treaty of settlement and accommoda

"Responsible statesmen must now everywhere see, if they never saw be-

fore, that no peace can rest securely upon political or economic restrictions

meant to benefit some nations and cripple or embarrass others, upon vin

dicative action of any sort, or any kind

of revenge or deliberate injury. The

American people have suffered intoler-

able wrongs at the hands of the Im

perial German government, but they

desire no reprisal upon the German

people, who have themselves suffered

all things in this war which they did

not choose. They believe that peace

should rest upon the rights of peoples

not the rights of governments-the

rights of peoples great or small, weak

or powerful-their equal right to free

dom and security and self-government

test which must be applied.

United States Aims.

world-to every people to whom the

We seek no material advantage of any

economic leagues, we deem inexpedi-

That must be based upon justice and

"We cannot take the word of the

present rules of Germany as a guar-

antee of anything that is to endure,

purpose of the German people them-

world would be justified in accepting.

Without such guarantees, treaties of

settlement, agreements for disarma-

ment, covenants to set up arbitration

in the place of force, territorial ad-

nations, if made with the German gov-

ernment, no man, no nation could now

depend on. We must await some new

evidence of the purposes of the great

grant it may be given soon and in a

way to restore the confidence of all

U. S. DESTROYER BAGS U-BOAT.

Attacked British Vessel.

struction of a German submarine by

of four members of the submarine's

steamer, is reported by William Ray-

who arrived here aboard a British

According to the story told by

Brown, the submarine emerged near

came up and destroyed the U-boat.

After the submarine was destroyed

the men, who had previously gone

aboard the British steamer, tried to

One of the German officers was hit

on the head and killed as he was going

to the engine room and three others

were killed in the fight that followed

Brown said that only two Germans

remained aboard the submarine after

she came alongside the steamer.

over to the destroyer as prisoners.

WOMAN MAYOR A MAJOR.

Florida's Chief Executive.

movements. So far as known she !

the first woman in the country to re-

ceive a military commission or be ap-

pointed a personal aid to a Governor.

Mrs. Horwitz will be deputized by

the Governor to go to Washington at

once to consult with the President as

ed to appear in uniform.

take charge of the vessel.

steamer.

A Gulf Port.-The capture and de

State of America."

"ROBERT LANSING,

mankind.

"The purposes of the United States

STATE'S MEDICAL **FORCES LISTED**

Data About All Hospitals, Doctors, Dentists, Pharmacists and Veternarians.

CAN ANSWER INSTANT CALL

All Allied Professions Are Included-Can Supply Government with Anything It Needs on Mo. ment's Notice.

-Harrisburg. One of the departments of the State Committee of Public Safety of which comparatively little has been heard has drawn comment of the most favorable nature from the headquarters of the Surgeon General of the United States Army. This is the Sanitation, Medicine and Red Cross Department, which was commended for its work in cataloging and classifying information con- 10-cent milk. cerning the medical and allied professional and institutional resources of this State and organizing systems through which they may be made availble for emergency use by the Medical Department of the United States

One of the department's first activities was to compile and index complete data relating to every Pennsylvania organization, institution and profession in the field whose capacities, operations or personnel could in any way be applied to war time service. Probably the most comple collection of data in regard to dentists, veterinarians, pharmacists and nurses in Pennsylvania that has ever been collected is now on hand at the headquarters of the committee. These lists do not include all the members of these professions, however, and every effort is being made to list them all.

Each dentist on the list is asked to submit a report of all the surplus stock In has on hand that the government may call for when needed. This includes all dental apparatus, instruments and other necessities. A complete survey is made of each man on the list. This includes not only his training and experience, but he is classified according to his specialty. They are divided under different groups, such as exodontists, orthodontiets, pyhrrea experts, crown and bridge work specialists, extractors and surgeous.

Practically the same thing applies to the veterinarians. The survey of dentists is being made under the joint auspices of the Committee on Dentistry of the General Medical Board of the Council of National Defense, the Committee of Public Safety and the various dental societies. The State Veterinary Society is co-operating in the enrollment of the veterinary ex-

The task of listing all physicians in the State has not been completed as yet, but that of securing a complete classification of the pharmacists is far advanced. Even the various languages without any demonstrations that each person on the lists can speak is known. There is an elaborate trip- new milk and meat inspector, and licate card index system covering succeeds Dr. H. B. Roshon, now a every special qualification. An instance of how this will work out would be given should the government call for the services of an expert on handling cases of chlorine gas poisoning.

