Disaster to a Ship Carrying a Party of Laborers.

London, November 17 .- A ship having on board a party of laborers and a large number of animals en route for the Island of Brazza, where they were to be employed in the olive harvests, was capsized off the Dalmatian coast by a sudden and heavy gust of wind.

All on board were thrown into the sea, and the captized vessel was soon surrounded by a struggling mass of men and animals.

A number of boats put out from the shore and succeeded in rescaing 13 human beings and 34 animals. Thirty-eight persons and 100 animals perished.

A RUSSIAN RIOT.

A Hundred Peasants and Workmen Shot by Soldiers.

London, November 17 .- Advices from St. Petersburg say it is reported that a serious riot occurred last week at a place 15 miles distant from Messow.

A body of troops shot and wounded about

130 peasants and workmen for refusing to receive the community of the newly appointed district officials. In addition to refusing to obey their com-

mands, the rioters bound the officials with' cords and sent them to Moscow.

English Exports to America.

London, Nov. 17 .- Reports of the export frade in London go to show that it is not affected by the new United States tariff law. The steamer Richmond Allil, which sailed for New York, took a general cargo of 3,300 tons, including 200 tons of dried fealts, which are especially protected. The Ludgate Hill sails for New York on Thursday with a large cargo of dried fruits and 500 tons; of prunes, The exports of beer, especially of the heavier kinds, have increased.

Fatal Railway Accident.

Salonica, Nov. 17 .- A railway train from Askub, on which were many soldiers whose terms of service had expired, and who were on their way to their homes, was wrecked near here. Thirty persons were killed mod forty injured. The accident was caused by the washing out of the track by recent heavy rains.

There is a regular exodus from the Mediterranean shores of consumptives to Berlin, and the hotels are rapidly filling. Many American doctors have given notice that they are coming to hear Professor Koch lecture on November 26. A host of foreign doctors are arriving. The Italian Government has sent three physicians.

The Turkish Government has sent 3,000 troops to Tripoli, and is increasing the armaments of the forts. These precautions are due to fears concerning the designs of Italy

A VILLAGE WIPED OUT.

Only One St . sped the Flames in burg.

A second of the late of the la astrous . Luthersbur, 'W small farming village of 400 souls, localed about six miles in question it out in the rear of H. M. Carlisle's grocery store, in which the postoffice was located The building also contained the office and residence of Dr. J. A. Gregory, From there the fire spread west to the handsome residence of R. H. Moore, now occupied by Prof. S. E. Hays. It also spread east, licking up in its track the general store and residence of H. K. Seyler; residence and large store of J. H. Edunger, in which the telephone office was also located. Then the fire sprang to Dr. R. V. Spackman's office and residence, at which point it was subdued.

Many of the buildings will not be rebuilt. Loss about \$30,000, with insurance light, as water was scarce, the town being located on a water shed. Singularly enough there had been but two buildings burned down in the town within the past

A Ship Canal to the Lakes.

Duluth, Minn., Nov. 11.-At a Chamber of Commerce meeting the Secretary reported that he had a communication from a worldrenowned engineer stating that with less than \$30,000,000 he could so improve the waterways that ships could ply between Liverpool and any lake port. The matter of the proposed ship canal from Georgian bay to Lake Ontario was discussed, and the Secretary was ordered to correspond and to recommend such measures of encouragement. steps to be taken to secure the passage of ocean vessels up to any port on the lakes.

The Treaty of Peace Signed.

New York, Nov. 17.-The Consul-General of San Salvador in New York has received the following: "The final treaty of peace between this Republic and that of Guatema-In was yesterday signed at the capital of Guatemaia. The mutual respect to the autonomy and independence of both Republics and the principle of non-interference are thereby made binding. The treaty is binding from the time of the ratifica tion by the two Governments without prejudice to the subsequent ratification by the

ussemblies." Against the Brooks Law.

Philadelphia, Nov. 18.—The Personal Liberty League has started an agitation to secure a medification of the Brooks High Davis streets, owned by S. Wanggheim and License law at the coming session of the Legislature. They say the number of saloons should be increased so that at least one saloon to every 300 population could be licensed in wards where the people demanded them. This would allow 3,600 saloons in the city. They will also demand that the saloons be allowed to open their doors for a few hours on Sunday.

Mr. H. C. Angele, of Weatherford, Tex., was in good health last Sunday, but he told his wife he would die Monday night. He made his will, attended to control. business Monday as usual, and that night lay down and died.

