

FULTON COUNTY NEWS
Published Every Thursday.
B. W. PUGH, Editor and Proprietor
McCONNELLSBURG, PA.

FEBRUARY 15, 1917
Published Weekly. \$1 00 per Annum in Advance.

Entered at the Postoffice at McConnellsburg Pa., as second-class mail matter.

Candidates' Announcements.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself to the voters of Fulton County as a candidate on the Non-Partisan ticket for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the voters at the Primary Election to be held Tuesday, September 18, 1917.

I pledge myself that if nominated and elected, I will discharge the duties of the office, fearlessly, honestly, and to the very best of my ability. I respectfully solicit the vote and influence of all who deem me worthy of support.

DAVID A. BLACK, Taylor township.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate on the Non-Partisan ticket for the office of Associate Judge. I pledge myself to abide by the decision of the voters at the Primary Election to be held September 18, 1917, and if nominated and elected, to discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability, fearlessly and honestly.

FRANK MASON, Todd township.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGE.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate, on the Non-Partisan ticket for the office of Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the voters at the primary election to be held Tuesday September 18, 1917.

If nominated and elected, I pledge myself to discharge my duty fearlessly and honestly. Your vote and influence respectfully solicited.

GEO. B. MCKE, Todd township.

Housework is a Burden

Woman's lot is a weary one at best. But with backache and other distressing kidney ills life indeed becomes a burden. Doan's Kidney Pills have made life brighter for many McConnellsburg women. Read what Mrs. Cleverger says: Mrs. Lucinda Cleverger, McConnellsburg, says: "My back ached badly and I couldn't do my housework. I had dizzy spells and chills and was annoyed by the kidney secretions. Often swellings appeared under my eyes and I was very nervous at night. I was troubled by rheumatic twinges. Doan's Kidney Pills removed all signs of trouble. I procured them at Trout's Drug Store."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the name that Mrs. Cleverger had Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

Advertisement.

Results of Club Work.

In Berks County the champion corn club members made a yield of 100.1 bushels from which he made a net profit of \$54.25. His cost of production was \$20.83. In Montgomery County the champion made a yield of eighty bushels of corn per acre with a net profit of \$31.

A Missoula boy produced sixty-five bushels of potatoes on his one-tenth of an acre plant, at a cost of \$15.63, with a net profit of \$74.27, or at the rate of 650 bushels per acre at a net profit of \$472.70 per acre.

Two sisters of Deer Lodge, Montana, each of them managing one-tenth of an acre of land in home garden and canning work, made the following records: Grace Holt made a net profit from her garden and canning work of \$109.56. Her work was done at a cost of \$35.06. At this rate the net profit on an acre would have been \$1,095.60. Opal Holt managing the same sized garden plot made a net profit of \$148.62 at a cost of \$40.12.—The New England Farms. 2 15 34

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF VALUABLE Real Estate.

SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1917, AT 4:30, P. M.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Fulton County, Pennsylvania, the undersigned, Executor of the last will and testament of A. J. Fore, late of Dublin township, Fulton county, Pa., deceased, will on the above named date sell on the premises in Todd township, one-fourth mile north-east of Knobsville, a valuable

Limestone Farm

adjoining lands of John H. Van Cleve, Van Kelso, Roy Humbert, Wash Kelso, Mrs. Margaret Johnston and others, containing

133 Acres

more or less, of which 120 acres is cleared and in good state of cultivation, and balance of thirteen acres is well timbered. The improvements are a good

Stone House

Bank barn, extra stable, hayshed, springhouse, and other necessary out-buildings. Running water near the dwelling. Abundance of good fruit. This farm possesses a valuable water right for power purposes, on which there has been a sawmill for many years. School and church near.

TERMS:—Ten per cent when property is knocked down; one-half, including the 10 per cent, on confirmation of sale, and balance in one year from date of confirmation with interest.

CHAS. MCGEEHE, Executor.

Domestic Science and Living Costs.

In spite of all this new interest in domestic science, a good many women still feel that household tasks are uninteresting to bright and clever persons. The domestic science schools reply that this is because they have not yet become skillful at them. The pleasure in any act, they say, is principally the exercise of conscious skill.

There is nothing essentially interesting for instance in taking a bat and knocking a ball over a net. But when a girl can take a tennis racket and place a ball within a six inch line in a way to confuse and defeat an opponent, the spectators applaud, and she feels the thrill of conscious skill.