Should the government suddenly self. need large laboratories with special accommodations for the manufacture of any sort of drugs, medicines, instruments or in which to conduct experiments, it would be a matter of a few minutes' search to name every laboratory in the State that could fill the bill.

Complete information regarding every hospital in the State is also on hand, down to the most minute detail. A complete list of all prospective camp sites for convalescent, reclamation, detention, isolation, or temporary hospitailed information covers the site, location, ownership, condition, proximity to railroads and public highways, water, lighting and sewage facilities. In this way the government can be

furnished with a tract of land in any part of the State at any time for any service, up to a tract 600 acres in size, and probably even larger if necessary. Colonel F. P. Raymond, U. S. A., asserts that the work will be of inestimable value to the Surgeon General's Department.

Booze Hits Army Camp.

After getting along swimmingly without any trouble from drinking for almost three months, rum has cropped up as the principal annoyance to the officers of the United States ambulance camp at Allentown. Officers raided a keg party of about a dozen soldiers on the river bank, of whom five were caught. When the officers returned to get the kegs as evidence, they were gone.

After a Grade Trap Again.

The Public Service Commission has railroad yards and roundhouses. ordered an inquiry of its own volition into the condition of two grade crossings at points where the tracks of the Black Lick branch of the Pennsylvania | Immense quantities of lumber are ar-Railroad's Clearfield division cross a State highway in southern Cambria

This is the second occasion on which the commission has proceeded against a crossing on its own initiative, the other case being at Mr. Dallas.

in this case.

Survives 92-Foot Fall.

William Maxwell, of Vancouver, B. C., who came here several weeks ago to repair a stack at the Harrisburg Light and Power plant, fell a distance of ninety-two feet from the stack and physicians declare he has a good chance to recover.

His only apparent injuries are a With three other men he was at Steel and Ordance Company. When picked up it was believed he Whitacker, superintendent of was dead. He rallied at the hospital. mills

PENNCYI WANTA **PENNSYLVANIA** BRIEFS

ទីពការពេលពេលពេលពេលពេលពេលការ Curbstone markets are being agitated in Norristown and Conshohocken. where prices of foodstuffs are much higher than quoted for the first curbstone market in Allentown.

C. E. Carothers, chairman of the Milk Commission, is a practical farmer and has raised his own cattle in western Pennsylvania.

B. J. Bowers, superintendent of the Johnstown school gardens, says that interested directly in the work are 650 school children, together with 350 children from outside the schools and pa-

There are fifteen vocational schools

n Pennsylvania. Alleging that her earning power was permanently impaired by injuries sustained when a trolley car, two years ago, hit a taxicab in which she was riding, Miss Ava M. Riest, daughter of J. Frank Riest, a former hotel man of York, filed suit for \$20,000 damages against the York Railways Company. Milton women say they will boycott

Allegheny county rotten egg dealers

will be arrested. Out of eighty-two men so far examined in the selective draft at Bradford but sixteen have passed and been

The American Car Company, at Milon, will spend \$30,000 for shower baths, bubbling fountains, etc., for

employees. For the first time in four years a detachment of State troopers is on duty in the Hazleton region, after auto speeders.

Dr. Edgar G. Miller, pastor of the First Lutheran Church, Columbia, has been given two months' leave of absence to engage in gospel service for soldiers.

Perry county is perhaps the only county in Pennsylvania that has two election districts in which the Republican and Democratic voters met in joint session and named candidates for the primaries-at Marysville and in

Oliver county. Royersford and Spring City girls have entered into a popularity contest with Phoenixville maids.

Burgess Bloomhall, of Conshohocken, has put the ban on carnivals, because of the trouble they occasion.

