

SCORES ENTOMBED.

FALL OF A CLIFF AT QUEBEC.

DETAILS OF THE AWFUL AVALANCHE—THE RESCUERS' PERILOUS WORK.

A terrible disaster befell a portion of the city of Quebec. Two days of rain and flood, succeeding a month of dry weather, filled the crevices of the soil immediately below and beyond the southern extremity of Dufferin Terrace, and Thursday night an enormous mass was detached from the cliff and hurled over the retaining wall, pushing the houses out of its way and crushing most of them beneath its weight.

Rescuing parties are hard at work, but are meeting with accidents, as huge masses of rock still continue to fall from the cliffs. The names of the dead so far recovered are: Thomas Farrell and two children; Charles Poir, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Allen, James Edwards, L. Edwards, Alphonse Tredeau, O. S. Neville, Mrs. Berrigan, child of James Bradley, child of James Fitzgerald, Thomas Farrell, a ship laborer, two children of Thomas Farrell, two children of Stephen Burke.

The following were rescued during the night: Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carlson; Mr. and Mrs. John O'Neil and family. Mrs. O'Neil being slightly injured. Mrs. Luke, K. Kerwin and child; Mrs. Tim Berrigan; Dennis Berrigan, taken out in apparently dying condition; James Hayden; Wm. Stevens and son; Patrick Fitzgerald, leg broken and internal injuries; Martin Ready, fatal injuries; three of the Maybury children; Stephen Burke and his mother, the former badly injured; Mrs. Fitzgerald, Thomas Graves, with broken leg; Wm. Power, wife and child; Mrs. Thomas Farrell.

Friday morning the following were rescued: Miss Mary Caldwell, Thomas Berrigan, a boy named Berrigan, and Mrs. Black. All are badly bruised. Mrs. Black states that her husband was killed at the door of their house, and that his body is still in the debris. So far as can be ascertained 30 houses were destroyed, bearing the numbers from 129 to 150 Champlain street, and occupied by the following: Charles Allen, Thomas Berrigan, Timothy Berrigan, Grocer Black, Henry Black, Mrs. Braeken, James Brooly, Stephen Bunce, Michael Deeb, Thomas Farrell, Patrick Fitzgerald, James Hayden, John Henry, Joseph Kemp, Luke Kerwin, John Knox, Harry Lawson, Richard Leahy, Richard Maybury, Henry Mullins, John O'Dowd, John O'Neil, Wm. Power, Mrs. S. Ratchford, John Hoody, Mrs. Wylow.

A similar disaster occurred on nearly the same spot on May 17, 1841, when eight buildings were destroyed and 32 persons killed. In 1852 several others were killed half a mile further up the street by a similar avalanche of rock. Still the warnings were disregarded and people continued to build and to take up their habitations immediately below the overhanging masses of rock that jut out from the front of Cape Diamond, and in the narrow street that bears the name of Quebec's founder and that occupies all the space that remains between the cliff and river, save the wharves which serve also as the back yards of the houses where the disaster occurred.

The Government, warned by the representations of the Hon. Thomas McGreevy, member of Parliament for the division of Quebec, West, expended a large sum of money about the year 1851 in purchasing and removing several houses on the cliff side of the street, and in building a huge retaining wall several feet thick to prevent disaster from falling rocks to the dwellers across the street. Those portions of rock which protruded in the most dangerous manner were also removed. The officers and men of the Royal School of Cavalry and the Redemptorist Fathers, went to the rescue with ropes, picks and shovels, and the rescuing force soon numbered 400 men. All of the injured persons who were rescued were taken to hospitals, where nearly all the doctors of the city were in attendance and did all that was possible for the sufferers.

Quebec's famous promenade, Dufferin Terrace has been fearfully shaken by the slide, especially that portion of it lying nearest the Citadel, which almost overhangs the cliff whence the landslide fell. More rocks are falling and it is feared that the whole boulder forming the highest points of Quebec will give way. The mass of rock detached from the cliff is now set a vacant space of extraordinary dimensions. The houses in that locality were built of stone and brick, and inhabited by ship laborers, etc.

A BOHEMIAN'S DISCOVERY.—A Bohemian stone cutter of St. Paul, Minnesota, named August Boorfried, has discovered a combination of chemicals by the use of which the hardest stone can be dissolved and cast into any desired shape, the casting being as hard as flint, translucent and capable of taking on a brilliant luster. It varies in color according to the stone used, and can be had from a bright red to a beautiful azure blue. While in the fluid form it can be used for coating anything having a stone or glassy surface. Mr. Boorfried claims that car wheels and rails can be made in this way. He will start for the East in a few days to secure the backing of wealthy capitalists.

