



without a Country."

command of His Exc. A. Burr." The

courts dragged on. The big files es

caped, rightly for all I know, Nolan

was proved guilty enough, as I say;

yet you and I would never have heard

on his part, had grown up in the West

of those days, in the midst of "Spanish

out, in a fit of frenzy:

again !"

1==

FIRST INSTALLMENT.

[No document in actual Amercan history conveys a more powerful lesson of what citizenship in this republic means, none delivers a more searching appeal to loyalty, than this fanciful recital of the Man Without a Country. The unhappy creature whose living death it has graved upon the memory of mankind was but a figure born of a writer's imagination. Yet, the account of his passionate outburst and of his dreadful expiation stirs the dullest soul, and will awaken emotion in the minds of readers of generations yet unborn. There can be no more arresting lesson for the disloyal or the heedless, no more inspiring appeal to the spirit of true Amerleanism, than this memorable work of literary art and highsouled patriotism.]

I suppose that very few casual readers of the New York Herald of August 13th observed, in an obscure corner, among the "Deaths," the announcement:

"NOLAN. Died, on board U. S. Corvette Levant, Lat. 2º 11" S., Long. 131° W., on the 11th of May, Philip Nolan.'

I happened to observe it, because I was stranded at the old Missionhouse in Mackinac, waiting for a Lake Superior steamer which did not choose to come, and I was devouring, to the very stubble, all the current literature I could get hold of, even down to the deaths and marriages in the "Herald." My memory for names and people is

good, and the reader will see, as he goes on, that I had reason enough to remember Philip Nolan. There are hundreds of readers who would have paused at that announcement, if the officer of the Levant who reported it had chosen to make it thus: "Died, May 11th, 'The Man without a Country." For it was as "The Man without a Country" that poor Philip Nolan had generally been known by the officers who had him in charge during some fifty years, as, indeed, by all the men who had sailed under them. I dare say there is many a man who has taken wine with him once a fortnight, in a three years' cruise, who never knew that his name was "Nolan," or whether the poor wretch had

any name at all. There can now be no possible harm in telling this poor creature's story. Reason enough there has been till

Marshal, make my respects to Lleutenant Mitchell at Orleans, and request him to order that no one shall mention the United States to the prisoner while he is on board ship. You, will receive your written orders from the officer on duty here this evening. The court is adjourned without day.' I have always supposed that Colonel Morgan himself took the proceedings of the court to Washington City, and explained them to Mr. Jefferson. Certain it is that the president approved them, certain, that is, if I may believe the men who say they have seen his signature. The plan then adopted was sub-

stantially the same which was necesskiff, to show him a cane-brake or sarily followed ever after. Perhaps cottonwood tree, as he said, really to it was suggested by the necessity of seduce him; and by the time the sail sending him by water from Fort was over, Nolan was enlisted body and Adams and Orleans. The secretary of soul. From that time, though he did the navy was requested to put Nolan

not yet know it, he lived as "A Man on board a government vessel bound on a long cruise, and to direct that he What Burr meant to do I know no should be only so far confined there more than you, dear reader. It is none as to make it certain that he never of our business just now. Only, when saw or heard of the country. We had the grand catastrophe came, and Jeffew long cruises then, and the navy ferson and the House of Virginia of was very much out of favor; and as that day undertook to break on the almost all of this story is traditional, wheel all the possible Clarences of the as I have explained, I do not know certhen House of York, by the great tainly what his first cruise was. But trenson trial at Richmond, some of the the commander to whom he was inlesser fry in that distant Mississippl trusted-perhaps it was Tingey or valley, which was farther from us thou Shaw, though I think it was one of Puget Sound is today, introduced the the younger men-we are all old like novelty on their provincial stage, enough now-regulated the etiquette and, to while away the monotony of and the precautions of the affair, and the summer at Fort Adams, got up, for according to his scheme they were spectacies, a string of court-martials carried out, I suppose, till Nolan died. on the officers there. One and anoth-When I was second officer of the Iner of the colonels and majors were trepid some thirty years after, I saw tried, and, to fill out the list, little Nothe original paper of instructions. I lan, against whom, heaven knows, have been sorry ever since that I did there was evidence enough, that he not copy the whole of it. It ran, howwas sick of the service, had been willever, much in this way: ing to be false to it, and would have "Washington," (with the date, which

