BELGIANS ADMIT CITY IS IN HANDS OF ENEMY

From 3,000 To 4,000 Prisoners Are Reported By Berlin To Be On The Way Across The Border For Internment.

patch received here from Brussels to besiege the Liege forts. Monday morning.

"We Hold Fast," Says Berlin.

official message from Berlin says: "We hold fast. Liege is in our hands. The losses of the enemy were the city, and says: considerable. Our losses will be communicated as soon as reliably known.

"The transport of 3,000 or 4,000 Bel. Liege by the Germans." gian prisoners to Germany has begun already, according to news re- believed to be Namur on their left ceived here. We were faced at Liege flank and Louvaine on their right by a quarter of the total Belgian flank. If this opinion is correct millarmy.'

Germans Warn Civilians.

Berlin, via London.-A semi-official statement published here accuses Belgian civilians in the vicinity of Liege of having participated in the fighting against the Germans. It says that doctors attending the wounded were fired on from ambuscades and that the population on the French frontier, opposite Metz, fired from an ambuscade upon German patrols.

The statement continues:

"Possibly these facts are due to the mixture of nationalities in the industrial districts, but it is also possible that France and Belgium are preparing to engage in a franc-tireur war says; against our troops. If this is proven by further incidents our adversaries themselves will be responsible if war with inexorable strength is extended to the guilty population. The German troops are accustomed to fight only against the armed power of a hostile state and cannot be blamed if, in self-defense, they should adopt exceptional measures."

Enormous Losses Reported.

Minister of War stating that there prisoners who have arrived at Bruges. had been enormous losses during the fighting between the French and Germans in Lower Alsace were received here. They stated that the Germans had lost 30,000 killed and wounded and the French 15,000, but it was later explained that these reports were based on unofficial advices received at the Belgian Ministry of War. The descrepancy between the early Belgian and the German reports on the situation at Liege is believed by military men here to be accounted for by the retreat of the Belgian troops which had held the routes between the forts and engagements between the French and that the town of Liege has been taken Germans south of the Meuse have ocby the Germans, who continued to ad- curred.

London.-The occupation of Liege vance on a line between Huy and by the Germans is confirmed in a dis- Louvain, leaving part of their army

Indirectly Reaffirmed.

The Berlin semi-official news agency in the meantime indirectly reaffirms Amsterdam, via London.-A semi- the capture of Liege by the Germans. It refers to King Albert's order of the day congratulating the defenders of

> "This order of the day has evidently been superseded by the capture of

The object of the German advance is tary men believe a great battle is imminent between the German and Belgian armles, the latter probably being reinforced by British and French al-

Clearing Luxemburg Of Germans.

"The portion of Belgian Luxemburg invaded by the Germans is being cleared of them by the advancing French troops, who are marching forward with the greatest speed and energy, getting assistance from a division of Belgian cavalry.

"Many trains carried additional French troops during the night to the front by way of Brussels."

Telegraphing from Brussels, the correspondent of the Daily Telegraph "The Belgians bave blown up the

old disused fortress at Liege to prevent the Germans availing themselves "It is reported here that many

Bavarians are deserting or refusing to join their colors, the idea of fighting the peaceable Belgians, whose Queen is a beloved Bavarian Princess, being very unpopular with them."

A Brussels dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that Prince George of Prussia, a nephew of Em-London.-Reports from the Belgian peror William, is among the German

German Guns Ineffective. The heavy guns used by the German

artillery during their bombardment of Liege were 6-inch weapons. The missiles produced no effect on the heavy steel domes over the forts.

The resistance of the forts was greatly facilitated by the excellent military engineering work, which had been carried out on the escarpments and

Fighting South Of Meuse.

It is officially announced that cavalry

ALSATIAN TOWN TAKEN BY FRENCH

Paris Goes Wild Over What is Claimed to Be the "First French Victory," on Foreign Soil.

Village Of Altkirch Captured After years the word "defensive" has disap-Fierce Fighting-Kaiser's Soldiers Retreat, Pursued By Troops Of the Tri-Color.

Paris.-The French army invaded Alsace, captured Altkirch and are officially reported here to have entered Muelhausen.

The official report says the French troops crossed into Alsace and delivered a fierce attack on the German forces at Altkirch.

The French took the village, a place of nearly 4,000 inhabitants. The German forces retreated, pur-

sued by the French troops, in the direction of the great fortress of Muel hausen, which was afterward entered.

