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Farmers' Institute.

In continuation of our report of last week's four-day institute, we think it best to finish the report by topics, rather than by a better connection of thought, remove from his place of resi- nellsburg, horses, colts, cattle, because the same topics were discussed at different sessions.

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of horses, and 20 head of hogs.

Also, farming implements, wag-

ons, harness, potatoes, &c. Sale

will begin at ten o'clock. Terms

ten months. A. L. Wible, auc-

Thursday March 4, G. F. Nau-

Wednesday being a busy day in this office, we did not have a reporter at the sessions. Messrs Wittman and Fassett did not arrive in time to take their turns during the daylight sessions, and the ladies of the town and vicinity improved the opportunity to prolong the discussion of homemaking topics.

Mr. Fassett's talk on strawsmaller farm, will sell at his resiberry culture applied particularly to raising the berries on a com-11 mile from Burnt Cabins, on mercial scale; but whether the the road leading to Shade Gap, 2 strawberry grounds be large or horses, 9 cattle, farm machinery small, the soil must be kept well harness, corn, hay &c. Sale befilled with vegetable matter in gins at 10 o'clock. Credit 9 order to conserve moisture which months. J. J. Harris Auct. is needed by strawberries in per-Thursday, March 4, Berkeley haps larger quantities than plants Sipes, desiring to reduce his that do not produce so much wastock, will sell at his residence tery fruit. Right here we can one-half mile north of Hustonsum up a lot that was said about the cultivation of soils for any including a pair of bay mares 8 crop, and that is, that soils must and 10 years, respectively; a pair of black matches (a mare and a be kept filled with humus if we horse) 5 and 7 years old, dark wish best results from our labors to grow fruits, grains, or vegeblack, and one mule 2 years old; tables. Just as we have been explaining for several weeks in 10 head of cows and heifers all our articles on Fulton county with calf, 6 fine yearling calves, soils, it will pay any farmer to sacrifice crops for a period in or- 3-seated hack, buggy, harness, horses, cattle, hogs, farm machinder to grow and plough down &c. Sale begin at 10 o'clock. A sufficient two-foot rye, a crop of credit of one year will be given— clover, peas, soybeans, manure, sweet clover—or anything that chesnut, auctioneer. sweet clover-or anything that will completely fill the soil with water-holding humus. The farm ner will sell at his residence 3 liam Bivens intending to quit er's work in the conservation of miles south of Mercersburg, farming will sell at his residence moisture does not end there. He horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and on the Frank Sipes farm, ‡ mile must keep the winter-stored farming implements. Sale be- east of McConnellsburg, horses, moisture "corked" by means of gins at 10 o'clock. a fine, two or three inch mulch of dry earth. Dr. Fassett does Cutchall, intending to quit farm- ston binder, Milwauke mower, not believe in the purchase of ing, will sell at his residence 2 grain drill, haytedder, plows, much costly nitrate of soda-our chief carrier of nitrogen. He gets an abundance of this necessary article by ploughing down at the end of every crop rotation, a heavy growth of some legume. Mr. Fassett's favorite legume is hairy or winter vetch, which is a begin at 10 o'clock. J. M. Cheswinter annual. In his orchards nut, auctianeer. he ploughs down a heavy crop of either vetch or soybeans annually. Mr. Fassett is a true type of country gentlemen, of pleasing address, a fluent speaker, is engaged in farming his own land and he impressed his audiences with the sincerity of his views, so that no doubt was left in the minds of his hearers as to the value of the advice given. Mr. Wittman, no less a scholar and gentleman, was so chuck full of chicken that he could scarcely restrain from crowing. His illustrated lectures were full of one thought, namely, airtight poultry houses, excepting the fronts, which afford an ideal place for hens to amuse themselves all day long by scratching in a foot of dry, clean litter for every grain of food. He drove home his arguments by the use of many humorous illustrations. For instance; A hen, like her human relatives, must be kept busy; and since she cannot read, attend ladies aid societies, go to lectures, knit, or run to town, there is but one thing she ever learns to do; and that is, to eat. If she is stuffed full of food in the morning she has no ambition to hunt for more, and in this manner, she was robbed, by an overkind master, of ambition to lay eggs, or to fulfill any of the hopes of her owner. Passing rapidly over a lot of good things that space forbids repeating, we much compliment the speakers from our town and vicinity. Miss Mollie Seylar furnished some good food for thought along the lines of better thought along the lines of better government. Prof. Lamberson fired some hot shot into the ranks of parents who make conditions sure freshness of stalk and leaf.



