

FULTON COUNTY NEWS

Published Every Thursday.

B. W. PRICK, Editor and Proprietor

McCONNELLSBURG, PA.

AUGUST 8, 1918

Published Weekly. \$1.50 per Annum in Advance.

Entered at the Postoffice at McConnellsburg, Pa., as second-class mail matter.

HAPPY WOMEN

Plenty of Them in McConnellsburg, and Good Reason for It.

Wouldn't any woman be happy,

After years of backache suffering,

Days of misery, nights of unrest,

The distress of urinary troubles,

When she finds freedom.

Many readers will profit by the following.

Mrs. Lucinda Clevenger, McConnellsburg, says: "My back ached badly and I couldn't do my housework. I had dizzy spells and chills and was annoyed by bladder complaint. Often swellings appeared under my eyes, I was very nervous and was troubled by rheumatic twinges. I bought Doan's Kidney Pills at Trout's Drug Store and they removed all signs of the trouble."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Clevenger had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props, Buffalo, N. Y.

Advertisement.

Peace Feelers.

Germany having put out another peace feeler, the allies will do well to ignore it completely. This is no time to talk peace. We are busy, too busy licking the Hun to think about anything but unconditional surrender. We have set our minds to war and the best answer the allies could give the Kaiser is Secretary Baker's announcement that he means to raise an American army of 5,000,000 men.

Germany would like to get out of the war in order to reorganize and get ready for another great slaughter, when she could take on the nations one after another and win the world for herself. The Germans peace terms are absurd on their face. All the Prussian gang wants is to get the nations around a peace table to discuss fundamentals which are not open to discussion so long as the allies stand firm in the field on the platform so admirably laid down by President Wilson.

The Wilson doctrine of peace is the only one acceptable to America. We have demonstrated that we can beat the Hun at his own game and when we talk peace it will be to tell Germans just what may be done. The Kaiser's peace at the peace table will be between two American soldiers armed with rifles, if he is dignified by any consideration whatsoever.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

District Sunday School Convention.

A District Sunday School Convention of the townships of Union and Brush Creek will be held at the Jerusalem Christian church in Whips Cove on Sunday, August 18, 1918 afternoon and evening. A strong corps of workers will be present and an interesting program arranged. It is hoped that all Sunday School workers who possible can, will arrange to be present and take part.

The Gift of God.

Sleep is the gift of God. We think we lay our heads upon our pillows and compose our bodies in a peaceful posture, and that therefore we naturally and necessarily fall asleep. But it is not so. Sleep is the gift of God, and not a man would close his eyes did not God put his fingers on his eyelids; did not the Almighty send a soft and balmy influence over his frame which lulled his thoughts into quiescence, making him enter into that blissful state of rest which we call sleep.—Charles H. Spurgeon.

DR. FAHRNEY HAGERSTOWN, MD. DIAGNOSTICIAN

Specialist in Chronic Diseases. Acute diseases get well of themselves or run into chronic form. There is always a cause and you can not get well until the cause is removed. Cause and effect is the great law of nature. You know the effect—find the cause. Send me your name and address and let me study your case. Consultation Free.

KNOBNSVILLE.

Quite a number of our people attended the G. A. R. Picnic at Shade Gap last Saturday.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hamill, and a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Will Hamill last week.

Mrs. Grover Peck, of Stone Bridge Station, Franklin County, spent a short time here recently. She was accompanied home by her mother Mrs. Kate Kelso, who expects to make her home with Mrs. Peck.

Miss Erma Gress is visiting her sister Mrs. Orville Beatty near Pleasant Ridge.

Miss Ruth Wagner, of Chambersburg, spent a few days recently with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Scott Wagner.

Charles Stevens and wife and four sons of Pittsburgh, spent a few days the past week with Mrs. Stevens' sister, Mrs. S. W. Cunningham.

Miss Hulda Shadle has gone to Minersville where she expects to spend some time.

Mrs. Ralph Fraker and little son Ralph Jr., is spending a few weeks with Mrs. Fraker's sister Mrs. H. O. Hamill.

Miss Lola Wilson spent Sunday with her cousin Mary Helman.

Word has been received here of John W. Kelso's safe arrival in France.

A Faithful Dog.

It is related by Professor Bell, that when a friend of his was traveling abroad, he one morning took out his purse to see if it contained change for a day's jaunt he intended making. He departed from his lodgings, leaving a trusted dog behind. When he dined, he took out his purse to pay, and found he had lost a gold coin from it. On returning home in the evening, his servant informed him that the dog seemed to be very ill, as they could not induce him to eat anything. He went at once to his favorite, and as soon as he entered the room, the faithful creature ran to him, deposited the gold coin at his feet, and then, with great eagerness, devoured the food placed for him. The truth was that the gentleman had dropped the coin in the morning. The dog had picked it up and kept it in his mouth, fearing even to eat lest he should lose his master's property before an opportunity was afforded him to restore it.—Chalmers' Journal.

