#### ANOTHER RAILROAD SMASH-UP.

4 MIDNIGHT COLLISION ON THE NEW YORK CENTRAL.

Section No. 1 of the fast Western express, which left New York at 6 o'clock, while standing on the track two miles from Pala tine Bridge, was run into and telescoped by section No. 2. The steam-chest of the engine on the first section had got out of order, and the train was stopped to repair it. The brakeman on the rear car immediately ran back and displayed his red lantern. He also placed torpedo signal on the track, but section f was running so close behind that the locorative dashed in sight before the brakeman had gone three hundred feet. The rails were slippery, as a dazzling rain was falling, Engineer Horth, of section No. 2, applied the air brakes and reversed his engine as soon as possible, but the brakes would not work properly, and the locomotive plunged into the rear of the train

Section No. 1 was composed of a locomotive, a baggage car, three coaches, the sleeper New Mexico, the private car Kankakee, of President Ingalls, of the C., C., C. and L. Railroad, and a private car of President H. B. Ledyard, of the Michigan Central Railroad. Section No. 2 carried eight sleepers. Its engine ploughed into President Ledyard's car as far as the trucks, forcing President Ingalls' car ahead and telescoping the New Mexico in front. In President Ledyard's car, besides himself, were Ashley Bond, Mr. and Mrs. Russell and daughter, Mrs. W. C. Williams, of Detroit, and a French porter named Alphonse.

UNABLE TO MOVE THROUGH PRIGHT.

All the former took warning in time and rushed to the forward part of their car. They were badly shaken up, but escaped serious injury. Alphonse was sitting in the back compartment, looking out of the rear window. He saw the headlight of the approaching locomotive, but was powerless from fright to save himself. When the locomotive drew nearer Alphonse got on top of his seat and tremblingly awaited his doom. The engine ploughed into the car to within a foot of where he sat. He stretched out his hands as if to ward off the blow. and struck them full on the boiler front of the locomotive, burning them frightfully. Engineer Horth was caught between the broken. His fireman saved himself by iumping.

Four persons were killed-Rev. Prentice Duve, of Dayton, Ohio., aged 60; Sadie Boyd, of Westport, N. Y.; Charles Franklin, sleeping car porter, and Wm. H. Manning, real estate agent, Marquette, Mich. Among the injured were Mrs. W. II. Manning; (whose husband was killed); Miss Tate, of Fredenia; Engineer Horth, of Albany; R A. Fowler, W. H. McEvoy, J. H. Lewis, and W. H. England, of New York City.

#### A LYNCHING PARTY FOILED

THE REINBECK SHOOTERS REMOVED TO THE

But for the quick removal to the jail at Marshaltown, La., of White and Williams, the two tramps responsible for the Reinbeck shooting, there would have been a lynching. When the men were caught they were arraigne I at Reinbeck merely on a charge of carrying concealed weapons and sent up for 3) days to await the result of Neat's injuries. An excited crowd had gathered a rope was produced, and but for an opportune train both men would have been strung up.

After the train left there was serious talk of organizing a crowd and riding to Marshaltown. The men were seen in jail. Wilfiams refused to talk, but White finally acknowledged having done the shooting. He declared he shot only at the Sheriff, and expressed regret over the hitting of Neat, inquiring anxiously as to his condition.

Reports that the jail was surrounded by a mob, were false. Neat is still alive, but will probably die. Excitement at Reinbeck runs high, but there will be no attempt at lynch-

### A DISAPPOINTED LOVER'S CRIME.

WE MURDERS THE WOMAN WHO REFUSED HIS AND THE MAN SHE MARRIE ..

A sensational crime took place on Big Hart Creek, in Lincoln County, W. Va., 90 miles up the Guyandotte river.

Al Brumfield, a newly married man, and his bride had spent the day with his wife's parents some distance up the creek. Just at dusk, on their return, and when near their home, they were fired on by a man who sprang from the bushes by the roadside. Mrs Brumfield was shot in the head and fell to the ground unconscious. Her husband was shot in the right lung, but managed to crawl to a neighbor's for assistance.

The nearest physician, 25 miles distant, was summoned, but arrived too late to render the woman any assistance and she died in a few hours. The latest information is that Brumfield is also dying. He claims to have recognized the assassin, but refuses to say who it was.

