RUSSIANS SPLIT ENEMY AT LODZ

German Army Declared to be Cut Into Three Parts.

Campaign Against Warsaw Frustrated, Russians Say.

(Latest Summary.)

Terrific fighting continues in Poland. in the neighborhood of Lodz, where according to a semi-official statement at Petrograd, the Russians have cut the German army under General Mackenben into three parts. On the other hand, an official statement at Berlin says the Germans have checked the Russians in that neighborhood and have made successful counter-attacks It is announced at Berlin that Emperor William is now with the German

army in the East. Attacks and counter-attacks continue in the neighborhood of Ypres, in Belglum, without materially changing

Slackening of the Germans' heavy artillery fire in Belgium and France. was noticed in Sunday's fighting in Belgium and France, according to an official announcement at Paris, which says that the cannonading, though active, was carried on with lighter guns, and that "under these conditions the artillery struggle has turned particularly to our advantage."

In a report from the front, Ffeld Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British forces, declares that the Allies, by their tactics in France and Belgium, have "tied down" in that ter ritory the bulk of the German army, preventing the diversion of troops to the East, and have inflicted upon the Germans losses outnumbering 3 to the losses sustained by themselves.

17,000 LOSS TO GERMANS.

Lemberg Advices Tell Of Toll in Three Days' Battle.

Lemberg, Galicia, via Petrograd and London.-In operations lasting three days in the vicinity of Strykow, 15 miles northeast of Lodz and Tushin. an equal distance to the south of this city, the Germans lost upward of 17,000 men, a heavy battery of artillery and 28 machine guns, according to authoritative information made available in Lemburg

In the same fighting the Austrians lost 16,000 men, in addition to 20 machine guns.

The German operations in this local ity are declared by Russian military observers in Lemberg to have been absolute failures, and the chance of their escaping further disaster is regarded here as slight.

BOMB NEAR U. S. CONSULATE

Breaks Windows and Kills Several Persons Outside.

Washington, D. C .- A bomb from a German airship fell in front of the American Consulate at Warsaw, breaking the windows of the consulate, but injuring no one within, according to a telegram dated today from American Ambassador Marye at Petrograd. Several persons in the street in front of the consulate were killed and wounded, but none of them were Americans. The incident was regarded here as indicating the proximity of the German advance guard to War-

76,000 AGAINST SUEZ.

Berlin Message Tells Of 10,000 Bedeuins and 500 Camels. Amsterdam, via London.-According

to a Berlin message to the Telegraaf. Cairo reports that 76,000 Turkish troops under Izzet Pasha are march ing against the Suez Canal. This army includes 10,000 Bedouins, with 500 camels. The reports also state that the Turks bave built a field railway to the Elnakel Oasis.

The road to the Suez Canal, according to the dispatch, is barricaded by the British with a long line of trenches and with artillery positions.

DVER \$600,000,000 FOR AUSTRIA.

Prices Of Provisions In Hungary Fixed

By Decree.

- Subscriptions to the Austro-Hungarian war loans continued in large amounts through the last day on which the lists were open, says a Reuter's dispatch from Vienna. The total of the subscriptions was more than 3,000,000,000 crowns (\$600,000,

The Official Gazette of Budapest publishes a decree, according to these advices, fixing the prices which may be charged for wheat, rye, barley, maize, potatoes, rice and flour.

ARMENIANS ATTACKED

War Call Brings Riots In

Petrograd, via London.-A dispatch received here from Odessa describes in outbreak of fanatical rioting in

Dispatches reaching Odessa from this Turkish city say that following the posting of a proclamation calling the Mohammedans to a holy war all the Armenian clubs, churches and schools were demolished by a mob. Four Armenians, including one woman were killed on the street.

SAYS GERMAN TAX RELIEF.

Flour Sent Belgians From United States Declared Under Levy.

Amsterdam, via London.-The Eche Beige says the German authorities in Relgium are taxing flour sent from the United States for the starving Belgians at the rate of 13 francs (\$2.60) per hundred kilograms.

