other things necessary for the develop-ment of every State and Territory ombraced in the call of this convention, beg to submit their report as follows, and recom-mend that there be selected an Exe-utive Committee to consist of a mem-ber from each State and Territory; that said Executive Committee shall select a General Manager and that said Executive Committee and General Manager shall con-stitute the Southern Inter-State Immigra-tion Burean. Your committee furthermore tion Bureau. Your committee furthermore suggests that all matters pertaining to the conduct of this Inter-State Bureau shall be conduct of this Inter-State Bureau shall be left solely with the bureau, there being no question of State interest involved since each State will be represented by one of her most able and representative men in the forma-tion of the Executive Committee." To Hon. F. B. Chilton, of Austin, Texas, who was at that time Commissioner of Im-migration for the Lone Star State, is due the credit of putting the thing into working

credit of putting the thing into working shape. For it was his work and his means that aroused the people to their duty and caused them to meet in convention. Since that time Mr. Chilton has resigned his work for the State of Texas and given his time to the stupendous undertaking of organizing the workingmen of the Southern States into one great body for the upbuilding of their material interests.

### HIS NAME IS MARKS.

Capture of an Ex-Bank Clerk Who Se-

# FOUND GUILTY.

#### Mrs. Brundage Sentenced to Fifteen Months' Imprisonment.

The jury in the case of Ann Brundage, the woman accused of being an accused of being after the fact in the Crouch murder case, went out last night, and at 3 o'clock this morning agreed on a verdict.

Owing to the fact that Judge Stowe had adjourned court until 9 o'clock this morning, the verdict was not rendered until that time.

By 8 o'clock the court house was crowded with people awaiting the verdict, as a remarkable interest has been manifested in the case since its start. The verdict of the jury was guilty of being an accessory after the fact of the Crouch family nurder.

Judge Stowe then administered a severe rebuke to the defendant and sentenced her to 15 months' imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. Neither the verdict nor the sentence appeared to disconcert Mrs. Brundage in the least, and she walked out of the court room with the coolness which has characterized her conduct since her arrest.

# THE DEMOCRATIC MAJORITY

#### In the Next House is 130-The Farmers' Alliance Elected 17 Members.

Washington, D. C., November 24 .- The list of the members of the house in the Fifty-second congress, which has been compiled in the office of the clerk of the house, is as nearly correct as any list will be until all the certificates are received. Even then it is not likely to be changed, as the list has been prepared with care, and in nearly every instance from official returns. It is interesting because, for the first time, it gives a really definite idea of the political complexion of the next house. It shows that 222 Democrats have been elected on a straight ticket, the number of Republicans being 92. It gives the Farmers' alliance a representation of 17, but 12 of this number come from the south and will act with the Democratic party, thus swelling the latter's aggregate vote to 224 The Democratic majority over the Republicans is therefore 130, or 142 counting the 12 Alliance men as Demcornts.

#### EXTENSIVE WESTERN FAILURES. Syndica e of Six Kansas Banks in Very Serious Trouble.

Kansas City, Nov. 21 .- An extensive bank failure has occurred, involving the Newton National Bank, at Newton, Kas., with branches at Guthrie, Normal, El Reno, Stillwater and Whitewater. A run was on the Guthrie bank, made. but the Newton bank went to its rescue and met all claims presented. Since that time the credit of the whole group of hanks has been more or less impaired. Yesterday the Newton Bank was taken posession of by the Federal authorities and to-day the Guthrie bank closed its doors, while the Whitewater concern is in the hands of the examiner. The assets are believed to be equal to the liabilities.

ed, as is also a reduction of the taxation on necessaries and conveniences and the regulation of immigration and the manufacture of adulterated food. The resolution concludes by making provisions for the establishment of a National organization to attend the coming session of the Legislature throughout the country in the interest of the farmers' organizations and calling upon the representatives of the association to keep aloof from both "old parties."

### THE FARMERS' ALLIANCE.

#### A Candidate for Speaker Coddles It in His Remarks.

Washington, Nov. 19 .- Since the election of Governor Gordon as a United States Senator from Georgia, there is less fear among the politicians in Washington that the Farmers' Alliance can run everything its own way in the next Congress. Congressman Outhwaite, a candidate for the Speakership, today expressed the opinion that the Alliance would not pass the sub-treasury scheme, Lut would be satisfied if they could secure a reduction and equalization of taxation, and an enlargement of the circulating medium to meet the demands of trade and business. He thought it not unlikely that the conditions might be such, the value of silver being increased, "that the Democrats could adopt the free coinage of silver during the Fifty-second Congress. They could, he thought, make a reduction and equalization of the tariff by taking up one item at a time and passing it through the

House and then through the Senate with the assistance of certain Republicans. "The Farmers' Alliance," he said, "is advancing from the West into the North and East and some of the least digested and least well-considered features of the movement are being toned down, all not agreeing to principles which some would advance. 1 have been watching the movement with considerable interest. I cannot discover that there has been any combination formed between the Farmers' Alliance and the Labor party in the cities, though such a union has been announced. If the wage-workers of the cities should join with the Alliance I believe they could elect the next President of the United States."