At Escanaba, Mich., Dolph Gaboury, for many years a locomotive engineer on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, was sparring in sport with a friend. The friend received a blow on the nose, which caused that organ to bleed excessively. A doctor was sent for, and ordered the man to lie on his back. The blood flowed back into his throat, causing death from strangulation. Gaboury and the doctor have been held under \$3,000 bonds to answer to the charge of manslaughter.

ROBBERS MAKE A BIG HAUL.

OVER \$41,000 TAKEN FROM A WISCONSIN BANK. VERY MUCH OF A MYSTERY.

Between 10:30 and 11:30 o'clock Friday night the Iron Exchange Bank of Hurley, Wis., was entered and \$41,700 in notes, gold and silver, that had been shipped there to pay off the employees of the Germania and Ashland Mining companies, taken by thieves. The money arrived too late to be put in the safe, but was guarded by Cashier W. S. Reynolds, who left the bank to attend the theatre, and on his return discovered that the money had been stolen. The safe was opened by some one who knew the combination, and only two men are supposed to be in possession of it. Cashier Reynolds and Assistant Cashier Perrin. The United States Express Company, which temporarily deposited the money in bank, will be the loser, and will likely offer a big reward for the apprehension of the thieves.

No clue has as yet been discovered regarding the whereabouts of the robbers who plundered the bank. Helbrick, a driver of Davis's Dray Line, picked up a bag containing \$700 in silver near where Cashier Reynolds' coat and hat were found. He turned the money over to the officers. It is part of the cash taken from the bank, and is supposed to have been abandoned on account of the weight. Officers are watching every nook and corner of the town night and day, but so far as known, not the slightest trace of the robbers have been found.

DOWN AN EMBANKMENT.

A KANSAS PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED—THE KILLED AND INJURED.

The east-bound St. Louis and San Francisco passenger train was derailed near Leon, Butler County, Kansas, by the spreading of the rails. Three passenger coaches left the track while the train was going 30 miles an hour, and rolled down a 15-foot embankment. The coaches were not well filled, and thus the loss of life was not so great as it otherwise would have been.

R. M. Beemis was instantly killed, being thrown through the roof of the car. Isaac Dean, of Wichita, was fatally injured, having his breast crushed in by a car timber. Mrs. Matzka was fatally crushed by the weight of a car. Mrs. John Mitchell, of Ft. Smith, Ark., had one arm and one leg broken; Mrs. R. A. Ho gen, of Arkansas City, had an arm and several ribs broken and may die; R. L. Lathrop, of Kansas City, had his right leg broken in two places and received internal injuries. About ten more were slightly injured.

WANTS TO DO PENANCE.

A letter written by ex-Father Butler to Bishop Wigger, craving forgiveness for his mistake, and importuning the bishop to relegate him to a place of confinement to do penance for his blunder, was read from the altars of all the Roman Catholic Churches in the diocese of Newark, N. J., Sunday. About four years ago Father Butler, then assistant priest at St. Bridget's Church in Jersey City, eloped with Miss Mary Braly, who had a nice income from her father's estate. They were married by a Protestant clergyman at Reading, Pa., and subsequently went to Chicago, and later to Brooklyn. One child was the fruit of the union. A year ago the couple parted, the woman going to a boarding house and the ex-priest to the rectory of a priest, who had been a friend in Brooklyn. There was no reconciliation, and he finally appealed to the Bishop to be reinstated.

TWO YEARS.

MRS. HAMILTON IS CONVICTED OF ATROCIOUS ASSAULT.

"Evangeline Hamilton, stand up!" commanded Judge Reed in his sternest tones, after the jury had brought in a verdict of guilty in the notorious case of Mrs. Robert Lay Hamilton, on trial for stabbing nurse Donnelly. Mrs. Hamilton rose slowly to her feet, but did not glance at the Judge and apparently paid no regard to his words. "You have been convicted," said Judge Reed slowly, "of atrocious assault upon Mary Ann Donnelly. The full extent of the punishment in this State for such a crime is ten years. The court has taken into consideration the extenuating circumstances and the assault of the nurse, and, therefore, gives you what would otherwise be a lenient sentence. It is the sentence of the court that you be confined in the State prison for two years, and, farther, until costs are paid."