For all China the exports of silk products in 1913 amounted to \$76,453 729, an increase of \$7.054,227 over 1912

NEW GERMAN ARMY FIGHTS TO BREAK GRIP OF RUSSIANS

Kaiser Rushes Troops From East Prussia to Save Advance Column Caught in Net in Poland

CZAR'S ARMIES TURNED TO MEET FORCES OF RELIEF

Two British Ships

Sunk by Submarines;

Following Loss of the Bulwark-

Admiralty Cannot Still Rumors

That Battleship Was Blown

Up by Torpedo,

London.-A thrill of apprehension

ran through London when it was

learned that, following hard on the

mysterious destruction of the battle-

ship Bulwark at Sheerness, three

British ships had been blown up in

German submarines, operating off

Havre, were responsible for the loss

of two merchant vessels, while the

collier Khartoum was sunk, accord-

ing to the Admiralty, by a mine near

The repeated successes of the

Kaisar's submarines have stunned

the public. Their achievement off

Havre, which would indicate the

under-sea craft passed with impunity

the Straits of Dover, a shallow pas-

sage only twenty-one miles wide, have

aroused the liveliest fears as to the

Doubt Bulwark Story.

of the Admiralty that the Bulwark

could not have been a victim of a

submarine, the general public is far

from convinced that such was not the

The crew of the collier Khartoum

was taken off and landed at Grimsby.

Seeks Way Out

Retiring Invaders in Poland Use Every

Effort to Push Northward.

Petrograd.-Officials who have the

ear of the Ministry of the War have

been told privately that the Russians

have won the greatest victory of mod-

ern times between the Warthe and

the Vistula and about sixty miles west

The report is that the Grand Duke

Nicholas's armies have utterly crush-

ed a large part of Gen. von Hinden-

The German counter offensive, un-

der Lieut.-Gen. von Mackensen, was

halted about twenty-five miles east

of Czentochowa and driven back. Von

Mackensen was forced to abandon Von

Hindenburg's troops to their fate,

Meanwhile the Russian advance in

East Prussia was never delayed an

hour and is reported to be nearing In-

The unofficial news is that Cossacks

are driving Austrian rear guards into

Cracow and that Russian guns are

shelling the city from the northeast

Portugal should co-operae with the

Allies when it considers the step

necessary. The Minister of War

will issue a decree for partial mobili-

Washington reported that a bomb hurl-

ed by a German aeroplane broke the

windows of the United States Con-

sulate at Warsaw and killed several

by a German submarine and a Brit-

ish collier was destroyed by a mine

Off Havre two British ships were sunk

off the English coast at Grimsby.

The British dreadnaught Audacious,

sunk by a mine or torpedo in the

Winston Churchill depreciated Brit-

ain's losses at sea. He said the

dreadnaught a month, for a year

in which time Britain will have

troops, under Gen. von Mackenser

at Lodz and Lowicz inflicted heavy

losses on the Fifth Russian armies

In addition to many killed and

wounded we have in our possession

about 40,000 uninjured prisoners, 70

cannon, 160 ammunition wagons, and

156 machine guns, while we de-

A despatch from Berne says reports

from a reliable source set forth that

the French losses up to Nov. 1,

were 130,000 men killed, 370,000

The Germans are advancing fresh

troops from East Prussia to relieve

the army caught in the Russian trap

in Poland. Petrograd reports the

destruction or capture of the main

been reached in the fighting in Po-

statement in which it was declared

that Germany had violated neutral-

ity by seizing the coal and provision

supplies on two ships, one of them

an American, and had sunk a French

bark in territorial waters.

wounded and 167,000 missing.

fifteen new ships of this class.

German Official Bureau:

stroyed 30 cannon."

German force.

towed to Belfast for repairs.

Irish Sea, has been raised and

persons in the street.

WAR NEWS

burg's army, have captured or destroy-

of Czar's Trap

In spite of the repeated assurance

extent of their powers.

Kaiser's Army

of Warsaw.

sterburg.

and the southeast.

EPITOME OF

English warers

Mine Destroys Third

LATEST OFFICIAL REPORTS ON THE WAR SITUATION

PETROGRAD.-The following statement from the Russian General Staff London Stunned by New Disaster

was made public here: On the left bank of the Vistula our troops, advancing from the lower part of the Bzura River, have reached Gombin.

In the centre of the battle line we captured the town of Brzeziny and the villages in the valley of the Mroga River.

In some places we dislodged the Germans by bayonet attacks. Our offensive in this region continues. Between Brzeziny and Glowno our cavalry succeeded in several charges against the German in-

During the retreat of the enemy we captured a number of field guns, some with their teams complete. We are computing the number of the prisoners captured. Among the German troops we

pushed back from Rzgow and Tuszyn toward Brzeziny was a division of the Prussian guard. In the region of Sgierz and Stry-

kow we attacked the Germans toward Lodz. Between Sgierz and Sdunska Wola some German troops are still holding themselves In their trenches.