There is nearly a score of different varieties of Pacific grapes in the New York market.

OFFICIAL OHIO FIGURES. Rvan's Plurality 10,989; Warwick's, 302 ; Hare's, 194.

Columbus, O., Nov. 17 .- The vote on State officers and congressmen was canvassed this afternoon by the governo, attorney general and secretary of state and the official footings made. They are as follows: For secretary of state, Ryan, Rep., 363,548; Cromley, Dem., 352,579; Lockwood, Pro., 23,837; Curtis, Union-Labor, 15,752; Ryan's plurality, 10,969. For judge of supreme court, Minshall, Rep., 362,800; O'Key, Dem., 33',828; Ross, Pro., 23,724; Baker, Union Labor, 1,724; Minshall's plurality, 8,868. For member of board of public works, McCulioch, Rep., 362,504; Kiefer, Dem., 353,840; Scott, Pro., 23,118; Raub, Union Labor, 1,695; McCulloch's plurality, 8,754. By an error in one precinct returns in Montgomery county Mr Ryan loses 113 votes, an inconsideral matter since the result is not close. The total vote seems to be about 742,972, though the certificates of the county clerks as to this have not been footed up yet.

The official figures in several of the most important congressional districts are as folows: Eighth-Foster, Rep., 17,220; Hare, Dem., 17,414; Democratic plurality, 194, Fifteenth-Harter, Dem., 19,832; Sackett, Rep., 10.084; Democratic plurality, 3,748. Sixteenth-McKinley, Rep., 19,757; Warwick, Dem., 20,000; Democratic plurality, Eighteenth-J. D. Taylor, Rep., 16,md; McFadden, 11,783; Republican plurality, 5,210. Twenty-first-Burton, Rep., 14,-256; Johnson, Dem., 19,646; Democratic plurality, 5,390.

Official Figures From Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 17.-Following are the official majorities or pluralities of the Democratic Congressmen recently elected, with the exception of Charles City County, in the Hd District; Scott, in the IXth, and Appemattox, in the IVth, which will increase somewhat the majority of the respective candidates in those districtors 1st District. Jones, 2,765 plurality; Hd. Lawson, (78 plurality; 111d, Wise, 13,937 majority; 1Vth, Epes, 3.345 majority; Vth. Lester, 8,907 plurality; VIth, Edmunds, 10,514 majority; VIIth, O'Ferrall, 8,842 majority; VIIIth, Lee, 3.318 majority; 1Xth, Buchanan, 4,600 majority; Xth, Tucker, 8,778 majority.

THREE KILLED, EIGHT INJURED. Men Mangled and a Mill Wrecked by a Boiler Explosion,

Reading, Pa., November 17 .- A boiler explosion, attended with loss of life, occurred at the cooper works of Frexler & Bro., at Mertztown, this county, at 6 this morning.

The killed were Charles Oswald, machinst, aged 36, who leaves a widow and five children; Henry Epler, aged 24, single, and Sassman Hilbert, aged 32, who leaves a widow.

The injured are: Charles Walbord, a jointer, aged 35, fatally.; Samuel Epler, aged 43, badly scalded about hands and face; Alfred Epler, aged 28, engineer, slightly injured; Frederick long, aged 14, seriously scalded about face and legs; Chas. Bortz, aged 20, scalded about face and hands. James Bausher, aged 40, received two ugly gashes in the head, very serious; Plas Bausher, aged 13, scalded about face and rons . ition in the history of horiza shouldeppert, aged 30, terribly scaldwhelve face.

400 souls, located about six miles from the transfer occurred last evening and destroyed every this three pieces, one of which, 23 feet long, store but one in the town. The fire broke was hurled a distance of 150 yards. The threemen killed were thrown 140 feet away and lay side by side. The bodies were not much mutilated. The injured were found in the debris and removed to their homes. The mill was only partly wrecked, but the boiler house and shed are a mass of rains, including the engine. The loss to the firm is estimated at \$3,000. The works were owned by E. H. & O. H. Trexler. It is said. the boiler was defective.

FEMALE DELEGATES. Woman's Share in the Polity of the M. E. Church.