The applause of the household at a well made pie may be just as thrilling. The domestic science leaders insist that to the woman who regards housework as an art, it is a great pleasure to manipulate materials and turn out a finished product.

Certainly the analogy of the work of men seems to prove it. There is nothing essentially interesting in leather, wool or al-luvial soil: Yet the manufacturer, or the farmer, who can manipulate these coarse materials so as to produce good shoes, good clothing, and good corn, enjoys his work—finds pleasure in it. So the domestic science leaders insist that a woman can find life-long satisfaction in turning out a finished product.

A great many women are disheartened by the unwillingness of their husbands to give them good facilities. The best results can not be had with antiquated tools. Many a man frets because his wife lets the household costs mount up, but he never gives her any facilities for keeping these costs down. He expects her to be an old fashioned slave performing tasks after the primitive method of her ancestors. Modern domestic science makes the large promises, but to fulfill them it demands such tools as vacuum cleaners, and electric and gas facilities where such are to be had.

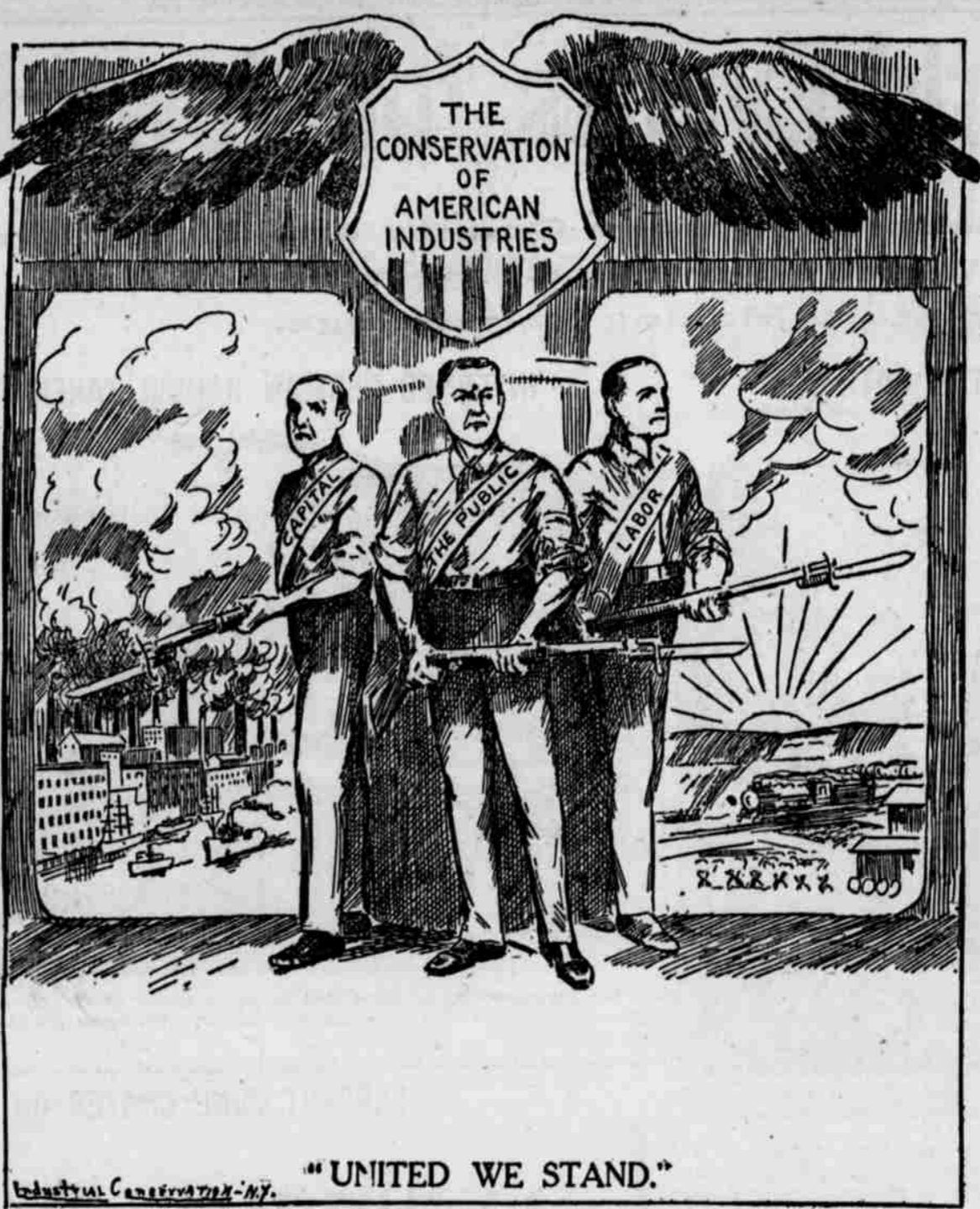
O, You Girls!

