SOUNDS ANEW THE DOOM OF TYRANNY

President Proclaims a Reign of Law as Object in World War

DEFENDS HELPLESS RUSSIA

America To Struggle For Clearing Military Autocracy From The Earth Is Independence Day Answer To Huns-A Notable Independence Day Assemblage Of Officials And Foreign-born Loyal Citizens At The Tomb Of Washington-A Belgian's Speech.

Washington .- From the shadow of on the Fourth of July offered America's Declaration of Independence to ent are in deadly grapple and the peothe people of the world, with a pledge that the United States and its Allies will not sheathe the sword in the war against the Central Powers until there is settled, "once for all" for the world, what was settled for America in 1776.

President Wilson's speech at Mount Vernon was as follows: Gentlemen of the Diplomatic Corps

and my Fellow Citizens:

I am happy to draw apart with you to this quiet place of old counsel in order to speak a little of the meaning of this day of our nation's independence. The place seems very still and remote. It is as serene and untouched by the hurry of the world as it was in those great days long ago, when General Washington was here and held leisurely conference with the men who were to be assoclated with him in the creation of a nation. From these gentle slopes they tooked out upon the world and saw It as a whole, saw it with the light of the future upon it, saw it with modern eyes that turned away from a past which men of liberated spirits could no longer endure. It is for that reason that we cannot feel, even here. In the immediate presence of this sacred tomb, that this is a place of death. It was a place of achievement, A great promise that was meant for all mankind was here given plan and reality. The associations by which we are surrounded are the inspiring associations of that noble death which is only a glorious consummation. From this green hillside we also ought to be able to see with comprehending eyes the world that lies about us and should conceive anew the purposes that must set men free.

Spoke For A People.

It is significant-significant of their own character and purpose and of the influences they were setting afootthat Washington and his associates. like the barons at Runnymede, spoke and acted, not for a class, but for a

piness to be associated in action, the faith and purpose with which we act. This, then, is our conception of the great struggle in which we are engaged. The plot is written plain upon every scene and every act of the supreme tragedy. On the one hand stand the peoples of the world, not only the people actually engaged, but many others also who suffer under mastery but cannot act; peoples of many races and in every part of the world-the people of stricken Russia still, among the rest, though they are for the moment unorganized and helpless. Opposed to them, masters of many armies, stand an isolated, friendless group of governments who spread New And Unqualified Consecration Of no common purpose but only selfish ambitions of their own, by which none can profit but themselves, and whose peoples are fuel in their hands; gov ernments which fear their people and yet are for the time their sovereign lords, making every choice for them and disposing of their lives and fortunes as they will, as well as of the lives and fortunes of every people who fall under their power-governments clothed with the strange trappings and the primitive authority of an age Washington's tomb President Wilson that is altogether alien and hostile

death between them.

But One Issue Possible. There can be but one issue. The settlement must be final. There can be no compromise. No halfway decision would be tolerable. No halfway decision is conceivable. These are the ends for which the associated and peoples of the world are fighting and which must be conceded them before there can be peace:

I. The destruction of every arbitrary power anywhere that can separately, secretly, and of its single choice disturb the peace of the world or, if it cannot be presently destroyed, at the least its reduction to virtual impotence.

11. The settlement of every question, whether of territory, of sovereignty, of economic arrangement or of political relationship, upon the basis of the free acceptance of that settlement by the people immediately concerned, and not upon the basis of the material interest or advantage of any other nation or people which may desire a different settlement for the sake of its own exterior influence or mastery.

III. The consent of all nations to be governed in their conduct toward each other by the same principles of honor and of respect for the common law of civilized society that govern the Individual citizens of all modern states in their relations with one another; to the end that all promises and covenants may be sacredly observed, no private plots or conspiracles hatched, no selfish injuries wrought with impunity, and a mutual trust established upon the handsome foundation of a mutual respect for right.