obeyed any order to march anywhither must have been late in 1807). with anyone who would follow him, "Sir-You will receive from Lieuhad the order only been signed, "By

tenant Neale the person of Philip Nolan, late a lieutenant in the United States army. "This person on his trial by courtmartial expressed with an oath the wish that he might never hear of the

of him, reader, but that, when the United States again. president of the court asked him at the "The court sentenced him to have ose, whether he wished to sny any-

thing to show that he had always been his wish fulfilled. "For the present, the execution of faithful to the United States, he cried the order is intrusted by the president of this department. "D-n the United States! I wish "You will take the prisoner on board I may never hear of the United States

your ship, and keep him there with such precautions as shall prevent his I suppose he did not know how the escape words shocked old Colonel Morgan,

"You will provide him with such who was holding the court. Half the quarters, rations, and clothing as officers who sat in it had served. would be proper for an officer of his through the Revolution, and their late rank, if he were a passenger on lives, not to sny their necks, had been your vessel on the business of his govrisked for the very idea which he so ernment. cavallerly cursed in his madness. He,

"The gentlemen on board will make any arrangements agreeable to themselves regarding his society. He is to be exposed to no indignity of any kind nor is he ever unnecessarily to be reminded that he is a prisoner.

"But under no circumstances is he ever to hear of his country or to see any information regarding it; and you will especially caution all the officers under your command to take care that. in the various indulgences which may be granted, this rule, in which his punishment is involved, shall not be broken.

"It is the intention of the gov gunfire ment that he shall never again see the country which he has disowned. Before the end of your cruise you will receive orders which will give effect

GERMAN FIRST LINE AGAIN CUT British Advance to the East

of Gricourt.

GERMANS AGAIN COUNTERING

Gen. Nivelle's French Forces Capture : Fortified Position Near the Chemin des Dames, Fronting Laon, Their Chief Objective.

London .- Once more the great battle in the west has resolved itself temporarily to a nibbling process on the part of the French and British and incessant counter-attacks on the part of the Germans. The latter still hold Fresnoy village, retaken by them from the Canadians, while in and around Bullecourt fighting is continuous, with constantly alternating fortunes.

Sir Douglas Haig reported further progress by his troops near Bullecour and added that "costly efforts of the enemy to shake our hold on his positions" were fruitless. South of the Souchez River the British cut a new piece out of the German first line. while they also advanced to the east of Gricourt.

American aviators with the French Army have brought down six German airplanes since April 6.

Latest Official Report.

The Berlin War Office asserted that all British and French attacks were beaten off with heavy casualties to the assallants and emphasized that "Fresnoy remained entirely in our hands in spite of repeated British attacks."

The official report from British head quarters in France reads: "We advanced our line slightly on

the south bank of the Scarpe. Under cover of a heavy bombardment, the enemy renewed his attempts upon our positions in the Hindenburg line, east of Bullecourt. His attack was com pletely repulsed by our troops.

"Further hostile counter-attacks near Fresnoy were equally unsuccessful

"A party of the enemy raided our trenches southeast of Ypres; a few of our men are missing."

The French Operations.

mainder will be paid as follows: Paris - The official communication issued by the War Office reads: "Northeast of Solssons and on the August 30, 30 per cent.

Chemin des Dames the artillery fighting was intermittent, except in the sector of La Royere and north of Brave en Laonnois, where the two artilleries displayed great activity. 'We carried out detailed operations which proved of value to us. North of Sancy particularly we captured an enemy trench system and took about 30 prisoners. In the sector of Chevreux the Germans attempted anew to drive us from the trenches which we gained on May S: their attacks were broken by our barrage and machine



Country. Washington. - Nine new regin of army engineers, to be compass clusively of highly trained m men, will be the first Americant to be sent to France. They w "at the earliest possible moment War Department announced, for on communication lines, but sp tion as to exactly when or points they will be sent is for because of the submarine menus The new forces will be val raised at the nine great raily ters of the country. Each re will be commanded by an end colonel of the Regular Army, and an adjutant. All other officer rallway engineers or officials The expedition will have strength of between 11,000 an en, each regiment being of two battalions of three. each. Every branch of mila ers necessary to the building tion of lines will be represent ranks, and the War Dops pects a response to the call permit a careful selection to clsed and insure a force alreed to the minute, an army a in railway operation. The department statement "The War Department has orders for the raising, as m

ARMY ENGINEERS

Regiments of Train

Railway Men.