BRITISH WAR-SHIP SUNK.

The British war-ship Lily struck a rock off Point Armor, on the Labrador coast, and sank. Seven of her crew were lost. The vessel is a total wreck. Considerable money and valuables went down with her. Nothing whatever was saved. The Lily was a composite gun vessel of 720 tons burthen and 800 horse-power, and carried 3 guns. She belonged to the North American and West India station.

COUNTERFEITERS CAPTURED.

A gang of counterfeiters has been broken up at Sidney, Illinois. Otho White, City Marshal of Sidney, who is accused by his son of being the leader of the gang, has escaped, but Penny and Kissinger are in jail at Urbana, and Randall, a negro, is locked up at Springfield.

INFLUX OF CHINAMEN.—In the face of the Exclusion act the importation of Chinamen is increasing largely. The Gallic on its last trip brought 109, besides the Embassy. Of these 24 were women, who will be landed on writs of habeas corpus as the wives of merchants. They are, however, nothing of the sort, but it is said are brought here for immoral purposes, and the Collector will make a strong objection to their landing. The Chinese slave traffic is a growing business. Girls are bought from their parents for from \$100 to \$300 on the promise that they will be brought here and married. On their arrival they pass through the habeas corpus mill and are disposed of for \$1,500 to \$2,000 and placed in respectable houses. The Collector of the Port says he will try to stop this traffic if he has to go into court himself.

PANIC ON A LAKE STEAMER.

The steamer City of Detroit arrived at Detroit, Mich., on Cleveland Friday morning after a very rough experience. No sooner had the boat left Cleveland Thursday night than she was struck on the port side by a monstrous wave, which fairly lifted her out of the water. As the vessel proceeded the lake became rougher, and by midnight she was laboring heavily and badly strained. The paddle-box bulkheads were sprung a good deal and a leak was discovered in their vicinity. When this information came to the passengers, of whom there were about 700, they became very badly frightened and most of them donned life-preservers. When the bulkheads gave away shortly after a terrible panic ensued. The water was forced into the boat at every revolution of the wheels and rose rapidly. The afternoon on the deck and the officers' apartments were soon flooded, as well as the ladies' saloon. The water rose inch by inch until it was fully six and a half feet high in the cabins. During this terrible situation the passengers were clustered in the saloon all prepared for the worst. One man whose name could not be ascertained, rushed up and down the cabin shouting: "We are lost; the boat is sinking." This of course added greatly to the confusion, and made the already terrified passengers difficult to manage. The male passengers seemed to be more frightened than the women. The officers of the boat admit it was as rough a night as they want to see.

THE COMMISSION SUCCEEDED.

VALUABLE MINERAL LANDS PURCHASED FROM THE COEUR D'ALENE INDIANS.

The Federal Commission, consisting of Gen. Benj. Simpson, N. B. Humphrey and J. H. Shape, appointed to treat with the Coeur d'Alene Indians for the purchase of mineral and timber lands and navigable waters confined within their reservation, have returned to Portland, Oregon, having succeeded in their mission.

They spent about two weeks in the examination of the reservation. The Indians have good schools, fine farms, buildings and fences, and as fertile and beautiful a section of country as one could wish. The Indians offered about half as much land as the Commissioners wanted for \$1,000,000. They claimed that the mineral land was very valuable, and one of them had some fine specimens of gold bearing quartz from a ledge which he said he had traced for three miles. The Indians at last consented to sell 250,000 acres of the northern end of their reservation for \$500,000, and an agreement to this effect was signed by the Commissioners, Gen. Sater, the chief, the head men and adult males of the tribe to the number of 140.

If the agreement made with the Indians is confirmed, the mineral lands will be covered with prospectors. The Commission will be occupied for 10 days in making up their report, which will then be taken to Washington by Gen. Simpson.

AMERICANS KILLED.

RIOT ON A GUANO ISLAND—A JOB FOR THE GALENA.

A cable dispatch has been received at the Department of State, from Consul Allen, at Kingston, Jamaica, saying that a riot had occurred at Navassa, an island in the Caribbean Sea, in which a number of Americans were killed. The Consul says that at his request a British war-ship had left Jamaica for the scene immediately upon receipt of the trouble. The dispatch contained no further information.