IV. The establishment of an organization of peace which shall make it certain that the combined power of free nations will check every invasion General Omar Bundy. The successes of right and serve to make peace and attained have been consolidated and justice the more secure by affording definite tribunal of opinion to which all must submit and by which every international readjustment that cannot be amicably agreed upon by the peoples directly concerned shall be



taken out of cellars and dugouts. How many Germans were killed, o United States army at Fort Slocum. course, is unknown, but from the num-Secretary Baker wrote the Presi ber of dead in plain view at various reached the total of \$656,541.50 with dent that the supplies and equipment places the total must have been con 12,641 subscribers, or a average of \$55,

to be adequate and added that "the HUNDRED SHIPS ARE LAUNCHED. output of our war industries in this

siderable.

Ceremonies Held In Yards In The East And West.

weeks ago. Washington. - America's merchant Bethlehem.-Caught while trying to first, grown to 10,040,659 gross tons by the construction of 1.622 new ships of

destroy machinery in a shop at the Bethlehem Steel Works, Michael Huzar, an alien enemy, was arrested by Chief Roach and turned over t United States commissioner Turner at Easton. He will probably be interned during the rest of the war.

Bethlehem .- The local war chest

Easton .- Albert Newhard, aged six-

ty, a former professional pedestrian

who once held the world's record for

distance covered in seventy-two hours,

died from the effects of gas that leak

ed from a pipe in his home three

people. It has been left for us to see to it that it shall be understood that they spoke and acted not for a single people only, but for all mankind. They were thinking, not of themselves and of the material interests which centered in the little groups of landholders and merchants and men of affairs with whom they were accustomed to act, in Virginia and the colonies to the north and south of her, but of a people which wished to be done with classes and special interests and the authority of men whom they had not themselves chosen to rule over them. They entertained no private purpose desired no peculiar privilege. They were consciously planning that men of every class should be free and America a place to which men out of every nation might resort who wished to share with them the rights and privileges of free men. And we take our cue from them-do we not? We intend what they intended. We here in America believe our participation in this present war to be only the fruitage of what they planted. Our case differs from theirs only in this, that it is our inestimable privilege to concert with men out of every nation what shall make not only the liberties of America secure but the liberties of every other people as well. We are happy in the thought that we are permitted to do what they would have done had they been in our place.

It Must Be Settled Now.

There must now be settled once for all what was settled for America | forces which, once aroused, can never in the great age upon whose inspiration we draw today. This is surely a have at their heart an inspiration and fitting place from which calmly to a purpose which are deathless and of look out upon our task, that we may the very stuff of triumph! fortify our spirits for its accomplishment. And this is the appropriate friends with whom we have the hap- ployed.

FIREWORKS KILL TWO.

THE WORLD WAR.

their attack on Hamel.

died in Constantinople.

The British took 1,500 prisoners in

Mohammed V., Sultan of Turkey,

e mile.

sanctioned. FOR REIGN OF LAW.

These great objects can be put into single sentence. What we seek is the reign of law, based upon the consent of the governed and sustained by the organized opinion of mankind.

These great ends cannot be achieved by debating and seeking to reconcile and accommodate what statesmen nay wish, with their projects for balinces of power and of national opportunity. They can be realized only by the determination of what the hinking peoples of the world desire, with their longing hope for justice and for social freedom and opportun-

I can fancy that the air of this place carries the accent of such principles with a peculiar kindness. Here were started forces which the great nation against which they were primarily di rected at first regarded as a revolt againts its rightful authority, but which it has long since seen to have been a step in the liberation of its own people as well as of the people of the United States; and I stand here now to speak-speak proudly and with confident hope-of the spread of this revolt, this liberation. to the great stage of the world itself! The blinded rulers of Prussia have aroused forces they knew little ofbe crushed to earth again; for they

There are now 5,963 prisoners of place from which to avow, alike to war in England working in agriculthe friends who look on and to the ture and 1,400 more are to be em-

| FIREWORKS KILL TWO. | GETS CUP FOR BEATING U-BOAT. | Years |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| accidentally exploded some fireworks in a warehouse while attempting to steal fire-crackers. According to the police, the injured boy admitted he had drop- | Permission Given Lieutenant Boesch To Accept Gift From Azores. Washington.—Official permission has been given LieutCom. J. H. Boesch. until recently in charge of the naval collier Orion, to accept the loving cup presented to him by the citizens of Ponta Delgada, Azores, in recognition of his attacking and driving off the | Washington President of the r |
| ped a lighted match near the explos- ives. | German submarine which was bom- barding that city some months ago. | CIRCUS TRAI |

man lines northeast of Villers-Breton neux, on the Somme front, and beside taking Hamel village battled their way forward beyond Hamel and the Vaire woods, between Hamel and Villers-Bretonneux.

