

1-Prominent government officials at Washington taking physical training under the direction of Walter Camp. -How American soldiers in France will be equipped, with the British type of helmet and shrapnel-proof body armor. 3-Battery of 7½ centimeter French guns in the Champagne region. 4-Fung Kuc Chang, the Chinese vice president who lead the republican forces that suppressed the Manchu restoration.



America's Great National Army Is Drafted, 1,374,000 Men Being Called.



War Preparation Progresses Despite Many Rows and Schemes to Hamper Government - Chancellor Michaelis Sides With the Junkers-Crown Prince Beaten at Verdun.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD. America's war lottery, to determine the men who shall make up the National army, was held in Washington on Friday, July 20. The whole proceeding, as devised by Provost Marshal General Crowder and his aids, was calculated to make the draft absolutely fair and to give the young millionaire and the young laborer equal chances to serve their country, provided they are physically and mentally fit. All the sames of the nearly ten million registrants were drawn, the element of chance determining the order in which they shall be called before the examining boards in the 4,557 examining districts. Each local board has been informed of the number of men it must Turnish to make up its quota of the 687,000 men needed on the first call, and has been told to call 200 per cent of the quota for examination, to provide for exemptions, in the order determined by the draft.

Northern senators and representatives have been making strong proof President Wilson and may be completed in six months. Francis J. Heney | deputies.

is in charge of the legal end of it. Hampering Our Government.

As the United States swiftly approaches more active participation in the war, the German agents and spies and their friends in the country become more bold and enterprising in their efforts to hamper the government. These efforts range all the way from ridiculous stories of American soldiers dying like flies from disease in Europe, designed to discourage enof crops in the West by doctoring court plaster with tetanus bacilli; burning of elevators and warehouses and explosions in factories; killing of live stock; fomenting of strikes and riots, up through attempts to involve the country in international troubles with friendly nations, to deliberate blocking of much needed legislation by United States senators whose constituents

number large numbers of German-Americans. The hyphenated term is used still because the people alluded his place as first lord of the admiralty to themselves seem unwilling to have it discarded. Their press and the actions and words of many of them make this clear.

An instance of the way in which legislation is delayed was supplied last ill. Edwin Montagu was made secreweek. The aviation bill appropriating | tary for India. Of these appointments \$640,000,000, passed by the house and admittedly of prime importance, came up in the senate, the government and all its expert advisers in the matter of aviation urging that it be made law before the week closed. But Hard- Foreign Minister Balfour will not diswick of Georgia and Owen of Oklahomn proposed amendments that made certain a long debate, and La Follette | for the first Mesopotamia campaign. of Wisconsin and Gronna of North Da- Crown Prince Back Where He Began. kota aided in the blocking process in order to make attacks on the draft there was violent fighting during the clause. No one will accuse these men week. Trenches were taken and reof being personally disloyal to their | taken but there was little real change country, but the course of action fol- of position except in the Verdun reawed by them and others often is su effectual as if they were. The professional pacifists and the socialists are singing smaller these days. The former meet with little sympathy and support, and the Socialist party is losing some of its choicest members because of its pro-German attitude.

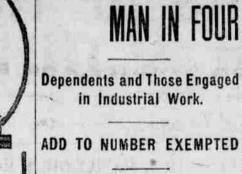
o steel, iron, coal and oil costs, in ac- | their peace resolution at the first opcordance with the "fair profits" order portunity, and it was asserted the measure would get the votes of 221 It is hard to guess what will come

out of Germany's mess of internal trouble, for, over here at least, it isn't known just what was put into it. Doctor Michaells is something of an unknown quantity, though there is a strong suspicion that he will be found to be in entire accord with Von Hindenburg and Ludendorff and that those military leaders will continue to

be the real dictators of the empire's course so far as war and peace are listing; plots to prevent the harvesting concerned. The situation is complicated by the swift growth of the Socialists in numbers and influence since the drafting of Harden into the government service and the suppression of his paper, and by the opposition policy adopted by Herr Erzberger, the center leader, who however, is not followed by many of his faction.