In general, between the Vistula and the Warta, the fighting is faverable to our arms.

FRENCH BULLETIN.

PARIS .- The French War Office gave out an official announcement which said:

The slackening of the artillery fire of the enemy was noted all along the line. Two infantry attacks directed against the heads of bridges which we had thrown down on the right bank of the Yser, to the south of Dixmude, were easily repulsed.

In the Argonne some infantry attacks resulted in the loss and then the recapture of certain trenches. The men engaged in this fighting never exceeded a battalion. The ground lost and then retaken was never more than twenty-five yards.

Along the heights of the Meuse and in the Vosges there is nothing

BERLIN'S ANNOUNCEMENT. BERLIN, (By Wireless Telegraph ed more than 60,000 men and have to London).-An official announce cut off the retreat of the surviving ment given out in Berlin says:

English ships did not attack the coast of Flanders again. There have been no actual changes along the battle front in the western arena. To the north of Langemarck we have taken a group of houses and made a number of prisoners.

Our attack in the Argonne region has made further progress. French attacks in the neighborhood of Apremont and to the east of St. Mihiel were repulsed.

RUSHING REINFORCEMENTS. Petrograd.-The Germans are bring-

ing reserves from Prussia and from Danzig, and these troops are making train journeys of from one to four days to the frontier. Thence it takes five or six days marching to reach the fringe of the present battleground

The Russians have part of their strength only turned inward on this position in a kind of siege operation. The Portuguese Congress decided that but the main army is thrown outward over a wide area in order to resist a determined effort now being made again from Thorn to reach the isolated German advance column.

BULWARK'S LOSS A MYSTERY. London.-The British navy suffered the loss of a battleship and at least 736 officers and men in a manner

which mystifies and alarms the pub-The pre-dreadnaught Bulwark, of 15,000 tons and built at a cost of £1,000,000 (\$5,000,000), blew up at her moorings off Sheerness in the estuary of the Thames and barely

thirty-five miles from London. The known facts are that a tremendous explosion occurred at 7:53 A. M., while officers and crew were about their ordinary duties-it is reported that the band was playingand in three minutes the shattered hulk of the ship had disappeared be-

BRITISH WAR LOAN A SUCCESS.

Despite \$1,750,000,000 Offering Allotments Are Cut Down.

London.-The statements concerning the success of the \$1,750,000,000 war loan have been officially con-

The largest banking applicants will get a small percentage. The city places the total applica-

tions for the new loan of £350,000,000 (\$1,750,000,000) at £365,000,000 (\$1,-\$25,000,000). These bonds are quoted in the market at par, plus commissions,

MT. ARARAT MUD HALTS TROOPS

Russian Column Halted-Gun Car

riages Couldn't Make Ascent. Petrograd.—The Russian column in Berlin declared that no decision has Asia Minior was delayed by mud on the slopes of Mount Ararat. When it rached the base of the mountain the horses which were dragging the Chillian maritime officials issued a gun carriages were unable to get a foothold on the slippery ascent. Eventually the officers and men by binding their boots with straw succeeded in dragging the cannon to

WILSON TO THE WARRING POWERS

His Disapproval of the Dropping of Bombs.

ON THE UNFORTIFIED CITIES

President Notified U. S. Represen tatives in Europe To Carefully Convey His Views To Warring Nations.

Washington, D. C .- President Wil son has communicated unofficially to the diplomatic representatives of the United States in the belligerent countries of Europe his disapproval of at tacks by bombs from air craft dropped on unfortified cities occupied by non combatants.

The President was careful not to take the matter up officially, and did not even make his communication through the State Department, but personally addressed the American ambassadors abroad. The President took this course, it just became known nearly two months ago. The facts came to light through the publication of a report that the President had dis cussed the matter with European diplo mats here. This, however, was denied by some of the prominent diplo mats mentioned in connection with it including the German Ambassador.

Just how the American diplomats abroad were to convey President Wilson's feeling in the matter to the foreign governments has not been disclosed, as White House officials, de clined to discuss the subject.

It is believed here, however, that the President called attention to the article in The Hague convention of 1907, to which all the principal belligerents were signatory, which provides for notice of 24 hours before bombardment or atatck in order that non-combatants may remove themselves from the danger zone.