The Alsatian natives were so delighted at the arrival of the French soldiers that they tore up the frontier posts.

Losses Believed Heavy.

The capture of Altkirch appears to have taken place two or three days ago. The French Army has now penetrated the enemy's country considerably far there. There was no official mention of the losses, but they are believed to have been heavy.

Military authorities had been convinced that the French Army would trality they will consider themselves assume the offensive at the first op- free to declare war and Austria will portunity because during the last eight invade Venetia and Lombardy.

peared from the French textbooks on strategy. The instructions in tactics have been always to go forward. Ceded To Germany In 1871.

Muelhausen is the second largest town of Alsace-Lorraine and hes 61 miles to the south, southwest of Strassburg, the capital. It became a free city of the German Empire in 1273; in the fifteenth century it entered into an alliance with the Swiss which lasted until 1798, when the city became French. It was taken from the French in September, 1870, and was ceded to Germany, with Alsace, in 1871.

Muchausen is garrisoned by a full infantry brigade, comprising about 9,-000 men, and a full cavalry brigade of about 2,500. It has a population of about 100,000, and is the principal seat of cotton spinning in Western Ger-

ITALY THREATENED.

Germany May Declare War If She Persists In Neutrality.

Rome.-Germany and Austria threaten Italy with the declaration that if the latter persists in its stand of neu-

WIVES URGE SIMPLE LIVING.

Extravagance In Wartime Causes Suf- Much Harried Cruisers Appeal To fering, Appeal States.

New York.-The National Housewives' League sent to all its members peal urging that every family live as Europe is in progress. "Extravagant serts, "will inflate prices and cause great suffering among the poor.

DECKS CLEARED FOR ACTION.

German Cruisers Erroneously Reported Sunk Sail.

Messina, Sicily, via London.-The German cruisers Goeben and Breslau sailed out of San Salvatore under full action in the expectation of meeting ing the straits.

Engineers estimate the available 13,000,000 horsepower.

AID DENIED GERMANS.

Austrian Adriatic Fleet.

London.-A telegram from Rome says semaphores on the south coast of throughout the United States an ap- Italy report the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau making for the simply as possible while the war in Adriatic. A request to the Austrian fleet for aid was refused on the ground living at this time," the appeal as- that there had been no declaration of war between Austria-Hungary and Great Britain.

FOREIGN LEGION FOR FRANCE.

War Office Announces It Will Receive Volunteers.

Paris.-The French War Office is arranging to accept foreign volunteers. beginning August 21. They will be steam. Their decks were cleared for organized into a foreign legion, and will be assembled provisionally at the vessels of the British fleet patroll- Rouen, Blois, Orelann, Lyons, Avignon and Bayonne.

German universities had 59,603 stuwater power of Oregon as more than dents last winter, of whom more than 5,000 were foreigners.

"TO ARMS! GOD WILL BE WITH US," SAYS KAISER

TO BE OR NOT TO BE, SAYS THE KAISER.

Berlin (via London) .- A proclamation by Emperor William addressed to the German nation was published in the Official Gazette.

The text was as follows: "Since the foundation of the German Empire it has been for 42 years the object of the efforts of myself and my ancestors to preserve the peace of the world and to advance by peaceful means

our vigorous development. "Our adversaries, however, are jealous of the successes of our work and there has been latent hostility to the east and to the west and beyond the sea.

"This has been borne by us till now, as we were aware of our responsibility and our power.

"Now, however, these adversaries wish to humiliate us, asking that we should look on with folded arms and watch our enemies preparing themselves for the coming attack.

"They will not suffer that we maintain our resolute fidelity to our ally, who is fighting for her position as a great power and with whose humilation our power and honor would equally be lost.

"So the sword must decide. "In the midst of perfect peace the enemy surprises us. There-

fore to arms! "Any dallying and temporizing would be to betray the Father-

"To be or not to be is the question for the empire which our fathers founded. To be or not to be is the question for German power and German existence. "We shall resist to the last breath of man and horse and we shall fight out the struggle even against a world of enemies.

"Never has Germany been subdued when she was united. "Forward with God, who will be with us, as He was with our

TWELVE FORTS DEFEND LEIGE

explained the operations around Liege. Flemalle and Loncin. He said there were 12 forts, six on varies from three and a half to five

and a half miles. with Forts Hollogne and Boncelles.

