

The Fulton County News.

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McCONNELLSBURG, PA., MARCH 28, 1918.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

RECORD OF DEATHS.

Short Sketches of the Lives of Persons Who Have Recently Passed Away.

MRS. ANNA MARIA DORAN.

Anna Maria Doran, widow of James Doran of Taylor township, who died about 8 years ago, passed away at the home of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Heefner, near Hiram, on Tuesday, March 19, 1918 at the advanced age of 79 years, 10 months, and 19 days. The funeral services were conducted by a former pastor, Rev. W. M. Cline, of Fort Littleton at Center M. E. church, on Thursday, and interment was made in the cemetery at that place.

The deceased was first married to Daniel Booker, and for many years lived at Maddensville until the death of Mr. Booker. To this union the following children survive: H. C. Booker, Gothenberg, Neb.; E. E. Booker, Beloit, Kans.; C. D. Booker, Bellegrade, Mont.; Mrs. Jacob Cook, Ottawa, Kans.; and Mrs. F. W. Lott, Seattle Wash.

Her second marriage was to Mr. James Doran, and to this union one daughter survives, Edith, wife of W. H. Heefner, of Taylor township, with whom Mrs. Doran made her home during the past six years.

Grandmother Doran identified herself with the Methodist Episcopal Church in early life, and when the death messenger came, she had no terrors for this good woman: she said to her daughter, "I am going home."

She has one sister living, Kate, wife of Rev. Duffield Aller, of Crete, Neb.

Rev. Cline was assisted in the funeral services by Rev. J. S. Eminhizer, of the U. B. Church.

JAMES W. JACKSON.

A letter received by Mrs. Lou Jackson of this place a few days ago brought the intelligence of the death of her brother-in-law James W. Jackson at his home in Jersey City on Saturday, March 16, 1918 after an illness of only three weeks of lead poisoning. The funeral took place on the following Monday. The deceased is survived by his wife and three daughters, one of whom is married.

James was a native of McConnellsburg, being a son of the late Joel and Emily Horner Jackson, and he lived until young manhood in his native town. The Jackson family were Presbyterians and James will be remembered for his fine bass voice in the Presbyterian choir. James was a painter by trade and was working in car shops when attacked by the poisoning that ended his life.

GEORGE W. BURKE.

George W. Burke or "Wash" Burke as he was more familiarly known, died at the home of Edwin Spriggs, west of McConnellsburg last Sunday morning aged about 65 years. Wash was an industrious colored man and worked for Nick Hohman several years. For some time he had been employed at Myersdale, Pa., but on account of ill health came to Ed Spriggs' in January. His wife died about two months ago. He is survived by one son living at Myersdale.

Crossing the Pond.

John Hann, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Hann, South First Street, is now on his way across the Atlantic to get a "biff" at the Kaiser. John, has some experience in army service, having served three years in the U. S. cavalry service, and since his discharge therefrom, has been a member of the Pennsylvania State Constabulary. He recently forwarded his resignation to the authorities in charge of that organization, and tendered his service to Uncle Sam as veterinarian, which our Uncle accepted with thanks.

Letter from Dr. Barton.

MY DEAR MR. PECK:—I note with interest, that by the refusal of your Judges to grant a liquor license, Fulton County is placed on the "Dry" list. This is as it should be, for I am sure that in the enjoyment of moral, and economic blessings, the intelligent and good people of Fulton would desire to be in the van with their sister Counties, Bedford, and Huntington.

The trend of sentiment is for the abolishment of the liquor traffic; our National Government is committed to the principles of prohibition as a great moral uplift and economic necessity. The growing demand for greater efficiency in every department of life, implies sobriety; for the drink habit in any form or quantity never makes a man more efficient. The basis of success in life is to get in the line of promotes. It is the legalized sale of liquor, the presence of the bar room, that encourages intemperance. Close the bar-room, and you not only take away the opportunity and convenience of the "Boozer" but best of all, you remove the temptation from our young men and boys; for verily the saloon is the recruiting station, the training school for the inebriate army. How utterly inefficient would be an army of intemperate men standing in defense of our country; the man on the firing line must be sober that he may have endurance, be able to think rightly, and see clearly. Alcohol is a breeder of inefficiency, it diminishes physical force, dulls the intellect and lowers the moral standard.