It is not believed that the President mentioned any specific violation, but expressed his views on the general unofficial character of the communication it was intended by the President to bring about a better understanding about aerial warfare without actually involving the American government in

It is supposed that the American sequently, in a personal way with the haps even mentioning the fact that they were doing so at the request of the President, as such methods of obin diplomacy.

AMERICAN EXPORTS REVIVE.

October Trade Balance For Country Is \$57,000,000.

Washington, D. C .- American port trade, crippled by the European war, showed signs of revival during October and the month ended with a balance of trade in favor of the United States of more than \$57,000,000, as shown by statistics just issued by the Department of Commerce.

There was an increase of more than \$39,000,000 in October exports over September, although the total was almost \$78,000,000 below October, 1913. Imports in October fell off more than \$1,000,000 from the September trade, but were \$4,100,000 more than during October last year.

In the \$195,404,630 October exports foodstuffs, crude and manufactured, and food animals formed the principal items with a total of \$73,635,000, an increase of \$32,000,000 over October, 1913. Crude manufacturing materials showed a decrease.

U. S. NOT TO SELL RIFLES.

Discarded Krag-Jorgensons Will Be Kept Until War Is Over.

Washington, D. C.-Krag-Jorgenson rifles discarded by the United States Army when the new high-power Springfield rifles were developed at the government's arsenals and supplied to all troops will not be sold during the European war to any bidder, no matter what country he may represent Secretary Garrison announced he had made this reply to several agents who had approached him on the subject at the outbreak of the war.

BIG EXHIBIT BY ENGLISH.

Many Applications For Space 'Frisco Exposition.

British navy had paralyzed Gerapplications for space from prospective many's commerce, and could retain exhibitors. The United States naval its supremacy if it should lose one collier Jason will call at English ports In January, after taking on exhibits at Marseilles and Genoa. Most of the ap plicants for space are manufacturers Wilson Will Not Have Receiver Named The following was given out by the or artists.

U. S. TO PAY INDEMNITY

Will Give To China Part Balance.

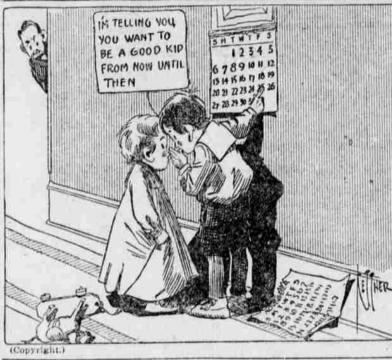
Washington, D. C .- China has apby Congress.

SLAIN WITH HER FATHER.

Florida Girl and Lawyer Found Dead In Ruins Of Home

Miama, Fla.-A. A. Boggs, a prominent Florida attorney, and his daugh-

INSIDE INFORMATION



MUST RESPECT NEUTRAL'S RIGHTS

the Belligerents.

VON BERNSTORFF'S PROTEST MORE MAY HAVE BEEN LOST ish India.

Our State Department, However, Calls Attention To the Fact That England Did Not Ratify the Declaration.

Washington, D. C.-The decided stand taken by the United States government in refusing to accept piecemeal adoption of the principles of the Declaration of London as a guide to commercial restrictions to be imposed during the European war was made subject of aerial attacks. Through clear at the State Department, when the text of a cablegram sent to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin on October 14 last was made public.

Mr. Gerard had communicated a preliminary notice that Germany intended to protest to this government against alleged violation of the decdiplomats used their good offices, con- laration by Great Britain and France. The German Ambassador, Count Bernbelligerent governments, without per- storff, called at the State Department to lodge the formal complaints and the text of the reply cabled to Ambassador Gerard, copies of which went to taining a desired end are not unusual all American diplomatic representatives abroad, was then made public. It follows:

"Please inform the German governtion made to the belligerent countries for the adoption for the sake of uniformity of the Declaration of London for use in the present war has been withdrawn because of the unwillingness of some of the belligerents to adopt the Declaration of London without modification."

Neutrals Have Rights.

therefore, will insist that its rights resuscitate them. and duties and those of its citizens in the present war, be defined by the existing rules of international laws and the treaties of the United States with the belligerents independently of the provisions of the declaration, and this government will reserve the right to enter a demand or protest in every case in which the rights and duties mentioned above and defined by existing rules of international law are violated or their free exercise hindered by the authorities of the belligerent

governments." The message was signed by Counselor Lansing, then acting secretary

WORKING OVERTIME.

Mills Kept Busy Filling European Orders For Woolens.