Given kerosene in mistake for medcine, an infant son of George Foote, Carlisle, died. Speeders to the number of 23, near

Thompsontown, were fined by 'Squire Cameron. Work that will cost \$44,000 has

started on improvements to the industrial building at the Danville Hospital for the Insane. Fifty farmers of the nearby val-

eys have petitioned the Hazleton Council and the Chamber of Commerce to create a curb market, promising to lower the cost of living

Tetanus resulting from a splinter penetrating one of his feet caused the leath of Edgar Reightnouer, a Pottstown boy. Company I, National Guards, left

Reading for camp at Mineola, L. I.,

Dr. G. R. Fetherolf is Reading's second lieutenant in the army. Grief over his wife's death is sup-

posed to have caused Samuel Frees, 62, for years janitor at the Reading Station at Port Clinton, to hang him-

Suspicion aroused by his offer to sell an automobile for \$95, a stranger fled from Finland and it was then ascertained the car was the property of Titus M. Reiss, Friedenville,

In spite of the fact that the licenses now being issued at the State Highway Department are good only until the end of the year, the revenue from this source being turned into the State Treasury by the automobile division every day runs between \$2,000 and \$3,000. The revenue from licenses is tal camps is also on hand. The de- far and away beyond expectations this

> Hog cholera has broken out in Conyngham Valley, near Hazleton.

Blight is doing much damage to the famous Sober giant chestnut farm at Irish Valley, Perry county.

Three brothers called in the draft at Hazleton received notice to appear before the exemption board, and none will ask exemption.

The usual order of "men scarce" was reversed at Conyngham, where it was impossible to find a woman to substitute for a girl telephone operator.

Fourteen per cent. larger average of wheat is asked of Pennsylvania farmers. Hazleton mails, cut off by cancella-

tion of passenger trains, will be handled by fast freights. Peaches have sold in Hamburg at 25

to 50 cents a basket. F. B. Eshleman, of Cordelia, planted thirty-six early Irish Cobbler potatoes

in the spring, and the yield was five bushels, most of them big ones weighing twelve ounces or more. Several hundred washerwomen in Lawrence county have gone to work in

Activities are being gradually resumed at the North Bristol plant of the Chester Shipbuilding Company. riving and other supplies preparatory

to building operations. A point of interest about the filing of nomination papers by candidates at Doylestown is that the Democratic party falled to secure a candidate for the two-year term for Director of the The commission arranged a hearing Poor, so that John W. Birkey, of Newportville, is left without opposition.

Members of the Y. W. C. A., Reading, are making candy to be forwarded to soldiers in France.

The first receipt for direct inheritance tax under the act of 1917 was charged, sealed and countersigned at Harrisburg for \$3.50 from the executor of a Delaware county estate of

Another blast furnace was fired at broken arm and a badly lacerated face. the Contesville branch of the Midvale work on the stack. He apparently be- torch was applied by little Miss Mary came dizzy and plunged downward. Grace, 7-year-old daughter of H. A.

WILSON REJECTS PEACE PROPOSALS

President's Reply to Proposition of Pope Benedict

GERMAN MENACE MUST GO

President Declares Such a Peace Plan As the Pope Suggests Would Give Present Military Masters Of Germany An Opportunity To Recuperate and to a participation upon fair terms In Their Fight For World Domina- in the economic opportunities of the

Washington.-President Wilson has and not seek domination. rejected the Pope's peace proposals. In a note dispatched Monday night, and made public here Tuesday, the President says that while every heart not blinded and hardened by the terrible war must be touched by the moving appeal of His Holiness, it would be folly to take the path of peace he points out if it does not in fact lead

to the goal he proposes. Permanent peace must be based upon the faith of all the peoples and in this war are known to the whole upon justice and fairness and the common rights of mankind, he adds, and truth has been permitted to come "we cannot take the word of the pres- They do not need to be stated again. ent rulers of Germany as a guarantee of anything that is to endure unless kind. We believe that the intolerable explicitly supported by such conclusive evidence of the will and pur- and brutal power of the Imperial Gerpose of the German people themselves | man government ought to be repaired, as the other peoples of the world would but not at the expense of the sovbe justified in accepting."

The President's Note.

The text of the note follows: "August 27, 1917."

