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Republican State Ticket.

For Governor, JAMES A. BEAVER, of Centre county.

For Lieutenant Governor, WILLIAM T. DAVIES, of Bradford county.

For Auditor General, A. WILSON NORRIS, of Philadelphia.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs, THOMAS J. STEWART, of Montgomery county.

For Congressman at Large, EDWIN S. OSBORNE, of Luzerne county.

Republican County Ticket

For Congressman, LOUISIE ATKINSON, (Subject to the decision of the district Conference.)

For Assembly, AARON S. HELFRICH, of Spring.

For County Surveyor, JAMES MIDDLESWARTH, of Adams.

Thursday, October 11, 1886.

The Republican party has never made a pledge to the people that it has violated—on the other hand the Democratic party has seldom kept one.

A Republican who does not go to the election casts a silent vote against General Beaver and the ticket, and to that extent aids the Democratic party.

The Pennsylvania railroad, which has been the largest coal consumer in the country, using 6000 tons daily, is going to try natural gas upon its Pittsburgh division.

The proposed arrest of Prof. E. E. Higbee, of the department of public instruction for alleged immorality of the soldiers' orphans' school will not, it is thought, take place for some time, if ever. It is now said that there is some error in the indictment, which compels a delay.

Governor Pattison has refused to accept the resignation of Mr. Robert Allison, President of the Board of Trustees of the Miner's Hospital, and has prevailed on the gentleman to continue his connection with the Board for the present, on the ground of interfering with the efficiency of the institution.

Does anybody doubt General Beaver's ability to fill the gubernatorial chair? Does anybody doubt his integrity? Does anybody doubt his devotion to Republican principles? Does anybody doubt that he will perform his executive duties always with fidelity? If not, how can any Republican refuse to give him his vote in November.

The following changes have been made in postal rates: Drafts, checks, drafts and similar printed forms, such as deed, insurance policies, etc., will hereafter go through the mails, as third class matter at the rate of one cent for two ounces. This will include check books or books of blank drafts, but not ordinary blank books, which are fourth-class matter—one cent an ounce. Checks, drafts, policies and other such papers filled up with writing will be charged letter postage.

An old author said, more than two hundred years ago: "To go to law is for two persons to kindle a fire at their own cost to warm others and singe themselves to cinders: A lawsuit is like a building, we cast up the cost in gross and under-reckon it; but having begun, we are trailed through several items, till we can neither bear the account nor leave off, though inclined to do so. The anxiety, the trouble, the attendance, the hazard, the checks, the vexatious delays, the surreptitious advantage taken of us, the hopes deferred, the falseness of pretending friends, the interests of parties, the negligence of agents, and the designs of ruin upon us, do put us upon a combat against all that can plague poor man, or else we must lie down, be trodden upon, be kicked, and die. So far law may be compared to war, that it is a last resort, never to be used but when all other means fail."

The Prohibitionists have been making political capital out of the statement that the bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church have declared unequivocally in favor of prohibition and so instructed the leaders of the church. The statement, however, appears to be an erroneous one, and is denied by Rev. C. W. Smith, editor of the Christian Advocate, the representative paper of the Methodist church, as "a tissue of falsehoods." "Just the reverse is true," declares the gentleman named; "the bishops of our church have no authority to take such action and even if they had they have too much sense to do it."

BEAVER ON PROHIBITION.

To General Beaver's credit be it spoken there is nothing doubtful or ambiguous about his position on the liquor question which is at present attracting so much attention from all classes of people. He does not garnish his speeches with outbursts against "sumptuary laws," as Chaucer F. Black does, but he meets the liquor issue squarely, he recognizes the evils of the drink traffic and the necessity of legislation for its regulation in the interests of society. The following extract from his Pittsburg speech states the attitude of the Republican party very fairly and will be satisfactory to all Republicans who have also the welfare of the temperance cause at heart:

"There may be, and doubtless are differences of opinion among Republicans as to the best method of dealing with this question, but it is difficult to see how men who recognize the right of the people to govern themselves can oppose the submission to them of a constitutional amendment relating to this or any other subject coming within the scope of their authority. The object of the Republican party, as I understand it, is to divorce this question from politics, to submit through the Legislature to the vote of the people, irrespective of their partisan affiliations an amendment to the Constitution which shall cover the entire question. If a majority of the people are in favor of such an amendment to the Constitution, they undoubtedly have the right and should have the privilege of saying so. If a majority of the people should be opposed to such an amendment they have the same right and the same privilege and the minority would be compelled to bow to their decision."