Wednesday, February 24, Ja- for a term of five years, and incob F. Crouse intending to quit tending to quit farming, will sell farming will sell at his residence of his residence near Fort Little-2 miles north-east of Burnt Cab- ton, horses, cattle, hogs, farm ins, on road leading from Fan- implements and machinery, hay, nettsburg to Shade Gap, horses, grain, &c. Sale will begin at 10 cattle, sheep, hogs, farming im- oclock. Credit, 9 months. J. M. plements, corn, potatoes, and Chesnut, auctioneer.

household goods. Sale will begin Friday, March 12, C. C. Crouse at 9 o'clock. James M. Chesintending to quit farming will nut and James J. Harris, Aucsell at his residence on the Cyrus Wagner farm other wise

On Thursday, February 25, known as the George Snyder sessions, since it helps us to keep 1915, C. F. Wagner intending to farm 2 miles north of McCondence on what is known as the D hogs, farming implements, hay, M. Kendall farm, 44 miles south fodder &c. Sale begins at 10 o'of McConnellsburg, will sell a clock. Credit 9 months. J. J. large lot of valuable investock con. Harris auctioneer. sisting of 35 head of cattle, 8 head

Friday, March 19, 1915, at his residence on the John Nelson farm in Todd township, one and one-half mile north of McConnellsburg, John Gillis will sell at public sale valuable personal property consisting of good horses, fine cattle, farm implements gle, intending to remove to a and many other articles. See bills. James J. Harris, and A. dence on the T. J. Comerer farm L. Wible, Auctioneers.

Saturday, March 20, M. A. Detwiler having rented his farm, will sell at public sale on his farm 11 mile southwest of Three Springs, and 1 mile south of Saltillo, 4 horses including a thorobred Percheron stallion; 15 head of fine cattle, including a thorobred Guernsey bull; 30 head of town, 7 head of horses and colts, hogs, chickens, farm machinery, harness, 700 bushels of corn and many other things. Sale will begin at 10 o'clock sharp. Credit iron-gray mare 3 years old, 2 9 months. J. M. Chesnut aucyearing colts-one bay and one tioneer.

Monday, March 22, J. C. Cromwell having sold his farm and inand one fat bull; 4 head of fine tending to quit farming, will sell sheep; 9 head of fat hogs; good at his residence at Maddensville, ery, &c., &c. Sale will begin at They relieved him of \$126.00.

Thursday, March 4, C. H. Wag- On Tuesday, March 23, Wilcattle, hogs, farming implements, DUBLIN MILLS.

Msr. W. D. Roher made a trip to Orbisonia lest Saturday to con sult a physician. Mrs. Roher has been in poor health for some time.

Ruth Green, of Shirley. has returned home. She has been employed at W. D. Roher's past five weeks.

What might have been a very serious accident occurred a few days ago when a pair of bobsleds loaded with young people run into a team driven by a salesman. The accident happened at night when very dark and the person

at the head of the sleds being blinded by a lantern did not see the team until they were upon it. The sleds were demolished but the people luckily escaped with a few cuts and bruises.

A sledding party consisiting of Blanche, Thad, and Ellsworth Winegardner, Ehza and Carl Hess Julia, Philip and Ira Grissinger; Ruth Hess, Ruth Greene, and Buhl Roher, spent Friday evening pleasantly in the home of

John Winegardner at Clear Ridge. Mary and Clara Bratton are

visiting friends, in Harrisburg, Lewistown, Huntingdon and Petersburg, Clara has been employed during the winter at Mr. Brint Miller's. Mrs. Miller 18 improving in health.

