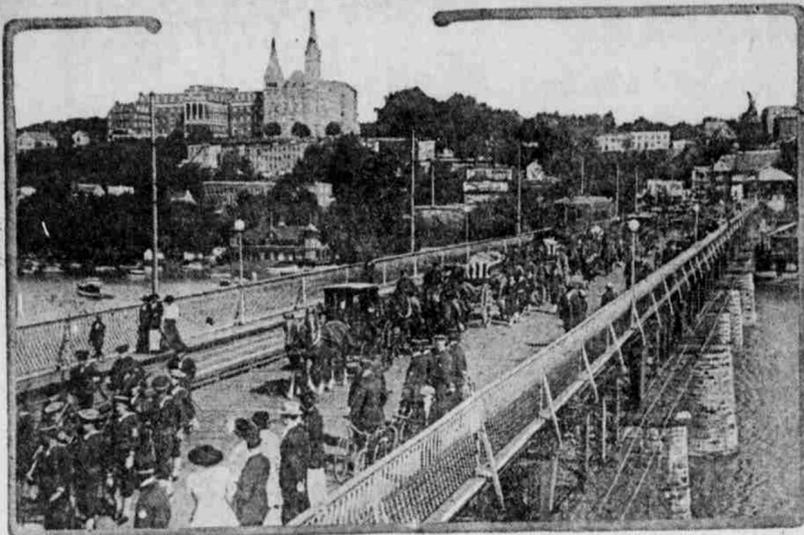


FUNERAL OF SUBMARINE F-4 VICTIMS



Funeral procession of the members of the crew of the American submarine F-4 who perished when the vessel sank in Honolulu harbor, on its way to Arlington National cemetery at Washington.

BRIDGE AT LILLE IS TARGET FOR ALLIES



This photograph shows the railroad bridge at Lille which trains use in communication with Lens. To prevent the Germans from rushing re-enforcements to the battle lines at Lens, allied aviators have several times severely bombed this bridge and held up all railroad traffic. Notice the ruined houses which still stand a monument to the fighting between the French and the Germans in this section.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S BRIDE-ELECT



This is Mrs. Norman Galt, who is to become the wife of President Wilson, probably in December. She is an attractive and wealthy widow, of southern birth, who has lived most of her life in Washington.

ON A FLOODED ROAD IN FRANCE



British transport wagon dashing along a flooded road in northern France, the "Tommys" lying down to avoid getting drenched.

ACTIVITIES OF WOMEN

Only one university in Japan is open to women.
Dayton, Ohio, has a woman as official chiropodist for the policemen.
Women compose 72 per cent of all those employed in the factories.
Mrs. Russell Sage celebrated her eighty-seventh birthday recently by giving \$60,000 to institutions.
The Bulgarian wife never goes into a public place unless she is accompanied by her husband.

Mrs. C. H. Vandercook of Philadelphia, eastern golf champion, now holds the national golf crown for women by defeating Mrs. W. A. Garvin of England, 3 to 2.
The Oregon public service commission has ruled that women should not be compelled to step higher than 15 inches in boarding trolley cars.
Mrs. E. H. Harriman has ordered the discontinuation of the charge being made of the Omaha shops of the Union Pacific railroad into a war-munition factory.

SETS NEW WALKING RECORD



Anxious to see his relatives in Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, Robert Burns of Eureka, Cal., has just completed a 3,649 mile walk from the Pacific to the Atlantic in 80 days, incidentally lopping off 32 days from the record for this feat, which was set up by Edward Payson Weston, the famous septuagenarian walker.

Not Cause of Cancer.

Explaining why such substances as soot, arsenic, tobacco, petroleum and some aniline dyes produce cancer, Dr. H. C. Ross of the Lister Institute, London, writes to Nature "that the terms, 'industrial cancer,' 'smoker's cancer,' 'arsenic cancer,' etc., namely the diseases caused by the commodities mentioned, refer in reality only to a predisposition to the disease. The commodities themselves do not actually cause cancer; they merely render the tissues prone to it, which seems to occur in a specific manner. The commodities always in the first instance produce cell-proliferation, usually in the nature of a warty growth, and it is not until an open ulcer has appeared, generally at the base of the wart, that malignancy supervenes.

Patriotic Sacrifice.

"Why don't you marry some really good man?"
"I wouldn't have the heart," replied Miss Cayenne. "If I were to discover a really good man, I'd consider it my duty to vote for him and dismiss all thoughts of domestic happiness and so let him devote himself to the service of his country."

Its Nature.

"Don't you think it is dreadful to try to corner the chicken market?"
"It does seem like a fowl scheme."

Temperance

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

CRIME INVESTIGATION.