PUNISHMENT IN SCHOOLS.

How much discipline should be applied in schools is a question. What is discipline, and how it should be administered are perplexing. It comes hard on the boy or girl, as the case may be, when not done according to their wishes, and yet in after years when they are retrospectively life with jocular zest, they recall how many times their jackets or palms were warmed. There is a great deal of sentiment about school administration. Some parents become terribly incensed because their children are punished in school for acts of insubordination, which if committed at home, would call forth better wrath than that experienced in school. There are pupils who are ruled with a rod, and there are, like wise, pupils who are yielding natures with whom kindness goes the entire way. The fact is, school discipline depends largely on public sentiment. Thus, for example, in the French schools, corporal punishment is looked upon as an offense which no right minded child can expect to endure, while in the English schools of a similar character the use of the rod is regarded as a necessary part of the system of instruction. Yet no one would pretend to say that the pupils of the schools in France are any better physically or mentally than the pupils of schools in England; or, to transfer the case home, that the pupils of our public schools are physically healthier or mentally better than those who were educated in similar institutions a generation ago, because the former escaped the whippings which the latter so frequently receive. It seems to us that in matters of this kind a great deal has been left to the discretion of the teacher. There are boys who can be reformed much better by some other means than by the rod, while there are others to whom a judicious application of this instrument would be of a decided advantage. It is impossible to lay down any rule which would govern the action of the teacher in all cases; but, while brutality should not be tolerated, the mere fact that a public school boy receives corporal punishment is by no means a discredit to the teacher or pupil, and may be of immense advantage to the boy.

FACTS FOR FARMERS.

There are two Democratic Free Trade bills pending before Congress which will be acted upon when the House re-assembles in December next. One of these bills provides for a reduction of twenty per cent in the duties upon cotton and woolen goods manufactured abroad and imported into the United States; the other proposes a reduction of 19.17 per cent in the duties on iron and steel. One effect of the passage of these Free Trade bills would be to cut down the wages of American workmen about thirty-three per cent, or to close our cotton and woolen mills and iron works altogether. And the American workmen thus reduced to the level of the European serf, would rise up as one man and demand that the duty of 20 cents a bushel on wheat and 15 cents a bushel on potatoes, and like duty upon everything raised upon the farm, or produced in the dairy should be repealed, and there could be no resisting that demand.

India wheat grown by Sepoy labor at seven cents per day, can now be landed in New York, or any other American seaport at 75 cents per bushel; with the completion of railway lines, now building, India wheat can be landed in this country at 60 cents a bushel, and, in order to obtain cheap bread and provisions, every voter whose wages were cut down by the passage of the Free Trade bills now before Congress would compel the passage of laws repealing all duties on products of the farm and dairy.

There was a reduction of six per cent in the duty on iron and steel and cotton and woolen goods, under the act of March 3d, 1857; that slight reduction brought on the panic of 1857, and President Buchanan in his message to Congress December 8, 1856, used this language in describing its effects: "We find our manufacturers suspended, our public works retarded, our private enterprise rises of different kinds abandoned, and thousands of useful laborers thrown out of employment, and reduced to want."

Workingmen reduced to want have no money with which to buy farm products, and yet every candidate running upon the Democratic ticket in Pennsylvania—without a single exception—is for reduction of duties on imported goods. Farmers and all others who earnestly desire to avoid a repetition of the panic of 1857 ought to vote against Chaucer F. Black, the Free Trade candidate for Governor.

SUNBEAMS.

San Luis Obispo has just lost one of its solid citizens. He weighed 450 pounds, and when he sat down had to have a chair directly in front of him which rested his ponderous abdomen.

The Lowell Courier claims to have constructed the following ingenious palindrome: "No, it is opposition." A palindrome is a sentence that reads the same forward and backward.

The Women's Christian Temperance union of Burlington, N. J., has raised a purse of \$50 and offers it as a premium to the saloonkeeper who will exhibit the best specimen of the confound drunkard at the coming county fair at Mt. Holly.

A bee hunter in Vermontville, Mich., discovered a bee tree in which the honey was in a limb six inches in diameter and sixty feet from the ground. The owner of the tree would not permit him to cut the tree, so the hunter cut off the limb by firing seventy-five bullets into it.

On some land bought by the Illinois Central Railroad was the house of an Irishman who had a three years' lease of the land. The company offered him \$300 for the lease and agreed to move the cabin to any place he named. He accepted, pocketed the money, and said that they might move the house to the banks of Lake Killarney in Ireland. He was in earnest, too, as the company soon found out, and still lives on their land, and still keeps the \$300.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

G. M. Shindler.

DEAFNESS is the cause, and a new and successful CURE at your own home, by one who was deaf twenty-eight years. The noted specialist without benefit. Cured himself in three months, and since then hundreds of others. Full particulars as an application to G. M. SHINDLER, No. 41 West 21st, New York City.