A. M. BARTON,
Homestead, Pa. March 22, 1918.

Truck Soldiers.

Mrs. E. E. Melick, secretary to Mrs. George W. Childs Drexel, who has charge of the Red Cross canteen service in Pennsylvania, held a conference here Tuesday afternoon relative to the government truck convoys passing along the Lincoln Highway. It was determined that no further meals should be served to soldiers passing through unless some emergency arises. The war department has ordered the men to carry their own provisions and spend the night in the open. When meals are required the local committee will be notified by the state public safety committee.

After the meeting with the local Red Cross Committee and the Public Safety Committee, Mrs. Melick consented to address a public meeting in the Auditorium in the evening. On account of the short notice the attendance was not large, but the address by Mrs. Melick was fine. From McConnellsburg Mrs. Melick went to Bedford.

Knox Houston in the Trenches.

Russell Nelson in a letter to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Nelson last week, sent a postal card picture of two boys in the trenches in France. One of the boys is Samuel Knox Houston, son of Rev. and Mrs. S. B. Houston, formerly of Ayr township, and the other is one of his chums. An important part of the work done by these boys is to assist in removing the dead and wounded from the trenches as they fall in battle—"offbearers, as it were."

Across the Continent.

Miss Lillian Brewer, who has had her home with Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Little during the past four years, has gone to San Francisco to see her brother Maynard who is very ill with cancer of the stomach in a hospital in that city. Mr. and Mrs. Little, accompanied by Mrs. P. P. Shives, took Miss Brewer to Clear Spring Md., Sunday morning from which place she left for her transcontinental journey.

Mr. Stanley Humbert, teacher of Rockhill school in Ayr township, has accepted a position in Somerset County.

SALVIA SUMMARIZINGS.

Death of "Aunt" Ellen Deshong. Henry Strait's House Burned. Sick Improving except Mr. Wyles.

It is with sadness that we chronicle the death of Mrs. Ellen Deshong, widow of Michael Deshong, deceased. "Aunt" Ellen as she was familiarly called was stricken with paralysis on Thursday the 14th inst., and she lingered and suffered along until last Sunday morning, when she died at her home near Pleasant Ridge. Funeral services and interment at the Sideling Hill Christian church.

The dwelling house of Henry H. Strait, near Pleasant Ridge, together with nearly all the contents, was destroyed by fire last Saturday about 10 o'clock in the morning. It is reported that the fire started in the roof caused by sparks from the chimney. The brisk winds prevailing at the time spread the flames all over the building so rapidly that scarcely anything could be done to save the contents, and very little was saved, although the fire was discovered by some men working near, about the time it was noticed by the occupants of the house.

We understand that Mr. Strait had no insurance, he having let it expire. Fortunately there is a small frame building near, formerly used as a store room and post office, into which the family went for present shelter.

Richard P. Deshong, near Salvia, was a pretty sick man a few days last week. He is reported to be some better at this writing.

Veteran Joseph Wyles has been seriously ill and abed during the past ten weeks. Very poor hopes are entertained for his recovery.

Very bright hopes are now entertained for the recovery of little Thelma Deshong, after a severe and protracted illness as noted in these items from time to time. She is now able to walk and play, and is rapidly gaining strength.

The protracted revival services at Asbury M. E. church conducted by Revs. Croft and Wible for about four weeks closed last Sunday evening. Good attendance, good order, and good interest prevailed. We understand that about 16 persons professed conversion, of whom three will unite with the church at Bethlehem, four, at Siloam, one, with the Christian church, and eight, with the Asbury church.

Set Clocks One Hour Ahead.

In this day of need for the conservation of every resource that the great war may be speedily brought to a close, Congress has passed a law that will mean the saving of millions of dollars in the burning of artificial lights at night, and give an extra hour of daylight to the wage earner to apply to the cultivation of his war garden. Hence, at 2 o'clock, next Sunday morning, the town clocks in every city or town in the United States, together with all other clocks and watches will be turned one hour ahead. This will mean that if you have breakfast at 6 o'clock, it will be an hour earlier than it came Saturday morning, but it will be 6 o'clock just the same. Your preaching service will be at half past ten just as before, but if you have not turned your watch ahead Saturday evening or Sunday morning, you will find yourself getting to church in time to help sing the doxology.

