

STANLEY HEARD FROM

Important Discoveries Made by Him in the Dark Continent.

His Hardships the Severe He Has Ever Endured.



HENRY M. STANLEY.

The British Consul at Zanzibar, on the east coast of Africa, has received the following communication from Explorer Henry M. Stanley, who is on his return from the expedition into the interior of the continent:

"Dear Sir—We arrived here yesterday on the 25th day from Victoria Nyanza and the 26th day from the Albert Nyanza. We number altogether about 750 souls. At the last muster, three days ago, Emin Pasha's people numbered 294, of whom 100 are children, mostly orphans of Egyptian officers. The whites with me are Lieutenant Stairs, Captain Nelson, Montenegro, Johnson, Surgeon Parks, William Bony, Mr. Hoffman, Emin Pasha and his daughter, Captain Casati, Signor Marco and a Tunisian, Vito Hassan, and an apothecary. We have also Peres Girault and Schinz, of the Algerian garrison. Among the principal officers of the Facha are the Valuers of the Equatorial province, and Major Awash Effendi, of the Second battalion.

"Since leaving Victoria Nyanza we have lost eight of the Facha's people and one of our own. Zanzibar, who was killed while we were parleying with hostile people. Every other expedition I have led has seen the fighting of our laborers as we drew near the sea, but I cannot say that our laborers felt a different tale, and until we place these poor things on shipboard there will be no rest for us. The worst of it is we have not the privilege of showing at Zanzibar the full extent of our labors. They insisted that they take 1000 miles, fighting to the right and left of the sick, driving Warasura from their camp, over range and range of mountains, with every energy on the full stretch, they slip through our hands and they die. Our hands, the lady, seventy-five years of age, a head mother of the Valde, died in this manner North Maukuma, south of Victoria Nyanza.

"We had a stirring time for four days we had anywhere. For those four days we had continuous fighting during the greater part of daylight hours. The foolish natives took an unaccountable prejudice to the Facha's people. They insisted that they were cannibals and had come to their country for no good. Talking to them was of no use. Any attempt at disproof drove them into white hot rage, and in their blind clinging to themselves on us they suffered. I am advised that the route to the sea via Umba and Mweze is the best for one thing, that specially appears desirable to me—a abundance of food. I propose to adopt that route. As regards the danger of an attack, I have made the unexpected discovery of real value in Africa, of a considerable expedition of the Victoria Nyanza to the south. The utmost southern reaches of the Victoria Nyanza are 45 minutes, which brings the Victoria Nyanza into 155 miles only from Lake Tanganyika.

"I was so certain in my mind that this fact was known through the many voyages of the Church Missionary Society, that I do not feel particularly moved by it. I, however, showed me the latest maps published by the society, and I saw that not one had even a suspicion of it. On the road here I made rough sketches of it, and I find that the area of the great lake is now increased by this discovery to 26,000 square miles, which is just about 1000 square miles larger than the reputed exaggerations of Captain Speke.

"If you will glance at a map of the lake toward the southwest you will find that the east line runs about west-northwest and south-southwest; but this line so drawn must be mainly of a series of large and mountainous islands, many of them well peopled, which overlap one another. South of these islands is a large body of water, just discovered Lake Uru, also which Captain Speke slightly sketched. It turns out to be a very respectable lake, with populated islands. I hope that we shall meet before long. I beg to remain your obedient servant.

HENRY M. STANLEY.

To the British Consul-General at Zanzibar.

TALMAGE'S NEW CHURCH.

Plans Approved for an Edifice to Seat 5000 People.

The Board of Trustees of Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage's Tabernacle, in Brooklyn, has approved plans for the new edifice to replace that in Schermerhorn street recently burned. Work has been commenced, and it will be finished by September 1 next. It will cost \$1,000,000.

The plans provide for a building that will seat 5000 persons. It will cover the entire lot on the northeast corner of Clinton and Greene avenues, extending back to Waverley avenue, 118 feet by 300.

The church will be built of Connecticut granite with trimmings of Lake Superior brown stone. The corner tower will be 160 feet high.

The interior will be in the shape of a large amphitheatre, semi-circular, with two galleries. There will be no steps except those leading to the galleries. All the floors will slope toward the rostrum. There will be a lecture-room on the Waverley avenue side, with class-rooms on each side of the main auditorium. There will be two large reception-rooms for the special benefit of strangers.

The roof will be "open-timbered," with the beams in plain sight.



THE NEW TABERNACLE.

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PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Prince of Wales has recently become very studious.

MR. EDISON, the inventor, receives about 1000 letters a day.

GENERAL BENJAMIN F. BUTLER has entered his seventy-second year.

THE Rev. Sam Jones, the Southern revivalist, is said to be in failing health.

SECRETARY BLAINE has moved into the old Sewall house in Washington.

ROBERT BROWNING, the English poet, is coming to this country next spring.

EX-SECRETARY BAYARD is the father of six children—four girls and two boys.

The King of the Sandwich Islands is expected to visit Washington this winter.

The tomb of the late Crown Prince of Austria is constantly covered with flowers.

KING LOUIS, of Portugal, left the copyright of his literary works to charitable institutions.

J. D. WICKHAM, D.D., of Manchester, Vt., is the oldest Yale alumnus; he graduated in 1817.

The income of ex-Governor Hoody, of Ohio, from his legal practice is said to be \$100,000 a year.

MRS. BURNETT, the authoress, is slowly recovering from the injury she received some time ago.