TO GO TO

ON COMMUNICATION

Forces Will Be Volunteers and

To Be Raised At Nine Great

Railway Centers Of

Nine

Washington .- President Wilson will ask Congress to appropriate immeproceed to France at the er press that no speculation The administration bill, providing

for this colossal program and vesting powerful factor in winning the war, Congress and will speedily be rushed through.

June 28, 18 per cent.; July 30, 20 With this appropriation a great per cent.; August 15, 39 per cent., and fleet of steel and wooden vessels will Jury At Christiansburg, Va, Re be put into the steamer lanes within

The bonds will be dated June 15 in- a comparatively short time to rush a stead of July 1, the date previously steady stream of supplies of all kinds designated, and interest will be pay- to the nation's Allies. The entire proable semi-annually on June 15 and gram outlined by the shipping board

coupon and registered, The lowest would authorize the President to didenomination of registered bonds will vert to government use the products \$100, other denominations being of every steel plant in the country and \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000, \$10,000, \$50,000 and would provide for the cancellation of \$100,000. Coupon bonds payable to existing contracts between those jury's decision when Profes bearer will be issued in denominations plants and private consumers. It was jumped from his chair and d explained that perhaps part of the bil- mother in his arms. The ap lion-dollar appropriation will be used nounced, will be limited to \$2,000,000,- to indemnity fully parties whose con-Attorney R. L. Jordan. one of Vawter's counsel an tracts are cancelled. lawyer in the room, with Only those steel manufacturers will "Thank God!" sank into his be exempt from the provisions of the proposed law who are needed in wept. other ways for national defense work. KAISER REPLIES TO SU Sheel mills also will be permitted to

ton Heth, Jr. The scene that followed nouncement of the verdici fecting one. Deputy Clerk ters had not finished rep monted "Oh elow

possible, of nine additional

of engineers, which are de

sible moment for work on th

communication. It is room

regarding this force be car

than that given out. All d

garding the force will be give

lic interests."

fast as compatible with the ba

VAWTER IS ACQUITTED

But One Ballot.

Christiansburg, Va. - Chi

Vawter, former professor at

Polytechnic Institute, was

by a jury in the Montron

Circuit Court of the murder

in the proposed legislation will be completed within 18 months, or two Two classes of bonds will be issued, years at the most. The legislation

tibn for their construction is given.

labor's authorized spokesmen.

military purposes.

of steel products to ship building

would mean the discontinuance of the

use of structural steel in high build-

ings and in bridge building except for

SLAYS WHOLE FAMILY.

Kentucky Farmer Kills Parents,

Brother and Sister-in-Law.

Elkton, Ky .- Frank Millen, a young

farmer, killed his father, Charles

Millen; his mother, Mrs. Betty Millen;

his brother, Elmore, and his brother's

wife, Amy, and hanged himself. Young

Millen notified the authorities here by

telephone that he had slain the mem

take his own life. "The whole family

is dead but me," he told Coroner Bart-

lett over the wire, "and I will be dead

"UNCLE JOE" CANNON 81 YEARS.

when you get here."

plot," "Orleans plot," and all the rest. His education, such as it was, had

now, ever since Madison's administration went out in 1817, for very strict secrecy, the secrecy of honor itself, among the gentlemen of the navy who have had Nolan in successive charge. And certainly it speaks well for the esprit de corps of the profession and the personal honor of its members, that to the press this man's story has been wholly unknown, and, I think, to the country at large also.