> Not to be out of fashion, Great Britain had a cabinet shakeup of its own last week. Sir Edward Carson joined the war cabinet without portfolio and was taken by Sir Eric Campbell Geddes. Dr. Christopher Addison was put in charge of reconstruction, and his portfolio as minister of munitions was given to Winston Spencer Churchthat of Montagu was the most acceptable to the general public, and that of Churchill caused the most adverse criticism. John Dillon tried vainly to stir up a row in parliament because

miss Baron Hardinge, under secretary, who was one of those held responsible All up and down the west front



Communities In Which There Will Be Fewest Rejections-Residents Of Suburban Sections Expected To Yield Most Men.

Washington .-- Reports of the first election boards to fill their quotas for the selective draft army are eagerly awaited by Washington officials because they will give the first definite information as to the probable percentage of rejections to be expected among the 10,000,000 registrants for physical reasons or for dependents.

All available statistics indicate a probable rejection of one in every four for physical disability. In particular localities this will vary greatly, but the average for the whole country is expected to be between 25 and 20 per cent. There is no available data as to dependents, however, or as to how many must be excused under industrial exemptions.

It appears probable that peculiar results will be brought out in some districts. If the reasoning of some officials is correct, the lowest rejection and exemption rates will be disclosed in well-to-do communities, such as the suburbs of large cities, where men of comfortable incomes make their homes. Sons of such men, it is suggested, have had better food, better care and better surroundings than the factory hands of nearby towns and they should be in better physical condition.

As a class such young men could hardly be regarded as indispensable, officials say, in their civil, business or industrial capacities, and dependents probably will not free as many of them from service as of most other classes. In factory towns, on the other hand, the rejection rate for physical disability probably will be high. The fact that the men are confined six days a week at their machines undoubtedly will have affected their physical condition. Virtually every married man of those registered in these places is 000,600,000 and asked the committee to the sole support of his wife and chilhold up the \$1,670,000,000 War Tax dren and such men cannot be taken. bill until the detailed estimates of all Also if the industry in which they are departments are submitted. engaged is vital to the carrying on of the war industrial exemptions will run high

Only reports from selection and disduring the day. trict boards in typical communities, however, can show exactly what is to be expected. Roughly the War Department has estimated that two men must be called for every soldier accepted, but they realize that the returns may tell a far different story.

SIX SONS IN COUNTRY'S SERVICE.

J. H. McShane, Of Omaha, Praised In



OF \$5,000,000,000

**Provisions Must Be Made for** 

Second Army of 500,000.

MCADOO TELLS THE SENATE

Department Also Calls For Addi-

tional \$100,000,000 - War

Taxes To Be increased.

## Rear-Admiral Washington L. Capps To Take Charge Of Building

Program.

Washington. - President Wilson brought the Shipping Board row to an abrupt termination by eliminating the two principals - William Denman, chairman of the board, and Major-General George W. Goethals, manager of

the board's emergency fleet corporation, in charge of construction. The resignation of General Goethals, tendered some days ago, was accepted.

and Mr. Denman was asked by the \$500,000,000 More For Ships-Navy President to follow suit that the Government's building program might go forward without embarrassment.

Edward N. Hurley, of Chicago, for mer chairman of the Feedral Trade Commission, was named by the Presi-Washington .- Plans worked out in dent to succeed Mr. Denman, as chairman of the board, and Bainbridge Congress for raising war revenue were overturned by announcement of forth- Colby, of New York, was appointed

coming additional estimates for war su cessor to Capt. John B. White, of expenditures aggregating more than Kansas City, another board member \$5,000,000,000, principally in anticipa- whose resignation, offered to the Presition of assembling a second army of dent a month ago, also was accepted. 500,000 men under the selective draft. Rear-Admiral Washington L. Caups, Secretary McAdoo, at a special meetchief constructor of the navy, will sucing of the Senate Finance Committee, ceed General Goethals as manager of revealed that the War Department the Fléet Corporation, taking immealone is preparing estimates to cover diate charge of the building program. additional expenditures of nearly \$5,

## AIRPLANE BILL SIGNED.

Provides For 20,000 Machines and Army Of 110,000 Fliere.

and pigeonholed a report on the meas-Washington .- The \$640,000,000 Airure which it had planned to submit plane bill became a law Tuesday with President Wilson's signature.