Help Wanted.

The office of a large iron and coal business in central Pennsylvania desires to increase its staff by the addition of an experienced ledger clerk, and a competent and experienced stenographer. Attractive locality, modern office with all up to date equipment. Can use men or women. Apply to LOCK DRAWER E, 813t McConnellsburg Pa.

Congregational Meeting.

There will be a congregational meeting at the Laurel Ridge Christian church Saturday afternoon, August 10th at 2 o'clock for the purpose of electing officers to serve during the ensuing year. A full attendance is important. MRS. ALVAH WILLIAMS, Clerk.

Mrs. C. R. Spangler's mother.

Mrs. David Stahlnecker, of Middleburg, Pa., is visiting in the Spangler home North Second Street. By-the-way, there are four generations of the Spangler family represented in that home just now—Mrs. Spangler's mother, Mrs. Spangler, her son John and John's little daughter.

The Gift of God.

Sleep is the gift of God. We think we lay our heads upon our pillows and compose our bodies in a peaceful posture, and that therefore we naturally and necessarily fall asleep. But it is not so. Sleep is the gift of God, and not a man would close his eyes did not God put his fingers on his eyelids; did not the Almighty send a soft and balmy influence over his frame which lulled his thoughts into quiescence, making him enter into that blissful state of rest which we call sleep.—Charles H. Spurgeon.

Absorbing the Sun's Heat.

According to an Italian scientist's figures a square mile of the earth's surface in six hours of sunshine receives heat equivalent to the combustion of more than 2,000 tons of coal.

Armament of the Monitor.

The armament of the Monitor, which defeated the Merrimack, consisted of two eleven-inch guns, throwing 180-pound shot.

SET CREDIT FOR FARM WORK

Purdue University Students Who Go Home to Help Raise Crops, Retain School Standing.

A young man, a senior student at Purdue university, entered the office of W. E. Stone, president of the institution, and placed on the president's desk a telegram. It was from the young man's brother. It read thus: "You must return home at once. You will find the automobile in the garage at Thorntown. I have enlisted. Good-by."

"What am I to do?" the young student asked. "The farm has been turned over to my two brothers and myself and we have to run it. If this brother has enlisted the only thing I can do is go back home and help with the farm."

The student was to be graduated from Purdue in June, and he feared that he would lose his credits and his diploma.

President Stone told him that his duty was there, and that he would not lose any of his credits, but that he would retain all of his rights in the university and would be graduated with his class in June, the same as if he remained in school.

President Stone has announced that a similar policy will be adopted in favor of all Purdue students who are required to leave school and go home to help raise crops, provided proper verified showings are made that they are performing or have performed such work.—Indianapolis News.

UNUSUAL BOATS ON ATLANTIC

Demand for Tonnage for War Cargoes Brings Into Service Types That Are Rarely Seen.

Many vessels of unusual type have appeared on the Atlantic in recent months because of the demand for tonnage for war cargoes. Among them is the American four-masted barkentine John Palmer, a type of sailing ship seen frequently on the Pacific, but seldom on the western ocean.

Like some other American sailing craft the John Palmer had an encounter with a submarine. She was luckier than the Lyman W. Law however, for she floated on her cargo and managed to make port. While carrying lumber from Galveston to Genoa the Palmer was torpedoed 200 miles west of the latter port.

After the torpedoing the submarine was chased by a patrol boat, which afterward took the Yankee vessel in tow. As she showed no signs of sinking immediately the captain and crew remained on board. The Palmer eventually reached port and was able to deliver her cargo, although she had to be beached.

The John Palmer is now being repaired at Genoa, and it is expected she will be seaworthy in a short time and bring an Italian cargo to New York. She was built of wood at San Francisco in 1901.

Days to Come.

As vacation time brings one out to some quiet countryside of the United States there comes a painful sense of the contrast between what we see here and the scenes of desolation pictured in all our magazines. The vineyards about Lake Erie are full of September's promise, but those of Champagne are crisscrossed by innumerable trench systems and tormented by ceaseless shell fire. The orchards of California and Virginia are ripening their burden in drooping peace, but what of those fought through by armies of czar and kaiser? You can hear a woodpecker half a mile away in the pines of Chocoma canyon, but there's a different story to tell of the blasted and blood-stained woods of Ardennes. And yet this fever of war will pass. The guns will have had their day, however long and terrible, and in the end nature and the patient folk who serve her will come to their own again.—Collier's.

