

LOYSVILLE ORPHANS' HOME BAND.

Grand Concert at the Court House Square Saturday Afternoon and Evening.

By the efforts of some of the citizens of McConnellsburg, this Band has been secured for Saturday August 10th. It is composed of 39 boys with a Band leader and has come to be recognized as one of the leading Bands of the State.

The boys will come to McConnellsburg on a return trip from Pittsburgh. They need no introduction in McConnellsburg, having spent an evening here last October. This will be a rare treat. Go and hear the boys. The program will be as follows:

- 2 to 3 o'clock Band concert
- 3 to 3:30, Amusements.
- 3:30 to 4, Patriotic music with an offering for the Red Cross.
- 4 to 5, Amusements.
- 5 to 8, Serving of Refreshments.
- 8 to 9, Band concert with an offering for Loyalists Orphans Home.

Sandwiches, Coffee, and Ice Cream will be served during the afternoon and evening.

Come and help a good cause "Lutheran Parsonage Fund."

BOMBING PLANES WORKING IN SQUADRONS.

There were no aerial bombing organizations in the allied flying corps during the first year of the war. Practically all the work in the air was in the nature of observation. No pilots could be spared for anything else. Today probably 25 per cent. of the aerial arms are bombing squadrons of 12 machines per squadron.

The first bombing was done by volunteer pilots who flew over the German lines and dropped three or four bombs, made from artillery shells, on concentration camps, and cantonments. Showers of small steel arrows were spilled sometimes on convoys, troop trains, and bodies of massed men. The Germans began day bombing of cities in 1915, and the allies bombarded Karlsruhe in reprisal later in the same year. Since then evolution in organized bombing developed rapidly and the French began night bombing, but this was not undertaken by the Germans until August, 1916.

At the present time large groups, including several squadrons of bombing machines go over the lines from time to time and completely destroy their objective, be it a city or a camp, a column of troops, or a trench system. Unfortunately the allies' air forces have to travel for many miles over hostile territory defended by anti-aircraft guns to attack German cities, while the enemy can attack French cities by flying only a short distance beyond the allied lines.

The allies are developing large bombing planes which carry sufficient fuel for long excursions and armament to protect them when they are attacked by fighting airplanes. Bombing squadrons are escorted usually over the lines by fast fighting squadrons of 18 planes to a squadron, and then left to their own devices for the fighters seldom carry sufficient fuel to permit them to accompany the bombers on the round trip.

The dropping of the bomb is similar to shooting a rifle. First, you set your sights and wind gauge, you hold the rifle properly, and finally you pull the trigger at the proper moment. If your ammunition is standard, your sights correct, you hit the target. So with bombing. If you set your sights correctly, fly your plane correctly over the objective and drop the bomb at the proper time you will hit the target. If the ammunition manufacturers gave you good bombs the objective will be destroyed.

Red Cross Picnic.

The Junior Red Cross will hold a picnic in the Buck Valley Park Saturday afternoon and evening, August 3rd. Good music, able speakers, and abundant refreshments. Don't miss it.

Card of Thanks.

Charles A. Mumma and family desire to express their sincere thanks to the friends and neighbors for sympathy and help during the illness and death of Geo. W. Mumma.

Notice To Farmers And Millers.

The United States Food Administration, at Washington, has just announced the following new rule governing the Exchange Milling. Rule No. 29 just issued reads as follows:

"When a farmer brings to the mill wheat grown by himself, the miller may deliver to him, on a toll or exchange basis, a sufficient amount of flour without substitutes to provide 8 pounds per month for each person in his household or establishment, until October 1, 1918, provided that the farmer signs the following certificate and that the miller has reasonable cause to believe the truth thereof."

The millers will provide themselves with the certificates called for in this regulation, and all farmers making exchange transactions with the miller will be required to fill out the certificate before he can secure any flour. The substitute rule remains the same as before for all classes of trade except that mentioned in the Rule 29.

JOHN R. JACKSON, Federal Food Administrator for Fulton County.

Sugar Substitutes For Sweetening Ice Cream.

Following are two sugar substitutes for the sweetening of ice cream, which will be beneficial to hotels, restaurants and all persons manufacturing ice cream either for sale or for use in their own homes.

1. Take 10 pounds of honey, 5 pounds of maple syrup, 5 pounds of corn syrup. Add this to your ice cream base. Afterwards add your chocolate, fruit juices, etc. The above will sweeten about 24 gallons of ice cream.
2. Take 1 quart corn syrup, 2 quarts cream, add your chocolate, fruit juices, etc. The above will sweeten 5 quarts of ice cream.

The above substitutes for sugar are especially recommended to the Red Cross Society and all other organizations holding picnics and festivals. Do not be afraid to try these formulas as all the leading hotels and restaurants are using these substitutes with great success.

HOWARD HEINZ, Federal Food Administrator for Pa.

JOHN R. JACKSON, County Food Administrator.

