

STATE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Latest Doings in Various Parts of the State.

PREPARED FOR QUICK READING

Man Shoots Wife, Kills Himself. Search For Man Who Cut Throat Of Bride—30 Indian School Students Graduated.

Resumption of leak coal shipments and increased consumption of coal by industries in the Pittsburgh section have resulted in renewed activity in mining operations in the district.

Diplomas were given to thirty students of Carlisle by General R. H. Pratt, former superintendent and founder of the school, at the thirty-sixth commencement exercises of the Carlisle Indian School.

In the weird stillness of the wilderness of South Mountain, in the vicinity of Robesonia, a man hunt is being relentlessly carried on by city and county officials and a posse of armed farmers in an effort to capture Charles Bauman, twenty-nine years old, who is alleged to have murdered his pretty wife, Edna May Bauman, twenty-two years old, at the home of a neighbor in an isolated district, a mile west of Robesonia, by cutting her throat from ear to ear.

Rev. John Delong, of Bethlehem, at the ninety-sixth annual meeting of the East Pennsylvania Classis of the Reformed Church, at Nazareth, vigorously attacked the business methods of the Allentown College for Women. He declared among other things that "the institution's charter could have been revoked for failure to comply with its provisions."

Frank Ronello, twice convicted of stabbing Joseph Wilson to death along the Juniata river in July, 1912, was sentenced to die in the electric chair in Centre county by Judge Woods. It is said by lawyers that Ronello will have to be resented to hang, as the law providing for electrocution was not approved until after his first conviction, although before the second conviction.

For the loss of two fingers and a thumb, Michael Wizlosky, an employe of the Eastern Steel Company, was awarded \$10,943.93 by a jury in court at Pottsville. This is one of the largest verdicts ever rendered in the local courts for a non-fatal injury. The jury censured the company for negligence in not properly protecting the machinery.

Thomas Weik, a cigarmaker, aged 24 years, shot his wife, Mary Carpenter Weik, at the Waldeck Hotel, at Waldeck, of which his father-in-law, Reuben Carpenter, is proprietor, and then turned the weapon upon himself, firing a shot through his brain. Weik, who was recently discharged from the United States Army, died instantly. His wife has a chance for recovery.

Mrs. Louise M. Souders, thirty-seven years old, fell dead in Chief of Police William Halleman's private office, at Bethlehem. The woman was awaiting the calling of her case against her husband on a charge of non-support. It is supposed that worry over her husband caused an attack of heart failure.

Forty-two novices from Harrisburg, Lancaster, York, Hanover and other towns were initiated at a special ceremony of Zumbo Temple Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, held at York. A street parade and three banquets were features. The Harrisburg delegation, numbering about 500, was in charge of illustrious Potentate George W. McIlhenny.

City Treasurer Filbert received in the mail a ten-cent shin plaster, issued by the borough of Reading seventy-eight years ago, from William M. Cassety, a coal dealer of Nashville, Tenn., who asks that it be redeemed, saying he found it among his grandmother's effects. It bears interest at the rate of one per cent. per annum from August 1, 1835.

Declaring that her husband's specialty was not to speak to her and that he frequently lapsed into periods of silence lasting eight weeks and more, Mrs. Mary E. Kutz filed papers in court at Reading for divorce from Charles J. Kutz.

At the luncheon of those engaged in the work of raising \$100,000 for the construction of a Greater Reading Fair, it was reported that \$5,520 additional stock had been sold, bringing the total subscriptions of the week's campaign to date, \$22,750.

Leo Casey, of South Bethlehem, son of former Councilman Jere H. Casey, may become blind as the result of experimenting with a gas cannon. Carbide that young Casey put in the weapon to generate gas exploded and both eyes were badly burned.

ITALY DECLARES WAR ON AUSTRIA

Ambassadors in the Two Countries Receive Passports.

TEUTON VESSELS SCIZED

Confiscation Of Austrian and German Ships in Italian Harbors First Move in War—Troops Clash On Frontier.