FARMS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court of Snyder county, Pa., the undersigned administrator of the estate of Catherine Heugel, dec'd., will expose to sale on the premises in Franklin township, Snyder county, Pa., about 1/4 mile west of Paxtonville, on Tuesday, November 16, 1886, the following described real estate to wit: A tract of good farming land, bounded north by Public Road from Middleburgh to Bovertown, east by land of Mr. Mary Howell, south by lands of the children of said Catherine Heugel, dec'd., and west by lands of Charles Michel, containing about FOUR ACRES. Could be suitably entered upon building lots. The property will be sold by the acre.

NOTICE TO HEIRS.

In the matter of the Estate of George S. Musser, late Franklin township, Snyder county, Pa., dec'd. To Amelia Musser, intermarried with Robert Row, John Musser, Franklin F. Musser, Angeline Musser intermarried with H. J. Ketter, all residing in Snyder County, Pa. And Wm. Musser intermarried with Elias Hoff, now residing at Mt. Carey, G. Harris Musser now intermarried with John Miller residing at Williamsburg, Union county, Pa., and Harrison Musser residing at Pottsville, Schuylkill county, Pa., and legal representatives of George Musser, dec'd. You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judge of our Orphan's Court, at an Orphan's Court to be held at Middleburgh on the 2nd Monday of DEC. A. D. 1886 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, then and there to accept or refuse to take the Real Estate of said George Musser dec'd., at the appraised valuation set upon it by an inventory duly awarded by the said Court, and returned by the Sheriff of said county, or show cause why the same should not be sold, and hereof full notice is given. Witness the Hon. Joseph C. Becker, Esq., President of our said Court, at Middleburgh, Pa., this 10th day of October, 1886.

CATARRH ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN THE HEAD HAY-FEVER PRICE SOVEREIGN U.S.A. ELY BROTHERS, DRUGGISTS, OWEGO, N.Y.

READ. HARTMAN & MERTZ, CENTREVILLE, PA. would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Centreville and vicinity to their large and well selected Stock of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Notions, Groceries, Goods Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, Glass & Queensware Boots and Shoes a specialty, WATCHES, &c., in fact, they keep everything kept in a well regulated country store, and there prices are always lower than elsewhere. They are young men just starting out in the mercantile business and should be encouraged by a full share of public patronage. Give them a call.

BEAVERTOWN Hardware Store. The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has a full line of general Hardware, Leather, light and heavy Iron, Wood and Willowware, Paints, Oils, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, STOVES and Kitchen supplies. Persons in need of anything in my line should not fail to examine my stock and prices. Respectfully, J. P. SHIRK, Beavertown.

The undersigned are in the Eastern Cities this week and will return with Immense Stock of goods. FRIEDMAN & GETZ, Beavertown, Snyder County, Pa.

ASSIGNOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned Assignee will sell at public vendue, on Saturday, Oct. 23, 1886, on the premises hereinafter described, situate in Chapman township, Snyder county, Pa., about three and a half miles from McKees Hill Falls, Pa., and five miles from Freeburg, Pa., the following described real estate, to wit: All that certain tract of land, situate in Chapman township, Snyder county, Pa., on the public road leading from the Susquehanna river to Freeburg, Pa., adjoining on the east by lands of Jacob H. Strasser, on the south by lands of Rev. S. F. Brown and J. D. Witt, on the west by lands of David M. Swartz, on the north by lands of Daniel Eisenhart and Jacob H. Strasser, containing 74 Acres, more or less. The improvements consist of two ONE-STORY DWELLING HOUSES and a BARN, a number of choice fruit trees, good running water near the houses, about 1/2 acre of the above is woodland, located about half a mile from the improved land. Sold as the property of JOHN BORDNER, Sr. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock in the afternoon, then due attendance will be given and the terms of sale made known by JOHN H. GOULD, Assignee of JOHN BORDNER, Sr. REBER & O'REILLY, Attorneys, Reading, Pa. Persons desiring further information will please apply to THOMAS FAIG, McKees Hill Falls, Pa.

REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE!

