

The Fulton County News.

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THE GRIM REAPER.

Short Sketches of the Lives of Persons Who Have Recently Passed Away.

BENJAMIN GARLAND.

Benjamin Garland, one of the best and best known citizens of Belfast township, died at the home of his son-in-law Stillwell Truax, Tuesday, July 7, 1914, aged 80 years, 4 months, and 20 days.

Mr. Garland was twice married. His first wife was Mary Hess, a sister of the late Aaron Hess, of Pigeon Cove, and Adam Hess, of Belfast township, and this union was born one daughter—Emma, who became the wife of Mason Mellott, near Sedmore. Not long after his marriage to Miss Hess, she died and some two years after her death he was joined in marriage to Sara Mellott, daughter of the late Isaac Mellott and to this union were born six children—three sons and three daughters, wit: George W., who is now deceased, John F., and Charles, residents of Belfast township, Mary E., wife of David A. Garland, of Needmore, Ettie C., wife of Stillwell Truax, Rachel J., wife of David Hill, all of Belfast township; hence he leaves to survive him a widow, Sarah Garland, two sons and four daughters above named and thirty-five grandchildren and six great grandchildren.

He was a consistent and devout member of the Christian church, to which church of his life, he united forty-five years ago, and was never swerved from fidelity to its teachings.

Mr. Garland possessed a rare ability for making every one with whom he came in contact feel the presence of a friend. He was held in high esteem by his friends and neighbors and was frequently honored by public offices which he filled with credit and distinction.

Funeral services were held at the Hill Baptist church, Thursday, July 9th, conducted by Rev. J. C. Garland and A. G. B. Myers.

WILLIAM DANIELS.

William Daniels died at his home in Licking Creek township, July 20, 1914, aged 59 years, 3 months, and 11 days. For more than two years he suffered from complication of diseases that finally ended in his death. Funeral services were held at his late residence at 10 o'clock on yesterday morning, and his body was taken to rest in the cemetery at the Hill Christian church of which church he was a faithful member and trustee. Mr. Daniels was an industrious, respected man, kind and loving to his family, and an excellent neighbor.

William Daniels was a son of George James and Sophia Daniels, and was born and lived all his life in Licking Creek township. About forty years ago he was married to Miss Luemina Mott, daughter of Major D. D. Mott. To this union four children were born—all of whom are living, namely: Mason, living on adjoining farm; Annie, wife of James Thomas, of Sixmile Run; Oliver, living on an adjoining farm; Rebecca, wife of Charles Mott, of Sixmile Run. His wife survives him. One full brother and two full sisters are living; they are: J. Nelson Daniels, of Belfast township; Angeline, wife of George S. Mellott, of Belfast township; Maria, wife of William Mungardner, of McConnellsburg. There are three half sisters: Rachael, wife of Wm. Dixon of Wilkinsburg; Louie, wife of P. Mann, McConnellsburg; Margaret, wife of E. N. Akers, of Sipes Mills. His step-mother, Emaline Daniels lives on the place where the deceased was born.

HARRISON KALBACH.

Harrison Kalbach, a wealthy man of Lebanon, Pa., died at

To Build Lincoln Memorial Arch.

A mighty effort is being made along a route north of us to induce the Lincoln Highway Association to route the way along the Pennsylvania railroad. The Commission is not disposed to do so unless it fail entirely to receive some support through Franklin, Bedford and Fulton counties. Naturally, the Commission will yield to those who publicly express their appreciation of the road. One of the things desired by the Commission is that the route be made interesting to travelers. Bedford is constructing an historical museum at a cost of many thousands of dollars. Chambersburg has erected a permanent Memorial Arch across the Highway. Fulton county must do something too. The Highway will mean more to this county from a financial point of view than to possibly any other section through which the way will pass between the two oceans. Many people who live along the route in this county claim that a good smooth road between the railroads on the east of us and those on the west, would be better for us than a "one-horse" railroad. The opportunity is now open for all to show how much they care to see the Lincoln Highway come this way. Subscription books were opened \$100 were subscribed in sums of five dollars each. Other lists show \$1.00 subscriptions.

The lists may be seen at L. W. Seylar's drug store and at W. H. Greathhead's Smoke Shop. Drop in and add your mite—or a big "chunk" if you wish. Do not lose sight of the fact that those who receive help are the ones who first help themselves. This is preeminently a case where we must help ourselves.

The arch will be designed by competent engineers, and will be constructed with a view to making it a permanent ornament of which the County may be proud. Hurry in with your subscriptions in order that an estimate of the total amount may be had as soon as possible.

Girl Hikers Entertained.