British troops delivered an attack in French troops attacked the German the region of Amlens, capturing the village of Hamel, northeast of Villers- lines on a front of a mile and a quar Bretonneux, and advancing their line | ter in the neighborhood of Autreches in this region to a depth of more than northwest of Soissons, and pushed into the enemy territory for a distance of Australian troops attacked the Ger- nearly half a mile.

beennent attacks of the Germans have not been sufficient to cause our withdrawal from any terrain which has been occupied.

most interesting of these minor raids

from the American standpoint was

the successful attack on Vaux, which

occurred on July 1. This town was

taken by a very nicely planned Amer-

ican attack, in which the 9th and 23d

Regiments of Infantry furnished the

infantry contingent and the 12th, 15th

and 17th Regiments of Field Artillery

supported the attack. These troops

form a part of our second division,

which is under the command of Major

"On the Italian front the situation has now come down to complete occupation by Italy of the southern bank of the Piave, with the exception of one small sector. The size of that sector, which is the only part of the south bank of the Piave still held by the Austrians, is three and a half by one and a half miles. It is on the delta near Grisolera. Along that entire region, which has been held by the Austrians for a long time, the Italians have made successful advances over practically a nine-mile front, driving the Austrians back of the river, with the exception of the little area I have indicated to you."

In answer to question General March said: "There is nothing to give sinking of the Covington. out on the subject of Russia."

"So far as our information goes, the Germans did not use large bodies of cavalry in the recent drive." tilles having been destroyed when re-"The matter of the use of gas in turning home without the protection

our service has recently been consolidated, as has been announced to the press, by organizing what we call the chemical warfare service under Major General Sibert. * * * General Pershing has been directed to make his organization conform to the organization adopted here and the Chemical Warfare Service is the title now given to that section in France also. In that connection the tribute which has been paid to the fine work of our chemists under the Bureau of Mines is thoroughly deserved. They have really done unusually good work, but the work now coming under one directing head will show the fine resu'ts achieved from unity of command everywhere."

PRESIDENT SAVES SOLDIER.

nutes Death Sentence To 20 In Prison.

-Commutation by the

to 20 years imprisonor, was announce i b ment. Valentine was cied at Sepang Bato. baying murdered Pri-J. Wilson, also of the

One Man Killed An Tesult Of Accident In Ohio. Youngstown, Ohio .- One man kille was the toll of a railroad accident

when Barnum & Balley circus train No. 2 crashed into the rear end of the lew York Central's New York Ch and Limited at Gime", four mile est of here. The was lifted we L. a hostler. Prove wa Firow tween two entry in the hearing.

American troop ship to be destroyed. All were homeward bound. The for-

a speed of 151% knots an hour.

that they either were killed by the

force of the explosion or were caught

by the inrush of water into the engine

The Covington was formerly the

Hamburg-American liner Cincinnati,

which was laid up at Boston and was

taken over when the United States

entered the war. She was 608 feet

long, of 6.339 gross tonnage and had

The Covington is the second of the

great German liners seized at the out-

break of the war to be sent down by

Germany's sea wolves and is the third

the fleet. The theory that the sub-

marine made off in haste would seem

to be borne out by the fact that the

transport's crew was transferred to

AMERICANS REACH ITALY.

self in Camp.

The rapidity of the mobilization to

their new quarters has created a most

favorable impression. The Americans

are in fine spirits and excellent health.