### LABOR TROUBLES IN EUROPE.

Although only 4,000 or 5,000 dock laborers are on strike at Rotterdam, the trouble threatens to become serious. They have rilla, a Hungarian, was buried beneath the appealed to the leaders of workingmen in many tons of liquid fire and was burned to England to prevent the importation of labor. & cinder. General Superintendent W. R. ers to take their places. Discontent in other large continental ports is already mainfest, and there is talk of the re-establishment of the old International Association for the protection of workingmen's rights in all

### A NEW PARTY.

A new party, the Nationalists, which has set itself the task of improving the people of this country, not only politically but also religiously and socially, has been established. Mr. C. H. Beach, of Mount Washington, is the leading spirit of the organization in Pittsburgh. Branches have been formed in Boston, Lynn, Albany, New York, Philadelphia, Portsmouth, Hartford, Washington, Chicago, Baltimore, Muskegon, Minneapotis, Kansas City, Chetops, Tacoma and Independence, Mo.

#### REVIEW OF TRADE.

ING CONDITION.

says: Business indications this week are gen-

ALL THE GREAT MARKETS ARE IN AN ENCOURAG-

erally favorable. The exports from New York for four weeks exceed last year's by 25 per cent., and a like gain elsewhere would mean an excess of exports over imports for the month approaching \$9,000,000 for the increase in imports here has been but 34 per cent. But that excess would not meet allowance the month's interest undervaluation and rreight so that foreign exchange charges, has advanced during the we k 1-2c. The Bank of England has raised its rate from 4 to 5 per cent., and that bank lost \$855,000 specie for the week, the Bank of France also losing \$2,275,000, and the Bank of Germany \$2,124,000. These evidences of foreign demand, with the low state of reserves at New York, render the monetary future less clear, and the rates for money have advanced during the week fully 1 per cent. on call with increasing caution in commercial loans. The Treasury has helped during the week by disbursing \$2,100,000 more than it has taken in, and t e reports

from interior points all indicate an ample supply of money for legitimate needs and no stringency. The demand has been more active at Philadelphia, Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Kansas City and Milwaukee, but the supply is still sufficient, and collections are on the whole improving. The volume of business is a little below the last year's at Boston, St. Louis and a few smaller places, but generally much larger, the aggregate of bank clearings outside of New York showing a gain of nearly 7 per cent., only 6 per cent at Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago taken together, but 11 per cent, at all other points.

Wheat has risen 24 cents during the past week on sales of 24,000,000 bushels, not because of larger foreign demand, but because the supplies coming from farms do not gradeso well and are not so large as was expected. The price is low at the best, but there is nothing as yet to modify the belief that the supply for the year will much exceed all demands. Corn has fallen over half a cent and oats a quarter, with moderate trading. The Liverpool corne in cotton is threatened by general stoppage of mills and rapid movement from American plantations, port receipts thus far exceeding last year's by 130,000 bales and exports by 54,000, and the price has declined threeengine and the cab, and both his legs were sixteenths. Coffee is a quarter lower on sales of 312,000 bags, and oil a cent lower or small trading. Pork products are rather stronger and butter 2 cents higher. The general tendency of prices is upward. Signy of greater activity in all directions are encouraging. The business failures number 192, as compared with a total of 198 last week and 193 the week previous. For the corresponding week of last year the figures

#### THE AMERICAN CO"GRESS.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE RECEPTION OF THE DALEGATES COMPLETE.

At the Department of State the clabo and preparations for the entertainment of the delegates to the Pan-American Congress. who come to Washington as the guests of the Nation, are completed. Although the personal of the Congress is confined to the Nations of the American hemis, here, and its objects relate exclusively to the political commercial and industrial interests of the new world, the diplomatic representatives of the maritime and manufacturing Nations of the European continent are profoundly sensitive to the importance of the assemblage which will gather at the Department of Sta e ext Wednesday.

When the m vement was first suggested the intrigues of European diplomacy began against it, but when the government directly concerned indicated a disposition to unite with this Government in holding an international conference, the fore gn representatives at Washington were instructed by their home authorities to watch the deliberations and report. During the grand tour of observation, which will last forty days, the Department of State will be engaged in preparing material for the use of the Congress in its deliberations after the return to Washing-

### SUGAR FROM SORGHUM.

RUSK SAYS THE DIFFUSION PROCESS IS NOT YES A SUCCESS.