This immense appropriation is only The new estimates, including \$500,the beginning of preparations for the 000,000 additional for the Shipping campaign intended to overwhelm Ger-Board and \$100,000,000 for the Navy many from the air. More than 20,000

Department, are to be submitted to the planes are to be built as a first increcommittee late this week. Then there ment and there will be many thousands will begin another revision of the war of aviators. The first task will be the revenue measure, probably resulting in instruction of the vast army of Amerian increase of the bill's gross tax levy | can fliers. by from \$350,000,000 to \$1,500,000,000. Germany, realizing the danger of the mans, for it would be necessary

Further credits also may be authorized air campaign, already is feverishly building airplanes to fight the fleets force the whole right flank back is coming to overwhelm her. The elethe sea as a result. The price of a victory of this and ment of speed, therefore, is foremost in building the American fleet. This against the U-boats and German M tary McAdoo told the Senate commit- feature was emphasized today in a batteries probably would be appart and there is nothing to indicate it statement by Howard E. Coffin, chairman of the Aircraft Production Board the effort is being seriously contin at the present. It cannot be quest ed, however, that many army ar both in Great Britain and the last last only until October and that about of the Council of National Defense.

claim to know specifically the shade all along the battle front, but they unable to see that the British French have wrested from the mans any key position of such a portance that it can be used set a to hurl the enemy back toward Rhine Chance Lies In Belgium. It has been noted in fact that one strategic advantage mind recent fighting was gained by the

mans. Many officers here believe when a small sector of the he line in Belgium was overwhelmig its defenders nearly all captured killed, the Germans improved situation on their weakest from terially. That view is based on a ion that the only hope of decise tainments for the Allies in the W lies in rolling up the Germania finnk where it reaches the sea al

DO NOT EXPECT

Washington Officials Realing

SOME BIG PROBLEMS AHEM

Winning Of War Up To America

Administration Confident Nation

Washington .- No attempt is m

here to minimize the seriousness

the situation in the war theater

Europe. The United States is an

war and will go through with his

any hope of a short struggle has p

glimmering with the apparently in

complete collapse of the Russian

The development was not used ed by many army officers. When

offensive of July 1 was started by

Russian forces the most frequents

ment heard here was that it was plant ably the dying kick of the old Rass

machine. Most observers were ton

For the United States the Rose

collapse may have an immediate

direct bearing. It will, if the Gen

general staff presses its advantants

lease additional German fotos

bolster up the Western front the

American troops are to be enue

The German line in the West has

been seriously impaired at any par

officers here believe. They by

ly skeptical that it could produce

decided result.

Increases Task in West

machine.

Will Prove Equal To

Task.

Situation is Serious.

AN EARLY PEAR

gium If that could be done, it is m that the U-boat bases could be man ed out and the only offensive at ment of the Germans be climit entirely or so seriously impained a make it ineffective.

## Cost Would Be Heave

The big question is whether at be done. It would require cost army and navy operations on thing of the Belgian coast held by the force landing behind their

States, favor some such despende

tempt to bring the struggle to a st

Reports received from France,

cial and unofficial, so far as im

give no cheering picture of what and

be done. There appears to be midd

that the Allied line can stand up

any force Germany can bring and

not affect that situation. But to pa

the necessary strength for a same ful offensive will take time and and

sea transportation facilities I

United States is to furnish the pro-

surplus of men, airplanes, nus

Problems Grow In Gravity.

The transportation problems M

the United States, both on last

sea, are constantly increasing is so It seems to be certain now that the

railroad systems will have a be up in France to give the Anno

line the flow of war material

men that it must have to pres in

RESCUERS GIVE LIVES

it. Even the Russian disaster

clusion.

and food.

an attack.

tests against the population estimates made by the census bureau for the purpose of determining the quotas for the draft. The South, it is asserted, has been unduly favored. The war department has admitted that the quotas for the draft were fixed in disregard of the provisions of the draft law.