Geer and the Brussels railroad and into the city."

Paris .- An official of the War Office | crosses fire with the guns of Forts

Fort Loncin commands the railway each bank of the River Meuse. Their Tongres and Hollogne. Its fire crosses to Saint Felnd and the roads from distance from the centre of the city that of the Forts Hollogne and Lantin.

Nine other forts from a circular chain, each crossing the fire of the Fort Flemalle sweeps both banks of ones on either side of it. They were the river as well as the highway and built 23 years ago and their function the railroad to Namur and crosses fire is to prevent an enemy passing the River Meuse.

"The principal weakness of the Fort Hollogne sweeps the slope of forts," continues the report, "is that Ans and the railroad to Saint Trond they cannot see each other, which with the highway from Hollogne to facilitated the entrance of the enemy

Though in good spirits, the Belgians

Mowed Down By Hundreds.

fighting zone the ground was covered

with dead, the burial of which, it was

Wednesday afternoon. German offi-

King Issues Proclamation.

"Without the least provocation on

our part our neighbor, proud of its

force, has torn up treatles bearing its

signature and has broken in upon the

territory of our fathers because we re-

"An atack has been/made upon us

"Be comforted by our independence.

"Our menaced nation shudders and

said, would take at least a week.

throughout Belgium.

Belgian Army saying:

fused to forfeit our honor.

attitude.

CASUALTIES AROUND LIEGE NUMBER 25,000

Germans Asked for a 24-Hour Armistice to Bury Their Dead According to Belgian Reports.

Berlin (via London).-The official mans to one Belgian not one German German account of the siege of Liege would have gotten through their lines.

"On Wednesday the German ad- were partly exhausted, having fought vance guards penetrated along the en- for 50 hours without rest. tire Belgian frontier. A small detachment tried a coup de main with great boldness at Liege. Some of the cav- witnesses of the fighting, say they saw alry entered Liege with the intention Germans moved down by hundreds in of seizing the commander of the forces, front of the trenches and entanglewho only saved himself by flight.

"An attempt on the fortress itself, Belgians, but that they were replaced the fortifications of which are modern, was unsuccessful.

"A hostile foreign press will characterize the enterprise, which cannot in the slightest influence the larger operations, as a defeat. It, however, Le Peuple says the bombardment of is but a unique act of heroism in the Liege had caused six or seven fires in history of war and a sign of the heroic, the city. The heaviest firing occurred gallantry of our troops."

Germans Propose Armistice.

Brussels (via London).-The Germans before Liege requested a 24-hour sumed at 6 o'clock. armistice, according to an announcement made by the Belgian Ministry

At the ministry it was stated that the Germans admitted their casualties numbered 25,000.

It is assumed that Germans asked for an armistice in order to pick up their dead and wounded. It is reported the French Army has

entered Belgium and is well advanced. People Fleeing From Liege.

Many of the people of Liege have made their way out of the city, fearing an epidemic more than the bombardment.

German prisoners, whom a correspondent questioned, acknowledged freely the courage and tenacity of the its children have bounded to the Belgian troops who are now opposing frontier. the German advance. The prisoners were treated with consideration, and on the way to Brussels were supplied at the stations with beer and bread.

Trains filled with wounded and fugitive non-combatants arrived here from Liege and neighboring towns. The military trains with prisoners on board were sent from Liege to Ant-

that if there had not been ten Ger- and was immediately shot dead.

Leave Quietly.

as consuls in some instances.

Bacon assume the duty.

HANOTAUX APPEALS TO U. S.

Violation Of Treaties.

because your strength has been put to the service of the right. "Glory to you, soldiers and defenders of the liberty of our menaced

fatherland.

Red Cross Doctor Shot.

A doctor, wearing the emblem of the Red Cross, caring for the dead on the The Belgian troops appeared to be battlefield outside Liege, when threatin the best of spirits. They declared ened by Germans drew his revolver,

CANAL TO OPEN AUGUST 15. GERMAN CONSULS ORDERED OUT

Canada Tells Kaiser's Agents To No Reason Known For Changing Plan, Says Garrison.