I have reason to think, from some investigations I made in the naval archives when I was attached to the bureau of construction, that every official report relating to him was burned when Ross burned the public buildings at Washington. One of the Tuckers, or possibly one of the Watsons, had Nolan in charge at the end of the war; and when, on returning from his cruise, he reported at Washington to one of the Crowninshields-who was in the navy department when he came home -he found that the department lgnored the whole business. Whether they really knew nothing about it, or whether It was a non mi ricordo, determined on as a piece of policy, 1 do not know. But this I do know, that since 1817, and possibly before, no. naval officer has mentioned Nolan in his report of a cruise,

As I sny, there is no need for secrecy any longer. And now the poor creature is dead, it seems to me worth while to tell a little of his story, by way of showing young Americans of today what it is to be

A MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY.

Philip Nolan was as fine a young officer as there was in the "Legion of men of honor, that "A. Burr" cared the West," as the western division of | for you a straw more than for the flatour army was then called. When boat men who sailed his ark for him. Anron Burr made his first dashing expedition down to New Orleans in 1805, to the reader why he damned his counat Fort Massac, or somewhere above try, and wished he might never hear on the river, he met, as the devil her name again. would have it, this gay, dashing, bright | He never did hear her name but once young fellow, at some dinner party, again. From that moment, Septemhim, walked with him, took him a day 11, 1863, he never heard her name in short, fascinated him. For the next year barrack life was very tame to try. poor Nolan. He occasionally availed of the permission the great man had given him to write to him. Long, highworded, stilted letters the poor boy wrote and re-wrote and copied. But never a line did he have in reply from the gay deceiver. The other boys in private room, and returned in fifteen the garrison sneered at him, because he sacrificed in this unrequited affec- say: tion for a politician the time which they devoted to Monongahela, sledge, and high-low-jack. Bourbon, euchre, and poker were still unknown. But never hear the name of the United one day Nolan had his revenge. This States again." time Burr came down the river, not as an attorney seeking a place for his laughed. Old Morgan was too office, but as a disguised conqueror. solemn, and the whole room was He had defeated I know not how many district attorneys; he had dined at I Even Nolan lost his swagger in a moknow not how many public dinners; he ment. mored that he had an army behind him the naval commander there." and an empire before him. It was a great day-his arrival-to poor Nolan. the prisoner was taken out of court. Burr had not been at the fort an hour "Mr. Marshal," continued old Mor-



"I Wish I May Never Hear of the United States Again1"

been perfected in commercial expeditions to Vera Cruz, and I think he told salem, and obtained possession of the me his father once hired an Englishman to be a private tutor for a winter by the Crusaders 88 years before. The on the plantation. He had spent half his youth with an older brother, hunting horses in Texas; and, in a word, to him "United States" was scarcely a reality. Yet he had been fed by "United States" for all the years since he had been in the army. He had sworn shed after the capitulation. Instead of on his faith as a Christian to be true to butchering thousands of the inhabi-"United States." It was "United States" which gave him the uniform he wore, and the sword by his side. Nay, my poor Nolan, it was only because "United States" had picked you out first as one of her own confidential I do not excuse Nolan; I only explain

I think. Burr marked him, talked to ber 23, 1887, till the day he died, May or two's voyage in his flatboat, and, again. For that half century and more he was a man without a coun-

> Old Morgan, as I said, was terribly shocked. If Nolan had compared George Washington to Benedict Arnold, or had cried, "God save King George," Morgan would not have felt worse. He called the court into his minutes, with a face like a sheet, to

"Prisoper, hear the sentence of the court. The court decides, subject to the approval of the president, that you

Nolan laughed. But nobody else hushed dead as night for a minute. Then Morgan added: "Mr. had been heralded in I know not how Marshal, take the prisoner to Orleans tor. He swore every time I gave him many Weekly Arguses; and it was ru- in an armed boat, and deliver him to a dose."-Puck.

The marshal gave his orders, and before he sent for him. That evening gan, "see that no one mentions the a safe bet that he has come home with he asked Nolan to take him out in his United States to the prisoner. Mr. more than he started out with.

to this intention. "Respectfully yours, "W. SOUTHARD, "for the Secretary of the Navy." (TO BE CONTINUED.)

WAS A MAGNANIMOUS PAGAN

Saladin, Conquerer of Jerusalem, Did Not Shed Drop of Christian Blood When City Fell,

It was in 1193 that Saladin died in Damascus, leaving behind him a reputation for magnanimity unique in that age, and only exceeded by his fame as a warrior.