Progress and Rows in Washington,

An immense work of preparation is being carried on at Washington by the scores of experts in business and technical lines who are aiding the government and there is no doubt that all will come out right eventually. Meanwhile there are many annoying disputes and disagreements, perhaps unavoidable. The row between Chnirman Denman and General Goethals as to the building of a merchant marine reached the point where the intervention of President Wilson seemed necessary. The manner in which contracts are being let for the government through the operation of the advisory committees of the council of national defense have been severely criticized by Senator Kenyon and others and because these committeemen often are interested in great business concerns that are being called on to furnish supplies to the government, they are accused of seeking their own prmofit. In most cases such charges are manifestly unjust. While the senators were carrying on their interminable discussion of the food bill, a violent attack was made on Mr. Hoover by Senator Reed, who said Hoover had been gambling in food and clothing as chairman of the American commission for relief in Belgium. The swift denials of Hoover's associates and friends really were unnecessary.

The food control bill, as finally arranged in the senate, contained the compromise amendments eliminating from the operation of the measure cotton, steel, hides, jumber and all other articles except food, feed and fuel, and creating a board of food administration consisting of three men. The first of these amendments is in accord with the wishes of the administration, and the second is not displeasing to it, for Hoover will be made chairman of the board. He and his associates in the food conservation campaign are not depending too much on the actions of congress,

The federal trade commission began its inquiry into the costs of producing and marketing food commodities, starting with the Chicago packing industry. The investigation is to spread on the other hand, decided to introduce

## GRANT TO BE VICE ADMIRAL | retary announced that the reorganiza-

#### Reorganization of Atlantic Fleet Makes Necessary the Appointment of Another Commander.

Washington.-Reorganization of the Atlantic fleet has been ordered by Secretary Daniels to meet new problems resulting from expansion of the force to almost twice its normal size for war

Details of the steps taken are withbeld for military reasons, but the sec-

## More Trouble for Russia.

Russia's progress toward victory and stable government met with two setbacks last week, though both it is to be hoped are only temporary. In the effort to check the great drive of the Slavs in Galicia, the Teutons rushed up large re-enforcements drawn from the French and Italian fronts, and these forces compelled the Russians to evacuate the important town of Kalusz, which had been the German army headquarters and the capture of which by them had threatened Lemberg. The fighting in this region was fierce all the week, and on the whole the Russians did not have much the

worst of it. It is interesting to learn that British armored motor detachments and Belgian troops are taking part in the Russian offensive in Galicia, and are doing good work.

At home the provisional government was attacked by Petrograd rioters led by agitators of the Bolshiviki and Maximalist factions who demanded the removal of the "capitalist" ministers. Most of the troops in the capital were loyal and soon suppressed the new "revolution," though several persons were killed and many wounded. At the same time three or four members of the cabinet resigned and the premier, Prince Lvoff, announced that as soon as the disorders are ended steps will be taken for the formation of a coalition cabinet. The councils of the

workmen and soldiers and of the peasants denounced the riots as the acts of traitors. The wonder is not that there should be such disorders in Russia, but that they should not be more and greater.

#### Michaelis With the Junkers.

Germany's new imperial chancellor, Doctor Michaelis, made on Thursday the address to the reichstag which had been awaited with intense interest. If the peace party in the empire had expected his support, it was disappointed, for he plainly took the side of the junkers and declared his adhesion to the submarine campaign as a lawful measure, justifiably adopted, and adapted for shortening the war. The majority parties in the reichstag,

tion plan involved the addition of an-

other vice admiral to the fleet and that

Rear Admiral Albert W. Grant, now

commanding the submarine force, had

Admiral Mayo, the secretary said,

will remain in general command with

the immediate authority under him

divided between Vice Admiral Coffman,

at present second in command, and

The former is to have direct com-

mand of a division containing most of

been named for the place.

Vice Admiral Grant.

tion. There the crown desperate attacks on the French that were driven off with great cost of life to the Germans, who finally fell back to substantially the same lines they occupied before the drive on Verdun was begun more than a year ago.

Renewed activity on the Roumanian front indicated that the Roumanian army is ready to resume the warfare. Greece, it was announced, is preparing to put an army of considerable proportions in the field. Venizelos is in full control there.

The Scandinavian countries and Holland are making strenuous objection to the American embargo, as was American history." inevitable, but it isn't likely to do them any good. Our government has the facts and figures that justify its course and those neutrals probably must cease to send supplies to Germany.