To His Holiness, Benedict XV., Pope: "In acknowledgment of the communication of Your Holiness to the belligerent peoples, dated August 1, 1917, the President of the United kind, least of all for an enduring peace. States requests me to transmit the following reply:

"Every heart that has not been blinded and hardened by this terrible war must be touched by this moving appeal of His Holiness the Pope, must feel the dignity, and force of the humane and generous motives which prompted it, and must fervently wish that we might take the path of peace he so persuasively points out. But it would be folly to take it if it does not in fact lead to the goal he proposes. Our response must be based upon the stern facts and upon nothing else. It not a mere cessation of arms he desires; it is a stable and enduring peace. This agony must not be gone through with again, and it must be a matter of very sober judgment what will insure us against it.

Would Foil War's Purpose.

"His Holiness in substance proposes that we return to the status quo ante peoples everywhere in the faith of bellum, and that then there be a gen- nations and the possibility of a eral combination, disarmament and a covenanted peace. concert of nations, based upon an acceptance of the principle of arbitration; that by a similar concert freedom of the seas be established, and that the territorial claims of France and Italy, the perplexing problems of the Balkan states, and the restitution of Poland be left to such conciliatory adjustments as may be possible in the new temper of such a peace, due regard being paid to the aspirations of the peoples whose political fortunes and affiliations will be involved.

"It is manifest that no part of this program can be successfully carried out unless the restitution of the status quo ante furnishes a firm and satisfactory basis for it. The object of this war is to deliver the free peoples of the world from the menace and the actual power of a vast military establishment, controlled by an irresponsible government which, having secretly planned to dominate the world, proceeded to carry out the plan without regard either to the sacred obligations of treaty or the long-established practices and long-cherished principles of international action and honor; which chose its own time for the war, de livered its blow fiercely and suddenly; stopped at no barrier either of law or mercy; swept a whole continent within the tide of blood-not the blood of soldiers only, but the blood of innocent women and children also, and of the helpless poor, and now stands balked, but not defeated, the enemy of four-fifths of the world. This power is not the German people. It is the ruthless master of the German people. It is no business of ours how that great people came under its control or submitted with temporary zest to the domination of its purpose; but it is our business to see to it that the his | South-she is Mayor of Moorehaven, tory of the rest of the world is no longer left to its handling.

Cannot Trust German Rulers. "To deal with such a power by way of peace upon the plan proposed by His Holiness the Pope would, so far as we can see, involve a recuperation of its strength and a renewal of its policy; would make it necessary to create a permanent hostile combination of nations against the German people, who are its instruments; and would result in abandoning the newborn Russia to the intrigue, the manifold subtle interference, and the certain counter revolution which would be attempted by all the malign influences to which the German govern- eighty-sixth birthday last spring, has restitution of its power or upon any though the first was not published One ram brought \$1,500, and 422 sheep word of honor it could pledge in a until she was 50.

TEN SUFF PICKETS ARRESTED

Similar Offense.

rested in front of the White House.

bailed to appear for trial.

THE COUNTRY AT LARGE

Six Of Them Were Out On Bail For Second Lieutenant Frederick Wahlstrom, of the Marine Corps, was the Washington.-Ten women carrying first officer connected with General suffrage banners and extracts from Pershing's American expeditionary President Wilson's speeches were arforce to meet death in France. He was killed in a motorcycle accident. Six of them were the banner car-Unless they furnish bonds by next riers out on bond pending appeals Tuesday Alexander Berkman, Louis from the Police Court sentences of Kramer and Morris Becker, convicted \$25 fines or 30 days in jail imposed for a similar demonstration. All were of violating the Draft Law, will be sent to Atlanta penitentiary.

HARD BLOW TO GERMAN AUTOCRACY

Hope That Spirit of Revolt May Government Sets Chicago Fig-Develop.

Entente Governments Unprepared For Such Quick Action-Telegrams Of Approval Pour Into the White House.

world-the German people, of course, Washington. - Discussion of Presiincluded, if they will accept equality dent Wilson's rejection of the Pope's proposals in diplomatic circles reveal-"The test, therefore, of every plan ed that even some of the Entente govof peace is this: Is it based upon the ernments were unprepared for the faith of all peoples involved or merely prompt fashion in which the President upon the word of an ambitious and in disposed of a matter of such tremendtriguing government, on the one hand, and of a group of free peoples on the ous importance. other? This is a test which goes to It was realized, however, by the Enthe root of the matter, and it is the

ente representatives in Washington that President Wilson must have had some good and sufficient reason for acting so quickly. Speculation ascribes the motive to a desire to impress favorably the great Russian convention at Moscow while that body is still in a plastic and receptive state.