That's all that's to it. Set your clock and watch before you go to bed Saturday evening, and forget about it. Then on Sunday and Monday, and every other day until the first day of October (when the clocks will all be set back an hour) meals will be served, schools will be opened, mails will arrive and leave, trains will move on just the same hours by the clock as before.

RED CROSS.

Members and Contributions as Reported by Secretary Fulton Chapter.

BRUSH CREEK AUXILIARY.
Chairman, S. E. Walters; Treasurer, Geo. W. Lodge; Secretary, Celia M. Barton.

ANNUAL MEMBERS.

Mrs. Mary Jackson, Mrs. Geo. Lodge, Mrs. Jno. Smith, Roy Plessinger, Clara Hixon, Mrs. M. J. Hixon, Mrs. John Truax, Hazel Cline, Mrs. Viola Walters, Mrs. S. M. Jackson, Lloyd Jackson, Margaret Jackson, Cora Drenning, Harold H. Akers, W. S. Clevenger, Isaac M. Barton, Frank M. Lodge, Mrs. Martha R. Lodge, Edgar A. Diehl, Perry Hixon, Mrs. George Layton, Geo. Layton, Irene Layton, Alice Layton, Mrs. S. E. Walters, Boyd Walters, Fred Akers, James McKee, Hobart Barton, Carl Rhom, M. J. Hixon, E. E. Bennett, Mrs. T. H. Akers, Ross Barkman, Ross Barton, Jacob Barkman, J. F. Smith, Earl Jackson, Earl Truax, Emory Diehl, C. R. Akers, Piper Barton, Mrs. Geo. Hixon, Mrs. Ellis Akers, M. A. Barkman, Carrie Barkman, Mrs. Ed A. Diehl, Rintia Diehl, Tilda Hoopingardner, Adrienne Harman, Mrs. Emory Diehl, Hazel Reeder, Mrs. A. Barkman, S. M. Jackson.

UNION AUXILIARY.

Margaret McKee, Earl C. Clingerman, Ralph C. Smith, Edward McKee.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

Taylor Auxiliary, \$21.76. Bethel Auxiliary, \$38.36. Mary Pittman, Everett, Pa. \$1.00.

Fulton Well Represented.

DEAR EDITOR:—The label on my paper reminds me; so here's my check for a "buck-and-a-half" to keep the good work going on. Inasmuch as we have moved into our new house, you will please change the address to read "Box 164" instead of 234 Maplewood Ave.

The Mellotts in Ambridge are all well. In fact, Fulton County is pretty well represented in Beaver County. Besides myself and wife, H. C. Mellott and wife, and Dr. Albert N., there are Albert Spade and family, R. Ray Mellott, Earl T. Bard, Dewey Peck, James Darks and John Meyers in Ambridge; Grant Spade and wife at New Brighton, and John Bard at W. Bridge-water.

Although Ambridge is but 12 years of age, she is a busy youngster—five large manufacturing plants employing from 250 to 2500 men in each plant, with a monthly payroll amounting to \$400,000.00. The village has a population of 12,000, 9 churches, 3 hotels, and last, but by no means least, it is without a saloon.

Glad to see good old Fulton County in the Dry Column.

E. L. MELLOTT.

Ambridge, Pa. March 19, 1918.

Must Purchase Substitutes.

C. J. Hepburn, chief counsel for Howard Heinz, Federal food administrator for Pennsylvania, has advised the local Food administrator that grocers, millers and all other retail dealers in wheat flour are required under the food regulations to sell to each customer at the time of the sale an equal amount of substitutes. One buying flour at retail is not entitled to credit for substitutes bought elsewhere or at any other time. Dealers who have been selling flour to consumers who have on hand substitutes bought elsewhere are violating the regulations. Millers are retail dealers when they sell to consumers and must sell with wheat flour an equal quantity of substitutes.

JOHN R. JACKSON,

Federal Food Administrator, of Fulton County.

Mrs. Ed D. Shimer of Harrisburg, is visiting among her McConnellsburg friends this week.