Secretary of Agriculture Rusk has returned to Washington after an inspection of the mills for the manufacture of sugar from sorghum ca e by the new diffusion process. When asked if the new process had proved a success Secretary Rusk replied: "I cannot say that it has as yet. The government chemists stationed at the mills are at work to find ways of improv. ing on the results which we now get, but unless that can be done, I am very doubtful about the profit of making sugar from sorghum cane. Three or four of the chemists, however, are still hopeful of favorable results."

# FATAL FURNACE.

A SHOCKING ACCIDENT AT THE EDGAR THOMPSON

A frightful accident occurred at the Eigar Thomson Steel works, Braddock, at 7 o'clock Thursday evening. A flood of molten iron burst from furnace C, at which a number of workmen were employed. Andrew Har-Jones was dreadfully burned all over the body; Michael Quinn, the general fireman, Harry Connell, a laborer, are likely fatally burned, while Patrick Burns and John Nee were badly injured though they will probably recover.

### TWO BOYS KILLED.

Albert Nelson and Harry Walton, aged 10 and 12 respectively, living at Elkhorn, a few miles from Helena, Mont., found some giant powder carelessly left by miners. The boys commenced to experiment with it when an explosion occurred, killing both. A Coroner's jury is investigating the matter, and as the miners at the camp are greatly enraged over the affair, the boys and their parents being great favorits, if the man is found whose carelessness was the cause of the accident he will suffer severely.

#### MORMONISM.

SECRET POLYGAMY PRACTICED R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade

SAUSTIC BEPORT OF THE COVERNMENT COM-MISSION.

The annual report of the Utah Commis sion has been received by Secretary Noble. This Commission, under authority of Congress, has general supervision of the elections in the Territory, and is particularly entrusted with the enforcement of the "Elmunds Tucker" act in regard to polygamy. Acting under the power conferred, the Commission in its report says that it appointed on November 3, 1888, a canvassing board of five reputable citizens, three of whom were Gentiles and two of whom were Mormons. This board made a return of the votes cast for delegates to Congress, and found that John T. Caine, Mormon, had received 10.127 votes R. N. Baskin, 3,484 and S. R. Thurman 511. Caine was therefore given a certificate of election to Congress.

With but one exception the report s'ates there was no charge of fraud in the conduct of the election. The Commission, the report continues, has followed in the footsteps of the first Utah Commission, which recognized the fact that Congress in creating it desired it to use its best endeavors to wipe out and extinguish polygamy, and as far as possible all polygamous influences and tendencies.

In obedience to this object the Commision in appointing registers of elections, selected when possible those belonging to the non-Mormon element, always appointing . ma jority of the judges of election-two out of three-from the Gentile class. In some places, however, there were no Gentiles to fill the positions, and in these cases Mormons were appointed. This course, the report says, has had the effect of decreasing the Mormon vote.

#### PRACTICED IN SECRET.

Touching the question of polygamy the report says: "Polygamy is not at the pres ent time openly practiced, except, perhaps, in a few remote and out of the way places, but the non-Mormon element insists that plural marriages are solemnized clandes tinely and practiced secretly in the larger centers and throughout the territory. This may or may not be true. This Commission neither affirms nor denies it in the absence of positive evidence. Doubtless many members of the Mormon Church never have prayticed and neither intend to practice polygamy and perhaps many of them per se do not believe in the practice, but from the standpoint of their faith and creed, they accept it as a revelation from God. through the prophet, Seer, and revelator, Joseph Smith, ratified, confirmed, approved and practiced by the great President, Brigham Young, and that whoever desires to do so should have the right to comply with this ordinance of the church."

All laws forbidding the practice of polyga my the Mormon pronounces unconstitutional. There are grounds, it is stated, for belief that polygamy is still taught by the Chur h as a saving ordinance, and that those who practice it are assured of a higher exaltation in heaven then those who content themselves with one wife.