Washington, D. C .- Secretary Gar-Ottawa.-Intimation has been given by the Government to the German con- rison issued a statement to set at rest suls in Canada that their presence in doubts as to the opening of the Panthe Dominion is not desired and that ama Canal on August 15. "There is they would be expelled from the coun- no reason at present known on the try should they not leave at once. The Isthmus or to the Secretary of War." order applies only to citizens of Ger- said the Secretary, "as to why the many and not to Canadians who have canal should not be opened on that been designated by Germany to act date to vessels not needing more than 30 feet of water."

MINE SINKS BRITISH VESSEL!

Former French Minister Denounces Amphion Goes To Bottom After English Win Battle.

London.-An Admiralty report says Paris.-An appeal to the United States to protect against violations of that the British cruiser Amphion was The Hague treaties is made in Figaro sunk by striking a mine. Paymaster by Gabriel Hanotaux, former Minister J. T. Gedge and 130 men were lost. of Foreign Affairs. He suggests that The captain, sixteen officers and 135 an inquiry should be begun immediate- men were saved. The Amphion was a ly and proposes that President Wil- light cruiser of 3,440 tons. She was son. Secretary of State Bryan, Col. attached to the third destroyer flotilla Theodore Roosevelt, Andrew Carnegie, under Captain Cecil H. Fox, command-Nicholas Murray Butler and Robert ing officer. Her regular complement was 292 officers and men.

as food imports are concerned.

Immense Quantity Wanted For Treating Wounded Austrians.

from horses at once.

What Americans Can And MRS. WILSON Cannot Do During European War.

The proclamation of United States' neutrality in the European war

"Whereas, a state of war unhappily exists between Austria-Hungary and Servia and between Germany and Russia and between Germany and France; and, whereas, the United States is on terms of friendship and amity with the contending powers and with the persons inhabiting their several domains; * * *

"And, whereas, the laws and the treaties of the United States, without interfering with the free expression of opinion and sympathy or with the commercial manufacture or sale of arms or munitions of war, nevertheless impose upon all persons who may be within their territory and jurisdiction the duty of an impartial neutrality during the existence of the contest;

"And, whereas, it is the duty of a neutral government not to permit or suffer the making of its waters subservient to the purposes of war; "Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, in order to preserve the neutrality of the United States and of its citizens and of persons within its territory and jurisdiction, and to enforce its laws and treaties, and in order that all persons, being warned of the general tenor of the laws and treaties of the United States in this behalf and of the law of nations, may thus be prevented from any violation of the same, do hereby declare and proclaim that by certain provisions of the act commonly known as the 'Penal Code of the United States,' the following acts are forbidden to be done, under severe penalties, within the territory and jurisdiction of the United States, to wit:

1-Accepting and exercising a commission to serve either of the

said belligerents by land or by sea against the other belligerent. 2-Enlisting or entering into the service of either of the said belligerents as a soldier, or as a marine or seaman, on board of any vessel of war, letter of marque, or privateer.

3-Hiring or retaining another person to enlist or enter himself in the service of either of the said belligerents as a soldier, or as a marine, or seaman on board of any vessel of war, letter of marque or

4-Hiring another person to go beyond the limits of jurisdiction of the United States with intent to be enlisted as aforesaid. 5-Hiring another person to go beyond the limits of the United

States with intent to be entered into service as aforesaid. 6-Retaining another person to go beyond the limits of the United

States with intent to be enlisted as aforesaid. 7-Retaining another person to go beyond the limits of the United States with intent to be entered into service as aforesaid. (But the said act is not to be construed to extend to a citizen or subject of either belligerent who, being transiently within the United States, shall on board of vessel of war, which, at the time of its arrival within the United States, was fitted and equpped as such vessel of war, enlist or enter himself or hire or retain another subject or citizen of the same belligerent, who is transiently within the United States, to enlist or enter or board such vessel of war if the United States shall then be at peace with such belligerent.)

8-Fitting out and arming any ship to be employed in the service of the belligerents.

9-Issuing a commission for any ship employed as aforesaid.

10-Increasing or augmenting the force of any ship of war. 11-Beginning any military expedition or enterprise from United

The proclamation then prohibited use of American waters by armed belligerents, except in emergencies, or securing munitions, coal or supplies here by such foreign vessels. All cities were warned to maintain strict neutrality and give no

military aid, but expression in public or private or personal views is not interdicted. Transportation of officers or soldiers or contraband of war by Ameicans is also prohibited.

CECILIE IS AT BAR HARBOR.