St. Louis, Nov. 17.-Dispatches from al

most every State in the Union in the last month, as to the vote in the Methodist church on the question whe her woman should be sent as lay delegates to the National Conference of the Church, show that the majority of the congregations are in favor of it. To the surprise of the Western | They Receive Arms and Ammunition people the Methodists in the New England States and the conservative East are in favor of granting the woman more privileges than they now enjoy. There are some States, however, where the vote has been against the proposition, such as New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and others. The West on the other hand is liberal and the vote, so far, shows a great majority of congregations in the United States west of Ohio to be in favor women on the equal footing with men in would not attract the attention it has if it were confined to the church itself; but the women suffragists of the country have taken the vote of the Methodists so far as a proof that the tendency of the times is to woman suffrage, and that the Methodist church is merely taking a step in advance of a social revolution to come sooner or later.

BIG FIRE IN 'FRISCO.

The Loss Est:mated at Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

San Francisco, November 14 .- A disas trous fire broke out last night in the Wortheimer building, corner of Sacrmento and occupied by H. Dutard, commission merchant; Seroni & Co., candy manufacturers, and H. Leives & Co.'s cigar manufactory.

The flames were first seen leaping through the roof. The alarm was sounded and shortly after the roof fell, followed by the floors, which were filled with heavy machinery. At 11 o'clock the wall fell out in the street with a crash, and the firemen only saved themselves by plunging through the windows of the stores opposite the burning building. This gave the firemen a chance to work, and they soon had the fire under

The loss will be heavy, probably \$250,000, there being much expensive machinery and valuable stocks in the building.

Woodchucks have the same greeting as cats, but louder and more emphatic. | the Bank of England on balance is £1,039,000.

TO THE RESCUE.

HOW DISASTER WAS AVERTED.

The Banking World Has Shown Alscrity in Subscribing.

London, Nov. 17 .- The sensation caused Saturday by the embarassment of Baring Bros. & Co,'s bank still continues. Owing to the great extent of their operations in railroads and land in South America, the Messrs. Baring have been more or less embarassed for over six months. last Thursday week the Mesara. Baring, at the conclusion of business, decided that it was impossible for them to continue. On Friday morning, the 7th, they so notified the Bank of England, who startled the whole financial world by raising the rate. The proceeding was almost unprecedented and called a halt in speculation at every money center in the world. The week has been of the most painful suspense in banking circles, and this feeling has been reflected in a minor degree in New York, where only a few of the more important houses having European connection have been aware of the real nature of the difficulty in London

The history of the great house of Baring brothers & Company, whose financial troubles caused so much excitement Satur-

day, reads like a romance. The Barings have been bankers and rich men for nearly two hundred years. For at least a century they have been among the foremost and famous banking houses of the world, excelled in extent of reputation, perhaps, only by the Rothschilds in untaraished commercial honor and solidity.

New York, November 17 .- The following private dispatch from a London firm has been received here: "We do not think the liquidation of Baring Brothers & Co. will seriously affect any one in America or here."

The following dispatch has been received from a Berlin firm, in answer to an inquiry whether there was any trouble there: "There are not the slightest difficulties, not even

The financial situation in the Argentine Republic will continue to be terribly depressed for some years to come, until the development of the rich natural resources of the country shall have made good the landed and industrial mortgage securities, cedulas or bonds, recklessly issued to the tune of untold millions of dollars.

SERPENT SURVIVORS.

Story of Two of the Survivors of the Awful Shipwreck.

Corunna, Nov. 16.-The gunboat Lapwing brought the Serpent's survivors to Corunna to-day. An Associated Press correspondent boarded the Lapwing on her arrival and had an interview with one of the survivors, named Burton, who said that the Serpent struck a covered rock about 10:30 o'clock Monday night. The weather at the time was not foggy. All hands were below except the officers and six watchmen. Immediately after the shock all who were below rushed to the deck. The crew obeyed the orders of the officers and there we

panic. A large boat was soon lowered, but it was smashed to pieces and the occupants perished. It then became evident that it would be useless to lower other boats. An attempt to throw a cable ashore also failed. Meanwhile the men were being constantly washed overboard. Burton saw one wave wash twelve men into the sea. About an hour after the Serpent struck the Captain gave the men leave to save themselves as they thought best. Burton jumped overboard, having a life-belt around his waist, as had all the men on watch.

Nobody followed him. After swimming for two or three hours, battling with immense waves all the time, he reached calm water and landed in an exhausted condition. although his only injury was a slight abrasion of the leg. The night was pitch dark. After resting awhile he met Luzon, another survivor, and together they walked to a coast village two miles from the scene of the wreck whence some of the villagers took them to Camarannis. At Camarannis they identified many corpses that had been washed ashore.