LATEST FOOD RULES.

Should Be Read Carefully by Every Householder. The War is Calling for Further Sacrifice.

The following was received by Federal Food Administrator, J. R. Jackson, and is explanatory. "If we are to furnish the allies with the necessary proportion of wheat to maintain their war bread from now until the next harvest, and this is a military necessity, we must reduce our monthly consumption to 21,000,000 bushels a month as against our normal consumption of about 42,000,000 bushels, or fifty per cent. of our normal consumption.

Reserving a margin for distribution to the Army and for special cases, for general consumption approximately 1 1/2 pounds of wheat products weekly, per person. "The well-to-do in our population can make greater sacrifices in the consumption of wheat products than can the poor. In addition, our population in the agricultural districts where the others cereals are abundant are more skilled in the preparation of breads from these other cereals than the crowded city and industrial populations.

"With the improved transportation conditions, we now have available a surplus of potatoes. We also have in the spring months a surplus of milk, and we have ample corn and oats for human consumption. The drain on rye and barley as substitutes has already greatly exhausted the supply of these grains.

"To effect the needed saving of wheat, we are wholly dependent upon the voluntary assistance of the American people and we ask that the following rules shall be observed:

"1. Households to use not to exceed a total of 1 1/2 pounds per week of wheat products, per person. This means not more than 1 1/2 pounds of Victory bread, containing the required percentage of substitutes, and about 1/2 pound of cooking flour, macaroni, crackers, pastry, pies, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals, all combined.

"2. Public eating places and clubs to observe two wheatless days per week (Monday and Wednesday) as at present. In addition thereto, not to serve in the aggregate a total of more bread-stuff, macaroni, crackers, pastry, pies, cakes, wheat breakfast cereals containing a total of more than two ounces of wheat flour to any one guest, at any one meal. No wheat products to be served unless specially ordered. Public eating establishments not to buy more than 6 pounds of wheat products per month, thus conforming with limitation requested of the householder.

"3. Retailers to sell not more than one-eighth of a barrel of flour to any town customer at any one time and not more than one quarter of a barrel to any country customer at any one time and in no case to sell wheat products without the sale of an equal weight of other cereals.

"4. We ask the bakers and grocers to reduce the volume of Victory bread sold by delivery of the 1/2 pound loaf where one pound was sold before and corresponding proportions in other weights. We also ask bakers not to increase the amount of their wheat flour purchases beyond seventy per cent. of the average monthly amount purchased in the four months prior to March 1.

"5. Manufacturers using wheat products for non food purposes should cease such use entirely.

"6. There is no limit upon the use of other cereals, flours and meals, corn, barley, buckwheat, potato flour, etc.

"Many thousands of families throughout the land are now using no wheat products whatever except a very small amount for cooking purposes and are doing so in perfect health and satisfaction. There is no reason why

Knitting.

In response to the appeal from the government thru the Red Cross for knitted goods, Fulton County received its first supply of yarn the middle of October, and, at once, our older women recalled the way to cast on stitches, and the younger women set themselves to learn the art of knitting.

It is most satisfying to know how excellently Fulton County's women condensed home work to make time for national work, and it makes one's heart thrill to feel that in less than six short months busy loving hands have made 539 well knitted garments. It is also most satisfying to know that after our last shipment, the Philadelphia Division Headquarters sent in acknowledgement the following approval "packing excellent," "Shipping excellent," "knitting excellent."

The number of garments sent in our six shipments were:

Wristlets,	102 pairs
Sweaters,	136
Socks,	255 pairs
Helmets,	23
Washcloths,	14
Mufflers,	9

Our knitting committee received from various persons requests for yarn. It was impossible to grant these requests on account of insufficient funds to buy the yarn.

So let each one who reads this use her best efforts to gather new members for the Red Cross membership drive the last of May. For each member means a dollar, and each dollar, means better backing for the Red Cross work.

As a committee we feel highly honored by the courtesy, both men and women have shown us, and when it seems wise that more yarn shall be purchased, we know we can again rely upon our good knitters and their good work.

MISS RUTH I. KENDAEL,
MRS. GEO. B. MOCK,
MRS. WINNIE B. KENDALL
Committee.