It was only six years before his leath that Saladin defeated Guy de Lusignan, the Christian king of Jeru-

sacred city, which had been captured golden cross was pulled down and dragged through the streets of the city, and the Mosque of Omar, which had been consecrated to Christ, was restored to the worship of Mohammed. But not a drop of Christian blood was tants, as the Christians had done after conquering the city, Saladin ordered that none should be harmed. The weeping queen was treated with great consideration, and Saladin was so moved by her misery that he is said to have shed tears of sympathy. Later, during the third crusade, the Christians under Richard Coeur de Llon beheaded in cold blood 5,000 Saracen hostages, and Saladin revenged himself upon Christians in his power. On the whole, however, he was vastly better than most of the rulers of his time.

Whales,

Whales are able to attain such an enormous size because their bodies are supported by the water in which they live. A bird is limited to the weight which its wings can bear up in the air. A land animal, if it becomes too large, cannot hold its body off the ground or readily move about, and is doomed to certain destruction. But a whale has to face none of these problems

and can grow without restraint. Because whales live in a supporting medium their young are of enormous size at birth, in some instances the calf being almost half the length of its mother. I once took a 25-foot baby which weighed about eight tons from an 85-foot blue whale .-- Exchange.

Not Very Religously.

Physician-"Did your husband follow my directions, taking his medicine religiously?" Wife-"I fear not, doc-

Stickin's.

When a boy asks his mother if it is wrong to play marbles for keeps, it is

"Our batteries caught under their fire and dispersed enemy troops 'concentrating in that region. Quite spirited artillery actions occurred south of Moronvilliers. Northwest of

> Prosnes we made appreciable progress and took about 20 prisoners."

> > RUSSIA TO SEND MISSION.

Early Departure Of Root For Petrograd Also Announced.

Washington --- Official announcement was made of the coming of a commission from Russia, the personnel of which will be announced later. It was announced that Elihu Root, heading the American Commission to Russia. will go with the distinction of being a special ambassador. The American commission will depart very soon.

FRENCH FARMERS CALL TO U. S.

Want Troops So Home Workers Can Be Released.

Moulins, France. - The Agricultural Society of the Department of Allier has asked the Minister of Agriculture to propose to the Government of the United States the immediate sending to France of men to replace French farmers who have been mobilized, thus permitting the farmers to return for urgent farm work.

Leaving.

nople is making recommendations.

and 45 were not permitted to depart at the last moment.

MORE PAY FOR JACKIES.

Marine Corps With Army.

Washington. -- In approving the House bill to increase the navy to 150,- cent, selling at two cents, owing to 000 men and the marine corps to 30,-000, the Senate Naval Committee in elements entering into their preparaserted an amendment raising the pay of enlisted men in both services nouncement of the advance Tuesday equally with the increases in the War and set the date for next Monday.

Army bill, which gives a private not Other papers admitted that they had

New York .- Herbert C. Hoover, who the Government on food conditions in may go to \$20 a barrel before the year is over, but that with control "the presner."

The present offering, it was an-060, and "no allotments will be made in excess of that amount." This disposes finally of reports that Mr. Mc-Adoo had under consideration the advisability of extending the amount of the offer to include a percentage of oversubscription which apparently will result when the subscription books are closed June 15 next. to meet the nation's war needs.

Bonds In Two Classes.

of \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000.

May Be Closed Before June 15.

December 15.

"Applications must be made on or before June 15, 1917," reads the formal announcement, reserving to the Secretary the right in his discretion to close the subscription books at an earlier date. The statement then gives the terms of payment and continues:

"Accrued interest will be payable with the full and final payment (August 30). Provision will be made for the privilige to pay earlier the full subscription price upon terms and conditions determined by the Secretary."

In order that the various payments required for the settlement of this transaction bay be completed with the least possible disturbance of monetary conditions, the Secretary will avail himself of the privilege given him by the act to redeposit the proceeds of the bonds, in so far as it is practicable, with the various national and state banks and trust companies throughout the country.