Extracts are given from Mormon papers showing that they still openly advocate polygamy. That the teachings and practice of polygamy have not been discontinued is proven, the report says, by the fact that since ptember 1,1888, there have been in the territory of Utah 357 convictions for bigamy, adultery, fornication and unlawful cohabitation. Most of these convictions were for unlawful cohabitation, only two being for bigamy. If plural marriages are now celebrated, says the commission, it is done in the secret chambers of the temple. "If polygamy is practiced it is with the secrecy with which the burglar guards his house-breaking and the thief his larcenies." Those who are convicted of polygamy regard themselves and are regarded by the Church as martyrs and think it no disgrace at all to be sent to the penitentiary.

### SAVED BY A DREAM.

PECULIAR CIRCUMSTANCES CONNECTED WITH A LOUSIVILLE CHURCH DEDICATION.

The Jefferson Street Methodist Church, at Louisville, which was dedicated by Bishop Keener last Sunday, would have been in ashes the day before but for a singular dream of Miss Belle Fergusen, the church organist. Miss Fergusen was much interested in the com-ing dedication and had worked assiduouslyto get the new organ in good condition. The matter weighed heavily on her mind, and on last Thursday night she dreamed several times that the organ was in bad condition. The next day she could not shake off the impression, and on Friday evening shegrew so uneasy that she took a friend and went to the church. As soon as they opened the door they found the altar beginning to blaze from a bundle of rags which had been used in oiling and varnishing the wood work. The fire was easily extinguished, but a little later the church would probably have been destroyed. It is supposed the rags were ignited by spontaneous combustion.

### THREE MEN KILLED.

The Laffin & Rand powder mill at Cressona, 3 miles below Pottsville, Pa., blew up. The explosion was terrific in force. Wm. Schropp, Samuel Stotsf and Henry Reed were killed and a number injured. Nearly all the window glass in Cressona was shattered and the concussion was sensibly felt in

THE ENGINEER WAS DRUNK .- The investigation of the Washington Heights, Chicago, disaster, by which six persons were killed and a dozen or more scalded and maimed. resulted in holding the engineer, Seth Twombly, and the fireman, Henry Laclocke, responsible for the wreck, and their committal to jail. It was shown that the engineer was drunk. He had been discharged for drunkuness and was re-employed.

THE RESULT OF NEGLIGENCE .- The inquest into the cause of the death of the victims of the recent disaster at Quebec closed with the verdict that their deaths was a result of gross and culpable negligence on the part of the Federal officers of the Dominion in not building the buttr sses recommended by the City Engineer in 1889.

#### LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

There is sadness in Switzerland because of the wholesale destruction of grape and tobacco vines by an untimely frost in the val-

The Mexican Consul at Antwerp, who committed suicide r cently, was driven to the deed by financial trouble through gamb-

Two confidence men who have swindled various Western operators out of \$60,000 during the present year are in jail at Strea tor, Illinois.

A memorial meeting in honor of the late 8. S. Cox will be held by the citizens of the Ninth Congressional district, New York City, on October 10.

Forty-four bodies have been recovered from under the ruins caused by the avalanche at Quebec. Fourteen of the wounded will likely recover.

Miss Anita McCormick and Emmons Blaine were quietly married by the Rev. Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, in the Presbyterian church of Richfield Springs, N. Y. The groom is the eldest son of James G. Blaine and the bride is the eldest daughter of Cyrus McCormica, the founder of the great reass industry that bears his name

In his forthcoming report Secretary Trac, will recommend to Congress the advisability of constructing 10 additional steel cruisers. it is understood that Chinamen are landing in Mexico at the seaport of Tampico and thence make their way to Texas. The press demands that the Government shall forbid the admission into Mexico of Syrian and Turkish beggars.

Wyoming's constitutional convention has selected Cheyenne as the seat of government for 10 years.

Prof. Benjamin E. Nichols, for 25 years a prominent educator of Ann Arbor, Mich., was killed by a runaway team.

The middle building of the Westinghouse Electric Company on Garrison alley, Pittsburgh, was destroyed by fire Thursday night, together with a number of cas ings, dynamos and valuable machinery. The loss is about \$1.0,000; insured.

#### FOREIGN NEWS.

The Commissioner has also nullifilled the votes cast for Henri Rochefort, in Belleville.