Amsterdam, via London.—A dispatch from Vienna says the Italian Ambassador to Austria, the Duke of Avarna, Sunday afternoon presented to Baron Von Burian, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, the following declaration of war:

"Vienna, May 23, 1915. 'Conformably with the orders of His Majesty, the King, his august sovereign, the undersigned, Ambassador of Italy, has the honor to deliver to his excellency, the Foreign Minister of Austria-Hungary, the following communication:

"Declaration has been made, as from the 4th of this month, to the Imperial and royal Government of the grave motives for which Italy, confident in her good right, proclaimed annulled and henceforth without effect, her treaty of alliance with Austria-Hungary, which was violated by the Imperial and royal Government, and resumed her liberty of action in this respect.

Formally Enters Upon War. "The government of the King, firmly resolved to provide by all means at its disposal for safeguarding Italian rights and interests, cannot fall in its duty to take against every existing and future menace measures which events impose upon it for the fulfillment of national aspirations.

"His Majesty, the King, declares that he considers himself from Monday in a state of war with Austria-Hungary. "The undersigned has the honor to make known at the same time to his excellency, the Foreign Minister, that passports will be placed this very day at the disposal of the Imperial and Royal Ambassador at Rome and he will be obliged to his excellency if he will kindly have his passports handed to him.

(Signed) "AVARNA."

A decree was issued Sunday confiscating all Austrian and German ships in Italian harbors.

General Mobilization Is Ordered.

Rome, via Paris.—Italy is at war with Austria-Hungary. With the issuance of the general mobilization order, the Italian Government issued a proclamation declaring war on Austria, which officially will begin Monday.

Prior to this, and after a lengthy consultation, the Ministers of War and Marine proclaimed all the provinces bordering on Austria and the islands and coast towns of the Adriatic in a state of war, which was equivalent to the establishment of martial law, the step usually preceding the formal declaration.

Roosevelt Wins Out.

Jury Finally Wins Over One Man Who Made Delay.

Syracuse, N. Y.—The jury in the trial of William Barnes' suit for libel against Theodore Roosevelt returned a verdict in favor of the defendant after considering for more than 11 hours the question of placing all the costs of the action upon the plaintiff. It is the belief of the jury everything Colonel Roosevelt charged is true, and therefore the plaintiff, not having been libeled, is entitled to no damages.

Dynamite Kills Four.

Automobile Load Of It, Which Was To Be Used To Recover Body.

Syracuse, N. Y.—Four were killed, three fatally injured and 17 others seriously injured here when an automobile load of dynamite, to be used to search for the body of a drowned boy, exploded. Several women are among the injured. Windows were blown out of nearby factories and shreds of bodies and clothing were thrown on telephone wires and scattered for a distance of 150 feet.

Muffler On Dernburg.

New York Hears It Was Set To Work By Wireless.

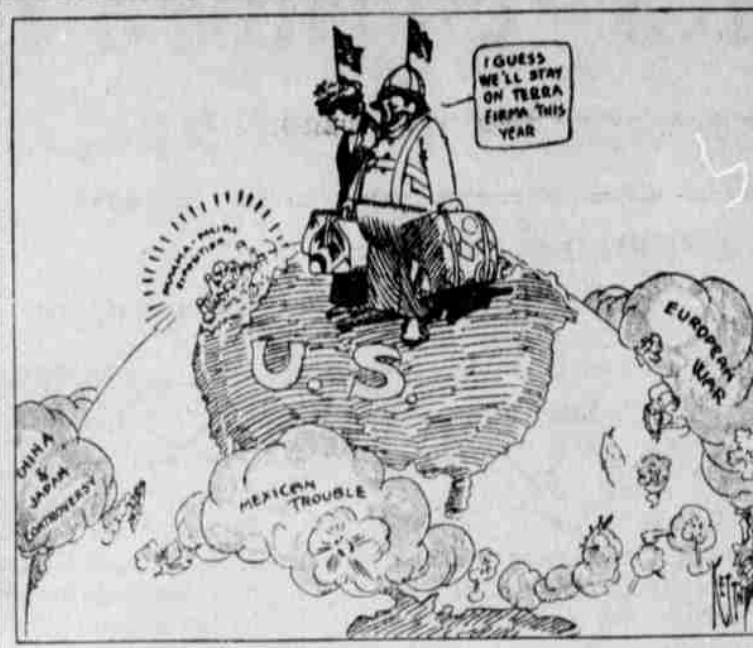
New York.—The muffler has been put via wireless, on Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, chief spokesman of the Kaiser in this country, according to reports heard here. It is said that the former German Colonial Secretary will make no further speeches, give out no more interviews and write no more letters for publication in this country.