On Friday of last week, eight young ladies from Foltz "hiked" across the mountain to this place where they spent the night. The recent rains laid the dust on the Mercersburg pike and refreshed vegetation on Cove mountain, making every foot of the seven miles interesting and inviting to healthy young lovers of outdoor life. Bubbling over with surplus vitality, the little bevy of girls dared each other to "hike" to McConnellsburg—and they did. Upon their arrival here they were entertained at a lawn party by Mrs. L. W. Seylar who prepared ice cream, cake, coffee, &c. for them. About twenty young ladies and gentlemen of this place met the Foltz party at Mrs. Seylar's where they spent a pleasant evening. The Foltz ladies spent Friday night in the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Mook, and on Saturday, "hiked" back to Foltz. The visitors were Misses Edna, Ruth and Rhoda Berger; Gladys and Constance Seylar; Florence Poffinberger and Pauline Unger—all of Foltz—and Miss McCullough, of Jersey Shore, Pa.

his home in that city last Thursday, aged 82 years. Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Spangler of this place attended the funeral which took place Tuesday.

Mr. Kalbach became known in the northern parts of this county through his lumber business. About the year 1898 he bought a 600 acre tract of land in Dublin township from the Benjamin Woollet heirs. He afterwards became the senior partner in the firm of Kalbach and Spangler. Three years ago Mr. Kalbach sold his Fulton county holdings to George A. Harris, of this place and the firm is now Spangler and Harris. About four years ago S. B. Woollet purchased from Mr. Kalbach a part of the original 600 acres of his father's land, and has greatly improved it.

To "Boom" McConnellsburg.

We are behind sister towns in providing agricultural instruction to the town's supporters. The News makes no excuse nor begs pardon of any one for again calling the attention of our townsmen to the valuable practice of entertaining the people of the surrounding territory at a big dinner and free lecture once a year. Many towns in the State that thrive off of what the farmers spend during their visits to the stores are gallantly showing their appreciation of the farmers' trade by doing what they can to give the country people a day of pleasure in town. In most instances the bankers take the lead and enthrone the merchants to join in defraying the expense.

Gentlemen, if we had the space to give stories in detail of how local men elsewhere have worked up this plan, and to give figures of results, you would not hesitate twenty-four hours to start the movement for McConnellsburg. The features of the day are free lectures on scientific farming by a competent speaker whose duty it is to be on hand all day to answer the scores of questions that are perplexing the farmer. If any of you do not know of the desire of our farmers to listen to talks on modern ways of handling land, ask a few who come to your banks to transact business. If they have been keeping tabs on other communities they will tell you that through the free instruction furnished by experts brought to town by the bankers and merchants, products of the immediate vicinity have been doubled in some instances, with the resulting increase in deposits and trade. You may call the move selfish if you wish, for the cost of the dinner and speaker is invariably over-subscribed by the expenditures of the visiting farmers during the day, to say nothing of the lasting stimulus given to trade for the balance of the year; but the farmer does not begrudge you that. Indeed, gentleman, a Cove man just now looked over our shoulder as we write, and read enough of this article to catch the drift of it and exclaimed, "Count me in that, I'll help." Here is a Cove farmer actually offering to help finance the move—and we have no doubt but that there are many who would want to help pay the expense of a "Farmers' day"—but that would not be the town's treat if they be permitted to contribute. We could feed 2000 on the Court House square and not miss the cost; all would send a basket of eatables.

Judges May Refuse All Licenses.

The right of every Judge of quarter sessions to refuse every liquor license application within the jurisdiction of his court, on the ground of "no necessity" was affirmed by the Superior Court, sitting in Philadelphia last week.

The decision was made in refusing the appeal of liquor interests from the unprecedented action of Judge George S. Criswell, who made Venango County dry last April by his sweeping refusal, under the Brooks law, to renew a single one of the twenty-three liquor licenses theretofore held in Venango County.

The lengthy opinion, written by President Judge Charles E. Rice, holds, among many reasons given, that the demand for liquor by consumers is not the sole and conclusive test to be applied in determining whether a license is necessary, and that due consideration must be given by the judge to the character of the remonstrants. The opinion, if published in full, would make four columns in the News; but is embraced in the foregoing which are in diametrical opposition to what took place at the last term of license court in our county.

Newspapers throughout the State make the claim that the Superior Court decision is the severest blow the liquor interests have ever received.

CHAMBERSBURG'S BIG WEEK.

One Hundred Years of Old Chambersburg; Fifty Years of New. All of Next Week.

On July 30, Col. Benjamin Chambers, who some time before had established a fort at the confluence of the Conococheague Creek and Falling Spring, having received generous land grants, secured a charter for the village, Chambersburg, which had sprung up about the fort. One hundred years later, to the day, on July 30, 1864, a detachment of the Confederate army under the command of General McCausland laid waste by the torch this town of Chambersburg because the citizens would not—and could not—comply with his demand for a large sum of money. Five hundred and thirty-seven buildings, the town's best structures, were burned, entailing a loss of \$713,294.31 in real estate and \$915,137.24 in personal property.