Mliwaukee, Wis.-Knitting mills of Wisconsin are working on orders for 1,296,000 pairs of woolen socks and 400,000 sweaters for England and France. The orders were "rush" and the mills are running day and night, Prices average \$3 a dozen for the socks and \$2.50 each for the sweaters. Dearth of sheepskins caused a La Crosse concern to refuse an order for 300,000 sheepskin coats for France One Racine factory refused contracts London.-The Panama-Pacific Ex- for woolen goods for European armies position Committee is receiving many because it was said to be working to capacity on domestic orders.

COULD NOT LEGALLY DO SO.

For Coal Mines

Washington, D. C .- President Wilson will not adopt the suggestion of the American Federation of Labor that steps be taken to have a receiver appointed for the Colorado coal mines involved in the strike with the pur plied for and will be paid in a few pose of having them operated by the days \$200,000 of the \$1,175,000 balance Federal government. He told callers of the Boxer indemnity remitted by he had been informed by Secretary the United States. It is being devoted Wilson, of the Department of Labor, to the education of 350 Chinese stu- that the solicitor of that department dents in the United States. The re- has given an opinion that there would mission of the money was authorized be no legal warrant for the operation of the mines by the government.

ANOTHER CARGO TO BELGIANS. Second Relief Ship Sets Sail From

Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The Norwegian steamship Orn, the second steamer to enlisted in Troop M. First United ter, Marjorie, 18 years old, were found leave here loaded with food and other States Cavalry, stationed at Tecate, murdered in the charred ruins of their supplies for the Belgian war suffer. on the border line, 30 miles southeast country home near here. The resi- ers, sailed Wednesday for Rotterdam. of San Diego, was stabbed to death by dence, which was one of the most The Orn is taking across the Atlantic a Mexican. According to the comcostly in this section, had been set a cargo of about 2,000 tons, contributed manding officer. Robinson was killed on fire with the evident intention of by the citizens of Philadelphia and on Mexican soil in a quarrel. The concealing the crime. The bodies were vicinity. Brief religious exercises pre- slayer is under arrest in Mexican Tefound by neighbors, who had been at ceded the sailing of the steamer, cate and will be tried by court-martracted to the scene by the flames. which was witnessed by a great crowd. tial.

EIGHTEEN KILLED IN WRECK AT SEA

From Steamer Hanalei.

Coasting Vessel Goes To Pieces On Duxbury Reef After Futile Efforts By Those On Shore To Get a Line To the Steamer.

San Francisco, Cal. - Forty-three survivors have been rescued from the wrecked steamer Hanalei, which went ashore in a dense fog on Duxbury Reef, nine miles north of the Golden Gate, and was shivered into splinters by the pounding surf.

Eighteen dead have been either washed ashore at Bolinas, just east of the dreaded reef, or brought to port by the United States revenue cutter McCulloch and the naval tug Iroquois. How many are missing never will be known for the best available passenger list in the company's possession gives 28 passengers and 26 crew, a total of 54 souls, whereas the known dead and saved number 60, seven more than are shown on the company's papers. These figures do not include two life-savers washed ashore alive, and three missing. Their boat was swamped.

Loses Infant Son. The ship's pursuer stuffed a bundle of tickets into his pocket, but after ment that the department's sugges. he had been saved he found they were for the northbound trip-useless to show how many were aboard southbound. As the vessel was a small code of naval warfare coaster of 660 tons, plying on a local

A majority of the dead brought in by the McCulloch had swallowed crude petroleum, smeared on the waves from the ship's fuel tanks when she broke up and, although many of them showed signs of life when first "The United States government, picked up, it was impossible to

3 BRITISH STEAMERS SUNK.

Two Merchantmen Blown Up By Ger man Submarine.

London.-Three more vessels have been added to the British losses as a (\$140,000,000) for France aloss result of the war, the steamers Malachite and Primo having been sunk off Havre by German submarines and the collier Khartoum being blown Ribot, submitted to the Cabinet

up by a mine off Grimsby. The crews of all these vessels were rescued, the men from the Malachite It is proposed to issue bonds being landed at Southampton, those from the Primo at Fecamp, a French port on the English Channel, and those from the Khartoum at Grimsby.