On Stanley's Trail. Messrs, Michael Hawkins, of Pittsburgh; Martin Conway, of Youngstown; George Jackson, of Akron, and Thomas Collins, of Cieveland, propose to leave Pittsburgh on Monday, to traverse the route over which Stanley went in Africa. They believe the explorer is in a measure an impostor, and that his stories of hardships and privations are

### Storm in the Wyoming Valley.

untrue.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., November 20 .- A heavy hail storm, accompanied by wind, swept over the Wyoming Valley, doing considerable damage. It was particularly severe in Plymouth, four miles from here, where it blew down the steeple of the Lithunian Catholic church. The structure is so hadly damaged that it will have to be rebuilt.

# CANNON'S ESTIMATES.

#### The Government Able to Pay \$150,000,-000 a Year for Pensions.

Washington, November 21 .-- Congressman Cannon, of Illinois, the chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, arrived here last night.

He told a reporter that he apprehended in a general way that when the adjudications under the new pension law were made, the pension roll would reach \$150,000,000 a year. He estimated the cost of the new law at \$50,000,000 a year. Mr. Cannon said he had no doubt that the revenues of the Government under the new tariff law would be sufficient to meet all the ordinary expenses of the Government and pay \$150,000,000 a year for pensions. "I include also the sinking fund," he added, "but we have anticipated the sinking fund by \$\$30,033,000, and we are so far ahead that if we don't pay a cent under the sinking fund act for the next 10 or 12 years we will have just caught up."

Mr. Cannon thinks that beyond allowing a possible rebate on tobacco, there will be no tariff legislation during the coming ses sion.

#### THE RED MESSIAH.

#### His Influence Spreads Rapidly Through the West.

Washington D. C., November 21 .- Acting Indian Commissioner Belt this afternoon received the following telegram from Special Agent Cooper at the Fine Ridge agency "Newspaper reports false. Agent Boyer is at the post. Indians still dancing. Police report that thirty Rosebud Indians have arrived at this reservation and 630 or 700 more en route to the agency. We hope to settle this Indian craze without bloodshed. All kinds of rumors are in circulation. Will keep the department fully informed."

Such information as was received today at the War Department was not reassuring. In the course of the afternoon the following telegram was received from Gen. Miles: Chicago, Nov. 21.

The number of Indians going from Rosebud agency to Pine Ridge agency is increasing. Reliable advices show that this Messiah craze is extending to our Indians near the mountain border and between the Sioux Nation and the Canadian border.

(Signed) Miles, Commander.

Farmers Will Demand Legislation. Indianapolis, Ind., November 21,-At the annual State meeting of the Farmers' Alliance, held here yesterday, plans for the wholesale purchase of supplies, to be sold to members at 10 per cent more than cost price, were under consideration, and a committee will be appointed to go before the next General Assembly to demand legislation in the interest of the farmers of the State. The leaders say that the movement will be made more prominent in politics in the future, and that before 1892 all of the farmers' organizations in the State will be united.

Ranches May Suffer.

Cheyenne, Wyo., November 20 .--- Word 5as been received here that Frank Guard, the Government Indian scout, has reached Buffalo, Wyoming, with information that parties of Sioux Indians are traveling up the Powder River Valley toward the Big Horn region.

The people at Buffalo are excited over the news, as deprelations are feared upon the ranchmen of the Big Horn Valley and the big cattle hards of the region. The Indians, if not headed off, will probably cross the Big Horn Valley to the Shoshone and Arapahoes. These Indians have gone through one Messiah craze, and it is doubtful whether they can be stirred up by their visitors.

The troops in the region are three com panies of the Fifth Cavalry, at Fort Mo Kinney, near Buffalo, under Col. Guy V. Henry and several companies of cavalry at Fort Washakie, on the Shoshous Reservation The troops at Fort Russell are still under marching orders. Their bargage and supplies were sent north by rail this morning. The commanding officer, Col. Gilley, does not know whether his regiment will go to reported raid.