Mechanical Horse in War.

Recently a "mechanical horse" was driven through the streets of Chicago to attract "fighting men" to the army recruiting stations. The powerful tractor, to which a field gun and caisson were hitched, was controlled entirely by two reins in the hands of a driver. It was taken through the congested "loop district" thoroughfares with perfect ease. The plan was employed daily for a fortnight and apparently netted good results, for during the period large numbers of volunteers filed into the recruiting places. Although still little known, the machine is not a new type. Primarily it is intended for agricultural purposes. It is sufficiently striking in appearance and operation, however, to prick the curiosity of the street crowds, and in this capacity it performed valuable work for the army.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

American Woman Aids Wounded.

The wife of Sir David Beatty, commander of the high fleet, who was formerly Miss Ethel Field of Chicago, has thrown open her large estate in England for the exclusive use of wounded British sailors.

It is not generally known that Sir David is a man of immense wealth, but a recent financial census of the British kingdom showed that he is, with the possible exception of Sir John Jellico, the richest man in the British navy. It also was developed during the same census that Sir David has expended large sums from his personal account for the relief of the families of his sailors who lost their lives in the Jutland battle.

Absorbing the Sun's Heat.

According to an Italian scientist's figures a square mile of the earth's surface in six hours of sunshine receives heat equivalent to the combustion of more than 2,000 tons of coal.

Armament of the Monitor.

The armament of the Monitor, which defeated the Merrimack, consisted of two eleven-inch guns, throwing 180-pound shot.

OUR FIRST NAVAL SCHOOL

One Was Established at Boston After the Last War With England.

The first naval school in the United States was established at the old Boston navy yard a little over a century ago, the founder being Commodore William Bainbridge, who is known as the "Father of American Naval Construction," and who was born in Princeton, N. J. Bainbridge was captured by the French in 1798, during the naval conflicts between that country and the United States, and in 1803 he was held a prisoner for nine months by the Tripolitan pirates, an exchange recalls.

He fought gallantly in the last war between America and England and after its conclusion induced the Washington authorities to open a training school for naval officers at Boston. In 1840, some years after the death of the founder of American naval education, a naval school was opened in the old naval asylum in Philadelphia, and here for a few years the midshipmen of the republic were instructed in the arts of warfare on the seas.

The plan was so successful that it was decided to open a permanent naval academy. Annapolis, Md., was chosen as the site of the school and there, over seventy years ago, the present United States Naval academy was formally opened.

THE LEISURE CLASS



Mr. Potato Bug—Mr. Roach certainly does take things easy with his rocking chair under that geranium tree.

PERSONALITY OF MATTER.

When we consider the nature and ways of matter we find that it is far from being impersonal. Nitrogen for instance, has ways of its own that are as baffling to the understanding as are the ways of genius. The family of halogens have any number of Celtic traits; the green chlorine and its cousin fluorine are as full of tricks and potentialities of danger as any Irish lass who ever lived. What is the cosmic history of lead? Consider the allotropy of tin! We cannot all enter into research as to these whimsical qualities; so why not take a good-natured view of all inanimate things and tell of their ways? They are very interesting. Then, when some future disciple of Willard Gibbs tells us all about them, that will be interesting, too. We need a new and a livelier vision of them, just as we need dull catalogues of their reactions and speculations as to the reasons why they take place.—Ellwood Hendrick, in the Atlantic.

ADAPTABLE.

"Your wife manages to turn out tasty dishes." "She does." "And yet she sticks closely to meatless and wheatless days." "Yes, she's very Hooverstale."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

JUST IN TIME.

"The nice little windfall Jim got from his uncle came in the nick of time." "How so?" "His auto needed a new windbreak."

AFFAIRS OF NATIONS.

"That soap-box orator is very indignant." "Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "Instead of thinking about the welfare of the nation, he's nursing his own indignation."

NECESSARY NOISE.

"Bobbie, can't you play without making all that noise?" "No, mamma, I can't. You see, we're playin' picnic, and a storm has come up and I'm the thunder!"

A Pathetic Figure.

When a woman who married a man to reform him lives to be sixty years old without becoming a widow, she is about as pathetic a picture of animated weariness as one ever sees.

War Macaroni.