Mr. Fletcher Dobyns of Chicago says in a published statement that his investigations as attorney for the city council crime commission have influenced him to go out and fight the saloon as the greatest source of crime in Chicago. He asserts that almost all crimes are committed by abnormal persons, and that in tracing the source of these abnormalities he has found it to be, in a large majority of cases, the liquor evil.
"Before I started my investigations in regard to crime," says Mr. Dobyns, "I was not a total abstainer or an advocate of closing the saloons. But now I believe that alcoholic drinks do more than anything else toward creating the abnormal person. We must face the liquor problem. I say it not as a prohibitionist, but as a student of crime."

PRACTICAL SALOON SUBSTITUTE.

The Illinois Steel company started a campaign against drinking among their employees in their South Chicago mills a short time ago. The saloonkeepers, by the way of retaliation, established elaborate free lunches and advertised the fact. They posted signs which told of the bad effects cold lunches have on digestive organs. Over the doorways of saloons pictures of large steaming bowls of soup were painted. One sign read: "Don't come in to drink; come in to eat."
The steel company came back with the establishment of a restaurant in the plant with the following menu:
Bowl of Soup 2c
Roast Beef and Potatoes 5c
Ham Sandwich 2c
Tomato 1c Beans 2c
Pie 1c Coffee 2c Ice Cream 2c

ALBERTA DRY.

Alberta, Canada, is the first dominion province to abolish the saloon by direct vote of the people. It voted July 21 by 20,000 majority, the law to go into effect July 1, 1916. This great newly white territory comprises 250,000 square miles, an area larger than the combined states of Oregon, Washington and Idaho.
A factor of great influence in the victory was the indorsement of the prohibition measure by the medical men of Calgary who thus placed themselves in the front rank of efficient and up-to-date physicians who are everywhere declaring the evil effects of alcoholic beverages.

HAD SIGNED THE PLEDGE.

The artist was painting—sunset, red, with blue streaks and green dots. The old rustic, at a respectful distance, was watching.
"Ah," said the artist, looking up suddenly, "perhaps to you, too, nature has opened her sky-pictures page by page? Have you seen the lambent flame of dawn leaping across the livid east; the red-stained, sulfurous islets floating in the lake of fire in the west; the ragged clouds at midnight, black as a raven's wing, blotting out the shuddering moon?"
"No," replied the rustic, shortly; "not since I signed the pledge."

WILL STAY IN JAIL.

With tears in his eyes Charles Boyer, sixty-three years old and a prisoner in the Multnomah county jail, Oregon, pleaded with county officials that he might be kept in the jail until the state goes dry on January 1, 1916. "Every time I get near booze," explained Mr. Boyer, "I get drunk. Every time I get drunk I hire a rig and go for a ride. Every time I go for a ride I forget to bring the horse back to the stable."
"We will keep you in jail until January 10," the judge assured the prisoner when he heard the plea. "The state ought to be good and dry by that time."

GOVERNMENT FIGURES.

According to statistics made public by the treasury department, internal revenue collections on spirits are decreasing about \$1,250,000 a month, and this despite the emergency "war tax" levied on wines by the last congress.

That there has been marked decrease in the amount of distilled spirits consumed in the United States the past year is shown by the following figures: From July 1, 1913, to May 1, 1914, the taxes were \$135,518,495. From July, 1914, to May 1, 1915, they were \$121,804,705—a decrease during the ten months of \$13,713,790.

CONDITIONS IN VERMONT.

When Vermont first went back to license, in 1903, 90 cities and towns voted that way. This year there were but 17, and two of these (Burlington and Rutland), the only ones of any importance which remained wet, stayed so by but from 25 down to 12 majority. Its return to prohibition by popular vote on March 7, 1916, seems assured.

ABOUT BEER.

Beer is more prolific in producing certain organic diseases of the liver and kidneys perhaps than any other form of alcohol. The end of the beer drinker is often a "bob-nalled" cirrhosis of the liver, or Bright's disease. Its food value is hardly worth mentioning.—William Edgar Darnall, M. D., F. A. C. S., Atlan City, N. J.

TOTAL ABSTAINERS.

About a million railroad men in this country have to be total abstainers from all intoxicating liquors.

CIRCUS BARS LIQUOR.

The management of Barnum's circus has put the ban on drunkenness. Last year drunken drivers and car-wasmen cost the company some ten thousand dollars of needless loss by accidents. This year the circus employees, high or low, found under the influence of liquor is discharged forth with.

DEMAND CLEAR HEADS.

Ninety per cent of the manufacturers of the United States demand total abstinence of their workmen.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. BELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course, the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

LESSON FOR OCTOBER 17.

ELISHA HEALS NAAMAN THE SYRIAN.

LESSON TEXT—II Kings 5:1-16, 14. GOLDEN TEXT—I am Jehovah that health thee.—Ex. 15:26.

