

The Fulton County News.

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McCONNELLSBURG, PA., JANUARY 10, 1918.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

RECORD OF DEATHS.

Short Sketches of the Lives of Persons Who Have Recently Passed Away.

MABEL LOUISE KENDALL.

Mabel Louise, aged 3 years, and 18 days, daughter of Roy McNaughton and Elizabeth Nelson Kendall, died at the home of her parents in Ayr township last Friday afternoon. The funeral services were conducted by their pastor, Rev. Wilson V. Grove, of the United Presbyterian Church, took place Sunday afternoon, and interment was made in Union cemetery. Mabel was an unusually bright little girl and was in usual health until a week prior to her death when she was suddenly attacked by cerebral meningitis induced by pneumonia, a form not contagious. The parents have the sincere sympathy of many friends.

No More Calls Until February 15th.

It has been decided that there will be no more formal calls for deferred percentages of the present draft quota before February 15th. While Boards should, until they have enough men finally classified in Class 1, send forward promptly men selected under the old regulations to make up deficiencies in calls already made, the result of this decision will be that the benefit of the new classification system shall be given to all men whose order numbers are so placed that within deferred percentages of the present call. Calls will, however, be made very shortly under the provisions of section 149 for the special class of men there mentioned. For the sake of composing the public mind, and for the convenience of registrants, this information ought to be given wide dissemination.

Granary Destroyed.

Last Sunday night about 6 o'clock, the granary on the premises of the late James T. Connelly Licking Creek township was totally destroyed by fire. The fire is supposed to have originated from some ashes that had been carried out from the house. The loss included about 100 bushels of grain besides some other things stored in the building. Had it not been for a drizzling rain, it would have been almost impossible to save the house and barn, as a shower of sparks fell on the roofs of both buildings.

Salkeld--Shultz.

The Altoona Tribune of Wednesday morning says Mr. Ira S. Salkeld, of Breezewood, Bedford county, and Mrs. Florence Ethel Shultz, of 702 Fifth avenue, were united in marriage at the Simpson Methodist parsonage, at 12 o'clock yesterday by the pastor, Rev. J. Emory Weeks. They were attended by Norman Hartley and Miss Edith Shultz, both of this city. The groom is at present employed in the Pennsylvania railroad shops. They will reside at 702 Fifth avenue. —Everett Republican.

"Knitting"

Bring your knitting when you come to see the Red Cross work in the U. P. church January 12th at 2 o'clock and have a real knitting social.

Anyone in McConnellsburg or in any auxiliary, who has not sent in garments for the January 12 shipment, please have them delivered to Miss Ruth I. Kendall by January 30th ready for the February 1st shipment.

Shot to Death.

On Wednesday night of last week Guy Jusulac, an Italian with a family of five children was shot and instantly killed by another Italian at Woodvale, Huntingdon County. The murderer was arrested on Saturday and is now confined in the Huntingdon County jail.

The Fulton County Sabbath Association.

The above named Association held its annual convention on last Friday evening in the United Presbyterian church and carried out a well arranged program. The Secretary's report showed that the work of this association is largely one of cooperation with the Lord's Day Alliance of the State, to whose efficient influence we are indebted for much of the enforcement of the Sabbath law of the State, and to whose vigilant efforts we owe the preservation of the best Sabbath law of any State in the Union. In the last legislature five bills were introduced, the passage of any one of which would have been operative to invalidate the Sabbath law. By the enemies of the Sabbath such efforts come into every legislature, and are defeated by the faithful efforts of the Lord's Day Alliance. It is, therefore, very worthy of our liberal support.

Since the last convention contributions have come in from the following churches, viz. The Cove United Presbyterian \$4 85; 2nd United Presbyterian Congregation of the Cove \$3 65; McConnellsburg M. E. \$2 00; Fort Littleton M. E. \$1 75; Knobsville M. E. \$1 75; Cito M. E. \$1 40. From these and the offering of the last convention we have been enabled to help the Lord's Day Alliance of the State to the amount of \$20, leaving in our treasury a balance of \$1 53.

The present affairs of the association were re-elected for another year.

The convention agreed to earnestly appeal to every pastor in the county to preach to his congregations on the subject of the sabbath on the first sabbath of May next or as soon thereafter as his appointments will permit, and receive an offering from his people for the sabbath cause, sending the same to the Secretary, Rev. J. L. Grove McConnellsburg, Pa. An offering was taken amounting to \$3.25. The address of the evening was given by Rev. W. V. Grove on "The Best Means of promoting the sabbath cause." The president was authorized by the convention, and appointed a law and order committee consisting of three laymen viz, John P. Sipes S. A. Nesbit and, Geo. W. Reisner, whose duty it shall be to look after any infractions of the sabbath law, and secure its enforcement by the proper officials. After the reading and approving of the minutes, the convention adjourned and was dismissed by the covenant.