Girls in love ain't no use in the whole blessed week. Sunday's they're a-lookin' down the road expectin' he'll come. Sunday afternoons they can't think of nothin' else 'cause he's here. Monday mornin' they're sleepy and kind o' dreamy and slimsy, and good for nothin' on Tuesday and Wednesday. Thursday they get absent minded an' begin to look off towards Sunday agin' an' mope around and let the dishwasher git cold right under their noses. Friday they break dishes and go off in the best room and snivel and look out o' windows. Saturdays they have queer spurts o' workin' like all possessed, and spurts o' frizzin'.

Announcement.

There are still a number of copies of the "Atlas of Fulton County" available.

We will mail you one upon receipt of price \$2.00. This is your chance to get an up-to-date map of our County showing all natural features and points of interest also roads, names of residents, churches, schools, mills, etc., all elevations above sea level. Address: FRANK P. PLESSINGER, County Surveyor; Locust Grove, Pa. 2 15 34



THE COMPLETE LETTER WRITER.

The following suggestion for "The Complete Letter Writer for 1916," by A. Parker Nevin, is going the rounds of the press.

Model No. 1—Quoting Price for Goods.

Smith Manufacturing Company, Rochester, New York.

Referring to your letter (see Postal Regulation, p. 126, pp 44) of the 28th, we (a corporation organized under the laws of Ohio, certificate filed in the office of the Secretary of New York State, New York) beg to advise you that we can quote the price of \$20 (see United States Revised Statutes, Laws of 1914, sec. 18) per ton, carload lots (see Interstate Commerce Ruling 260; see also dicta in 128 U. S., 204; Brown vs. Pennsylvania R. R. Co., 108 Pa., 267). This quotation is special to you (see ruling of Department of Justice in the matter of Brown Milling Co.) and is made subject to our right to claim immunity (see N. Y. Penal Code, pp 48). If you receive a better quotation from any other of our competitors you will, of course, advise us under the authority of U. S. Revised Statutes, pp 2247, sub. 2. We shall be glad to fill your order (subject to rule laid down in leading case of Jackson vs. Cobb, 126 U. S. 232) and will ship according to your instruction (see Rule 37, New York Public Utility Commission). Very truly yours, J. P. JONES, President, JONES MANUFACTURING CO.

State of Ohio, County of Fairfield, ss: J. P. Jones, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he has submitted the foregoing letter to his counsel and has been advised that it is legal. That deponent is not a director of any bank, trust company or transportation company. That the Jones Manufacturing Company has never had its charter forfeited, nor has deponent ever been indicted by either State or Federal Grand Jury. P. P. WHITE, Notary Public.

OVERTAXING INDUSTRY.

Taxes are not alone the burden of the rich. They inevitably descend along the scale and are generally shared in some proportion by all. When excessive burdens of taxation emphasize the competitive disadvantages of any community for any branch or class of business that community will invariably suffer a decrease in the industrial development and prosperity of all within its boundaries. In many sections of the country reports show that industry is often subjected to continuous and unreasonable burdens of taxes in one form or another. This condition is due in part at least to a mistaken public attitude toward industrial operations or a prejudiced, ignorant or indifferent opinion on the part of public officers and politicians. The history of industrial communities where such burdens are imposed, however, is the best evidence of whether such a policy pays anybody. Two manufacturers in similar lines of business, one operating a plant in Massachusetts and the other located in Connecticut, were recently comparing notes. They discovered that for every \$100 in taxes which the Connecticut plant pays per annum the Massachusetts plant was paying \$1,000, or ten times as much. The answer to this situation is that Massachusetts has been falling behind in the percentage of growth as an industrial state compared with some of her neighboring communities where industry is not so often alamed at by burdensome, unnecessary and unreasonable laws. The following open letter by J. W. Powell, president of the Fore River (Mass.) Shipbuilding Corporation, addressed to the employees of that company in a recent issue of their "family magazine," The Fore River Log, presents in a fair way the average business man's view on excessive taxation of industrial plants: "What is good for Fore River is good for Quincy, and what is good for Quincy is good for Fore River. The officers and employees of this company and their families make up more than a quarter of the population of the city. Their interests are the same as the interest of Quincy and of

the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation.