It was learned at the Navy Department that the U. S. S. Galena is now on her way to Navassa. She was at St. Nicholas Mole, Hayti, when news of the riot was received at Washington and was at once ordered to Navassa. This island is under no particular jurisdiction, but is regarded as under the protection of the United States. It is said to be owned by an American company, of which Gen. B. F. Butler is a member. It is about 250 miles from Kingston, and is known as a guano island.

WARLIKE.

To support his demand on the Sultan of Morocco for the release of the captain, four of the crew and passengers of the Spanish vessel which was captured by natives of the Rif coast, and who, it is believed, were taken into the interior to be sold into slavery, the Spanish Government has ordered a fleet of warships to proceed at once to Tangier. Ten thousand troops have also been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to embark for Morocco. It is still hoped, however, despite these preparations, that the prisoners will be released with out the necessity of resorting to extreme measures.

AN ILL-FATED CITY.

There is general emigration from the City of Leon, Mexico, over 15,000 of its inhabitants having left within the past few months. In the same city an electric bolt shivered the tower of the Angelus Church and rendered the church so dangerous that the authorities have ordered it closed. A waterspout burst over Cerro Gordal near Aranda, Jalisco, causing several deaths. Live stock was swept away and houses destroyed. The exact number of deaths and the extent of the damage done are not known.

STILL HOPING FOR RELEASE.

The attorneys for Anarchists Schwab, Fielden and Neefe, who are doing time in the penitentiary for complicity in the Haymarket massacre, have made several visits to Springfield, Ill., recently for the purpose of securing a writ of error from the State Supreme Court to the Supreme Court of the United States. They ask an amendment of the record in the case by taking out the words 'come now the parties' so as to show (what is the fact) that the parties were not in Court in person when the decision of the Court was announced.

TWELVE DEAD AND TWENTY SICK.—An epidemic of a disease resembling dysentery has been raging near Meadowville, W. Va. It first broke out in a family named Shearman, about three weeks ago. Since that time four of the Shearman's and eight of their neighbors have died. About 20 other cases are reported at the present time. Physicians are at a loss to account for the sudden and disastrous outbreak.

LATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Acting Commissioner of General Land Office Stone has a very favorable report this year. No general misconduct on the part of Western settlers has been found, he says. During the year agricultural patents for 11,791,117 acres of land were issued, and mineral patents to the amount of 17,009 acres. The railroads got by patents 425,046 acres, and the swamp-land grants amounted to 250,721 acres. There is less prying upon Government lands, largely through the watchfulness of the Land officers.

The Signal Service Bureau will soon have in service signals for the purpose of displaying at night.

Advices from Lewes, Del., state that 23 vessels are ashore near there and men of every calling are reaping a harvest from the wreckage.

Will Ebbert and Miss Kate Wetzel were to have been married at Philadelphia, near Wheeling, W. Va., but Mr. Ebbert failed to put in an appearance. The parties are wealthy and a breach of promise suit may be looked for.

The steamer Florence, en route from Gaston on the Mersey, near Liverpool, to Belfast, foundered. Nine of her crew were drowned.

The latest developments place the total deaths from the great landslide at Quebec at 42. Several bodies are still in the debris. About 200 men are actively working at the debris, and it is expected that more corpses will shortly be found. At a meeting of the city council a resolution was adopted voting the sum of \$5,000 towards the relief of the sufferers. A report was read from engineer Ballraige, showing that he had warned the Federal government years ago of danger from the rock at the place where the accident occurred.

Thomas Green, an express messenger on the Newport News and Mississippi Railroad was arrested in Louisiana, charged with stealing a trunk containing \$800 worth of diamonds.

A panic occurred in the Baptist church on Fudge's Creek, Wayne county, W. Va., caused by a man named Eplan making an assault upon the minister. An old lady was fatally crushed. The minister's friends nearly killed Eplan afterwards.

Between midnight and daylight enterprising citizens of West Chester, Pa., erected a beautiful fountain in the public square. An injunction had been gotten out against placing the fountain there, but the citizens took the matter in their own hands and surprised the town.

Three children of Mrs. Beason, aged 10, 8 and 6 years, respectively, were burned to death at Pasadena, California, by the destruction of their home by fire.

Enoch Fowler, of Washington, bought 300 acres of land at Port Townsend, W. T., 10 years ago, for a dollar an acre. He did not think much about his purchase until when a few days ago he was offered \$200,000 for the land.

Jeff Davis is growing very infirm and had to decline attending the meeting of the Confederate Veterans' Association, which will take place in Mississippi October 15.