SECRETARY.

Home for Christmas.

After an absence of eight years, Carl E. Mellott ate Christmas dinner in the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. Wesley Mellott in Ayr township. Carl was living in Illinois until last July when he enlisted to fight the Kaiser and became a member of Co. C, 20th regiment. He was assigned to the Radio service, and is now in training at Cambridge, Mass.

Wolfe--Fleming.

On Saturday evening, December 22, 1917, at Annapolis, Md., Mr. W. A. Wolfe of Washington, D. C. was married to Miss Vera E. Fleming, daughter of Editor and Mrs. Geo. A. Fleming of Mercersburg. Mr. Wolfe several years ago was employed in the office of Mercersburg Academy and is now enlisted in the 437th Engineer Depot Department at Washington.

Killed at Woodvale.

On Thursday of last week a young man named John Williams was instantly killed in a coal mine at Woodvale, Pa., by a fall of rock. His death cast a gloom over the place, as he was well liked. His parents, brothers and sisters have the sympathy of their many friends.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES.

In Brush Creek, Union and Thompson, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, January 15-19.

With practically the entire world looking upon the American farmer to supply the greater part of food stuffs during the year, more interest than has ever before been shown is manifest in the series of Farmers' Institutes which are to be held in Fulton county beginning Tuesday, January 15. The opening meeting on January 15 will be held at McKendree church in Brush Creek Valley, and on January 16 and 17 there will be sessions at the Buck Valley M. E. church and on January 18 and 19 at Rehoboth church in Thompson township.

The Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture which supervises the meetings, is being assisted by able speakers from the United States Department of Agriculture and representatives of the Pennsylvania Committee on Public Safety.

Director of Farmers' Institutes, C. E. Carothers has placed J. Stuart Groupe, of Jersey Shore, Pa., in charge of the section of the State of which Fulton county is part, and County Chairman, Frank Ranck, of Bethel township, has arranged attractive programs for the entire series of meetings. Mr. Groupe is an expert on soil fertility, potato culture, hog breeding and corn culture.

The instructors assigned for the Fulton county meetings are, M. H. McCallum Warnersville, Pa., and Theo. Wittman, Allentown, Pa. Mr. McCallum will talk on the use of lime, fertilizers, potato culture, alfalfa, soy beans and commercial plant foods. Mr. Wittman is an expert poultryman and his subjects are especially timely with eggs scarce and bringing good prices. He speaks on up-to-date ways and methods that make poultry pay, and varieties and types of poultry.

No farmer in Fulton can afford not to attend the meetings at one of the three designated places.

A Cripple for Life.

Dr. McGarragh, of Robertsdale, took Oscar Houck, who is employed in the coal mines at Robertsdale, to the Roaring Springs hospital on Friday, where he was entered in the surgical ward. Mr. Houck was the victim of an accident that will make him a cripple for life. A prop in the mine broke, leaving a ton of stones, etc., loose on the unfortunate man. Upon examination at the hospital it was found he sustained a compound fracture of the left leg—above the knee, the knee joint entirely lost and the heel torn off.—Everett Press.

Whitfield--Salkeld.

A very pretty home wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Salkeld, at Breezewood, on New Year's Day, when their daughter Ruth, was wedded to Mr. J. Russell Whitfield. Rev. H. C. Moyer of the M. E. church performed the ceremony in the presence of friends and relatives of the contracting parties. Both bride and groom are well known young people of Breezewood and have a host of friends. A sumptuous wedding dinner was served after the ceremony.

Decker--Mann.

At the residence of the bride's parents on Thursday, January 3, 1918, by Justice-of-the-Peace W. B. Ranck, Mr. Riley Decker and Miss Daisy Mann, both of Bethel township, were united in marriage. The bride is a daughter of Mr. Job H. Mann and the groom a son of Henry Decker. The News extends congratulations.

Somewhere in France.

The following letter written on the 15th of December by Newt Morton, Co. C, 10th Engineers (Forestry) American Expeditionary Force, to his parents Judge and Mrs. Peter Morton near town, was received last week.

"I received your most welcome letters of November 20th and 22nd today. I surely was very glad to hear from you and to know everything is going well. I do not know why you shouldn't have got more mail from me since I came here, because I have been writing at least once a week home and as I found time I have written to my brothers and sisters. I have been receiving your mail rather regularly except now and then one is delayed somewhat so you no doubt will get my letters sometime. It is natural that they would be held up some since there is so much mail coming from this side. We have not received the boxes yet. Cal [Middour from Waynesboro, Pa. who is with Newt] got a paper today dated August 6th. We had quite a laugh about it. We haven't had any snow. It was rather frosty this morning, but gets very nice by noon. I imagine we should not have any snow. You spoke of sending sweaters. Don't send anymore as I received one from the District of Columbia Red Cross Society and I have enough coming now that I will be well prepared to make a trip to the North Pole after we 'Get the Kaiser.' That might be a good place to take him and let him stay there sometime—the sudden change he would have after he died and is transferred, might be a little worse punishment.