While the Germans may wage war with added desperation because of the wrongs done in this war by the furious sweeping indictment of their methods, it is confidently believed here that the spirit of revolt will develop steadily and rapidly among the people in Gerereignty of any people-rather a vinmany, bringing nearer the day when dication of the sovereignty both of those that are weak and those that they will assert themselves to the point where President Wilson may are strong. Punitive damages, the dismemberment of empires, the estab- feel safe in listening to peace overtures, in the conviction that they are lishment of selfish and exclusive from German people themselves and not from the overlords and military ent and in the end worse than futile, despots. no proper basis for a peace of any President Wilson realizes the force

of the objection that has come from some quarters to what might be refairness and the common rights of garded as a disposition on his part to impose a form of government on Germany. It can be stated that nothing was farther from his thought than such a disposition. He meant just unless explicitly supported by such what he said in the note-that the conclusive evidence of the will and word of the present autocratic rulers selves as the other peoples of the of Germany cannot be taken for anything that is to endure unless supported by the will of the people themselves. As to whether Germany has an imperial or a republican form of government, it is conceded that the remainder of the world has nothing justments, reconstitutions of small to do with the question. The struggle for parliamentary re-

form is being watched with the keenest interest, and while it was said at the State Department that no official peoples of the Central Powers. God advices are as yet at hand regarding the developments. It would not be a matter of surprise if there were some sudden and important manifestations of the popular will in Germany, Signs of such an outcome are found in the "Secretary of State of the United half-way efforts of Premier Michaelis. to meet the demands of the Reichstag committees by his projected cabinet representative of the more powerful political parties in Germany.

Telegrams from all parts of the country poured into the White House, Attacks Undersea Craft Which Had approving President Wilson's course. It met with appreciation at the Rus-

an American destroyer and the killing

sian Embassy. "The reply of the United States to the Pope's peace note," it was said at the embassy, "seems to us Russians to crew, who had boarded a British be an act of highest political wisdom and closely corresponds to the prinmond Brown, an American seaman, ciples and aims of the Russian people as formulated in the declarations of the Russian Provincial Government. Militarism and the imperialistic aims of the German rule have received a the steamer, but soon after she came alongside the American destroyer

new and powerful blow." Upon motion of Senator Brady, who characterized it as a last farewell to the autocracy of the world, the President's reply was ordered printed in the Congressional Record.

EARTH YIELDS TIDY SUM.

Gold and Silver Output Of 1916 Was \$141,543,300.

Washington.-Gold and silver to the value of \$141,543,300 were produced The Germans who were not killed in during 1916 in the United States, inthe fight on the steamer were turned cluding Alaska. Figures of the Bureau of the Mint and the Geological Survey just made public show a gold production of 4,479,057 fine ounces, valued at \$92,590,300, and a silver output of 74,-Mrs, Horwitz Named On Staff Of 414,802 ounces of a value of \$48,953,000. California led in the production of Tallahassee, Fla.-Mrs. George Q. gold, with 1,063,302 fine ounces of a Horwitz, first woman Mayor of the value of \$21,980,400. Colorado ranked second with \$19,185,000; Alaska third, Fla.—has been appointed major on the with \$16,124,800, and Nevada fourth, personal military staff of Sidney J. with \$9,064,700. The Philippine Is-Catts, Governor of this State. She lands produced gold to the value of will represent the Governor in nation-\$1,514,200. al defense work and food preparedness Gold was produced in 21 States and

silver in 24. RAM SELLS FOR \$1,500.

422 Sheep Bring \$45,000 At Salt Lake City Auction.

to the increased production of foodstuffs. As a major she will be expect-Salt Lake City, Utah.-What is said to be the highest price in the United States for a ram sold at public auction, was paid for a thoroughbred at the Amelia E. Barr, who celebrated her second annual sale conducted under ment has of late accustomed the been writing for almost 60 years, and the auspices of the National Wool world. Can peace be based upon a in that time has written 77 books, Growers' Association in session here. were sold for a total of \$45,000.