The report of the British admiralty on submarine activities showed little change from that of the previous

week, but the people of England do not seem satisfied with the way in which the U-boat problem is being handled. They hope for different results under Sir Eric Geddes, the new first lord of the admiralty. Several big liners arriving at American ports reported having been attacked by submarines. In some cases as much as a chousand miles from the Irish coast. Several American naval officers of high rank have been urging President Wilson to direct the United States navy to start a vigorous offensive against Germany by attacking her submarine bases in every way possible. They admit it would be a gamble as to result, but believe the chance is

worth taking. General Pershing's expeditionary force is now comfortably established in its intensive training camp back of the lines in France, and every man is working to the limit to get in shape for the real conflict. On Thursday General Sibert inspected the quarters

and the men, and seemed in the main very well satisfied.

Suffragists are rejolcing over the news from Washington. Sixteen of their militant sisters were given 60 days in the workhouse for picketing the White House grounds, but were pardoned by President Wilson. Simultaneously came the report that Mr. Wilson is seriously contemplating making woman suffrage an administration war measure, which might mean that the Anthony amendment would be forced through.

the superdreadnaughts and designated

as "force No. 2," while Vice Admiral

Grant will command the remainder of

the fleet under the designation of

It is understood that the reorgan-

ization will not affect the division of

the fleet now in European waters un-

At the navy department is was in-

dicated that there is little probability

that either Admiral Coffman or Vice

Admiral Grant will be sent abroad in

"force No. 1."

the near future.

der Vice Admiral Sims.

Letter From President. Washington .- In a letter to J. H.

McShane, of 1906 Chicago street, Omaha, Neb., expressing admiration for the action of McShane's six sons in enlisting, President Wilson wrote: "May I not turn away from the

duties of the day for a moment to express my admiration for the action of your six sons in enlisting in the service of the country? They are making and through them you are making a very noble contribution to the fine story of patriotism and lovalty which has always run through the pages of

RUSH GOT HIM IN TROUBLE.

National Guard Officer Ordered Draft Men To Report For Duty.

St. Louis .- "Because he sent notice to drafted men ordering them to report for examination for Company G. Fifth Regiment, Missouri National Guard, First Lieut. Fred H. Coester sca. will be tried by court-martial," Adjutant-General McCord announced. He is charged with misconduct in exceeding his official authority. "I didn't mean any harm," Coester said. "I just wanted to hurry up recruiting my company."

## WOULD DEPORT ANARCHISTS.

#### Immigration Officials Will Make Effort If Accused Are Freed.

New York .--- If Alexander Berkman and Emma Goldman, the anarchists now being brought here from Federal prisons, are freed on their appeal from conviction on the charge of conspiracy to obstruct the Selective Draft law. steps will be taken to deport them. according to a statement by United States Immigration Commissioner Howe.

## CHERRYDALE IS PATRIOTIC.

Sends 27 Persons To War From But 50 Families.

Washington. - Cherrydale, Va., a small town in Alexandria county four miles from Washington, claims to be the banner "patriotic community in the country." Out of a small population it has given 25 men and 2 women to the military service for the war with Germany. There are not more than 50 families in Cherrydale.

ALLIES LET UP ON GREECE.

#### Control Of Internal Situation Formally Abandoned.

Washington .- The Allied control of Greece's internal situation has been formally abandoned, according to an Athens cable to the Greek Legation here. While details are lacking, it is assumed this means complete withdrawal of the Allied supervision of such governmental activities as railroads, telegraphs and postoffice, and restoration of the sovereignty of the Greek Government.

in the form of bonds or indebtedness certificates.

The committee agreed to the request

Revenue Bill Must Be Revised.

Besides the additional syms needed for the American war program, Secretee that the \$3,000,000,000 authorized for loans to the Allies probably would \$2,000,000,000 for their further assistance would be needed. Provision for this, however, is not planned in con nection with the pending revenue legis lation. It probably will be considered at the next session.

The Secretary made no recommenda tion as to what part of the total should be raised by taxes and what part by bond issues or other credits. It was reported, however, that the Treasury Department would favor raising \$1. 060,000,000 more than had been planned in taxes, making the tax bill total \$2,670,000,000.