Grimsby is on the south bank of the Humber, 15 miles southeast of

Hull. German Craft Daring. The report indicates that Germany's submarines have performed one of their most daring feats. This is the first occasion on which their activities have been reported in these waters. Apparently they made their way through the Straits of Dover to a point more than 150 miles from their nearest German minister of foreign affi

75 THANKSGIVING PARDONS

Governor Blease's Present To South Carolina Convicts

Columbia, S. C .- Governor Cole Blease, of South Carolina, gave 75 state convicts pardons or paroles as Thanksgiving Day presents. Records in the secretary of state's office show Governor Blease has commuted the sentences, pardoned or paroled, more than 1,400 prisoners in the past four

LIFTING CATTLE QUARANTINE. Federal Bureau Certain the Disease Has Been Checked.

Washington, D. C .- Satisfied that the ravages of the foot-and-mouth disease among cattle have been checked of this battle is still und and that the epidemic is now under control, officials of the Bureau of Animal Industry determined to begin lifting the quarantine imposed on the cattle market of various States.

MEXICAN KILLS TROOPER.

Enlisted Man Killed In Quarrel Below Border.

San Diego, Cal.-W. A. Robinson,

GREATEST WHEAT AREA IN HISTORY

Record Harvestin 1915 Demanded By War.

BELLIGERENTS ARE BUSY

Women and Children Are Sowing Seed For the Spring Crop So That There Will Be Plenty Of the Food Grain

Washington, D. C .- The greatest wheat area in the world's history w be planted for the 1915 harvest a result of the European opinion of Charles M statistical expert of the Department Agriculture. In a report just m public Mr. Daugherty says

"As a result of the war in Em a world-wide tendency exists to less the most extensive area in history of the world will be so during the present autumn and co spring. A prospective heavy de for this important food grain by importing countries of Western rope is likely, if seeding cond favor, to give extraordinary ath United States Serves Notice on Only Forty-three are Saved to sowings of both winter and st varieties in the two great exper countries of North America and those sowings now being finished der auspicious circumstances in i

"In the Southern Hemisphere a ing was completed before the war! gan and the effect of present score conditions upon extension of ar there will be manifest only in

spring and summer of 1915. "In Europe, where ordinarily half the world's wheat is produ the indications are that all availalabor resources, in both neutral contending nations, will be utilize the utmost for getting to full or creased areas. In Italy, whose w acreage is ordinarily second in ext to that of no state in Europe, e ing Russia, 1,000,000 acres, it will be added to the crop.

the contending extraordinary efforts are being ex in autumn seeding. The service from military services, ref prisoners of war and soldiers porarily relieved from the ranks being utilized in the Selds as o sions permit and require Because strained labor conditions and a occupation of certain territory d seeding time by contending to some local contractions of area inevitable. The reduction hover likely to be compensated by incr

sowings in neutral nations "In Western Europe, particular England and France, the autumn ings of wheat are somewhat in are but as a large part of these cou is favored with a mild climate, m during the entire winter, little & is expressed over the present of Reports from Germany and other tries of Central Europe indicate seeding operations have been on

on with activity." FRANCE TO RAISE \$280,000,0

\$140,000,000 In War Bonds Alf Subscribed

Paris .- Subscriptions to the a term 5 per cent, national de bonds amount to 700,000,000 f addition, 300,000,000 france of tre bonds are already in circulation.

The Minister of Finance, Alex cree raising to 1,400,000,000 fram amount issuable of war defense denominations, as low as 100 fra Subscriptions to these bends w taken at all tobacco shops, pos and savings banks.

DIPLOMATS OUT OF WOR

Notified That They May Seek Other Employment

London.-The German Emper cording to a dispatch from The to the Exchange Telegraph Con has ordered Gottlieb Van Jag notify all the German dipl agents who hitherto have be ployed in the countries now with Germany that they can t themselves free to choose

Newspaper critics, the me state that this sequel seem cate that German diplomac responsible for the war-

HEAVY FIGHTING IN SER

Battle In Northwestern Ten Undecided.

Paris.-Heavy fighting in ! ern Servia continues, says a to the Havas Agency from N counters on the front, estendi Lazarevatz to Mionitra, are a as particularly desperate, espethe Servian left wing ing on a smaller scale on the east bank of the Dri to the west of Mokragara. there have been no important ments of late.

GIVES 1,000,000 PAIR OF Grand Duke Michael's Gift On Bay State.

Paris,-Grand Duke Mic sia has presented to the Fri 1,000,000 pairs of shoes been ordered from Websief factories at an average pl pair. Some enormous shoes for the Russian Army been placed in America

California is experimen bacco seed from Turker