Soldiers Can Play Ball.

Canadians Receive Paraphernalia From American League.

Ottawa, Ont.—Minister of Militia Hughes, commenting on the offer of baseball paraphernalia for the use of Canadian soldiers in France, made through President Ban Johnson, of the American League, said: "Of course, we will accept the generous offer. I have wired my thanks and acceptance to President Johnson. Canadians are greatly pleased with the offer and the spirit in which it is made."

SEE AMERICA FIRST



WHY ITALY HAS GONE TO WAR

She May Now Recover Her Lost Provinces.

MATTER OF NATIONAL PRIDE

Big Fleet Available—Territory Asked 8,000 Square Miles, With 1,000,000 Population.

The entrance of Italy into the world war, which began last August, brings the number of states engaged in the conflict up to 11. Italy, allied with Germany and Austria-Hungary since 1882 in the Triple Alliance, was called upon last summer, shortly after the assassination of the Austrian Crown Prince at Sarajevo, Bosnia, to support the Germanic empires.

The weather having improved, our troops on the slope of Notre Dame de Lorette made an attack which succeeded brilliantly. We have taken the German fortified works called 'The White Way' (La Blanche Voie), which is situated on the only one of the five southern ridges of the Lorette Hill, which was still partially in the hands of the enemy.

Berlin (via London).—The following statement was given out at the War Office: "Western theater of war: 'North of Ypres colored French troops attacked our positions east of the canal during the night.

An attack by the British in the late evening south of Neuve Chapelle, in the region of La Quinquette, broke down under our fire. Northeast of Arras we shot down an enemy flying machine at Fresnoy.

A further attack by the French in the Forest of Ailly, failed with considerable losses to the enemy, who left a few prisoners.

Petrograd (via London).—An official statement referring to the recent fighting in the Carpathian Mountains was issued here and reads: "In the fighting of the past three weeks, since the beginning of the operations of the enemy in the Carpathians, their losses on May 10, May 11, May 12 and May 13, during which the fighting lost some of its intensity, averaged 10,000 a day.

Certain regiments of the enemy have been reduced to a single company. Their total losses during this period, including 40,000 prisoners captured by us, have undoubtedly reached to one-fourth or perhaps one-third of their total strength.

The score of guns lost by the enemy in this fighting is as nothing compared with their total number, but it must be borne in mind that owing to the lack of horses and the scarcity of projectiles—between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 shells having been expended by the enemy during this period—the enemy left behind on old positions several hundred guns. This circumstance has helped to equalize the odds, which were in favor of the enemy."

REFUSES SHRAPNEL ORDER.

Battle Creek Man Declines \$3,000 a Day Indefinitely.

Battle Creek, Mich.—C. E. Kolb, president of a local manufacturing concern, has refused an order from a European government for shrapnel shells. The order, if accepted, would have amounted to about \$3,000 a day for an indefinite period.

TO COMPENSATE WORKMEN.

Pennsylvania Will Also Tax Stock Transactions.

Harrisburg, Pa.—The seven bills providing a system of workmen's compensation were passed finally by the Legislature. As they were urged by Governor Brumbaugh, there is no doubt that he will sign the bill and this put Pennsylvania in the list of States that provides by law for the compensation of work people injured in the performance of their duty.

GERMANY DELAYS REPLY TO NOTE

Answer May Not Come For Week, Gerard Cables

NO DICKERING ON DEMANDS

Torpedoing Of Drumcree and Defiant Tone Of German Press Lesson Hope Of Peace.

Washington.—Ambassador Gerard notified the State Department that the German note would not be ready for at least a week. It probably will be 10 days, therefore, before the note is made public in Washington, though it is possible that Berlin may make it public before it reaches here.