Get Big Increase.

Washington, July 25—Wages of railroad shopmen were increased to 68 cents an hour yesterday by Director General McAdoo, with proportional advances for assistants and miscellaneous classes in mechanical departments. The new rates, which are retroactive to last January 1, are from 5 to 13 cents an hour higher than wages paid these men in most shops under the general wage advance allowed two months ago by the director general, but are somewhat less than the labor organizations sought.

Beginning August 1, eight hours will be recognized as a standard working day and overtime, Sundays and holiday work will be paid for at the rate of 1½ times the usual rate. Back pay will be given the men as soon as it can be calculated.

The advances apply to about 500,000 men in all sections of the country, despite local differences prevailing heretofore. The addition to the aggregate annual payroll is estimated at nearly \$100,000,000.

Next Year's Auto Tags Will Be Black-Red

Pennsylvania's automobile license tags for 1919 will be black enamel with red letters. The general style will be similar to those now in use, which are a dark blue with white letters. They will also bear the keystone for the manufacturer's number. Bids will soon be asked for furnishing the tags. Of late they have been furnished by the state prison labor commission, which has manufactured them at the shops of the Huntingdon reformatory.

The state has had red, blue, yellow, olive and similar colored tags in the last ten years.

The order will call for 400,000 tags, the largest number ever ordered. This year it is expected that fully 350,000 will be needed.

State Agricultural Notes.

There has been a slight increase in the sweet potato acreage in the State this year as compared with last.

The condition of the grape crop in July was not very encouraging with about 55 per cent. of a normal crop estimated.

It is estimated that American farmers plant upwards to 7,000,000 tons of seed each year.

It is estimated that the 1918 tobacco crop in the State will amount to approximately 68,000,000 pounds, almost ten million more pounds than last year.

It is estimated that there are 10,000 acres sown in soy beans this year, an increase of 2,000 acres over last year. Thirty-eight per cent. of this acreage is sown with other crops.

It is estimated that over 5,000 acres are sown in cowpeas this year.

The production of honey this spring and summer has been unusually good with an estimated surplus of thirty pounds per colony up to July 1 as compared with six pounds last year.

The leading states in the production of staple crops are: Corn, Iowa; wheat, Kansas; oats, Iowa; barley, Minnesota; rye, North Dakota; buckwheat, Pennsylvania; potatoes, New York; sweet potatoes, Alabama; beans, California; hay, South Dakota; tobacco, Kentucky.

The average yields of wheat per acre in Pennsylvania since 1909 were: 1909, 17.5 bus.; 1910, 19 bus.; 1911, 16.3 bus.; 1912, 18.1 bus.; 1913, 16.5 bus.; 1914, 18.5 bus.; 1915, 19 bus.; 1916, 18.7 bus.; 1917, 18.4 bus.

Roadside Markets.

In certain localities along the main highways of the State there are splendid opportunities for the development of roadside markets where farmers can sell their surplus vegetables and fruits right on the farm. If your farm is situated on a good road where there is very heavy automobile traffic and if you have vegetables and fruits for sale, have you ever considered trying to dispose of those products at a profit without taking time to go to market?

Some well located farms in Pennsylvania, and numerous others in Maryland, New Jersey and Long Island are disposing of their entire surplus of vegetables and fruits through some type of roadside market. To be able to sell products to advantage without taking a man's time from the farm is particularly desirable during the present shortage of labor, and roadside markets where the women and children can do the selling, provide such an outlet.

A sign along the road stating that you have vegetables or fruit for sale; a simple but attractive sheltered display of the products, or a combination of signs and displays will be all the advertising that should be necessary to tempt the passing automobiles. This automobile trade usually demands the best quality of products and is willing to pay good prices for well graded and packed goods. Make every effort to establish a name for the reliability and quality of your products and they will sell themselves.

If your farm is properly located on a well traveled automobile road and you think you would like to try out a roadside market, write the Bureau of Markets of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture for further information.

Mailing Yourself Money.

Every time you stick a Thrift or War Savings Stamp on your card you are mailing money to yourself to be received later with interest. Cashing in these stamps is going to be better than "getting money from home," for with the money comes the reminder that you contributed to the great victory which then will have been completely won.

Public Sale.

The Dubha school board will offer for sale at public outcry the Smith school house near Charles Whitel's on Saturday, August 17, 1918, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon to the highest responsible bidder. Secretary.

8-2-2t.

Subscribe for the News.

Your Own Judgment

Nine times out of ten it pays to back your own judgment, especially in financial affairs. It's your money you spend and if you fail, you will have learned a lesson, and will profit by the experience.

When you permit other people to invest your money for you, you usually pay dearly for their service. Our bank does not invest your funds for you. We merely safeguard your money until you are ready to invest it yourself. Then if you want our advice, we will give it cheerfully and to the best of our ability, but our first care is to safeguard our depositors' funds and to offer all other accommodations of modern banking. Can we be of any service to you?