And for this damage the government has never paid the town one cent, although less just claims have been settled by Uncle Sam.

Next week, July 26—August 1, Chambersburg will mark its double anniversary by week-long exercises. The slogan is Chambersburg Commemorates Celebrates, and for this, committees have been working for months past. With the commemoration and celebration will be combined Old Home Week and the annual convention of Cumberland Valley Volunteer Firemen's Association.

The celebration begins on next Sunday morning when the ministers will deliver special sermons and an "every member present" effort will be made in the churches. In the evening there will be union services on the historic Falling Spring Presbyterian Church lawn, "old" ministers speaking and music by a large chorus choir.

Monday morning a committee of seventy old residents will welcome formally the "old" boys and girls who have returned, and there will be addresses by several prominent citizens. Chambersburg this week is celebrating and this is the only speech-making of the week. For the automobile parade Monday afternoon enough cars were entered a week ago to insure its success.

Tuesday is devoted to secret orders and the parade, with floats and demonstrations, will be a feature. On this day the "old" boys and girls have a ride around town to see the marked and many changes in their old 'burg.

Wednesday's feature will be an industrial and business parade for which over 70 floats are already entered. On Thursday the firemen from the Valley and else where will parade and on this day and all day Friday there will be contests for firemen and railroad trainmen.

Friday evening promises one of the most interesting events of the week—a masked carnival along the seven blocks of the White Way. Organizations and individuals all take part and a beautiful spectacle (also interesting) is assured.

On Saturday the children will have their innings with a parade and many family picnics at the town's two parks are being arranged for.

In the point of liberality in the matter of prizes for excellence in all the various demonstrations, contests, floats, etc., the town is unusually generous. Over seven hundred dollars are offered in prizes.

One of the best features for Chambersburgers, old and present, will be the musical play, "Ben Franklin, Jr." which will be given in the New Theatre Wednesday and Thursday nights. Words and music were written by local people, and the scenes and actions are all local and the production is being rehearsed by a local man, who has made good

Latest From Mexico.

Ex-Would-Be-President Huerta of Mexico, did not "die with half the inhabitants in Mexico City before he would give up to the Constitutionalists" as he boasted he would do; but as soon as he realized that he had held his self imposed job as long as he dared, he took train for the coast at Puerto, Mexico, where he caused the railroad company to extend the tracks close to the wharf in order that he could step from the train into a waiting steamer with out exposing his precious person to the possible bullets from concealed enemies. He remained in his Pullman car from some time last week until Monday when the ship sailed for Jamaica.

Further serious fighting in Mexico may now be over. The way is clear for Villa's Army to the City of Mexico. The United States is using its good offices to prevent the carrying out of the old Aztec custom of executing captured officers of the enemy's army, as has been the practice during the present civil war in Mexico. President Wilson's determination not to recognize any one as president of Mexico who gained that position by force of arms for the gratification of personal ambition, has had its effect. The victorious Constitutionalists fully realize the power of the United States to enforce its wishes in the present case, and it is thought that law and order will soon be established in bloody Mexico.

A Whiff of Locomotive Smoke.

Work on the improvements to the Cumberland Valley Railroad through Newville has commenced. This work will require about two years to complete and involves the changing of the channel of Big Spring, the razing of several buildings and the construction of two subways.—Exchange.

Newville is very probably the point on the Cumberland Valley railroad from which the South Penn will branch if it should be built. Ever since the Cumberland Valley began buying property near Newville there has been much speculation as to the final disposition the road intends to make of these farms. Coupled with the fact that this road applied last winter for a permit to build a new bridge across the Susquehanna river at Harrisburg and the work on the approach now being in progress, many think that the tunnels and grading in the northern end of the County will soon be utilized as intended thirty years ago. We shall see what we shall see.

Danger of Lightning.

The greatest danger during thunder storms is under trees, in strong drafts of air, near wire fences, wire clotheslines, wires attached to poles etc. Barns are struck oftener than churches. Buildings with wooden roofs, when struck, are more likely to be burned than those with metal roofs. Cool lightning rods, properly put up, are an efficient protection, but poor rods are worse than none. Professor J. W. Smith of the Ohio University, states that iron rods kept painted are better than copper, and are much cheaper.

in theatricals.

In the old C. V. R. R. passenger station all week will be shown relics and articles of historical value that have been collected for this exhibit by the Kittochintny Historical Society, not only from Chambersburg but also from all over Franklin County. The Pioneer, the first engine of the C. V. Railroad, will be part of the exhibit.

Of course, there will be bands playing nearly all the time, bunting floating from all buildings and all the other incidentals that have made Old Home Weeks peculiarly American picnics.