The news of the sinking of the British ship Drumcree off Cardiff by a German submarine and the unfavorable comments of the German press on the note of the United States caused a pessimistic feeling here as to the nature of the reply which Germany will make to the demands of the United States.

FRENCH CONTINUE TO GAIN GROUND

Report Germans Had Held Position Six Months.

PETROGAD REPORTS GAINS

French Considerably Hampered While Germans Held the Hill—Teutons Capture 104,000 Russians Since the 1st of May.

Paris.—The following official communication was issued: "Supplementing the previous reports of the importance of the defeat suffered by the Germans in their attack to the north of Ypres during the night of May 20-21: We captured 150 prisoners and took several mine throwers. The ground was strewn with more than 500 German dead.

The weather having improved, our troops on the slope of Notre Dame de Lorette made an attack which succeeded brilliantly. We have taken the German fortified works called 'The White Way' (La Blanche Voie), which is situated on the only one of the five southern ridges of the Lorette Hill, which was still partially in the hands of the enemy.

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BRITAIN EXPLAINS ACTS.

Fears Americans Misunderstand Attitude Toward Shipping.

London.—In an effort to correct what the Government believes to be a misunderstanding of Great Britain's attitude toward American ships and American cargoes in other neutral bottoms, detained under the order in council, the Foreign Office has issued an explanatory memorandum.

ACCUSES KAISER OF MURDER.

Coroner's Jury Renders Verdict On Death Caused By Zeppelin.

Ramsgate, England.—A coroner's jury here returned a verdict of "wilful murder" against Emperor William in the case of John Smith, who died as the result of shock following injuries sustained in the Zeppelin raid of Monday.

WAR ORDERS FROM ITALY.

Military Stores and Foodstuffs Being Bought Here.

New York.—Large orders for military stores and foodstuffs for Italy were reported to be in the market here despite the fact that for months the Italian government has been drawing supplies from the United States in anticipation of hostilities.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of Sunday School Course of Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.

LESSON FOR MAY 30

BRINGS ARK TO JERUSALEM.

LESSON TEXT—II Samuel 6:12-19 and Psalm 24. (Study all of chapter 6.) GOLDEN TEXT—I was glad when they said unto me, Let us go unto the house of the Lord.—Psalm 122:1.

This event probably occurred B. C. 1042, in the twenty-second year of David's reign. It would be a good plan to assign to various pupils such subjects as: (a) What the ark was and how it came to be lost; (b) Where it had been since the days of Joshua; (c) What occurred to it while in possession of the Philistines; (d) Who was Obed-edom? (e) Uzziah? (f) Michal? (g) How Jerusalem came to be the seat of government.

I. The Ark Recovered, vv. 1-5. David realized that while God was the God of all the tribes, still there was no visible religious center; there was the consequent danger of confounding the local place of worship with that of some local Baal (god) and the possible breaking up of the national reliance upon Jehovah.

II. The Ark Retarded, vv. 6-11. They had reached one of the open places used as a threshing floor when the oxen slipped and the cart was shaken. Uzziah, one of the two into whose charge it had been placed, laid hold of the ark to keep it from falling. Why was he slain therefore? We have already suggested the reason.

III. The Ark Restored, vv. 9-19. David, by thus abandoning the ark, seems to have resented the judgment of God, yet he must have realized that God had sufficient cause for his acts. The ark is a type of Christ, who is Immanuel, God with us.

IV. The Psalm of Praise, Ps. 24. In the Jewish synagogue this psalm is recited at the carrying back of the ark to the law to its shrine, and in the Greek church at the consecration of the church. The twenty-second psalm presents the suffering Savior; the twenty-third presents the risen Savior as the shepherd caring for and leading his sheep, and the twenty-fourth tells of the reigning, glorified Lord.

The Vision of Christ

By REV. GEORGE E. CULLE, Bible Teacher, Extension Department, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.

TEXT—And it came to pass, when he had made an end of speaking unto the people, that the soul of Jonathan was troubled as his own soul.—I Samuel 13:1.