O. V. Wink is getting on well with his school, yet remaining 31 davs.

Howard Nonemaker of Cherry Grove, is now in Blair Memorial Hospital at Huntingdon, having undergone, an operation last Saturday for appendicitis. We are glad to know he is getting along as well as could be expected.

Lillian Miller is spending the winter with herb;rother at ||Bellwood, Pa., and Wooster, Ohio. A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Cutchall on February 2.

The E. B. T. R. R. station at Three Springs was robbed last week one morning between six and seven o'clock while the agent Mr. Cohick was at breakfast.

A number of friends of Mary Benson met at her home on the 13th inst to celebrate her twenty first birthday.

Olive Hess is suffering from an attack of inflammatory rheumatism at this writing.

Bertha Grissinger, of Maddens ville has been visiting friends in including, wagons, harness, Johnthis community.

An Open, Square, Aboveboard, Direct Appeal to the Intelligence and Judgment of the People

The railroads of Pennsylvania and New Jersey believe that the public should be fully advised concerning the Full Crew laws in these states. Costly experience has demonstrated that these laws have worked to the detriment of public interest and that their repeal would redound greatly to the advantage of the people.

Not a Fight On Trainmen

The railroad companies making this announcement wish the public to clearly understand that this appeal is in no way to be construed as being aimed at the trainmen in their employ, nor is it an effort to curtail operating expenses at the cost of public safety or service.

The companies point to the fact, with justifiable pride, that whenever public safety and convenience demanded an increased number of employes the necessary men were put on trains. Behind this statement is a record of advancements and improvement achievements which is a most vital factor of calm and dispassionate consideration of the laws in question.

But when arbitrary laws are passed which compel these railroad companies to burden their payrolls with some \$2,000,000 annually for wasted, unwarranted extra labor, and which actually means a decrease, rather than an increase, in operating efficiency, together with heavier casualty lists, it is undeniable that the public should be put in full touch with exist-ing conditions that the people may judge wisely for themselves should an effort be made to impugn the sincere motives which prompt this educational campaign.

How Full Crew Law Works

A twenty-nine-car freight train can be operated with five men. Add a car and an extra man must go on. The law requires no larger crew on a hundred-car train.

A four-car passenger train can run with five men. On a five-car or longer train there must be an extra man. Even if all the cars are Pullmans, with porters and a Pullman conductor, a six-man railroad crew is required.

A milk or express train of twenty or more cars, running through, sealed, and virtually without stops, must carry a crew of six. The only place four of them would ride would be in the end car.

When the Full Crew law became effective in Pennsylvania, the Pennsylvania Railroad Lines East of Fittsburgh and Erie were operating in Pennsylvania 2,971 weekday trains. Of these, 1,108 passenger and 1,061 freight trains were manned up to or beyond the law's requirements.

The 1,198 passenger trains which were provided with crews equal to or in excess of the law's requirements consisted principally of local or semi-local trains, making frequent stops and handling a large number of passengers. The second brakeman was employed to expedite the departure of trains from stations and to assist conductors in collecting tickets.

The 1,061 freight trains on which the law required no additional men consisted of local freight trains carrying package freight, on which brakemen were required to load and unload cars; road shifters, doing a large amount of work, necessitating the throwing of switches and much hand braking on cars; mine trains, placing empty cars and picking up loaded cars, and through slow freight trains of heavy tonnage on the Philadelphia and Middle Divisions on which the brakemen riding on the front part of the trains were required to ass st the firemen.

Official Casualty Statistics

The effect of the Fu'l Crew laws in forcing extra men into already adequate train crews, thus dividing responsibility, has been to increase the hazard of operation. This fact is conclusively proved by the official figures of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The great number of persons killed who were neither employes nor passengers have not been included, for it is obvious that extra men on trains are powerless to prevent such casualties.

The Pennsylvania Full Crew law took effect on July 19, 1911. The Commission's figures show that for the three-year period preceding this date 10,186 employes and passengers were killed. Since the law became operative, the total number killed shows an increase, or 10,372 persons.