Change in the date of the bonds from July 1 to June 15 was made, it was announced, "to avoid adding to the heavy burden of work incident to the July 1 and January 1 settlements." The second offering of \$200,000,000 age experience difficulty in leaving in Treasury certificates of Indebted-Turkey, and the Embassy at Constanti- ness, it is understood, has about been taken up and another offering may be made within 10 days. From the pro-

CHICAGO PAPERS GO TO 2 CENTS.

All Expected To Have Raised Price In Another Week,

Chicago .- Another week is expected to see all Chicago newspapers, the price of which for years has been one the high prices of paper and all other tion. The Herald made formal andecided on similar action.

TO GIVE NEWS OF AMERICANS.

With Food Control It Can Be Cut Red Cross Announces Creation Of a Bureau.

Washington .-- Creation of a bureau

Germans in this country.

supply the railroads with the minimum amount of steel products which Invokes Aid Of Almighty are shown to be absolutely necessary Complete Victory.

London.-A dispatch to Such prompt action is expected by Telegram Company from An Congress that administration leaders gives the reply of Emperat are confident that the machinery for recent congratulations sent turning out the ships would be set in Sultan of Turkey on the l motion within one month. Large numthe German troops. The Em bers of contracts have been drawn and the course of his reply, said: are ready to be signed when authoriza-

"All eyes are turned on the conflict in the west, wh No embarrassment on account of laenemies, superior in number bor with which to carry on operations terial, are seeking a decidet upon a 24-hour basis in shipyards will "Our brave troops are l he encountered. Assurances of the plishing deeds such as new utmost co-operation of the labor have been recorded in the masses has been pledged by organized all times and of all people Almighty also protect National defense heads declared future and lead them to come that as a war measure- the diversion tory."

CANADA PROFFERS TE

Offers Also To Share Other With United States

Washington .- Canada has mous reserve stock of 16 other guartermasters' which the United States of necessary for the equ armies. Thomas Hillard the Canadian War Purchas mission, made the offer cials. Shortage of tentage to be a serious problem in -the mobilization camps for bers of his family and was about to | ive draft army, and the Canal may be found useful.

MENOCAL IN DANGE

Plot To Assassinate the Pril Cuba Foiled.

Havana .--- An attempt with As Vigorous As Ever and Receives assassinate President Congratulations. Cuba, by means of a bomb Nine arrests were made Washington.-Representative Joseph

conspirators could carry out G. Cannon, of Illinois, former Speaker The Cuban authorities for s of the House, was \$1 years old Monhad been investigating a ⁿ day. Despite his years, "Uncle Joe" to make a new attempt s apparently is as vigorous and active life of President Menocal as ever. He received many congratu disgruntled elements of lations from members of Congress, Government officials and others. abortive rebellion.

AMERICANS AGAIN CITED.

AUSTRIA TO SEEK PE

Third Mention For Section 1. Of Field Ambulance.

Paris .--- Section 1, of the American recently came from Europe to advise to supply news of wounded, dead or Field Ambulance, the oldest in the imprisoned Americans at the front, service, has been mentioned in the dis-Europe, says that without control flour with W. R. Castle, Jr., of Honolulu, in patches for the third time. This seccharge, was announced by the Ameri- tion went to Dunkirk in January, 1915. can Red Cross. The first work of the and served later in the Argonne and ent pprice of flour can be reduced 40 to | bureau will be to obtain from Germany the Champagne. The new citation 50 per cent, and at the same time the a list of interned Americans in ex- mentions particularly brave work at producer be treated in a liberal man- change for information about interned Verdun in the transportation of wounded under fire.

Holland Hears "Politiciani" France. London. - The Amsterda

spondent of the Exchange Company wires that he be from the best of sources prominent Austrian poli about to leave for Switzerland peace proposals and that the be given safe conduct to order to discuss with the F inet the possibility of peace

Under \$8, Says Hoover.

less than \$25 per month. FLOUR MAY GO TO \$20.

Amendment Equalizes Navy and

TURKEY DELAYS AMERICANS. Men Of Military Age Find Difficulty In

Washington .-- Americans of military

An official dispatch received by way of Stockholm says 24 Americans got | ceeds an additional loan may be made away, May 4, but 20 men between 18 to Great Britain.