ASKS ABOUT COASTAL CANALS,

of war craft.

men started.

camp.

and fire rooms.

mer Hamburg-American liner Presi-

TNT Plant Near Syracuse. Syracuse, N. Y.-Many persons were

sary equipment and supply."

no small part in meeting it.

in France for the million men who

have gone is shown by latest reports

country is showing marked improve

ment in practically all lines of neces-

MANY KILLED IN EXPLOSION.

Over 100 Believed Dead Or Injured At

killed or injured in two terrible explodent Lincoln was sunk last May 31 sions at the huge plant of the Semetand the Antilles, formerly a Morgan Solway Company, located at Split liner was sent down last October 17. Rock, a suburb.

Officers here believed that the sub-The force of the explosion rocked marine was on the surface recharging this city. Plate-glass windows in the its batteries when the convoy came business section were broken and resalong and that it submerged immediately after discharging the torpedo without attempting further attack on streets.

> The police believe the l'st of dead and injured will amount above 100 when final details are available incomplete returns showed 16 persons had been killed.

one of the destroyers without apparent incident. Some surprise was occa-Unequipped with fire apparatus, volsioned by the fact that the submarine unteer firemen were unable to make did not return after the fleet had headway against the spreading flames. proceeded and undertake"to finish the Columns of flames sho: 300 fect in height. The heat was so intense that The Covington was the first Ameriit cracked glass hundreds of yards can transport to be sunk while in conaway and a thick noxious smoke comvov, President Lincoln and the Anbined to handle () the fire-fighters and

CAN'T TRUST THE HUNS.

Plan To Send U. S. Hospital Ship Without Convoy Held Up.

rescues.

First Contingent Has Established It-Washington .-- Plans for the sailing of the American hospital ship Comfort, which it was proposed to send Rome .- The first contingent of Amerthrough the submarine zone without ican troops to arrive in Italy has within convoy, have been delayed by the forty-eight hours established itself in ruthless destruction of the Conadian camp. The men are sleeping under hospital ship Llandovery Castle. If their own tents and feeding from their is not yet decided whether the origown kitchen, which was provided by inal plans will be changed. the American Red Cross before the

258 Persons Believed Lost

London .- A thorough search of the waters in the vicinity of the spot where the Canadian hospital ship but the Red Cross will within a week Llandovery Castle was sunk by a Ger establish a complete hospital near the man submarine has resulted in no further survivors being found. An official statement issued by the A miralty says it may be assumed that only 24 out of the 258 persons on board were saved.

Senate Seeks Data On Connecting Andrew Bonar Law, Chancellor of Chesapeake With Buzzard's Bay. the Exchequer, speaking in the House Washington .- The Senate adopted a of Commons, said that one would have thought that nothing new as regards resolution by Senator Saulabury, of German brutality could have hap pened, but the sinking of the Canadian Commerce to furnish the Senate with hospital ship Llandovery Castle was provide the abvisabilan unspeakable outrage. Nothing could be gained, he added by talking about this last example of frightfu ness.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION.

War Board Willing To Relieve The Industry.

Washington .-- In a statement reiterating its disapproval of new build ng construction, not contributing di ectly or indirectly toward the prose cution of the war, the War Industrie Board expressed willingness to relieve the building industry under the ad verse condition of the war as far a possible and to consider the merit o t p count there is no other Republicar individual projects.

130,793 tons in the fiscal year ende June 30, was augmented by the unprece dented launching of about 100 ships. The feat of the loyal army of workmen which made the launchings pos sible received due recognition from the highest officials directing the war ac

tivities of the nation. "We are all comrades in a great cause," declared President Wilson in idences swayed perceptibly, causing a message read as part of the launchtheir occupants to rush into the ing ceremonies in 76 yards. From General Pershing came the thanks of

> the American fighting men in Europe for the support of which the launch ings are substantial evidence. "With such backing we cannot fail

to win," asserted the commander of the United States Army in France.

Chairman Hurley, chief of the men directing the shipbuilding program, did not stint his praise of the men actually building the ships in expressing the appreciation of the Shipping Board for the work accomplished.

PRAY AS WE GO.

Move To Pause For Supplication Blocked In Senate.