The Big German Treasure Ship No Americans Will Be Permitted To Evades Capture.

Some of the wounded Belgians, eye Bar Harbor, Me.-The North German Lloyd steamer Kronprinzessin ments by the gun and rifle fire of the since she sailed from New York last by others who crawled forward like week, arrived in the harbor here. weasels. In certain places in the

cers then came to the city with a white prize ever open to capture.

flag and demanded the surrender of the place. They received a negative reply and the bombardment was reand into the harbor under the cover of night, each deck and every port-Martial law has been proclaimed hole was blanketed with canvas so that not a gleam of light betrayed her whereabouts. Her four stout stacks Before departing for the front King had been tipped with black paint so that she resembled an English steam-Albert addressed a proclamation to the

At one time capture seemed imminent, Capt, Charles Polack reported on Sunday that he had intercepted a surplus of banks and trust companies wireless message from one French vessel to another giving warning of the Cecilie's proximity, but under the protection of a providential fog, the and the world marvels at our loyal North German Lloyd liner escaped.

ITALY'S STAND RELIEF.

Rome Hears Russia Will Abandon Poland and Get Behind Second Line Of Defenses.

"Brave soldiers, I salute you in the name of Belgium. You will triumph Rome.-The news that Italy will re-

GERMANS BOMBARD BONA.

Cruiser Fires Eight Broadsides On ancient times. Town In Algeria.

Paris.-The Governor General of Algeria reports that a four-funneled possible with a new combination padcruiser, thought to have been the Ger- | lock. man cruiser Breslau, discharged eight broadsides at the town of Bona. In

ORDER TETANUS SERUM.

New York .- A rush order for 50 iters of tetanus serum for use in gunshot wounds among the Austrian soldiers have been received by the city

HELD IN GERMANY.

Leave During Mobilization.

Washington, D. C .- No Americans can leave Germany for the present. Cecilie, carrying more than \$10,000, Through the German Embassy at 000 in gold, and whose whereabouts Newport, the State Department has have been more or less of a mystery been informed that during the progress of mobilization no foreigners will be permitted to depart. The German The Cecilie dropped anchor here at order applies alike to men, women and 6 o'clock A. M., after a forced run of children, although its purpose is to four days, her officers fearing capture. prevent the flight from Germany of With a cargo of ten millions in gold men eligible for military service under and a million in silver consigned to pretext of citizenship. The inclusion French and English bankers, with an of women and children in the decree estimated value of over five millions is explained by the apprehension that in herself, the Kronprinzessin Cecilie valuable military information regardhas constituted probably the finest sea ing the process of mobilization and especially the points of concentration As she crept along the Maine Coast of the German army forces might be conveyed to the enemy by women.

BILLION MORE AVAILABLE.

Amendments To Bank Law Finally Passed By Senate and House.

Washington, D. C .- Amendments to the bank law extending issues of currency to 125 per cent, of capital and in the Federal Reserve system were passed in the House. More than a billion dollars will be available for additional circulation.

The Senate promptly agreed to the amendments.

RAILROAD PEACE PACT.

The Contract Will Prevent Strike For

Eighteen Months. Washington, D. C .- The agreement main neutral in the war was received to arbitrate the threatened strike of 98

with a sigh of relief throughout the big Western railroads and 55,000 emcountry. The Government is taking ployes was signed by both sides. After all possible steps to safeguard Italian a visit to the White House, Judge trade. The King has signed a decree Knapp, chairman of the Federal prohibiting the exportation of food- Mediation Board, declared this constuffs. This will bear heavily on tract insures peace for at least a year Switzerland, where the food prices al- and a half, because the arbitrators' ready have risen 300 per cent. and board will not reach a conclusion until which is now entirely isolated so far after the holidays and its findings will be binding for one year.

The Chinese have practiced a form of vaccination against smallpox since

Fifty thousand combinations are

In the United States the estimated all 60 shells were thrown into the coal in the ground is 3,554,383,400,000 town, one man being killed and some short tons; total exhaustion of coal in houses damaged. The cruiser then the United States to date the close of steamed toward the west, where she 1911, 14,181,980,000 short tons; annual encountered vessels of the British production, 1911, 496,221,168 short tons.

> Coal orders aggregating 450,000 tons for the Russian southern state railways and 120,000 tons for the Russian northern state railways have been placed.