. THE INDIANS ARMING.

Settlers Leaving Their Farms.

Mandan, N. D., Nov. 16.-The settlers living on the border of the Sioux reservation bring stories of the arming of Indians, which is borne out by Joseph Buckley, who speaks their language. Buckly came in to-day and says every Indian on the reservation will shortly go on the war path, and that they have got possesof Custer's rifles. SIOTE the United States Army have never found. of the proposition. The plan of placing | Local hardwaremen have in the last few days sold their entire stocks of ammunition to the the governmental affairs of the church Indians. The Indians say that if they are unsuccessful in the raid they will get double rations and they have nothing to lose. Citizens here and settlers who are unprotected believe that Gen. Ruger and the Indian authorities are harboring a feeling of false security, and when too late the number of troops at Ft. Lincoln will be increased. The Mayor of Mandan has called a meeting and the War Department will be asked to furnish citizens with guns if not with soldiers. Many settlers between Mandan and the reservation are abandoning their farms and ranches because of lack of protection afforded them by the Government. The most conservative feel gloomy at the outlook.

Chicago, Nov. 16 .- Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding the Department of Missouri, left for St. Louis last night for the purpose of joining Secretary of War Redfield Proctor, who was to arrive in that city. It is believed that a conference is to be held bearing on the possible Indian insurrection.

Lost With All on Board.

Toronto, Ont., Nov. 17 .- There is now no room to doubt that Captain Thomas Brokenshire, of this port, perished with all the crew in sunday's storm on the schooner Ocean Wave, which on Tuesday last was found capsized in Lake Ontario about fifteen miles north of Oswego.

A Big Failure in London.

London November 14 .- A large financial house identified with South American issues, has failed. The amount of bullion gone into

LOSS OF THE SERPENT.

The Disaster Came So Suddenly That Boats Could Not Be Lowered. 173 Persons Drowned.

London, November 13,-Additional details regarding the loss of the British torpedo cruiser Serpent have been received here from Corunna. The disaster occurred at 11 o'ctock Monday night. A heavy storm was prevailing and the night was densely black. When the vessel struck her keel was torn off and a great hole was stove in her bottom. She slipped off the rocks into deep water and immediately foundered, tons of water rushing through the hole in her hull. A majority of the officers and crew were below when the vessel struck, and she sank so quickly afterward that none of them had time to reach the deck. The disaster was so sudden and complete that it was impossible for those who were on deck to get a boat into the water. The time between the striking and the sinking of the vessel was so short that nearly all on board went down without making a sign. The three sailors who managed to reach the shore near Camarinas were badly cut and bruised by being thrown by the seas against the rocks, and when they reached land they were exhausted by their struggles. They were taken to a hospital where they yet remain,

The Admiralty will hold an investigation as to the loss of the Serpent, and the three survivors will be called upon to give evidence. The Queen has again telegraphed asking for information regarding the disaster and expressing her sympathy with the families of the officers and crew who lost their lives. It is officialy stated that the Serpent had become partially disabled in a hurricane and that it was necessary for her to repair before proceeding on her voyage. Her commanding officer, therefore, decided to put into Corunna or Vigo and while attempting to make a port the vessel was lost.

An official statement regarding the loss of the Serpent shows that the vessel had 176 men on board, of which number only three seamen were saved. The Spanish Govern ment has been asked to assist in recovering the bodies of the lost, the British Government offering a reward for each body.

The British Vice-Consul at Corunna has gone to Camarinas to make inquiry of survivors regarding the disaster.

BIG FORGERIES FOUND. Over \$350,000 Raised on Fraudulent Stock C rtificate .

New York, Nov. 17 .- Albert H. Smith, the junior partner in the brokerage firm of Mills, Robeson & Smith at No. 96 Broadway, is a prisoner at police headquarters, charged with over 70 forgeries, aggregating \$350,000. Smith has acknowledged his guilt to Inspector Byrnes, and has turned over a l his property to W. A. Watson for the benefit of his creditors. The discovery of the forgeries which cover a p riod of six years, was accidently made on Saturday morning by a stock clerk in the employ of Mills, Robeson & Smith. In his confession Smith says he used the money obtained by his forgeries to reimburse customers of the firm who had lost money on his estions. Before his arrest he made a su, estions. Before his arrest he made a cli breast of his doings to his associates in

Although the case is not complete Inspecfor Byrnes, aware of the excited condition of the money market, determined to make public the real facts of the case. Smith's method was something akin to that of Bedell, the clerk of the firm of Shipman, Choate & Larouque, who was sent to prison for a long term recently. The loss resulting from Smith's misdoings will fall upon the firm of Mills, Robeson & Smith, which has been in existence since 1872 and which has been held in the highest repute.