For forty days the armies of the Philistines were arrayed on one side and the armies of Israel on the other side of the valley of Elah. For forty days the champion of the Philistines advanced and challenged the host of Israel, and though there was the promise of freedom for his father's house and great riches and the daughter of the king for his wife for the man who would kill the giant, not one in all Israel was found intrepid enough to attempt it.

Until up from Bethlehem came David. To the camp of his brethren he came, bearing his father's message of love; and his brethren despised him, but from their camp he heard the proud challenge of Goliath as he came forth from the Philistine army, and he saw the fear depicted on every face as that challenge was echoed among the soldiers of Saul. He was not afraid!

The story of the encounter is so familiar that there is no need of repeating it. Having no weapon in his hand, he drew the giant's sword from its sheath and cut off his head with his own sword! And when, at the other side of the valley, Israel saw their triumphant savior with the giant head in his hand, they shouted and ran to the spoils. Alone in the conflict, but not alone in the fruits: the people share these with him.

For forty centuries, mankind was confronted with the awful problem of sin and death. For forty centuries the challenge of the great enemy, Satan, in whose hands was the power of death, remained unaccepted. Until from this same Bethlehem, God brought forth David's son. To his own brethren, Israel, he came, "and his own received him not." And thus rejected by his brethren he went to the cross; down into the valley of death, single-handed, alone, needing no help from man, and man having none to give. "Whither I go to," he said to his disciples, as he went to the cross, "I cannot follow me now." Like David, with the giant's sword, it was "through death" that "he made power, less him that had the power of death." But though alone in death, and in the awful conflict, not alone at the other side of it. We now behold him a triumphant Savior, "crowned with glory and honor," but we share with him all he has earned by his death.

Now Jonathan, in common with the hosts of Israel, had watched the scene enacted in the valley, had seen the deliverer triumphant at the other side. And, his soul knit to the soul of David in love, "he stripped himself of the robe that was upon him, and gave it to David, and his garments, even to his sword, and to his bow, and to his girdle." No small thing was that: the son of the king, a prince of the blood, giving up all his robes of honor and the insignia of his royalty, in order to place them upon the one he loved! And the spirit of God has written it down that it may reach to us of another and of our devotion to him. That which answers to it in the life of the Christian is recorded in the third chapter of Philippians. The apostle, in the opening verses of that chapter, describes his robes of honor,—tells us what he had to boast about as a man in the flesh, before his conversion, saying, "If any other man thinketh that he hath whereof he might trust in the flesh, I more." And that was no vain boast: Paul was writing, as always, by the inspiration of God. And more than any man of his day could be proud of what he was. But one day he had a vision of the triumphant Savior at the other side of death, a vision that blinded him and made it necessary for him to be led by the hand. Hear him, on the temple stairs, recounting it, and saying, "When I could not see for the glory of that light!" This is the effect of that blessed vision ever! "The man who has seen the face of the exalted Christ has been blinded forever to all other objects and to all the glory of the world, and has found that the only safe way for him is to be led by the hand."

Now, can we not understand that reiterated "consider him" of the epistle that tells us of his triumph and exaltation? Like Jonathan in his self-abasing love for David, the soul that has seen the blessed face of the one "made sin" for us and now in heaven without our sins, will love him supremely and count it his highest joy to have him magnified in his life. "We see Jesus, crowned with glory and honor," and because we do we can say, "that Christ may be magnified in my body whether it be by life or by death."

Languages of World. It is next to impossible to be precise about the number of languages in the world, but it is known that they exceed 4,000. Including "dialects," there are probably more than 500,000 varieties of human speech.

Thing That Really Hurts. Probably the worst thing about rich relations is the way they look down on you because you are not rich enough to look down on them.—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Robby's Reason for Inquiry. A woman took her little son, Robby, to the corner store for a soda. An old friend of the family, but a stranger to Robby, walked up to them while they were eating and chatted a few minutes with the mother. After bidding them good-by and walking out of the store, imagine the mother's embarrassment and the amusement of the patrons when inquiring Robby piped out in no soft tone: "Mamma, what is the man's name? I want to tell papa."