The casualty list of the Pennsylvania Railroad for the six months preceding the enactment and the first six months of 1914, when the law was in full force and effect, discloses the following startling comparison:

	First Killed	e Law, half 1911 Injured	First Killed	r Law, half 1914 Injured	
ainmen	15	1046	16	1699	
ssengers	1	99	*2	141	
	16	1145	18	1840	
*Fell from train.					
What the I	Far berry	. B//	Casha		

What the Extra Man Costs

Tra

Pa

Saturday, March 6, John D. harrows, &c. Sale begins at 10 miles northwest of Hustontown, 3 horses, 1 mule, 3 head of cattle, | J. Harris, Auctioneer. two of which are fat and the other is a good cow that will be fresh P. Palmer intending te quit farm by day of sale; 2 fat hogs, farming, will sell at his residence 3 ing implements, wagons. surry, buggy, grain, hay, &c. Sale will the road leading from Warfords burg to Needmore, 1 horse, cat

ing machine, cream separator, Thursday, March 11, D. W. &c. Sale begins at 10 o'clock. Cromer having rented his farm | Credit 6 months.

on the farm so distasteful to boys that they sneak away at the very first opportunity. He held up before fathers and mothers so many faults like that of raising boys for the sake of the pennies they might help earn at the sacrifice of education, and drew such The war in Europe assures the vivid pictures of the hum-drum sale of almost everything that lives of some boys who get from can be raised. Every article that it the idea that there is nothing is exported to feed the soldiers in store for them on the old farm and the citizens and the stock but to sleep much in order to be able to work more, until these boys learn many things that are the direct opposite of what a parent would have them learn. The boy's thoughts go out to what he has heard of brighter prospects, and it is not long before he has lost all interest in a business that God intended to be every available acre for grain, of the highest class in the world. grasses and vegetables. In many Mr. C. J. Brewer, in his talk sections farmers are urged to on the part lime plays in the rentry a double acreage of potatoes. ovation of soils, expressed the It should not be necessary, under opinion that so far as the slate proper conditions, to import poand shale lands to the west of us tatoes into any agricultural counare concerned, they have not yet been depleted of essential native to work and give them a square elements, especially potash, to deal. Raise pigs, cattle and such extent that lime would not release sufficient natural fertility to grow clover and legumes, and that the legitimate use of these farmer, planter or rancher may legumes would, in a short time, have sustained last year will be enable the owners to fill the soil more than made good. The war with necessary humus, and in in Europe may last for months this manner render them capable or years, but while it continues there will be an active demand of a tenfold greater resistance to for everything we produce. drought. All know that corn Should the war end this week will make a fair crop, even on the nations engaged will need all

Hayes Strait is sawing out a barn bill for Byron Roher from timber on David Windgardner's o'clock. Credit, 1 year. James farm.

Mr. Grover Miller and wife Weduesday, March 24, 1915, H. expect to move onto the Allen Cutchail farm near Three Springs miles north of Warfordsburg on in the spring.

SALUVIA

Rev. Ahimaaz Mellott, an aged Baptist minister, of near Andover, is quite seriously ill.

We gladly report that the sick ness among our young folks is abating. Ray Decker, Wm. Mel

lott's children, and Frank Sipe's children.

Protracted revival services at Asbury M. E. church still in progress on last Monday night. Two America to cultivate every availyoung persons have professed able acre during the coming year. conversion thus far.

Mrs. S. H. Hoop, Mrs. Nevin Laidig, Mrs. Florence Wink, Miss Etta Hockensmith-all of Andover visited the J. A. Stewart family last Thursday.

A few young men got hit so hard, on last Sabbath, that they of Europe means just that much less for home consumption, thereimmediately walked out of church fore, even with his crops of in the midst of the sermon. The Minister happened to remark everything, the prices will be that Abraham Lincoln advocated high. If it is not a good crop and stood for prohibition, and year the farmer will at least that all who rightly read the Bi raise enough for home use and ble cannot help but stand for will not have to pay the high prohibition. Be careful, ministers what you say to Young prices that will prevail. Utilize America.

The growing grain looks well at this time since the snow has gone. Oh, for a snow to protect it from the cold winds of March. Many of our laboring people are making ties and cutting logs for Reachtly Bros.