About six years ago Smith became embarrassed, and to save himself adopted the scheme which led to his downfall. His plan was simple. He would buy 7, 8 or 9 shares of first-class stock, and by adding a cipher on the letter a letter, or two, raise the order to 70, 80 or 90 shares. These he deposited with the firm as a private account and thus make his partners responsible.

LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Reports received at the State Department in Washington show cholera to be increasing at Alleppo and Oafa and at Alexandratta, sea port of Alleppo. Hiogo, Japan, reports 239 cases and 69 deaths there for the week ending September 27. At Magasaki, Kent, the United States Consul reports 883 cases and 841 deaths for the week ending September 29.

To the statistician it will be interesting to know that the total product of the Pennsylvania oil fields from 1859 up to date is in round numbers 400,000,000 barrels. It is reasonable to estimate that the oil wealth of Pennsylvania has been at least \$1,000,000,000. The crude oil values have averaged \$1.25 per barrel, or \$500,000,000 for crude values

alone. The Baltimore and Onio railroad has be gun the construction of a branch railroad from Hutchinson station through Hopwood

to Lick Hollow. The pay train on the International and Great Northern railroad ran into a passenger train at Kylo, Texas, injuring thirty people. None killed.

The will of the late Robert Ray Hamilton makes no mention of Mr. Hamilton's wife. who is now in a New Jersey prison, but provides \$1,200 a year for life for Beatrice Ray, the child, which he calls his "adopted daughter." The bulk of the estate is left to the children of Schuyler Hamilton.

The General Missionary Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in session at Boston yesterday, increased its appropriation for work in Africa \$4,400. For India a supplemental appropriation of \$22,000 was urged, but no decision was reached, when an adjournment was made.

Train Wrecked and Engineer Scalded.

Buffalo, N. Y., November 13 .- There was a freight smash-up on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh road, yesterday, half a mile west of West Seneca. Workmen were repairing a bridge and had it jacked up. A flagman was sent back to flag the freight, but as there is a down grade there the engineer could not stop the train. As the engine struck the bridge it tipped over, and the cars piled on top. The engineer, John Chilcott, was caught in the coalbox and severely scalded. The others escaped.

BREADSTUFFS LOWER

THE PANIC HAS NOT AFFECTED TRADEA

Dun's Report on the Condition of Business in This Country.

New York, Nov. 14,-R. G. Dun & Co's weekly review of trade says: Reports from other cities show that at most points the events in Wall street have had little or no effect as yet. At Boston transactions have been somewhat limited and money is firm at high rates; wool sales are smaller, 2,500,000 pounds, for the week; leather is quiet, and hides dull and lower; boot and shoe manufacturers are getting the recent advance in prices, with shipments exceeding last year's, and lumber is quiet.

At Philadelphia, money is light and little

commercial paper offered for selling. Wool manufacturers are buying more liberally, with slight advance in some grades. At Chicago; money is active at 7 per cent, but country banks are sending in funds for investment, and Eastern disturbances are little felt. Grain receipts and cured meats equal last year's, while trade in dry goods, clothing and shoes is much larger. No other Western points shows disturbance in trade, though money is generally close. At St. Louis the rate is 7 to 8 per cent, and the volume of trade large; at Cincinnati money is tight, the clothing season exceeds expectations and the grocery trade is very good; at-Detroit money is close at 7, manufacturing active, Michigan wheat area showing 4 per cent. increase. At Cleveland money is tight and trade good, except for clothing. At Milwankee money is close at 7, and Eastern troubles do not check trade. At Omaha, St. Paul, Denver and Kansas City money is in strong demand. Southern cities make much the same report. Baltimore reports all business healthy, mills running full and trade brisk. New Orleans finds money active, cotton receipts below last year, but sugar and rice liberal, with good demand for all. Atlanta reports easy money and good trade, and Savannah reports money tight, but trade active. At Jacksonville earlier Northern travel than usual causes activity. These accounts show a remarkably encouraging condition of business, but more than the usual scarcity of money in spite of good collections.