Caleb Perry, who four years ago murdered a man in Montana and shot two officers who had since been earning a good living in holding up trains and individuals, was captured in Ogden, Utah, somewhat after the manner of the capture of Black Bart, of the Wisconsin iron region.

The King of Portugal is seriously ill.

Late varieties of New Jersey peaches have been ruined by the recent wet weather.

Senator Sherman thinks New York is the proper place for holding the World's Fair in 1892.

Lester Bryant and Andrew Vidal, sons of prominent farmers, were arrested at Randolph, N. Y., for the robbery of \$1,000 in greenbacks from the residence of Mrs. Freeman, at Naples, on Saturday evening. Over \$500 were recovered.

Three armed negroes entered a construction car on a Florida railroad and demanded of the men in the car that they play poker with them. Upon being refused, Sidney Thomas, one of the railroad men, was instantly killed and three others were seriously wounded.

John Compton, who lives near Harrodsburg, Ky., shot and killed William Gregory because the latter was too intimate with his wife.

Robert Garrett and other moneyed Baltimoreans will soon erect an immense sugar refinery near the Monumental City. It will have a capital of \$1,000,000.

The body of Philip Sanman, a Providence, R. I., carpenter, was found in the river bearing cuts and bruises. It is thought that he had been murdered in a drunken brawl and thrown in the river for concealment.

Four weary weeks have been consumed in the effort to secure a jury to try the Cronin suspects, with but indifferent success.

A gang of Peoria, Ill., hoodlums named Kerns, Haggerty, Hanlon and Mackey beat an old man named Cowan so severely for refusing to buy them a drink that he died.

Henry Carpenter, a colored man living at Kansas City, Mo., enticed a 16-year-old girl to the river bank Saturday night and outraged her. She is dying and Carpenter is under arrest.

George Walders has been appointed by President Harrison Collector of Internal Revenue for the Tenth District of Ohio.

At Birmingham, England, scurvy fever, has become epidemic. The schools have been closed and the hospitals are crowded.

Secretary of War Proctor decides that regular soldiers cannot acquire a legal voting place by means of their military service in a State.

Several inches of snow has fallen on Mt. Washington, and the summits near the Crawford House, New Hampshire, are also covered.

AT ANDALUSIA, ALA. C. C. BERDEN WAS STANDING IN THE AISLE OF THE CAMPBELLITE NEW CHURCH CONVERSING WITH A YOUNG LADY, WHEN JOHN ENDLEY, A JEALOUS RIVAL, RAN UP AND STABBED BERDEN IN THE HEART. THE MURDERER ESCAPED.

While James Haskins was digging in his back yard, at San Francisco, he unearthed 21 sticks of giant powder and three dynamite bombs. If the attempt to blow him up had been made that section of the city would have been demolished.

The steamship Alberta, which arrived in Quebec from Tientsin via Singapore, landed at Quarantin—a passenger suffering from a severe attack of cholera. After being thoroughly fumigated, the Alberta was allowed to proceed to Montreal.

Senator Johnson's Anti-Cigarette Bill has been passed unanimously by the Georgia House of Representatives. It provides a penalty of a year in prison or a fine of \$1,000 or both for any one who shall sell, furnish, give or provide any minor with cigarettes, tobacco, cigarette paper or any substitute therefor.

THE EXODUS BEGINS.

FIVE HUNDRED NEGRO FAMILIES LEAVE NORTH CAROLINA.

Five hundred negro families left North Carolina Saturday for Southern points. The west from Wilmington in a special train. President George W. Price, of the Exodus Association, says that a few of these emigrants are from the country, but that most of them are from the populous suburban districts of the city. A number of other emigrants have arrived at Wilmington ready to take their departure. They speak in most hopeful and cheerful terms about going away to make their homes in another part of the South.

The exodus has commenced all along the line, and will continue from now until the first of January. Parties have already left Raleigh, Salem and Mount Olive, and it is said there will be a wholesale departure from New Berne in a few days. From the country between Wilmington and Fayetteville and Charlotte, there will also be a considerable emigration, but it will not take place until December or January, after the crops are gathered in. It is learned that the movement is not to be confined alone to the colored people, but that great many whites have made arrangements to go. One passenger agent has arranged with whites to go to Arkansas, and will leave on October 9. They will go from counties east of Raleigh.