U-BOAT RAVAGE INCREASES.

18 Large and Five Small British Vessels Victims Last Week.

London.-An increase in the number of British vesels sunk last week by mines or submarines is shown by the weekly Admiralty statement. Eighteen vessels of more than 1,600 tons were sent to the bottom, as compared with 15 the previous week, and five vessels of less than 1,600 tons, as against three the previous week. No fishing vessels

WHEAT PRICE **FIXED AT \$2.20**

ure on No. 1 Northern as Basis.

IT IS GERMANY'S NEXT MOVE | CONSUMER TO BE BENEFITED

Findings Of Board Headed By Garfield Announced In Washington After Being Submitted To Wilson.

Washington.-The price of No. 1 Northern spring wheat was fixed at \$2.20 a bushel, at Chicago, for the 1917 crop by the Wheat Fair Price Committee, headed by H. A. Garfield, whose findings, reached after three days' deliberation, were submitted to and approved by President Wilson. Labor representatives on the com-

mittee voted first for \$1.84 and the farmers for \$2.50. After long discussion the compromise at \$2.20 was approved unanimously. Announced By President,

The announcement was made at the

White House in the following statement by the President:

"Section 11 of the Food act provides, among other things, for the purchase and sale of wheat and flour by the Government, and appropriates money for the purpose. The purchase of wheat and flour for our allies and to a considerable degree for neutral countries also has been placed under the control of the Food Administration. I have appointed a committee to determine a fair price to be paid in Government purchases. . The price now recommended by that committee -\$2.20 per bushel at Chicago for the basic grade-will be rigidly adhered to by the Food Administration.

"It is the hope and expectation of the Food Administration, and my own also, that this step will at once stabilize and keep within bounds the price of wheat for all transactions throughout the present crop year, and in consequence the price of flour and bread also. The food act has given large powers for the control of storage and exchange operations and these powers will be fully exercised. An inevitable consequence will be that financial dealings cannot follow their usual course. Whatever the advantages and disadvantages of the ordinary machinery of trade, it cannot function well under such disturbed and abnormal conditions as now exist.

To Cut Out Speculation.

"In its place the Food Administration now fixes for its purchases a fair price, as recommended unanimously by a committee representative of all interests and all sections, and believes that thereby it will eliminate speculation, make possible the conduct of every operation in the full light of day, maintain the publicly stated price for all, and, through economies made possible by stabilization and control, better the position

of consumers also. "Mr. Hoover, at his expressed wish, has taken no part in the deliberations of the committee on whose recommendation I determine the Government's fair price nor has he in any way intimated an opinion regarding that price."

SMASHED THE PERISCOPE.

Steamer Carrying Medical Unit Escapes Destruction.

Portland, Ore. - How a steamer carrying a unit of the American Medical Corps to Europe for service smashed the periscope of a submarine with her guns and averted her own destruction is told in a letter received here by Dr. J. W. Morrow from his son, Dr. Earl Morrow. "It was just after breakfast and I was standing aft," writes Dr. Morrow, "when I suddenly saw a periscope emerge 300 vards astern. Before I could shout a warning our chief gunner had espied the periscope and opened fire. His first shot struck and smashed it to pieces. It sank and we did not see it or the submarine again."

U. S. PAYS SCHOOLBOYS.

Philadelphia Lads Make Money Sup plying Tent Pegs To Army. Philadelphia. - Probably the first

payment ever made by the United States Government to schoolboys for army contract work was recorded when a War Department check was received here to pay high school students for the manufacture of tent pegs supplied several weeks ago. The check for \$125.87 is drawn to Charles C. Heyl of the Civilian Service and Labor Department of the Pennsylvania Committee of Public Safety.

INTERNES EXEMPT.

Department May Need Their Services Before War Is Over.

Washington.-Hospital internes and medical students who have been more than a year at college may be exempted from military service under the Selective Draft bill by regulations just issued. The War Department is anxious not to interfere with the professional education of these men whose service as doctors may be necessary before the close of the war.

XMAS MONEY FOR FRANCE.

Suggestion That Americans Deny Gifts To Aid Stricken Villages.