Breadstuffs are lower, exports in October showing a heavy decrease. Wheat fails 5 cents for the week, corn 21-2 cents and oats nearly 2 cents. Pork products are steady; coffee and cotton unchanged, though in the latter, sales for the week are 793,000 bales and oil is 5 1-te lower. The general speculation in products is less active than usual. The stock market, after the severe decline on Monday and Tuesday, rallied a little, but was weaker again on Thursday and Friday forenoon, and much affected by rumors of further failures feared. The Treasury has put out \$600,000 more silver notes, but taken in \$1,400,000 more of other money; its offer to buy bonds being inaffective.

While exports of products were enormous in October, they have fallen 12 per cent. below last year's for November, thus far at New York, but a larger excess over imports fails to affect the money market, since the movement of securities this way is large. In October, exports of the principal products were \$72, 38,036 against \$71,728,613 last year, when the aggregate of exports was the largest ever known. But the state of the money market abroad and of the trading in securities prevents movement of specie in this direction, and, for some time to come, pressure in the money market here is prob-

EXPRESS ROBBERY.

Conflicting Stories of the Action of the Messenger on the Occasi n.

Augusta, Ga., November 17.-Last Sunday both night trains on the Georgia road between Augusta and Atlanta were robbed of express matter. Last night's train from here for Atlanta met the same fate. Express Messenger Corput, of Atlanta, who is in the place of one of the massengers who was robbed, was in his car unsuspecting. Above Messina a man entered and commanded him to open the safe. There are two stories of the robbery. One is that Corput refused to comply, at the same time drawing his revolver, whereupon the robbers fired, the ball penetrating his hat, but not touching the messenger, who returned the shot. Corput thinks he hit the robber, as there are spots of blood on the car floor. Detectives and express officials visited the scene, but strange to say can find no evidence of where a man jumped from the train, if he left at all.

Corput reached Atlanta this morning and his story cannot be positively known here. Another account of the affair is that the robber covered the messenger with a pistol and commanded him to open the safe and out the money which Corput proceeded to do. Quickly drawing his pistol while apparently obeying the robber, he reached around to his left side and fired through his coat, hitting the man, who in turn fired, sending a ball through the messenger's but and fled. The condition of the ground along where the robbery occurred is soft and the trainmen say that a man could not have jumped without leaving foot-prints and evidences of where he landed, but none are to be found. The whole affair is wrapped in mystery, the robbers of last week's train have not been arrested, but it is reported that they have been spotted and were traced to Augusta yesterday. Last night Reeves Turnell, of Greensboro, Ga., who saw suspicious parties on the trains which were robbed last week, died of congestion of the bowels at the Arlington Hotel. He had been sick but a couple of days, and was in the city for the purpose of assisting the detectives to spot the robbers.

The Republican Pluralities in Iowa. Des Moines, lowa, November 13 .- Complete official returns elect the entire Republican State ticket, including Luke, for Railroad Commissioner. The vote for Secretary of State gives McFarland a plurality of 2,800, and the other pluralities range from 1,550 to

Spain Wants Reciprocity.

London, Nov. 12 .- Madrid advices state that the Cabinet is considering the frame of a reciprocity treaty to be submitted to the United States and intended more especially to relieve the depressed industries of China.

AN IVORY SPECULATION.

Stanley's African Expedition is Now

Called Tat in England. London, Nov. 18 .- The excitement over the charges and counter-charges of the Stanley party continues, and is likely to result in such a demand that Parliament will be forced

to go into an investigation. There is a genuine feeling of indignation among the British public because of the disgrace brought upon the nation by the acts of the men employed by the committee, Barttelot is now excused on the ground of insanity. It is possible that the plea of insanity will eventually be brought forward in Jameson's behalf, as his atrocious conduct seems foreign to what was thought to be the man's nature by those who knew him at home.

Critics point a moral in this deplorable affair by dwelling upon the essentially vulgar purpose of the whole enterprise. The pretence that the purpose of the expedition was to relieve Emin is sneered at by these commentators as a pious fraud and they declare the real object of the syndicate of capitalists, known as the Emin Relief Committee, to be the gobbling up of ivory and the confiscation of territory in the equatorial province, if pos-

Contrasted with Livingston's religious real or Sir Samuel Baker's passion for the spread of knowledge and civilization, this filtbustering expedition would have reflected little glory upon the country of its organization, even had it been free from the hideous brutalities which are now revealed.