The heirs of Elias Weider, late of West Beaver township, Snyder county, Pa., dec'd., will at Public Sale, on the old Homestead, five miles north-west of Adamsburg, on Friday, October 22, 1886, the following real estate, to wit: All that certain tract of land, situate in West Beaver township, Snyder county, Pa., containing 258 ACRES, and 120 perches, bounded north by lands of Geo. Brown, east by William Steeley, Henry Yetter and others, south by Martha Haines, and west by Samuel Stumpf, John Goss and others, where six are erected a good NEW HOUSE, BARN, BARN, and all other necessary out buildings, with good fruit, good water, and two fine orchards. The above tract is all clear and in a good state of cultivation, excepting about 30 acres, which is well timbered. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day when terms will be made known by THE HEIRS. For particulars address Tillman Weider, Middle-creek, Snyder county, Pa.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphan's Court of Snyder county, Pa., the undersigned Executor of the Estate of Abraham Redley, late of Penn township, Snyder county, Pa., will expose to Public Sale on the premises, on Saturday, October 30, 1886, the following valuable Real Estate to wit: 120 Acres, more or less, situate in Penn Township, Snyder county, Pa., bounded North by Henry Weidner, East by George and How-ell Row, South by Charles Miller, and West by Mary Erley, whereon are erected A GRIND HOUSE, AND BARN, Orchard, good water, a portion of above tract is well timbered. TERMS: 20 per cent when the property is struck down, one-half of the balance on April 1, 1887, the remainder in cash. A perfect beauty and subject to bear interest from April 1, 1887 when possession will be given. MORRIS EDLY, HENRY EDLY, Executors.

This space is reserved for Sol. Oppenheimer's new adv.

Williamsport Commercial College. WILLIAMSPORT, PA.—The largest, best equipped and most thorough institution in the State. Hundreds of graduates occupying good situations. A magnificent building of its own. Terms moderate. Address for terms, etc., F. M. ALLEN, Pres.

GREAT DROP IN PRICES. We desire to call the attention of our many customers to the intelligence that we will sell all goods now in stock at 10 PER CENT. BELOW COST. We are about to receive a large invoice of Fall and Winter goods which we will positively sell at the small advance of 10 PER CENT. ABOVE MANUFACTURE PRICES. Call at once, see our stock, get our prices. DREIFUSS & BRO.

strike in prices! As strikes are the order of the day I have inaugurated the movement in Snyder county—not for higher wages or less hours, but a STRIKE AT HIGH PRICES. Cash business has become the order of the day and the prices must correspond with the progress of the times. I have therefore prepared myself for the cash trade of the county by purchasing a large stock of GOOD GOODS which I have MARKED DOWN to the lowest possible margin in exchange for ready money. I keep no books, lose nothing on accounts and discount my bills, thus saving an average of at least fifteen per cent, which benefit I give to my purchasers. Come and see me and I will convince you of the advantages of this new departure. A. S. HELFRICH, Beaver Springs, Pennsylvania.

GREAT AND SPECIAL BARGAINS—ON—GUNS, Revolvers, Fishing Tackle and Sportsmen's Material—AT—J. B. Reed's, Sunbury, Penn'a. These Guns are Special Bargains and will be sold at extremely low prices, as follows: Gun No. 600. Marked Parkers' patent button fore end, extension rib, bar lock, slide bore, top action, pistol grip, rebounding hammer, rubber butt, hand ejection, polished hard walnut stock, fine twist barrels, a very complete gun. 7 1/2 to 10 lb, 10, 12, 16 gauge. Price \$25.00. Gun No. 1300. Lehighvale steel barrels, long action locks, checkered rib, fine quality 10, 12, 16 gauge. Price \$15.00. All full sets of loading tools and one hundred paper shells included in the above prices with each and every gun. I also carry a complete stock of the following guns: Parker, Colt and Manhattan Hammerless, Harrington & Richards, New Britain, Peiper, Ross Hill, W. M. Moore, W. H. Winchester and Colt Rifles, at \$10.00. Single barrel led Game \$6.50 to \$10.00. MACHINE LOADED CARTRIDGE A SPECIALTY—Having purchased a machine capable of loading six hundred cartridges per hour, more perfect and effective than ever before prepared to fill all orders promptly at prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$5.00 per 100. FISHING TACKLE—I pride myself on saying that my line of fishing tackle is complete, and the best selection ever brought to this section of the State and of prices that defy competition. All communications or orders by mail promptly answered or filled. When ordering by mail money must accompany the order. Goods sent by express O. D., with the proper bills of lading, as the above, according to the order is accompanied with these dollars as a guarantee of good faith. Contractor for Plumbing and Steam Heating for Dwellings and Public Buildings.