When you asked whether there was anything I wanted, it reminded me of what one of the fellows said the other day. Some one asked him to let them know what he wanted, and he wrote and told them 'Peace' was the only thing of which he could think. But we will, no doubt have that sometime. I saw by the paper that the English had taken Jerusalem and the Germans were preparing a drive on the western front. I think if they try that they will surely be out of luck as they can't get away with it at this stage of the game.

"There is an interesting article on the 19th Eng. [Newt's Regiment] in the Philadelphia Ledger, the issue of November 11th. Perhaps tho' it was in the Press, if not, you can no doubt get a Ledger of that date. I do not know where Pete Forner is. I wish you would send his address. I might run on to him sometime, but I doubt it very much.

"Everybody in our tent is writing letters tonight. We haven't got our electric lights yet and our tent looks like a Catholic church with candles in every corner. I hope you are all well. I wish you all a Happy New Year. Don't worry about my health as I've always felt fine. I cannot write anything concerning the war, on account of the strict censorship, but don't worry about me as I'm well and safe. Write whenever you can as one of a soldier's desires is to get mail. It surely makes a difference.

Lovingly, "NEWT"

Stella Gertrude Stevens.

The family of Nathan Stevens, of Taylor township, desire to express their thanks to their friends and neighbors for their kind sympathy and help during the illness and death of their only daughter, Stella Gertrude, who was born on the 30th of December, 1917 and died on the 1st day of January, 1918, aged 43 hours.

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WAR APPEAL TO CHURCHES.

All Denominations Asked to Act Together in Face of World Crisis.

A New Year appeal to American churches, irrespective of denomination, to act concertedly has been issued by representatives of various communions in the United States and Canada. Among the signers is George Wharton Pepper, of Philadelphia besides more than eighty prominent clergymen and laymen of this country.

The world crisis confronts the church "with the possibility of coming forth from the war either with a diminished or a vaster power," the appeal says. While it points out that a "divided church cannot stand." The suggestion is made that coal and light could be conserved if congregations consented to worship together this winter.

Watch Unlicensed Agents.

Solicitors representing themselves as agents of certain nurseries and not carrying a State license have been reported to be working in certain sections of the State, and the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture through the Bureau of Zoology is carrying on an investigation.

It is the purpose of the Department to protect the public, as well as all bonafide nurserymen and dealers, against irresponsible and dishonest agents, and prosecutions will follow as soon as agents are apprehended. Fruit growers and farmers should report all persons soliciting without license cards. The law amply protects any who place orders with strangers, as all agents for certified nurseries, or dealers in nursery stock, are required to carry signed license cards from the Department of Agriculture showing what dealers or nurseries they represent. Persons soliciting orders who are unable to produce such cards are violating the law and should not be patronized. Rigid enforcement of the law has been ordered by Secretary of Agriculture Chas. E. Patton and unscrupulous agents will be prosecuted.

War Saving Stamps.

The plan of the government to raise funds through the sale of war savings certificate stamps is one of the most commendable plans yet instituted. The sale of liberty bonds was and is necessarily circumscribed because these bonds could not be issued in small denominations sufficient to include the small savings of the millions who handle only small means. With the savings stamp, however, all can have a hand in financing their government. Millions who felt themselves unable spare the amount of a bond can contribute through this channel. And the fact that every penny invested in these stamps is so much saved and invested at a profit, should inspire in the American people a spirit of thrift and saving that heretofore been totally foreign to our natures. The response should be universal.

Two Bits a Day Club.

Out in Phoenix, Ariz., a movement has been inaugurated for the formation of "Two Bits a Day" clubs, the members of which are to buy a quarter's worth of Thrift Stamps every day. Three men each took a hundred Thrift cards, pasted one stamp in each card, and sold the entire lot before two blocks had been covered.

"Two bits" is the old term, dating back to the early days of the country for a quarter of a dollar and is still used in the South and West. Every patriotic American now wants "to do his bit;" the members of these clubs are carrying out this idea finely in doing their "two bits" every day. It is hoped that "Two Bits a Day" clubs will be formed all over the country in the great war-saving campaign.

Your Income Tax.

About 400,000 persons in this country know something about making up their income tax schedules, although if they possess large and complicated fortunes, it is going to be difficult to fill out the new ones. But there are perhaps twenty millions of people who know of the income tax only vaguely and who must fill out schedules for 1917 even if they are not liable to tax.