EX-CONGRESSMAN STEPHEN F. WILSON, of Wellsboro, N. Y., has built for himself a granite tomb in the shape of a log cabin.

WILLIAM SPRAGUE, the war Governor of Rhode Island and the husband of Chief Justice Chase's daughter, is now living in poverty.

GOVERNOR FORAKER, of Ohio, announces his intention of resuming his law practice in Cincinnati upon the expiration of his term of office.

MRS. HARRIET BECHER STOWE has become hopelessly infirm. Her mind is no longer clear. After carrying some of them 100 miles, fighting to the right and left of the sick, driving Warasura from their camp, over range and range of mountains, with every energy on the full stretch, they slip through our hands and they die.

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THE total number of immigrants arriving in Philadelphia during the last year was 27,745.

NEW YORK'S elevated roads carried 172,000,000 passengers during the past twelve months.

No less than one hundred people died in the recent storm in Arizona and New Mexico.

GOVERNOR MELLETT, of South Dakota, estimates the total revenue of the State at \$380,000.

THERE are more sheep in the Argentine Republic than in any country in the world, the total being about 90,000,000.

The Portuguese residents of Morgan County, Ill., recently celebrated the fortieth anniversary of their settlement there.

ENGLISH syndicates have invaded the Austrian Empire, and are laying out their colonies in Bohemia and printing offices in Vienna.

The Canadian Government has subsidized a line of steamers from Halifax to Jamaica and another line from St. John to Demerara.

ACCORDING to the last census of St. Petersburg, Russia, the population of that city was 720,106, composed of 424,000 males, and 296,106 females.

The new cruiser Baltimore in her record trial trip made 20.2 knots an hour, and it is estimated developed power in excess of contract requirements.

TWO HUNDRED whales have lately been captured in the vicinity of the Orkney Islands, Scotland, from which locality it was feared whales were disappearing.

GREENWICH time will be adopted on the Austro-Hungarian railways, provided the German lines will accept the same system. At present the Austrian railway time is almost an hour earlier than the British reckoning.

A MEANS of annealing steel shells so as to make them fit for piercing armor has been discovered at the Washington Navy Yard.

The Bohemian Diet has unanimously passed a resolution declaring that all members who have been absent from the sittings without leave since the opening of the session shall be held to have resigned their seats. This action ousts the German members of the Diet.

SMALLPOX is stated to have greatly diminished in Chili, owing to the spread of vaccination. In 1880 there were 7254 deaths from this disease; in 1881, 3188; in 1882, 3138; and in 1883, only 1477. The death rate, however, taken on the whole, is still high, owing to the want of sanitation among the people.

FOR VIOLATING THE LABOR LAW.—The United States District Attorney at Norfolk, Va., has been instructed to bring suits against certain English cotton brokers for violation of the Alien Contract Labor Law, provided he is satisfied such suits can be maintained. These suits are to determine the legality of the practice of certain English cotton brokers, of employing in the States, particularly Virginia, clerks or graders whose business it is to classify cotton for English markets. These men are specially trained for this business and are sent to this country from England.

THE LABOR WORLD.

The Order of the Knights of Labor is just twenty years old.

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GEORGIA mill hands have been urging the Legislature to pass a bill making ten hours a day's work.

SIR EDWARD GUINNESS, the big brewer, has given a million dollars for the erection of dwellings for the laboring poor of London.

SHIPBUILDING is so active on the Clyde, Scotland, that in many of the yards work is carried on at night by means of electric lights.

MESSERS. KRUPP, of Essen, are about to establish an immense iron foundry and steel works in the neighborhood of Luxembourg, Germany.

The prosperity of the cotton mills of Fall River, Mass., during the entire year is without parallel in the history of Fall River manufacturing.

The American Manufacturer of Pittsburgh states that ninety per cent. of the forge companies of the country have formed a combination for mutual protection.

At the session of the Knights of Labor in Atlanta the words "of America" were dropped from the name of the organization, making it simply the Knights of Labor.

Few people are aware that there is a trades union or industrial organization of colored men that dates back to 1835 five years before the war, but such is the fact.

JOHN McBRIDE, President of the Miners' Progressive Union, has called a convention of the miners of Northern Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia for Indianapolis.

COMPLAINT has been made to the Treasury Department that the alien labor contract law is being violated at Detroit, Mich., by Canadian laborers, who cross the line every day to perform labor in the United States and return to their homes at night.

THE Knights of Labor as a body are not disposed to interfere in the eight-hour question. They discussed it at their meeting in Atlanta, and came to the conclusion that the best policy would be to allow the local assemblies to deal with it as they saw best.

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At a meeting of the Washington Typographical Union a resolution was adopted repealing the eight-hour rule that has heretofore prevailed. The printers in the job and newspaper offices opposed the resolution unanimously, but it was carried by the men from the Government Printing Office.

The production of Bessemer steel ingots in the United States during 1886 was 2,308,190 gross tons. Of rails the output was computed at 1,562,410 gross tons. The production of Bessemer steel ingots in 1886 was 689,570 tons more than that of 1885, while the production of rails had increased by 602,929 tons.

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It is hoped that the discovery which has been made in Trenton, N. J., in relation to the heating of pottery kilns may result advantageously to an industry which has already made marked progress in this country. By superheating the air before it enters the kiln it is claimed that perfect combustion may be obtained at an abandoned shaft to another colliery. The find will go on record as one of the greatest accidental discoveries in the history of coal mining.

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