Moved to Hagerstown.

After a residence of fourteen years in McConnellsburg, A. B. Wilkinson and family removed to Hagerstown, Md., last Saturday, where Mr. Wilkinson has accepted a position as foreman in a large carriage factory. While here Mr. Wilkinson conducted a blacksmith and general repair shop, and he is a number one mechanic. The town loses a family of good citizens with the going away of the Wilkinsons, who take with them the best wishes of their numerous friends in McConnellsburg.

all of the American people who are able to cook in their own households cannot subsist perfectly well with the use of less wheat products than 1 1/2 pounds a week and we specially ask the well-to-do households in the country to follow this additional program in order that we may provide the necessary marginal supplies for those parts of the community less able to adapt themselves to so large a proportion of substitutes.

"In order that we shall be able to make the wheat exports that are absolutely demanded of us to maintain the civil population and soldiers of the allies and our own Army, we propose to supplement the voluntary cooperation of the public by a further limitation of distribution and we shall place at once restrictions on distribution which will be adjusted from time to time to secure as nearly equal table distribution as possible.

"With the arrival of harvest, we should be able to relax such restrictions: Until then, we ask for the necessary patience, sacrifice and cooperation of the distributing trades."

Yours very truly,
Federal Food Administrator for Pennsylvania.

FORESTRY IN FULTON COUNTY.

The State Will Help You to Reforest Your Waste Land Just for the Asking.

Continued from last week.
COST OF PLANTING.

The cost of planting is determined entirely by the conditions of the areas to be planted and how the work is managed. If the trees are planted 4x4 feet apart, 2722 trees are planted to the acre; 5x5 feet apart 1742 trees to the acre, and 6x6 feet apart 1210 trees to the acre. It is necessary to plant them closely together so that the side limbs are shaded and killed before they become large enough to leave a knot in the wood. The trees will grow upwards toward the light and will form a tall, thin tree trunk, with a limbless bole, and without a knot in the portion of the tree intended to be used for lumber. After a few years it will be necessary to cut out some of the trees so as to give them more light and this thinning will be sold to pay for the cost of planting. One can readily understand what will happen if a tree is planted by itself in the open—it will all grow into a top without any length, and purpose of planting for lumber is to have a small top and a great length, therefore, the only way to produce saw timber is to plant the trees closely together so that they will prune themselves of the side branches and be forced to grow upwards to receive the necessary light.

I would recommend planting the tree 5x5 feet apart in open fields, and 6x6 feet apart in cut over lands where a brush growth is found at the present time. If you are obliged to employ your labor by the day, you can plant the trees for \$3.00 a thousand trees. If you can use a team, as suggested, it will cost you around \$2.00 a thousand trees. The transportation and packing charges on the trees will be about 50 cents a thousand, depending entirely upon the number of trees shipped. The cost of our tree planting in Aughwick Valley was never more than \$2.00 a thousand and I am allowing you \$1.00, in my estimate to you, for newness in planting. Now, let us assume that you are going to plant the trees 6x6 feet apart, which would require 1210 trees to the acre. We will also assume that you must employ the labor by the day. The transportation expenses on the trees will be 50 cents per thousand or 60 cents on the 1210 trees. Planting will cost you \$3.00 a thousand and on 1210 trees will be \$3.60.

The cost per acre would then be:

Planting 1210 trees, \$3.60

Transportation on 1210 trees .60

Total cost per acre \$4.20

If every person can arrange to do their own planting at times when there is a slight let up in their work, the cost will be less.

WHY WE SHOULD PLANT.

Because it is a clean cut business proposition. If I did not consider it as such I certainly would not urge it upon the people of the County. The waste land you have, is not earning you a cent, and you are paying taxes on the land in addition. If you plant the land every acre can be set off from your land and you will only be taxed on the valuation of \$1.00 per acre.

Patriotic Meeting.

A meeting will be held at Clear Ridge M. E. church next Sunday evening under the auspices of Taylor auxiliary of the American Red Cross Society, at which time an address will be made by Amos Huston, who is home from France on a leave of absence, and he has seen much active service on the Western Front. Since his return Mr. Huston has spoken at many places and his addresses are full of information and thrilling incident.