A large, rich deposit of phosphate has been discovered in the valley of health authorities from the Vienna the Huasco River, about 300 miles Serum Institute. The health depart north of Valparaiso. Government ment has not that quantity on hand engineers are preparing a report and orders were issued to the physi thereon, and it is considered of much clans at the city's laboratories at Otis | importance, since the use of phosville, N. Y., to have serum extracted phate on the farms of Chile is increasing rapidly with good results.

Funeral Services at the White House Were Private.

CABINET AS PALLBEARERS

Remains to Rest Where Presidents Wife Spent Many Of her Girlhood Days-Services Held in East Room.

Washington, D. C.—Funeral services for Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, were held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the White Home in the historic East Room, where be a few months ago she witnessed the happy marriage of her daughter, Jena to Francis B. Sayre. The interment was Tuesday afternoon at Rome, Ga. where Mrs. Wilson spent many of he girlhood days and where her mothe and father are buried.

The services at the White House were private, but were attended by members of the Cabinet a few relatives and intimate friends and by one mittees from the Senate and House Rev. Sylvester Beach, of Princeton v J., who married Mrs. Sayre and Mrs. McAdoo in the White House, officing and the Rev. James H. Taylor, pater of the Central Presbyterian Church of

Flood of Condolences.

Washington, assisted.

The President of France, the President dent of Cuba, the Duke of Connaus Governor General of Canada, the King of England, Sir Edward Grey, foreign minister of Great Britain, Cardina Gibbons and O'Connell and former Presidents Taft and Roosevelt was among the many prominent men was sent their condolences to the Presdent. Messages also were received from

all members of the Senate and House the justices of the Supreme Com American diplomats abroad, goren ment officials, and from practically ambassadors and ministers of foreign nations stationed in the United State The floral trobutes were many as beautiful.

governors of all states, from near

31,000 SHIPS ON ALL WATERS

World's Carrying Power Doubles is

Twenty Years. Washington, D. C .- The world's co rying power practically has doubled the last 20 years, and it now include about 31,000 vessels, with an aggregation capacity of 47,000,000 gross tons, a cording to figures given out by the B partment of Commerce. In number however, this commerce has decrease

slightly, the tendency being town larger carrying units. The United States ranks second it number and tonnage of vessels & gaged in commerce, due to the var number engaged in lake and coatvis trade, although the number of Amer can vessels engaged in foreign tria s far less than that of Great B

Germany, France, Italy or Norway. The crrying trade of the Unit States shows a marked growth it coastwise and lake traffic and a strik ing decline on the ocean. While the gross tonnage of American vessels gaged in lake and coastwise trade h creased from 3,657,304 tons in 1833 9,789,561 in 1913, that of its vessels the foreign trade decreased from k 302,095 tons to 1,027,776 tons, an h crease in one case of 168 per cent m a decrease in the other of 21 percent during a 30-year period in which is value of American foreign trade to from \$1,250,000,000 to \$4,225,000.00k

ITALY WITH WILSON.

and Will Give Him its Support.

Heartily Approves Of Mediation Off

Rome (via London) - President son's offer of mediation in the Euro an conflict is warmly received by the Italian government and will be heart supported should the opportunity of for its application. The offer of med tion by President Wilson has produced an excellent effect.

Washington.-China, through is legation here, has approved Preside Wilson's action in extending good fices to compose the European st through mediation or arbitration I approval was expressed to Secre Bryan today by Minister Kai Fu Sid

JAP CRUISER TO LEAVE MEXICO Recall Of Idzuma Held To Suggest velopments in East.

preparatory to returning to Japan GERMAN POSSESSION SEIZED

Mazatlan, Mexico.—The Japan cruiser Idzuma is coaling at Manaali

British Capture Port Lome, On # African Gold Coast.

London,-A British force on the 00 Coast, West Africa, has seized ! Lome, German Toholand. The selfs of Port Lome was made on instruct from the British Colonial Office. resistance was offered by the German who simultaneously Southern Toholand to a distance of miles from the coast.

SEA FIGHT REPORTED.

German Torpedo Boats Said To Hit Sunk Four British Warships

New York.-Private cable at received in New York report flotilla of German torpedo boats attacked British warships in the B ber, the waterway to Hull, on the coast of England, sinking four of the A number of the attacking German pedo boats were lost.

Two French scientists have build world's most powerful electronic