"This company's business is building ships, which brings us into competition with companies building ships in other States. Anything that Fore River must do in this community that other shipbuilding companies do not have to do in their cities will, in the long run, hurt us.

"Today there are more ships to be built than there are yards to build them. When the war is over there will be more shipyards than there are ships to build. Then the yard that builds the cheapest will take the contracts, and the yard whose costs are highest will discharge its men.

"The other big shipyards do not pay big taxes. Some of them pay no taxes at all. If you own a house and rent it you add your taxes into the rent. If you rent a house you pay the taxes when you pay your rent, so the company must add its taxes when it sells a ship.

"Such an assessment and such taxes as have been levied against this company this year in Quincy, which is as much as the combined cost of its new hospital and club, hurt it and will hurt you. It is not fair to increase this company's assessment 50 per cent and to increase its taxes nearly 50 per cent this year as against a year ago.

"You know that a great part of the company's money spent in improvements has been spent to make Fore River a better place to work. There are still many departments needing: new buildings, new washrooms, new locker rooms, and many other improvements to make this yard the kind of a yard you and we both want to be. "We expect to pay a fair tax, but will not pay an exorbitant one. This matter is of interest to you. Think it over.

"(Signed) J. W. POWELL, "President."

A Texas legislator recently offered for enactment a bill designed to prevent head-on collisions between railroad trains in his State. The main part of the text said: "When two trains, coming from opposite directions, approach a crossing, both shall stop, and neither shall cross until the other has passed."

ODDS AND ENDS.

The lives of practically all men famous in the business world as shown in the history of industry during the past twenty-five years will prove to you the practical value of the "stick to it" principle of life. Armour stuck to beef, Harriman and Hill to railroads, Edison to electricity, Carnegie and Schwab to steel, Rockefeller to oil, Morgan to finance, and so on until end. All these captains of industry and thousands of others that might be mentioned had the faculty of "sticking" to a job until they made good.

"The time has come," said James W. Wadsworth, Jr., United States Senator-elect from New York, recently, "when business men should give heed to what is going on in the legislative bodies of the country. I see in the future except this heed is given a development which will prevent the individual from carrying on his business, honest though he may be, with his own initiative and enterprise."

Do not be a clock watcher in the ranks of industry. Those who wait for hours to strike or whistles to blow and "soldier" at the bench, machine or in the office seldom or never get very far ahead in the ranks. They never get any more pay because they are not worth more and often are worth less than they get. Remember the old adage that a man who never does any more or as much as he gets paid for never gets very much pay.

CONSERVATION TRUTHS.

The man at the bench is the co-worker of the man in the office. Let them get together for the common good.

Stick to your job. The man who jumps from one job to another never

learns enough about any particular class of work to become valuable in it.

Every business has three partners. Capital—the employer. Labor—the employee. The public—the consumer. No industry can thrive if co-operation among the three is lacking. No business can succeed that has a dishonest or indifferent partner. Each partner owes a duty to the others. Get together.

This town is your home. Help to make it a better home by co-operating with its merchants and business men. Treat your industries fairly, and they must be fair to you.

Consumers should realize that when unfair legislation makes business dance they all have to pay the fiddler.

"When you attack men who maintain payrolls you hit the wage earner, kick his wife and cuff his children."—Eibert Hubbard.

AMERICA FOR AMERICANS!

Manufacturing is the backbone of the nation. Every man in industry helps prosperity. Returns in wages and profits are mutual. Interdependence is necessary in all industry. Capitalists include every man who has a dollar or more. Add your belief in the future of our nation's wealth to industrial strength.