Every person with an income of \$800, if unmarried, must make a return. As this means an income of only \$16 a week, it is certain to include a great share of all wage-earners in the country. All over \$1000 is taxed unless there are exemptions. The married man gets an exemption of \$2000 and something extra for dependent children, but most of them will have to fill out a blank.

Blanks are ready at any time but the government is not compelled to send you one. The obligation is on you to secure one from the Collector, who may be found at the Post Office at McConnellsburg.

Now is the time to make up your accounts. Do not put it off, or you are certain to regret it. You must include gross revenue from all sources and make such deductions as the law allows and state plainly the sum on which you are to be taxed and the total amount. You must do your own bookkeeping in the first instance, but if there is any reason to suppose you have made an error the government will come down on you in a hurry.

Since Uncle Sam wants the money, and as it is best to get disagreeable things out of the way early, the wise plan is to file your account early and pay it as soon as you get the bill. Only those doing business in a large way save anything by waiting until June 15, which is the last day for payment.

The People Are Saving.

It has been pointed out as evidence of how strongly the duty of saving had been impressed upon the English people by the war-savings campaign in that country that in the year 1916, although purchasing billions of dollars of war bonds, the small savings-bank depositors in England increased their deposits in savings banks over \$60,000,000, this in face of the fact that the English have been noted as a spending rather than as a saving people.

It seems that a similar process has taken place in America. Two great Liberty Loans were floated in the year just closing, and nearly \$6,000,000,000 of Liberty Loan Bonds were purchased by the people. Yet instead of being depleted the savings-banks deposits of the country have been increased. The president of one of the large New York savings banks is quoted as saying on December 20, 1917:

"One of the most remarkable things about the Liberty Loan campaigns is the small effect they have had on the savings banks accounts, which show an increase. This we lay to the appeals made to the American people to purchase the bonds out of their earnings, paying for them from week to week or from month to month. The people appear to be doing as they have been urged, purchasing the bonds from current savings."

Cheer Up.

With the prevailing high prices of everything to eat and wear, we should thank our lucky stars that we are not living in Germany. Information just received by the food Department coming through a responsible source, says that in Berlin butter is selling for \$2.25 a pound; sugar 56 cents a pound; ham and bacon \$2.11 a pound and soap at five bars for \$1.12—reduced from \$1.15.

WAR DANGERS.

Little Talks on Health and Hygiene by Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., LL. D., Commissioner of Health.

During a great international war, such as we are in at present, we are prevented from taking ordinary precautions to guard against the transmission of disease. Notwithstanding the great interchange of men from all parts of the world we have more communicable diseases in our midst than ever before. This behooves the individual to look out for himself, otherwise he is apt to fall a victim to one of the miserable diseases which are being carried by men from all parts of the world.

In some of these places from which we are importing labor, chronic and disabling diseases are very common. For example, trachoma and ulceration of the mucous membrane of the eye which is easily transferred from one to another, which terminates in blindness. It was only a short time ago that our Government had to return a lot of laborers who came from one of the most infected trachoma centers in the world. Many of these men had gone to restaurants for their meals. Their fingers were infected from rubbing their ulcerated eyes and from these fingers they imparted this disease, trachoma, to the fork, spoons and knives and frequently to the cups and plates, often deeply fissured with cracks where the ordinary washing in cheap restaurants is not sufficient to disturb the germs which produce the disease.

Every individual, therefore, eating at a public restaurant should enter a protest against cracked cups and plates that this one source of danger might be eliminated.

To Control Binder Twine.

The Food Administration has arranged to control during 1918 the supply of binder twine. Reasonable prices—though not so low as former ones—are expected.

This control will be effected through voluntary agreements the binder twine makers have made with the Food Administration which will centralize the buying and eliminate competition. Henry Wolfer, former warden of the Minnesota State penitentiary, where he built up the largest binder twine manufactory in the world, will have charge of the work in the Food Administration.

An official announcement says the Food Administration's arrangements will stabilize prices, prevent undue advances, eliminate waste, speculation and hoarding and give the product to the ultimate consumer at the lowest price possible.

It gives warning, however, that higher cost of materials and reasonable differentials for manufacturing will not permit the price to be as low as in former years.

Do Chickens Pay?

From Shippensburg Chronicle.

There is no doubt that the chicken business, if properly conducted, is a money maker, at least Mr. S. S. Rolar of near Mainsville thinks so and he can prove that his assertions are correct. He started with 170 hens and 10 Cockrells. From this flock he raised 200 chickens, had as many eggs for the table and cooking purposes as he wanted, enjoyed as many meals of Roast chicken as he and his family desired and with all that has a net balance of cash, derived from the sale of the eggs of \$592.14. Following is the schedule of his sales by months.

January	\$42.00
February	31.22
March	55.83
April	83.67
May	89.52
June	56.70
July	48.60
August and September	97.46
October	36.57
November and December	51.67
Total	\$592.14