Read carefully the intervening Scripture following last Sunday's lesson to get the account of Elisha's activities. There is recorded the story of the poisoned fountain (2:19-22). The "hoodlum" gang (vv. 23, 24) which is a story for boys. Note: Elisha had nothing to do with the bears, nor does the record say that the bears killed the boys. Next the story of the Widow's oil (4:1-7). Finally, the suggestive stories of the Shunammite woman (vv. 8-37), and the feeding of the prophets and the people (vv. 38-44).

Now we come to Elisha's most famous experience, that with Naaman of Damascus. This city is reputed to be the oldest in the world and is situated about 100 miles (air line) northeast of Samaria. This event probably occurred between 904 and 894 B. C.

L. A Ministry in the Home, vv. 1-7. Naaman had all that heart could wish, seemingly. Exalted, rich, a great man, honorable and successful in his undertakings, "but he was a leper." As such he is a type of the sinner. Leprosy begins practically in secret, is transmissible, may be ameliorated, but cannot be cured by man. In his home was one who knew the Lord, one who observed, who loved as well as served. This maid was a true servant, for she showed her master how to be rid of his malady. For all of his wealth Naaman was not happy. He knew and others would soon know his condition. His wife could not help him, and did not take the maid's message to him. Perhaps she did not rightly value it. But there was co-operation in that household evidently, for "one went in and told his lord" (v. 4). There was also co-operation between the home and the government, for the king of Syria sent a letter to the king of Israel (v. 5). The strength of any nation is in proportion to the strength, unity and loyalty of its homes. It is also in proportion to the care and interest which that government takes in its homes. This maid had probably been taken captive by one of the Syrian "bands" (v. 2), yet it was not an accident that she thus entered into the plan of God. We feel sure she knew and had been taught by Elisha, hence the assurance of her message relative to his power. Her faith was great.

II. A Ministering Prophet (vv. 8-14). The king of Syria thought he could buy everything, including the desired cure (vv. 5, 6). His letter brought great consternation to Israel's king, probably Jehoram. The value of the gifts presented, perhaps over \$100,000, revealed the urgency of the case. But there was one in Israel who was not disturbed, for he knew more fully the power of Jehovah. Elisha is a type of Christ who offers not only to all lepers but to every unfortunate one "rest" (Matt. 11:28-30). Elisha responded to the need of the nation (v. 8), as well as to the need of Naaman the leper, when he volunteered to become the champion of Jehovah (v. 7).

The prince came, however, filled with a sense of his importance and his pride stood in the way of his relief, hence the manner of Elisha's treatment. Waiting thus before the prophet's door Naaman is a type of the great of this earth who shall yet bow before God's people (Isa. 60:1-3) and before his Son (Phil. 2:10). In human arguments Naaman was right (v. 12) and his rage was justified, but he must learn that as a suppliant he cannot dictate means nor methods. The rich and cultured sinner cannot select his own way of healing, nor be treated any differently than the poor and the ignorant. The river Jordan is a type of the judgment on sin. Sin must be judged by confession (Rom. 10:9, 10). Sin must be renounced before we can be cleansed (I Cor. 11:31; I John 1:9). It was a slow, patient, a public process through which Naaman must pass, but such had been the development of leprosy in his life. God had judged sin on Calvary (Rom. 8:3; II Cor. 5:21; Gal. 3:13) and as Naaman went down in the Jordan he took, in figure, the sinner's place, even as Jesus later took that place for us (Matt. 3:13-15). Though inclined to act the fool, yet Naaman wisely hearkened to his servant (v. 13) and obeyed the command of the prophet. He did not relish the idea of the commander in chief of the most powerful army of his day having thus to be humiliated. He "thought" (v. 11) differently and in this is suggestive of those who are today rebelling at God's provision for their salvation. The wisdom of his lowly servants was amply demonstrated when after the seventh dip in the river he looked at his hands and, behold, his flesh was "like the flesh of a little child." There was no healing power in the water, it was God who wrought the miracle. Naaman's act was a test of obedience to the will of God by one who was used to giving commands.

It gave him a part in his healing and it was supremely simple. So we have a part in our salvation, the plan of which is so simple. His cure came because he obeyed Jehovah: (a) He heard of one who could cure (v. 3); (b) he believed (v. 4); (c) he foretook his own thoughts (v. 11); (d) he accepted God's thoughts and methods (vv. 13-14); (e) he took the sinner's place (v. 14); (f) he became clean after his obedience (vv. 14, 15).

GOOD ENOUGH AS A SAMPLE

Quality of Helping Was All Right, but in Quantity It Left Much to Be Desired.

Jacky had been asked out to a "grown-up" dinner. Swelling with pride, he took his seat at the bottom of the table and looked round—slightly awestruck—at the imposing collection of aunts and uncles. Then his attention became fixed on the ancient relative who was carving an enormous turkey, and his mouth watered as he saw the big helpings being handed round. But the carver, who did not know much about little boys, cut off a tiny portion for Jacky. "Is that the part of the bird you like, my little man?" he asked, as the servant handed Jack the plate. Jack looked at it for a moment, and then handed it back. "Yes," he said; "I'll have some of that, please."