The Commissioner has declared M. Joffrin, the Labor candidate, who received the next highest number of votes, elected. Reports from Crete say that the Turkish

soldiers on the Islands dishonor women and Imprison and torture Christians with impu-The Greek Government has sent a gunboat to protect the leaders of the Cretan In-

surgent Committee, who have taken refuge in Melos. The Municipal Commission has dedided

that the votes cast for Gen. Boulanger in Montmartre, in the recent elections are null and void. Medical reports from East Africa state

that the health of Capt. Wissmann's followers has much improved, that there is less fever among them, and that they are becomag climatized.

### UNCLE SAM MUST DISGORGE.

NORTHWESTERN SETTLERS ENTER SUIT AGAINST

THE GOVERNMENT. Thernlings made by the late Commissioner Sparks, of the General Land Office. have caused a great deal of trouble in the Northwest. Many persons who took up claims under the | imber Land Act, and paid \$2.50 per acre, could not get a patent for them on account of Sparks' ruling that they were agricultural lands. A number of persons brought suit against the Government to compel an issuance of their patents, and Judge Dealy decided that the Department must issue the patents in cases where the land had been paid for and a pertificate issued to the purchaser. The Supreme Court of the United States, however, decided that the Department could not be forced to issue patents, and the Government still holds on to the money paid for the

land as well as to the land itself. Now an attempt is to be made to force the Government to disgorge the money for these lands. A. C. Emmens, to whom three pesons have assigned their claims, brought suit in the U. S. Circuit Court against the United States Government, to recover \$1 230. the amount paid for three quarter-sections of lands and \$10 for adverti ing each. This is the first case of the kind brought, and the result will be looked for with interest, as the Government is holding hundre is of thoumade of dottars of settlers' cash.

### A GANG OF HORSE THIEVES.

Horse thiever have been operating extenavely about Frankiin, Pa., for several weeks. Eleven horses have been stolen and but one of them recovered. Las Sunday night a horse belonging to a man named Vogan was stolen from Raymilton. The thieves were captured near Eric and the horses recovered. One of the men, named Belicks, is confined in jall, while his partner was bailed out in the sum of \$1,000. It has been discovered that a regular organized band of horse thieves existed in this part of the State and that the horses stolen were taken to Canada via Erie, and there disposed of. The traffic in stolen horses has been very large and the detectives have discovered a "lence" in Canada where the stolen animals were purchased from the thieves and shipped to the large cities.

### GOLD IN CHINA.

THE GOVERNOR IN CANTON ISSUES A PROCLAMA-TION AGAINST MINING

News of the discovery of rich gold bearing about 100 miles from the City of Canton, has been received by Seid Back, a prominent Chinese merchant.

The discovery was made five months ago, when Chinese merchants of the coast organized a company with \$20,000 capital. Experts from New York, who examined the ledge, report that the rock assays from \$375 to \$400 per ton. The ledge is a mile and a half long and 30 feet thick. The Governor of the Province, when he heard of the discovery, issued a proclamation against mining. It is the intention of the company to spend \$200,600 for machinery in the United

#### CONVENTIONS.

STATE TICKETS AND PLATFORMS.

THE TICKET NAMED BY THE STATE CONVENTION AT BARATOGA.

The platform adopted by the Republican tate Convention of New York, endorses the Harrison Administration, re-affirms the National platform of 1883, favors liberal and equitable pension laws, and urges the purification and elevation of the civil service. The ollowing nominations were made:

For Secretary of State, John L. Gilbert, of Malone, Comptroller, Martin W. Cook, of Monroe; State Treasurer, Ira W. Hedges, of Rocklands Attorney-General, Gen. James M. Varnum, of New York; State Engineer, William P. VanResselaer; Judge of the Court of Appeals, Judge A. Haight, of Buffalo

#### MARYLAND DEMOCRATS.

PHEIR STAND ON LIQUOR AND THE COLORED

The Maryland Democratic State Convention was called to order by the Hon. Stevenson Archer, Chairman of the State Central Committee. James Hodges, ex-Mayor of Baltimore, was chosen permanent chairman. In his speech Mr. Hodges criticized severely the independent Democrats of Baltimore, and designated them as assistant Republicans. Colonel Page then nominated L. Victor Baughman, of Frederick county, for comptroller, and he was nominated by acclamation.