Industry supports 100,000,000 persons in the U. S. Nothing oppressive to industry should be tolerated. Don't be fooled by agitators or by alarmists. Unite to make industry YOUR cause. Stand firm in your belief in the rights of industry. Treat every man you work with as a friend. Remember the interests of employer and employee are the same. Your allegiance: 1st. To America; 2nd. To Your Home; 3rd. To Your Business.

Piper Legends.

The Wends are the center of many legends. The Pied Piper of Hamelin was a Wend; so also was the piper of the Harz mountains, who appeared so many days a year and played unearthly tunes, and whoever heard at once fell into a frenzy, from which there was no escaping. All these pied and weird pipers assembled once a year at the Brocken, where there was a general carnival, the arch fiend leading the concert on a violin, witches rolling around and fiddling on the skulls of horses and the pipers adding to the fiendish din the concert of their unholy instruments.—Chambers' Journal.

An Accurate Description. "Did you ever run into a telegraph pole?" inquired the elderly passenger. "Yes, ma'am," said the chauffeur, slowing up the taxicab to avoid a collision with a street car. "I've bumped into telegraph poles, I reckon, two or three times." "Brings you to a pretty sudden stop, doesn't it?" "No, ma'am; the machine stops, all right, but I always keep on going."—Chicago Tribune.

Friendship.

Doctor—Did you sleep well? Patient—Not a wink. Doctor—That is too bad. Sleep is our best friend, and especially to the sick. Patient—It is a friend like all the others who abandon you at the moment when you have most need of them.—M. J. Pickwick.

Early Risers

The famous little pills.

DANGER LURKS IN COAL PILE

Simple Precautions That Should Be Taken to Prevent Combustible Material From Taking Fire.

Various conditions affect the weathering of coal, tending to preserve or destroy the pile. Reporting an investigation to the Canadian department of mines, Dr. J. B. Porter shows that the kind of coal is a prime factor in the problem, that the presence in it of such unstable carbonaceous compounds as resins and humus promotes oxidation, that pyrite and marcasite are effective as disintegrating agents and that fine coal or dust presents a vastly greater surface for oxidizing action than lumps. A low pile ensures less pressure. Compression and shutting out of air increase the risk of destruction, while excess of air, though tending to facilitate oxidation, actually lessens the effect by conveying away the heat. Dry coal is so poor a conductor of heat that the presence of a heated spot in the pile may be unsuspected until rain penetrates to the interior, finding its way back as steam. The temperature of the coal at time of storage is important and the heat of a summer day makes it dangerous to store coal exposed to the noonday sun. The shining of the sun on the pile after storage has less effect, as the heat absorbed is given off at night.

VALUABLE GIFT TO MUSEUM

Collection of Tomb Jades That Are Known to Be More Than Twenty Centuries Old.

A gift of distinction made to the Metropolitan Museum of Art and put on exhibition this month is a collection of 105 tomb jades presented by Samuel T. Peters. This fills out a similar presentation made by Mr. Peters to the museum about two years ago. The later pieces are much finer and the whole makes a collection that probably cannot be excelled. Not all of the collection has been put on exhibition, but two cases can be seen in the east end of the gallery previously used for special exhibitions and now devoted to far eastern art. These tomb jades date back to about 200 years B. C. They are not formed of the clear jade used by the Chinese at a later date, but of the matrix and are in unusual shades of browns. There are a large number of amulets which were placed at the mouth, nostrils and eyes of the dead to prevent the entrance of evil spirits. There is the Pi, a large round flat piece of jade with a hole in the center, an emblem of heaven, a gift of honor; there are "wands of dignity" and carved pieces of jade, buckles possibly. A few of the pieces which had not been buried date as far back as 1,000 years B. C.—New York Tribune.

WOULD ABOLISH HOME WORK

Prominent Educator Likely to Have Solid Support for Drastic Change He Has Advocated.

Many parents will feel that there is sound common sense in the suggestions made by Professor Hall-Quest of the University of Virginia in his addresses before Rochester teachers in regard to arranging school schedules so that home work would be abolished and the amount of writing done by school children greatly reduced. Children in the upper grades in grammar schools have a great deal of writing to do and a considerable amount of home work besides. As the majority of children graduate from the grammar schools nowadays at twelve to fourteen years of age, study in the upper grades imposes a tremendous strain of the eyes and general health a period of life when it is likely to have permanent injurious effects. Professor Hall-Quest put his finger on the weak spot in the present school system when he said that children would learn vastly more if they were taught more how to study and use their minds instead of spending so much time writing. Much of the writing done is a waste of time because it makes no impression whatever on the mind of the child. But the incompetent or lazy teacher finds it an invaluable aid because discipline is more easily preserved when children have their hands occupied.—Rochester Democrat.