### SUING THE GOVERNMENT.

#### Cherokee Strip Stockmen Claim Damages Running Into Millions.

Kansas City, Mo , Nov. 20 .- The suit of the Cherokee Strip Livestock Association against J. R. Stoller was tried today in Judge Slovle's court. Stoller was a tenant on the strip leased from the Cherokee Indians by the association. He declined to pay last year's rent on the ground that the association lease was invalid, inasmuch as the United States Government, and not the Indians, owned the land. The amount involved in the suit was only \$600, but its importance was great in that it brought forth a legal decision as to the title to the land. The Court instructed the jury to find for the plaintiff. In his instructions the Judge declared the association's lease with the Indians to be a valid one, and declared them to be the owners of the strip. The association, on the strength of this decision, will now sue the United States Government for damages in a sum aggregating millions of dollars. The damage has resulted, the members claim, by reason of the Government having ejected them from the strip two years before their lease expired, thus forcing a premature marketing of their cattle and denying them the opportunity of engaging in a profitable business.

#### Nebraska Independents in Earnest.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 21 .- The Independent voters of Nebraska have prepared papers in the contest to be made of the candidates recently elected on the State ticket. There are charges of conspiracy to deprive citizens of their votes, unlawful naturalization and illegal voting by both parties. The contest will be tried by the legislature. Boyd for governor was the only Democrat elected.

# A RACE CONFLICT.

#### Louisiana Negroes Deserting Farms and Fleeing to the Towns.

Baton Rouge, La., Nov. 23.-Excitement n this city and parish, caused by bull-dozing in the Ninth ward, has been at fever heat for the past two or three days. In the meantime the officers of the law have been quietly collecting evidence upon which to base official action. This morning a colored man, Duke Woods, who had been shot, came to town for protection and was seen by Sheriff Slaughter and Judge Buckner and made an affidavit against some persons. He says he recognized white men who came to his p house and shot him in the hand. Immediately after taking his affidavit warrants were

issued by Judge Buckner. Duncan Garrig, son of George Garrig, was arrested this evening on the charge of being a participant in the bull-dozing during the past few days. He was released on \$1,000 bonds. The Sheriff's posse is now out and it is thought other arrests will be made this morning. In consequence of the troubles the negroes have quit the farms and fled to towns in hundreds.

#### Sioux Said to be Loose.

Washburn, N. D., Nov. 23 .- It is reported that a band of Indian warriors, numbering about 6,000, has cut loose from the reservation below here and is heading westward. The band is mostly Sioux. Considerable excitement exists throughout the country, and old-timers acknowledge that the situation is serious. The route of the Indians seems to be between the Missouri river and the Northern Pacific railroad, which at this point are only 35 miles apart.

1 HE total number of deaths from cholera in Spain during the present epidemic is about 3000. The disease has not yet been stamped out in Valencia.

cured \$25,000 on a Telegraphic Order.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 20.-Moses 8, Marks, formerly connected with the Flour City National Bank of this city, telegraphel yesterday in the name of the cashier. William A. Waters, to the National Bank of Commerce, New York correspondents of the Flour City bank, to send \$25,000 in currency. This morning at 10 o'clock the bank received a letter from the National Bank of Commerce in New York, saying the money had been sent in \$10 and \$20 bills. The bank officials at once telegraphed to the American Expres Company to learn if the money which they had not ordered had been received, and as certained that Marks had called there at 9 o'clock and received the cash.

Marks is about 24 years of age and hat lived in Rochester all his life and come from a family of respectable Jewish people, and has held positions of trust. For sour years he was employed in the bank as note teller. In September, 1890, he severed his connection with the bank. The express company state that they knew Marks so well and supposing that he was still connected with the bank, they handed the money over to him without the least hesitation. The bundle of bitls was over a foot high.

The detective force of the city were at once put into operation and every available place by which he can escape from the city is being watched. He has been traced up to 9:30 o'clock and people found to which he paid borrowed money after the robbery.

Marks has been employed for a year jas as traveling salesman for Moore & Berk clothing manufacturers here. His employed say he must be insane, as he has acted queely for some time past.

Utica, N. Y., Nov. 20 .- Mores S. Matit the Rochester bank thicf, was captured in a house of ill-fame in this city to ned by Detective Cleveland, of the city public force. All the money except (350 www. covered.

#### Baring Bros. Reorganized.

London, Nov. 21 .- It is officially an nounced that arrangements for continued the business of Baring Bros & Co. have be concluded. A limited company has bet formed and will be registered immediately with a subscribed capital exceeding 21,00 000. Mr. Thomas Baring, M. P., becom chairman of the company and devotes t whole of his fortune to the firm's cred Other directors are Viscount Francis Baring M. P.; Mr. John Baring, Mr. Kirkman and Mr. Hodgson.

## The Lottery's Postoffice Business.

Washington, November 21 .- The action of the Lottery law has greatly decrease the business of the New Orleans postoffi and on this account Chief Postoffice spector Rathbone to-day dismissed nine en ployes of that office. The withdrawal the lottery business from the mails made s decrease of about \$120,000 a year in postal receipts of the office, or about ( third of its entire business. The salarise the employes dismissed since the law passed amounts to \$6,3000 a year.