The platform condemns trusts and declares for a new assessment or property in order that the burdens of taxation may be equally distributed. The platform favors "a judicious adjustment of licenses to sell liquor with the super-added restrictive features which experience elsewhere has proved to be satisfactory and effectual." Such legislation should be made to subserve the double purpose of reducing the tax rate on property and of removing largely from our midst the vice of intemperance

The party pled es itself to a careful review. of the registration of voters and the elective franchise, so that at the coming legislature stringent provisions may be adopted to preserve the purity of the ballot-box, and dec'are their sincere and earnest purpose to recognize an enforce all the civil and political rights of the colored people, but insists that the schools for the white and colored children shall be kept separate and distinct.

#### THE MASSACHUSETTS TICKET.

Following is the ticket nominated by the Republican State Convention: For Governor, J. Q. A. Brackett; Lieutenant Gover nor, W. H. Haile; Secretary of State, Henry B. Pierce,: Treasurer and Receiver General, George A. Marden; Auditor, Charles R. Ladd; Attorney General, Andrew J. Water man.

#### DOWN IN MISSISSIPPI.

The Republican State Convention nominated Gen. James R. Chalmers for Governor, W C. Mathison (colored) for Secretary of State: James D Lynch for Lieutenant Governor, and John S. Jones for Treasurer.

#### ROBBED HIS CLIENT.

WE MARRIED GUITEAU'S SISTER AND SATS HA WAS HOODOOED.

One of the people connected with the Guiteau case now languishes in the House of correction at San Francisco, because he came from Buffalo, last spring 4 m robbed his client.

His name is James Mound, alias Hooper. He says he married Guiteau's sister and knew the assassin. He was a tind he could slow was a diploma and the could slow was a diploma and the scal of Trinity University of Versat knew the assassin. He was a Garfield. Just about this time his wife began None of the older members of the amount a suit for divorce, and her charges and his connection with the assassin brought him into notoriety. Finally he was wanted as a witness, but he ran away to avoid duty. Mound claims to be a graduate of Michigan University. The sentence against him is one year and forty days. He says the Guiteau case hoodooed him, but that he will quit drinking and crookedness when he is re-

### SMASHED THE MIKRORS.

AN INDIANA WOMAN'S CRUSADE AGAINST THE BALOONS.

Mrs. Thomas Woods, of Warsaw, Ind., has begun an active warfare against the saloons of that place. Some time ago she served notice upon the proprietors of several saloons, forbidding them to sell liquor to her husband, who is an ex-county clerk and prominent in the business world. These notices were uniformly disregarded, and a few days ago she entered one of the places and smashe i a cost y mirror. Tuesday she went into Rosseau's saloon, threw a hammer through a large mirror, and broke the front windows of the place. Mrs. Woods was not arrested and public sentiment is in her favor. She says she means to keep up her pculiar style of warfare until the sale of l'quor to her husband is discontinued.

### POLITICAL CLUBS.

Judge Allison, of Philadelphia, has rendered a decision which may interfere with the social enjoyments and privileges of political clubs. On application for charters by two clubs, one Democratic and one Republican, the judge decided that there was no law in existence authorizing the courts to grant charter to a club avowed political purposes and giving warning that members of clubs, where liquor is sold without a license, may find themselves, whether present or not, iiable to indictment, if not for a violation of the license law, at least for conspiracy to violate it. Since the license law went into quartz in the Province of Canton, China, | effect the e has been a great increase of clubs political, with the social features added.

### GOLD, SILVER AND SAPPHIRES.

A cave, sparkling with gold, silver and sapphires, has been discovered in the Lincoin mine at San Pedro, which has long produced ore of great value. The cave is about 100 feet long by 50 wide, and the sides are thickly studded with the precious metals and stones, while boulders of carbonate were found scattered on t e floor. The company recently refused \$250,000 for this mine. The camp is greatly excited.

## NEWSY GLEANINGS

A SHOCK of earthquake was felt the

It is said that diamonds are being better the State of Guerrero, Mexico

THE Corean Government is inschess cannot pay even its own officials

Five ex-Governors of Missouri attention fair at St. Louis the other night THREE men died from thirst and eart THE grand total of property for at low cown, Penn., alone is now placed at 100.