Washington -- Consideration of resolution by Senator Myers, of Montana, requesting the President to call upon the nation to pause one minute each day to pray for success of the war was blocked in the Senate by Senator Thomas, of Colorado. "Let us pray as we work and work whether we pray or not," said the Colorado Senator in refusing unanimous con-

sent to take up the resolution. Senator McCumber, of North Dakota, joined in the opposition with

the suggestion, "I think we ought to get along a little more rapidly in our war work and pray as we go." Senator Myers, of Montana, author of the resolution, and Senator Phelan, of California, spoke briefly

FOR \$9,500,000,000 IN BONDS.

In its favor.

Senate Finance Committee Approves Bill Passed By House.

Washington .- The new bond bill, which just passed the House, providng \$8,000,000,000 for domestic purposes and \$1,500,000 for loans to the Allies, was approved by the Senate amendment ordered reported favor ably.

GAS OFFENSIVE PLANS.

The Chemical Warfare Service Now Has Charge.

Washington.-All phases of gas ofensive preparations are placed under he new chemical warfare service of the Army, commanded by Major General Sibert, by an order announced at he War Department. This includes xperimental work heretofore carried in by the Medical and Ordnance Departments of the Army and the Bureau of Mines.

Wilkes-Barre .- Announcement of the death of Private Smith, of the marine corps reached his mother, a widow, of Larksville, within one day after she had gotten letters from him telling of his joy at having been assigned to the front line.

Sunbury,-While holding an advance celebration of the Fourth of July, Harry Willeums, ten years old. of Sunbury, lighted a daulin cap and lost two lingers.

Scranton,-Mayor Connell declared himself in favor of a single tax-collecting system in Scranton.

Freeland,-Although he came from Hungary, Martin Susinski, of Freeland, enlisted to get back at the kaiser.

York .- Charles Wire, a trusty at the York county jail, with one more month to serve for burglary, escaped. Lancaster .- James Shand was reelected president of the Lancaster Y. M. C. A. for the twenty-second con-

secutive time. Lebanon.-Council enjoined against extending the city water system to the Heights section, formally abandoned the undertaking.

Sheartown,-Bishop Hoban will officiate at the laying of the cornerstone of the new Pollsh Catholic orphanage here.

Shenandoah.-Ra'ds by the Shenan doah police resulted in fifteen men being picked up on slacker charges.

Reading .- The Reading Transit and Light company will increase trolley fares on suburban lines to eight cents August 1.

Reading .- Mrs. Emma R, Becker. of Reading, left \$1000 for the care of dumb animals

Shamokin .--- Miss Eva M, Bullard, of Waukesha, Wis., will teach commercial branches in the schools here.

Allentown .--- Male playground instructors here who were asked to work on the city's farm sending the lifting of the quarantine for measles have declined.

Harrisburg .- Banking Commissioner Lafean issued a call for statements of state banks and trust companies as of June 29.

Turbotville.--As the result of a fall from a ladder, J. Luther Smith, president of the Turbotville school board. died at his home.

Scranton .- Dr. D. A. Webb, of Scranton, was wounded when a German air raider bombed a Canadian hospital in France recently.

Harrisburg-Harold M. McCiure, the new public service comm'ssioner, will assume his seat when the com-

mission meets next week. Bellefonte .-- Centre county was the first county in the state to officially report having gone over the top in the war savings stamps drive. Hazleton .- In ill health for some

time, Joseph Perando, aged fifty of Hazleton, hanged bimself to a tree on the outskirts of the city.

ity of, connecting Chesapeake Bay. Delaware River, New York Bay and Massachusetts and Buzzard's Bays by a socies of canals. IN IN COLLISION. WISS RANKIN SEEKS TOGA. Congresswoman Aspires To Senate From Montana.

Washington,-Miss Jeanette Rankin, tepecsentative from Moncana, an sinced that she will be a candidate the Republican nomination to the safe to succeed Senator Walsh, who it offer for re-election in November he not in the primaries will be held summet 2" and diss Rankin sold that

e death sentence imitary court-martial on Intentine, of Troop B. De'aware, directing the Secretary of