The coroner's jury at Salem, Oregon, inquiring into the cause of the death of the persons killed in the accident of the Southarn Pacific rallway, on Wedneyday night, returned a verdict that the accident was the result of an unsound and unsafe bridge, and that the Southern Pacific Company is guilty of criminal negligence in allowing such a structure to stand and be used for the passage

A large Liverpool financial house, identified with South American issues has failed. They are still quarreling, in the Oklahoma. Legislature, over the location of the capitol.

A French doctor has recently been collecting statistics with regard to those of his patients who complain of nervous affections, with the result that he has come to the conclusion that the prime cause of all the evil is the practice of reading in the train.

When the chickens first begin to move in the egg, just before hatching, the mother hen sings to them a low, crooning song, very sweet, and never heard at any other time.

1	MARKETS.		
1	PITISBURGH,		
į	APPLES bbl	2 50@ 24	84 50
	CHEESE—Ohio full cream	18	2)
	New York	10	11
	POULTRY—Chickens, P pair Turkeys, P B	70	70
	POTATOES-Rose	85	1 00
	SEEDS-Clover, country	4 00	1,25
	Blue grass	1 45 2 85 60	3 (0
	WHEAT—No. 2 red No. 3 red	1 05	1 06
	CORN—No. 2 yellow ear Mixed ear	67 61	08 62
	OATS-New No. 2 white	58 52	10 53
	R' E-New No. 2 Ohio and Pa.	72	74
	FLOUR-Fancy winter pat's, Fancy spring pat's.	6 00 5 50	6 25 5 75
	Clear winter	5.00	5 25
	HAY-Timothy	4 25 7 50	11 00
	Loose, from wagons 1	2 00	23 00
	Bran	6.00	16 50- 17 00
	BALTINORE.	W WV	
	WHEAT-No. 2 red	9100	1 00

RYE...CORN...OATS—Western...BUTTER HAY—Western.... 11 00 CINCINNATI HEAT-No. 2 Red...... 91 75 15 74 54 48 CORN OATS.....

EGGS..... PORK.....BUTTER..... 11 75 PHILADELPHIA. 22 6 CHEESE-N. Y. Full Cream ..

NEW YORK. RYE—State CORN—Ungraded Mixed . . . OATS—Mixed Western 74 55 51 25 15 BUTTER—Creamery Factory CHEESE—State Factory Western EGGS-State and Penn..... 22

LIVE-STOCK. Movements and Prices at the Central Drove Yards, East Liberty, Pa.

CATTLE. The supply of cattle has been light and the market slow at an an advance of 25c per cwt. on all grades except common, which sold at about last week's prices. We give the following as ruling prices, with all offerthe following as ruling prices, with all offerings disposed of: Prime, 1,400 to 1,000 lb, 4 40 to 4 60; good,1,200 to 1,400 lb, 3 75 to 4 10; good butcher grades, 1,100 to 1,300 lb, 3 50 to 4 60; rough far, 1,100 to 1,300 lb, 3 00 to 3 50; good feeders, 1,000 to 1,200 lb, 3 00 to 3 50; common to fair, 1,000 to 1,200 lb, 2 65 to 3 40; common to fair stockers and feeders, 700 to 1,000 lb, 2 25 to 2 75; mixed lots, cows, bulls, and heifers, 1,50, to 2 50; freely cows and

and heifers, 1 50 to 2 50; fresh cows and springers, 20 00 to 40 00 per head, springers, 20 00 to 40 00 per head,
SHREF—The supply of sheep was liberal and the market steady on good and very dull on common at uhchanged prices. We quote as follows: Prime Ohio and Indiana wethers, weighing here 105 to 110 lb, 500 to-525; good, 90 to 100 lb, 4 00 to 4 90; fair to good mixed, 75 to 80 lb, 3 49 to 4 00; culls and common lots, 1 40 to 300; good yearlings, 4 25 to 500; fair to good, 50 to 60 lb, 3 25 to 4 00. Spring lambs steady; common to best, 4 25 to 6 00. Veal calves, 110 to 120 lb, 5 00 to 6 00; heavy calves, 2 00 to 300. 5 00 to 6 00; heavy calves, 2 00 to 300.

Hoss—The receipts of hogs were liberal and the market slow; weather bad. We quote fair to best selected, 3 90 to 4 10; best heavy Yorkers, 3 70 to 3 80; common to fair light, 3 25 to 3 50; pigs 2 50 to 3 00 and dull; roughs, 2 50 to 3 25.