In spite of the exclusion act large manh of Chinese women are amuggled into THE Japanese Government has established thirty thousand dollars' worth of nickel a

THE coal fields of Hokkaido, in Japan, estimated by an American coginer to worth \$100,000,000 THE Italian Government has ordered to Krupp a number of masked towers for defence of the Alps.

THE German army has been largely creased of late, and troops are being has on the German frontier.

THE attendance at the Paris Exposis now averages 150,000 daily. The Exposis will close on October 31. The estimates of the Missouri River to mission contemplate the expenditure of 700,000 on that river next year.

THE Emperor of Japan has just taken possession of a new palace, furnished in Eupean style. It cost him \$4,000,000 MANY arrests have been made in Russi persons suspected of compiracy to give a ltary aid to Austria in case of war. A BED of rock salt, capable, it is claims of furnishing an inexhaustible supply, bath discovered near Bismarck, North Dakota

DURING the past year accidents on then ways of the United Kingdom causel death of 905 persons, and 3826 were series An English plasterer has been stages with a fortune of \$7,000,000 left to him be clergyman who emigrated and prospend Sydney.

THE National Association of Fire Engine met in its seventeenth annual convente Kansas City. Six hundred delegate w present. THE production of copper by the laiss perior mines is estimated at 54,750 pounds, an increase over last year of Am

JOHN CROUSE, a Syracuss (N. Y. mills aire grocer, who died recently was last what is probably the most costly test the country.

A PREIGHT train struck a carriage at 6n ey, Col., instantly killing Miss Gian tiece of E. H. Gale, a well known ranches and fatally injuring Mrs. Gale.

A SILVER bell has been hung in a tom the village where the railroad acident as Czar's train happened, and it will be all every day at the hour of the accident FURTHER British annexations have

made in the Union and Phoen situated north of the Samoa Is near the line of the proposed Part THE Great Conneil of the Improved 0 of Redmen met at Baltimore re membership now numbers 85,174, 000 having been added during the

## BOGUS DOCTORS.

SNIDE" SHEEPSKINS SENT OUT TOR SE

Investigation has revealed the fact that gus medical diplomas can be purchast prices ranging from \$60 to \$30 in \$6 Hampshire, Vermont, New York New L sey, Ohio and Canada. Three year as medical diploma mill was unearth. It gusta, Maine, and it is believed that men engaged in the present scheme redi their training in that institution.

whose shingle advertised him as an 'MI applied for admission to the assented physicians in that city. The only es had ever heard of such an institution inquiry was made as to its standar I result was a surprise. The l stitution was found to be regularly incorporated body, but it size only on paper. Under the laws of Vent any association whose avowed purposed to disseminate knowledge may be fees without making any record of the spain tion at the office of the Secretary of the State. All that is necessary to equip out these institutions is to make applicate any town clerk for articles of incorporate and they are granted forthwith. Them

ord never goes beyond his office. It was thus that "Tri ity University sprang into existence. Application for a cles of incorporation were filed with town clerk in Bennington, and the Sees of the State knew nothing of the User sity's existence. Since March 2, 1882 'University' has been in full opening out 'graduates' by the sorest a head. The sheepskins are all deal Bennington, but as a matter of fact their same of from Boston, Lowell or National States.

After obtaining the articles of many the circulars, and that they have tushing business is shown by the com mail which came to them every werk.

The bogus diplomas were printels where in New York, and the circuist small printing office in Lowell They from which the frau fulent shequing printed has not yet been found.

# A VICTIM TO FAITH CURE

VATAL RESULT OF NEGLECTING EXERCISE DIES IN A CASE OF TYPHOLD PEVER Karen Olsen, a young woman of 25

came to this country from Christians way, arriving here August 2 Shr and live with her brother George, on Ven avenue, Brooklyn. Andrew Alexander a townsman of the Olsens, was a baris the house. July 28 he was stricked and phoid fever and was attended by Dr. 8 of Henry street. Alexandersen member of the Faith Cum and refused to take the cine prescribe l. Karen nursel him is now convalescent. The young however, also fell ill of the faver about tember 1. Dr. Norris, of Pennsylvans was called to attend her by her brother she positively refused to take his med saying that God alone could save he Bryn was called, with the same result young woman died and was buried

George Olsen, the deal girl's bride all in his power to persuale his seed ten to the doctor's advice, but size refused.