Somebody is complaining of the size of the war macaroni. We have always preferred the 44-calibre kind to the sort they call vermicelli, as Samivel Weller would say.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:— That section four of article nine, which reads as follows: "Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue. Repeal invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars;" be amended so as to read as follows: "Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue. Repeal invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars; Provided, however, That the General Assembly, in respect of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth." Section 2. Said proposed amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification of the rejection of said amendment. Said election shall be held on Tuesday, November 5, 1918, at the places and within the hours and within which said election is directed to be opened, held, and closed, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania governing elections, and amendments thereto. Such amendment shall be printed upon the ballots in the form and manner prescribed by the laws of Pennsylvania, and shall in all respects conform to the requirement of such laws. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1. CYRUS E. WOODS, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number One. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows: "Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue. Repeal invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars;" be amended so as to read as follows: "Section 4. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue. Repeal invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate, at any one time, one million dollars; Provided, however, That the General Assembly, in respect of any debt, may authorize the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the purpose of improving and rebuilding the highways of the Commonwealth."

Section 2. Said proposed amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State, at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification of the rejection of said amendment. Said election shall be held on Tuesday, November 5, 1918, at the places and within the hours and within which said election is directed to be opened, held, and closed, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania governing elections, and amendments thereto. Such amendment shall be printed upon the ballots in the form and manner prescribed by the laws of Pennsylvania, and shall in all respects conform to the requirement of such laws. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2. CYRUS E. WOODS, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Two. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to section eight, article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section eight of article nine, of the Constitution be amended by striking out the said section and inserting in place thereof the following: "Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as provided herein, and in section fifteen of this article, shall never exceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, but the debt of the city of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount as the total city debt of said city shall not exceed ten per centum (10) upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without having expended. All public money shall be paid by the State Treasurer on warrant drawn by the Auditor General, and a true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2. CYRUS E. WOODS, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Number Three. A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section eight of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met, that the following amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby, proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:—

That article nine, section eight, be amended to read as follows: "Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as provided herein, and in section fifteen of this article, shall never exceed seven (7) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, but the debt of the city of Philadelphia may be increased in such amount as the total city debt of said city shall not exceed ten per centum (10) upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein, nor shall any such municipality or district incur any new debt, or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two (2) per centum upon such assessed valuation of property, without having expended any public money, or improvement or public utility, or part thereof, whether separately or in connection with any other public improvement or public utility, or part thereof, may reasonably be expected to yield revenue in excess of operating expenses sufficient to pay the interest and sinking fund charges thereon. The method of determining such amount, so to be deducted, may be prescribed by the General Assembly."

In incurring indebtedness for any purpose the city of Philadelphia may issue bonds, the obligations maturing not later than fifty (50) years from the date thereof, with provision for sinking fund and other periodic installments. Where any indebtedness shall be or shall have been incurred by said city of Philadelphia for the purpose of the construction or improvements of public works or utilities of any character, from which income or revenue is to be derived by said city, or for the reclamation of land to be used in the construction of wharves or docks owned or to be owned by said city, such obligation may be in an amount sufficient to provide for, and may include the amount of the interest and sinking fund

Number Four. A JOINT RESOLUTION

An amendment to section one of article nine of the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

That section one of article nine, which reads as follows: "All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial and used for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public character."

All taxes shall be uniform, upon the same class of subjects, within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected under general laws; but the General Assembly may, by general laws, exempt from taxation public property used for public purposes, actual places of religious worship, places of burial and used for private or corporate profit, and institutions of purely public character. Section 2. Said proposed amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the State, at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in the year nineteen hundred and nineteen, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification of the rejection of said amendment. Said election shall be held on Tuesday, November 5, 1919, at the places and within the hours and within which said election is directed to be opened, held, and closed, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania governing elections, and amendments thereto. Such amendment shall be printed upon the ballots in the form and manner prescribed by the laws of Pennsylvania, and shall in all respects conform to the requirement of such laws. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 4. CYRUS E. WOODS, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

OUR CUSTOMARY AUGUST SALE STARTED August Sixth and will last TEN DAYS. The great time when people come from far and near to buy every article in the Store marked at a great Saving. You can SAVE 25 TO 40 PER CENT. on Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Furniture, Hardware, Silks, and Drugs. BRING YOUR PRODUCE. SHAPIRO BROTHERS Biggest Because Best Store, Orbisonia, Penna.

the first Monday of November in the year nineteen hundred and eighteen, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification of the rejection of said amendment. Said election shall be held on Tuesday, November 5, 1918, at the places and within the hours and within which said election is directed to be opened, held, and closed, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of Pennsylvania governing elections, and amendments thereto. Such amendment shall be printed upon the ballots in the form and manner prescribed by the laws of Pennsylvania, and shall in all respects conform to the requirement of such laws. A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1. CYRUS E. WOODS, Secretary of the Commonwealth.