Railway passenger Agent Williams, who is working up exodus parties, says it is only the beginning. He said: "I don't know how many people the other traveling agents expect to carry, but between this date and Christmas 10,000 darkeys will leave for the Mississippi Delta over the lines I represent. That number is already contracted for. Williams says that he estimates the total number of negroes who will leave North Carolina by the first of next year at 35,000. He does not believe that the number will fall short of that. He says that the exodus movement is confined at present almost exclusively to the Eastern counties, but the river is expected to reach the Western section in the course of a month or two.

FRAUDULENT BONDS.

OPERATIONS OF A GANG OF SWINDLERS IN KANSAS AND TEXAS.

There is every reason to believe that gang of adroit swindlers is preparing to flood the Eastern cities with fraudulent bonds of counties in Southwestern Kansas and Northwestern Texas. Bankers at Kansas City, have been receiving inquiries from the East for several weeks in regard to bonds various Kansas and Texas counties, most of which have not been listed. In the north western part of the Panhandle of Texas is immense grazing ground, and this county selects as the base of operations. Swindlers make their headquarters in some small town, procure signatures to petitions for the establishment of counties, file the petition with the Secretary of State, get the bonds issued, and hold bond elections, at which bonds are voted. A high rate of interest is promised and the bonds are listed considerably below par. The agencies are established where the bonds are sold to the smaller class of investors, who are persuaded that large returns will follow the investments in these worthless securities. The authorities of Texas have about run the swindlers to earth, but are holding off until they have sufficient evidence to break up the gang.

BELFORD, CLARK & CO. FAIL.

The mammoth publishing house of Belford, Clark & Co., which has a large establishment in Chicago and branches in New York and San Francisco, has gone to the wall. Judgments were entered against the firm in the Circuit Court for \$29,855 in favor of the First National Bank, and for \$13,000 in favor of S. A. Maxwell & Co. Attachments were issued, but shortly after the place was seized by the Sheriff and a receiver was appointed by Judge Shepard. The failure of the house while a surprise to the general public, has been expected for some time by those who were familiar with the firm's standing. Belford, Clark & Co. started in business here about ten years ago, and were perhaps the largest publishing house west of New York. They were extensively engaged in publishing standard works, and in this respect were one of the largest houses in the United States.

A PLAN OF CONSOLIDATION.—At a recent conference of the Presidents of Guatemala, Honduras and Salvador, and a special envoy from Costa Rica, proposals for the proposed Central American union were discussed and satisfactorily arranged. Bernardo Soto, of Costa Rica, is said to have been fixed upon as President General of the confederation until a President can be chosen by the people. Amapala, Honduras, or Leon, Nicaragua, will likely be chosen as the capital.

KILLED BY FALLING SLATE.—Two men were killed and five others severely injured by falling slate in one of the mines of the Eureka Company, near Oxmoor, Alabama. The seven men were at work in Slope No. 1 when the mass of slate fell, burying them entirely. Their associates, after several hours' work, rescued five of the men, but the others were dead long before the bodies were reached. The killed were John Reid and George Davis.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

THE MONEY MARKET IS EASY.

BUSINESS IS ENCOURAGING AND TRANSACTIONS ARE INCREASING.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Throughout the country the state of business is encouraging and the only disheartening features are in connection with speculative operations. Stocks have not quite maintained the recent advance, the chief cause of which being the Western railroad wars. Speculation in broad-stuffs and cotton has been at a slightly lower range of prices, with but moderate transactions, and slackness of the consumptive demand causes a weaker tone in coffee and sugar markets without material change in prices. Oil speculation is a shade stronger and provisions steady.

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who was recently unfrocked and communicated by Archbishop Ireland, applied the torch to St. Joseph's Church, which, with its contents, including a new organ, was entirely destroyed. The fire spread with astonishing rapidity, and required the united efforts of the whole population to save adjoining buildings and prevent the destruction of the business portion of the town.

TWO YOUNG WOMEN DROWNED.—While Mr. David H. Plaster was driving a loaded wagon with a party of five over Beaver dam ford, near Purcellville, Va., the stream became swollen, the wagon was swept down and the horses became unmanageable. Miss Susie Cator, of Georgetown, D. C., and Miss Ella Atwell, of Alexandria, Va., became frightened and jumped into the stream, both of them being drowned. The other occupants of the wagon reached the bank of the stream in safety.

A SEVEN MONTHS STRIKE LOST.—The strike at the Columbia Rolling Mill was formerly declared off at a meeting of the Amalgamated Association. Most of the strikers' places have been filled with non-union men, and these will be retained. The strike lasted nearly seven months.