As to the tax sources to be tapped to meet the new estimates, the committee for the present is entirely at

Mr. McAdoo's announcement came entirely without warning and more than one committeeman expressed himself as completely staggered by the size of the forthcoming estimate. The first disposition was to turn to new taxes on war excess profits and incomes.

"There are many great sources of revenue open for a great and rich people like ours," said Chairman Simmons, but he would not predict what the committee would do. A meeting will be held immediately after the new estimates are submitted.

At today's meeting a resolution was adopted calling for submission of new estimates by all departments, so that the whole war expenditure program may be considered in connection with the pending war tax legislation.

The \$5,000,000,000 army increases, Secretary McAdoo informed the committee, are largely to provide for the second\_draft army of 500,000 men to be called while the first 500,000 are under training. The \$5,000,000,000 would provide for expenditures until July 1, 1918.

During the debate on the Rivers and Harbors bill Senator Smoot presented statistics to show that appropriations city to his credit, is a prisoner, charged of the war session already aggregate \$9,226,000,000, so that the new estimates would raise the total for the first year of the war well above \$14,-000,000,000.

### DUTCH MISSION COMING.

#### To Look After Netherlands' Interests In Connection With Exports.

Amsterdam.-The Minister of Agriculture and Commerce has appointed dian reservation have enlisted in a a commission of three to proceed to company that will be taken into the America to represent Dutch interests in connection with American exports. Isham, an Indian, took his two sons The members are: Engineer Vancelhe: Honvenvanoodt, ex-vice-president of the East Indian Council, and Van Vollenboven, director of the Netherlands Bank.

ARMY UNITS TO BE SMALLER.

Organization On Basis Of 16,000 Men Planned.

Washington .- Secretary Baker confirmed that in pursuance of suggestions growing out of the conferences of American Army officers with Generals Joffre and Bridges, tactical units of the National Army will be organized on a basis of about 16,000 men in each in place of 24,000.

Generals Joffre and Bridges explained that the smaller and more mobile divisions used in European armies had proved highly satisfactory. Co-operation of the American Army with those

now fighting in Europe would be simplified, they declared, if the divisions were reduced.

Only minor changes in the lesser units will be made, their personnel of rank remaining virtually the same.

WILL TELL U. S. AIMS.

Many Speakers In New York To Counteract Enemy Propaganda.

Charleston, W. Va .- The Rev. Henry

Hill, known as "the marrying parson,"

with a record of 3,947 marriages in this

whom he was not married. The wom-

an issued a signed statement to the

police saying she and Hill have been

40 CHIPPEWA INDIANS ENLIST.

Will Form Company Of the Sixth Wis-

consin Regiment.

dians from the Lac Courte Oreilles In-

Sixth Wisconsin Regiment. Charles

to the recruiting office and when one

failed to pass the examination the

father offered to go and was accepted.

Another Indian had his three boys en-

list.

Hayward, Wis .- Forty Chippewa In-

living together for some time.

New York.-America's purposes in Fifteen Volunteers Among E the war are to be outlined in speeches

Missing In Mine Disaster. in every part of the city by a number Sydney, C. B. - While with of prominent men appointed by the rescue teams continued their m mayor's committee on speakers and for victims of the mine explose war instruction. Those selected are New Waterford, mine officer able speakers and their object will be checking the list of known dead, to counteract the arguments of those now totals 62. Among the mission who might make an attempt to dis-15 members of a volunteer m credit the motives of the Government.

#### party. MARRYING PARSON JAILED. WOMAN DANCER A SPY.

Police Allege Ceremony Meant Noth Japanese Matahiri Sentenced To De ing To Him Personally.

By France. Paris. - The dancer, Mar

Solle, known on the stage as Japanese dancer Matahiri," hufound guilty of esplonage by a se martial and sentenced to deall with living with Maggie Adkins, to dancer was formerly the wife a officer in the Dutch Army, but been divorced.

# GIRL OF 14 KILLS WOMAN

Slayer Used Pocket Knife After rel Over Husband.

Logan, W. Va .- Jealousy cause of the fatal stabbing of Martha Sloane, 21 years old, by Biddie Hager, 14 years old, at B near here. Miss Hager is charged with murder. The sirls to have been in love with Mrs. husband. The two quarreled and Hager stabbed Mrs. Sloape pocket knife.