OFFERED HIS COMPANY.

Preacher—Let everyone in the congregation who desires to go to the Better Land stand up. Almost everybody rose. Preacher—Now let everybody who wants to go to the other place stand up. No one rose. After a minute or two a man in the back seat slowly got up and said: "I don't particularly want to go to the other place, but I am willing to stand up rather than let the minister go there alone."

GROUND OUT.

Two sons of Erin were watching screen wedding. A very uncommon man was being married to a woman of the "belligerent" type. "That man is phony yet would be a diamond in the rough." "Yis," was the reply, "but don't worry. That woman will grind him down."

ART AND NATURE.

"Nature always surpasses art." "I can't see it that way," replied the man who wears arctic overalls. "The artificial snow they use for Christmas trees is vastly preferable to the real kind."

MARK THE STREETS.

The new game of the Boy Scouts of finding hidden objects by following written directions is developing the fact that many cities in the United States are careless about putting signs at corners. The Boy Scouts of Kansas City recently hiked 17 blocks before finding a sign telling the name of the street on which they were traveling.

WITH RESTRICTIONS.

"I say, officer, can one speed this driveway?" "Sure, sor, but ye can't race less ye go at a walk."

QUITE ACCOMMODATING.

She—Sir, I cannot accept your affection. He—Very well. I will be quite well satisfied if you turn it.

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Eil M. Funk, late of Thompson township, Pa., deceased. Letters testamentary on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment, and those claiming to present the same without delay to JACOB A. POWELL, Executor.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Mrs. Anna Yeakle, late of Thompson township, Pa., deceased. Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the above estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against said estate will please present the same with proper vouchers and those owing the same will please settle. GEO. W. FISHER, Administrator.

Administratrix's Notice.

Estate of Miss Harriett Powell and John Powell, late of Thompson township, Pa., deceased. Notice is hereby given that letters of Administration upon the above estate have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against said estate will please present the same with proper vouchers and those owing the same will please settle. LOUISA POWELL, Administratrix.

Bethlehem's Bid on Shell for the United States Navy

To the American People: The Secretary of the Navy has awarded contracts amounting to over \$3,000,000 to a British bidder for 14 and 16-inch projectiles for the Navy because of much lower prices offered by the English bidders. We know nothing of the basis upon which the British bids were made, but the public is entitled to know the facts upon which we ourselves bid for this work.

Two years ago you took contract to make 4,200 14-inch shells at price of \$1,515,000. Up to now not a single shell has been accepted by the Government. We thought we have expended big wages, materials, etc., on the orders \$522,881, and we have received a SINGLE DOLLAR on these contracts. In addition, a liberal intangible contract amounting to \$678,010 penalties amounting to \$678,010.

In the light of our experience, and being no other basis, we bid for 16-inch shells approximately the same rate as found as that which the Navy Department actually awarded a 14-inch shell contract one year ago.

Bethlehem Steel Company

CHAS. M. SCHWAB, Chairman; EUGENE G. GRACE, President.

For Father and Son

360 PICTURES 360 ARTICLES EACH MONTH ON ALL NEWS STANDS

15 CENTS POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE

WRITTEN SO YOU CAN UNDERSTAND IT. All the Great Events in Mechanics, Engineering and Invention throughout the World, are described in an interesting manner, as they occur. 3,000,000 readers each month.

Shop Notes 20 pages. Each issue tells you the shop, and how to make repairs at home. Amateur Mechanics 100 pages of original sports and play. Largely constructive. Tells how to build boats, motorcycles, wireless, etc.

FOR SALE BY 35,000 NEWS DEALERS. Ask your dealer to show you a copy. If not content to view same, send \$1.00 for a year's subscription. Five cents for current issue to the publishers. Complete sets of back numbers for sale. POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE, 9 North Michigan Avenue, CHICAGO.

Popular Mechanics offers no premiums. does not join in "clubbing offers." and employs no solicitors to secure subscriptions.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIABOLIC BRAND. Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.