Washington.-Officials of the Na tional Committee of Patriotic and Defense Societies, in a statement just issued, urged that the vast sums of American money ordinarily devoted to the purchase of Christmas gifts be used this year to relieve the sick and wounded soldiers in France, to rehabilitate devastated French villages, and to support war orphans and cripples.

Semperance Notes a

PROHIBITION AND COAL. Under the above caption a mag number of The Outlook in a "Reca

correspondence" article directs attation to the coal situation. With me factories springing up everywhere t meet war demands, says the author Lewis T. Theiss, "nothing but a bay ly increased output of coal can prese prices from reaching a ruinous figure.

Among the things which stand is a way of increasing the output us, is points out, the draft, the impossing of employing a greater number of m miners because of the falling of in in migration, and obvious difficulties "speeding up" the organized at workers. "Under these conditions continues Mr. Theiss, "it is interests to note the effect of prohibition on the output of coal in regions that he gone dry." He reminds us that the at the time of the trouble between in Colorado Fuel and Iron company g its employees, the saloons were done the average production of coal perms per day was greatly increased,

A comparison made by the Who Oak Coal company of West Virgin covering the three months price June 30, 1914, the date the dry la went into effect, and the three mean following, shows an increase dur July, September and October of B 198.35 tons. These figures are in nished by Mr. W. B. Reed, chief is countant, who adds: "It is mie; assume that the same rate of larre would be carried out throughout entire year, and if that be the case to result would show an increased poly tion per annum, due to the absence liquor in the field, of 128,788 tor And this is the increase of a six company.

Mr. J. D. A. Morrow of the Pa burg Coal Producers' association quoted as stating to the intersuper merce commission that the probe of coal in the Pittsburgh districts would be increased 5,000,000 mg strong drink were eliminated. "In fact," says Mr. Theiss in end

sion, "all testimony on the sale from factory, mine and shop tells same story-take away drink salt efficiency of the workingman inch amazingly. The simplest, the see the only certain way of increasing production at this time is by profi ing drink, . . . If we want des coal during the war we must talk a war measure, the one and might that will surely increase coal pro tion.'

FOOTSTEPS OF FATHER.

The story is told of a saloming who went home one aftersect found his wife away from homes his three boys in the back yard the they had a bench, some better tumblers and were playing "all The youngest, who was being bar, had a towel tied around his ti and appeared to be setting up drinks pretty freely. The father dismayed at the nature of the dren's play, a feeling that itself the deepest alarm as he realised actual beer was being dispende the make-believe bar, and that lish were staggering, while a neighbor lay drunk under a tree. What a mother returned she found the in bed and her husband solding like child. That night the salout closed, and its former keepst @ another line of business.

WAR BEER-INSPIRED!

Speaking of the use of berts students of Germany, Professives the University of Bonn says 2 flooding of the stomach and balts beer, so prevalent among our sale I regard as a national cell the considered from the hygicals nomic or intellectual point of the

Speaking of its moral effect, it Forel of the University of Zurichs "Among the academic youth di many the drinking of beer he killed the ideals and the chis. has produced an incredible vip And Dr. Edward Hartman: "Albi of all nations Germany has the est capacity for culture, the po-culture of its higher classes in going frightful retrogression ! of the beer consumption of 3

dents." BARLEY CROP INCREASES

More barley is being produ Washington since the problems became effective than before ing to the annual report of R.B. boe, state grain inspector, is that the receipts of barley fra 1 to November 1, 1916, ward bushels as against 2,730,557 \$ same period of 1915. This is f the fact that the demand for the for the manufacture of install liquor has been cut of it all western states.

THE WHITE RIBBON. The white ribbon follows There goes to the buttle fill France a motor ambulan of the W. C. T. U. of the I The driver is a member York Young People's knick organization.

GOOD FOR MAINE.

Maine enacted its fist prohibitory law in 181 time it has elected 27 disent nors, 22 of whom have have

Here we come, dear Uncle St. Ready to help you all west.
We'll dig and hee to make the We'll help the orphus and But hear, O hear us, this Kill old King Booze, our ph Hurrah for the flag that sill p go!

TRINITY IN UNITY. A trinity in unity-mode modern industry, twendeds ligion—bent on putting