FULTON COUNTY BANK

"OLDEST AND STRONGEST"

Capital, Surplus and Profits

\$95,000.00.

Cumberland Valley State Normal School,

SHIPPENSBURG, PA.

Now is the time to prepare for teaching and at the same time secure a good general education, fitting one for business, professional life, or college. Normal school graduates are in great demand. Recent graduates have just been elected to positions at salaries as high as \$120 a month. Positions are permanent, not dependent upon duration of war or present business conditions.

FREE TUITION to students 17 or more years of age who expect to teach. \$1.50 per week to others.

\$4.75 per week pays for boarding, furnished room, heat, light and laundry. \$195 covers all these expenses, including registration fee for entire school year of forty weeks. Full credit for work satisfactorily completed in high school. Fall term of fifteen weeks opens Monday, September 9, 1918.

Last year 29 students from Fulton county were in attendance.

For catalogue and other information write to

EZRA LEHMAN, Principal.



Profits and Prices

Profits may be considered from two angles:

- 1st—Their effect on prices;
- 2nd—As a return to investors.

When profits are small as compared with sales, they have little effect on prices.

Swift & Company's profits are only a fraction of a cent per pound on all products sold, and if eliminated entirely would have practically no effect on prices.

Swift & Company paid 10 per cent dividends to over 20,000 stockholders out of its 1917 profits. It also had to build extensions and improvements out of profits; to finance large stocks of goods made necessary by unprecedented requirements of the United States and Allied Governments; and to provide protection against the day of declining markets.

Is it fair to call this profiteering?

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

Haste is Now the Cry.

Haste is now the cry in Washington.

Until the Germans began their offensive in March ships had been carrying cargoes rather than troops. In February we sent only 48,000 men. But with the rapid progress made by the Huns a wave of alarm swept the Allied military staffs. In a twinkling ships were switched to the transportation of troops. England pinched herself on supplies and added a vast tonnage to that controlled by the United States.

March saw 83,811 men sent to France. April produced 117,212, May, 244,345, and June, 276,372. July will almost certainly dupli-

cate the June figures, if it does not surpass them.

We can keep up a steady stream of troops across the Atlantic, because we are beginning to turn out ships. They are leaving the ways every day. In a short time they will be taking their places in the transport service. Where are crews to man them obtained? From the navy. The navy has grown until it aggregates half a million officers and men. The navy supplies the crews for transports and troop ships. And while transports are building, destroyers are being constructed at a rapid rate.

It is a wonderful work the United States is accomplishing.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

Reisner's

A splendid assortment of House Dresses, Children's and Misses' Dresses, Middy Blouses, beautiful Waists in various Materials, Wash Skirts, and Dress Skirts—all at exceedingly reasonable prices.

A LARGE LOT

of Piece Goods for Dresses, Suits, and Waists that will certainly appeal to you.

A NICE LINE

of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, for quality they can't be beat.

Our Clothing Stock

has some splendid picking. We are selling lots of them at prices far below present value.

THE BEST

Wall Paper Stock

we have had for several seasons, and the price no higher than last year, although there has been quite an advance this season.

Floor Coverings Plenty.

Respectfully,

Geo. W. Reisner & Co.,
McConnellsburg, Pa.

Franklin County Farms.

100 A limestone five miles from Shippensburg, 2 miles from R. R. and grain market, large bank barn and frame house, not rough, along main road. \$10,000.00, will loan purchaser \$5,000.00.

240 A Slate and gravel land in Letterkenny township, bank barn and frame house, running water at the buildings, public road between house and barn, 20 A timber, close to school, no hills, \$9,000.00 will loan the purchaser \$7,000.00 on easy payments.

65 A slate and gravel land, near Upper Strasburg, with frame house and small stable, 15 acres of timber and running water, possession in thirty days. \$1,200.00 easy terms.

2 A near Scotland, with frame house, on cross roads, close neighbors \$650. Possession in thirty days.

12 A limestone land in Guilford Twp. 5 miles out of Chambersburg, large frame house, bank barn, splendid truck and poultry farm \$3,200.00.

1 A limestone land with good 6-room frame house and other buildings, 5 miles from Chambersburg \$700.00.

5 A gravel land with good frame house, stable and abundance of fruit and good water, less than \$1,400.00.

Home, in all parts of Chambersburg ranging in price from \$600.00 to \$8,000.00.

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HAFER REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENCY,
Chambersburg, Penn'a

Don't Forget

the exceptionally good prices we have in all Silverware, in Knives, Forks and Spoons, and in all flat pieces. Our Store is larger and better than ever.

It will pay you to make our store your stopping center when in town, and learn our method of doing business.

Our principal aim is to please our patrons, and nothing is too much trouble to enlighten you. Our workshop is the peer of perfection and at your command.

Service is our Watchword.

SHINNEMAN
McConnellsburg. Chambersburg.