CUTICURA SOAP BATHS

Followed by a Little Ointment for Baby's Tender Skin. Trial Free.

They afford infants and children great comfort, permit rest and sleep and point to speedy healing of eczemas, rashes, itchings, chaffings and other sleep destroying skin troubles. Nothing better at any price for the nursery and toilet. Sample each free by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Man.

"The kaiser could have rid the world of flies, of mosquitoes, of consumption—he could almost have rid the world of disease—at less than what this war is costing him."
The speaker was Dr. Harvey W. Wiley. He continued:
"But men are like that. It is only big, grand, heroic things that attract men."
Alexander wept because he had no more worlds to conquer. But no man ever wept yet because there was no more coal to carry up or dishes to help his wife with."

Cause for Anxiety.

"Gadspar tells me that while on his vacation this summer he was tossed about on one of the great lakes in a disabled launch for forty-eight hours before being rescued."
"That must have been a harrowing experience."
"Indeed it was. During all that time he didn't have the slightest idea of what the stock market was doing."

NOTHING SO EFFECTIVE AS ELLIOTT'S BARK FOR CHILLS, CHILLS & FEVER. Chief of Police, J. W. Reynolds, Newport News, Va., says: "It is a pleasure to recommend Elliott's Bark for Chills and Fever. I have used it when necessary for 20 years and have found no remedy as effective." Elliott's Bark, 50 cents, all drug stores, or by Parcel Post, prepaid, from Elliott's Bark & Co., Washington, D. C. A Good Move—Bark Liver Pills. 25 cents, 50 pills.

Lost and Found.

"My husband lost his temper yesterday."
"Well, from the way my husband acted this morning I think it's very likely he found it. I wish you'd send over and get it. We don't need it."

Cause of Trouble.

Patience—It is said that fish, flies and caterpillars may be frozen solid and still retain life.
Patience—Now I understand why ice cream disagrees with me sometimes.

If you are going to be anything, be a professional. No amateur attracts much attention.

Keep Young



DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS 50¢ at all Stores Foster-Milburn Co. Props. Buffalo, N.Y.

Thought He Could Fix Goat. "Papa," said a little boy, "I want a goat."
"Why, son, you can't have a goat; he'd hook you."
"Well, daddy, then I'd cut his horns off."
"Nothin' 'doin', son, he'd butt you."
"Aw, daddy, then I'd cut his buttocks off. Please get me a goat."

Their Use. "What are diplomatic posts for?" "They seem at present to be chiefly for international hitches."

Her Idea. "What's your idea of a flirt?" he asked. "Oh, every other girl," she replied.



For Rheumatic Pains

YAGER'S LINIMENT

Mr. John Abernethy, Claremont Mills, Md., writes: "For four years I suffered with rheumatism and had to walk on crutches. The doctor said my case was chronic and incurable but I tried Yager's Liniment with satisfactory results. It is the best liniment to relieve pain that I ever used. Its action is prompt and effective."
Put up in large bottles containing eight ounces. Sold by all dealers. 25c a bottle. Prepared by GILBERT BROS. & CO., Inc., Baltimore, Md.

Sick Women Attention

Is it possible there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, which proves beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other one medicine in the world?
We have published in the newspapers of the United States more genuine testimonial letters than have ever been published in the interest of any other medicine for women—and every year we publish many new testimonials, all genuine and true. Here are three never before published:

From Mrs. S. T. Richmond, Providence, R. I.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—"For the benefit of women who suffer as I have done I wish to state what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I did some heavy lifting and the doctor said it caused a displacement. I have always been weak and overworked after my baby was born and inflammation set in, then nervous prostration, from which I did not recover until I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The Compound is my best friend and when I hear of a woman with troubles like mine I try to induce her to take your medicine."—Mrs. S. T. RICHMOND, 84 Progress Avenue, Providence, R.I.

From Mrs. Maria Irwin, Peru, N.Y.
PERU, N.Y.—"Before I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was very irregular and had much pain. I had lost three children, and felt worn out all the time. This splendid medicine helped me as nothing else had done, and I am thankful every day that I took it."—Mrs. MARIA IRWIN, R.F.D. 1, Peru, N.Y.

From Mrs. Jane D. Duncan, W. Quincy, Mass.
SOUTH QUINCY, MASS.—"The doctor said that I had organic trouble and he doctored me for a long time and I did not get any relief. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised and I tried it and a relief before I had finished the first bottle. I continued taking it all through middle life and am now a strong, healthy woman and earn my own living."—Mrs. JANE D. DUNCAN, Forest Avenue, West Quincy, Mass.
Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.