Mrs. Jas. A. Stewart 18 still ty. Put the hens and the turkeys improving and is able to be about

GRACEY.

Earl Gracey spent Saturday horses in as large numbers as the night and Sunday in the home of accommodations of the farm will his uncle Mr. Ward Berkstres justify and any losses that any

the La

in employment of superfluous brakemen \$2,000,000
That would have bought
It would have bought
It would have paid for
It would have returned 5% on\$40,000,000
It would have block signaled
It would have eliminated

Rejected by Other States

A Full Crew law was enacted in Missouri and signed by the Governor in April 1913. In November, 1914, it was submitted to a referendum vote. The people repudiated the law by a vote of 324,085 against 159,593.

A proposed Full Crew law for Texas failed to pass owing to the popular protest against it, led by the farmers.

In 1907, Governor Charles E. Hughes, of New York, vetoed an attempt to enact a Full Crew law in that state.

In 1912, Governor John A. Dix, of New York, also vetoed a Full Crew measure. Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, vetoed a Full Crew bill passed by the legislature. In 1913 the State Assembly wisely referred a Full Crew law to the Railroad

Commission of Connecticut, who promptly condemned it. Governor Cruce, of Oklahoma, vetoed a Full Crew bill in 1913.

Attempts to enact Full Crew laws in Colorado, Delaware, Virginia, and Ohio were defeated

In Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, and Maryland such laws are in force. In the interest of the public, the railroads, and the great body of railroad employes, these burdensome laws should be repealed. In Pennsylvania, approximately 65,000 men are employed in train service. Only 2,500 of these are extra brakemen.

Will Wage a Just Fight

Railroads operating in Pennsylvania and New Jersey are determined to place their case squarely and fairly before the people of those states. They are firmly convinced that the people-all of whom, without exception, are affected more or less directly by the imposi-tion of this annual \$2,000,000 burden, and thousands of whom are direct sufferers-will, knowing what a continuation of these harmful laws means to them, voice their wishes in no uncertain way to their elected representatives at Herrisburg and Trenton.

This campaign of public enlightenment-will be waged by the railroads in a manner that cannot possibly be legitimately assailed. There will be no lobbying, no star chamber conferences, or private deals to influence public opinion or legislative act on. The campaign will be fought in the open, purely on its merits.

Railroad Pledge to Trainmen and Public

Definitely and finally to give public notice that the railroads ask only a square deal all around in this matter, the presidents of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company and Balt more & Ohio Railroad Company, in announcing on February 9 that the railroads intended to work for repeal of the Full Crew laws, pledged themselves as follows:

"Let us add that if there shall be evidence that without such laws the railroads would underman trains, to the hardship of employes or the detriment of or danger to the public, that, assuming the present Public Service acts do not give to the commissions ample powers to determine what crews are necessary on different trains and to compel the railroads to man trains as ordered, we will openly support such amendments to the present acts as may be necessary to give such assurance."

The railroads now appeal directly to the people, who demand the greatest safety at all times and who realize that a policy of wise economy, and not one of wasted revenue, will enable the railroads to adequately fulfill their obligations and meet those demands as they should be met.

> R. L. O'DONNEL, Chairman. Executive Committee, Associated Railroads of Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

r, at Waterfall.			the second se
Mr. and Mrs. Mack Kerlin bent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. ack McElhaney. Mr. and Mrs. Jennie Cutchall ad son Norman spent Sunday in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel anders. Mrs. Alice Alloway and daygh	ly recovering from her recent illness. Mrs. Dawson Strait is still very poorly. Miss Viola McClain, who has been employed, in Huntingdon, is spending some time in the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs.	Our school is progressing nice- ly under the care of Fred Lam- berson. Lewis Shaw spent a few days in the home of his son, William, at New Grenade. Subscribe for the NEWS.	A report made by the State Game Commission to the Legis- lature set forth that 1,102 deer killed during the last hunting season, together with 400,000 ruf fed grouse, 2,000,000 rabbits, 37, 150, quail, 234,288 squirrels, 17.

The United States Department of Agriculture, the state boards, and the experts all over the country are urging the farmers of

Farmers' Opportunity.

tle, sheep, farm implements, sew-