Evangelist Johnson at Mt. Union.

At a meeting of representative citizens of our neighboring town Mount Union, recently, it was decided that their enterprising town with its rapidly growing population and increase in business interests should have the benefits that come from a modern evangelistic campaign; consequently, arrangements have been completed for the building of a tabernacle with a seating capacity of 2,000, to be ready by the 28th of August, when the well-known evangelist Robert E. Johnson and his party will conduct a campaign running until the 28th of September.

Evangelist Johnston, was at one time, in the wholesale crockery business in Cumberland, Md., and it was then that he was converted to the Christian faith. Feeling that to be a member of a church meant more than subscribing to the "constitution and by-laws," he went out among the neglected in his city, started a mission, and was blessed of God in his efforts. Larger fields were opened to him, and during the last fifteen years he has been engaged in conducting "evangelistic campaigns" like Billy Sunday, Dr. Biedervolf and others.

The Johnson party have just closed a campaign in Osceola Mills, Pa., a town of less than 2500 people, with the result that 1025 persons were added to the church—a large percentage of which were men.

Will Make Road.

If the red tape machine at Harrisburg don't slip another cog, there will be an army of men put to work on the State roads at once. The controversy between Chief Highway Commissioner Bigelow and State Treasurer Young was threshed out in the court at Harrisburg with the result that the treasurer was ordered to honor drafts from the Highway Department. It seems that there has been money in the treasury all the time; but, according to the Treasurer's story, he has the right to have audited accounts presented to him as a guarantee that the money asked for was spent as claimed. This, the Treasurer claims, Bigelow would not agree to do. On the other hand, Bigelow claims that the Treasurer withheld the money on trumped-up charges, in order to discredit the Highway Department. Bigelow belongs to the Penrose wing of the Republican party, and Young is the pet of the Washington or Bull Moose party. Every one knows how much these two wings of an old party "love" each other. Then, there are the Democrats, Keystoners, Progressives, Socialists, Labor, Prohibition, Suffragette, and dear knows how many other parties to placate, and they are having his Majesty's own time over the spoils.

Army Worm Reaches Chambersburg.

For some time the papers have been giving accounts of the devastation to the army worms that seem to be traveling from the south-west until large areas of the northern States have become infested with that pest which leaves nothing green in its wake. Last week the worms hit Chambersburg and ruined many lawns. When these worms are on the march, deep furrows are ploughed in front of them and as fast as the furrows are filled, they are killed by dragging a log through the furrow, or by sprinkling with kerosene. If the worms are already in the field, they may be killed by feeding them a mixture of one pound of Paris green to fifty pounds of bran mixed with the juice of half a dozen oranges until all will crumble like chick feed; sprinkle over the field, but remember that the paris green will kill your chicks or any other thing that may eat it.

Mr. M. V. Malot, of Hustontown, spent a few hours in town Monday.

BATHING IN POLLUTED WATERS.

Little Talks on Health and Hygiene by Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., LL. D., Commissioner Health.

There is a common but erroneous idea that clear water is pure water. Unfortunately this is untrue as many a stream which to all appearance is uncontaminated carries the germs of typhoid and dysentery.

Throughout the summer months thousands of camps dot the streams and woodlands and the seekers after health and pleasure naturally turn to the streams for their water supply and for bathing purposes. Often camps are located close together and if there is careless disposal of the wastes by those up stream they become an active menace to those below.

For the sake of safety be careful in selecting a bathing place. Streams should be avoided which are contaminated by city sewage. Where there is any doubt regarding the character of the water it is better to boil the entire supply used for drinking and culinary purposes and to forego the pleasure of swimming.

On picnics and excursions to the country unused wells and those in barn-yards or near out houses should be avoided. Even springs are not always to be relied upon for they are often contaminated by the drainage from adjacent properties. The alluring roadside springs that look so tempting to the weary traveler on a hot day is often so located that it receives road drainage and is unfit for use. It is far better to suffer a temporary inconvenience from thirst than to risk a drink from a questionable source.

The general adherence to these suggestions would save much of the typhoid which for years has been an inevitable accompaniment of the vacation season.

To Prevent Hog Cholera.

With hogs as easily and quickly raised as they are, many wonder why the price of pork remains so high. The answer is—cholera. In the West, where formerly tens of thousands of fat hogs supplied the demand of the packers, cholera has discouraged the raising of hogs until the production of pork in the West has diminished to but a small fraction of the demand. Congress recently passed an act which granted the sum of \$500,000 to combat hog cholera. Federal and State authorities in fifteen states will cooperate to prevent and eradicate the disease. Briefly, the method of procedure will be: First—Education on the subject by assembling farmers of districts and talking to them. Second—Organization of farmers. Third—Statistics of each district. Fourth—Sanitation and quarantine. Fifth—Treatment. Sixth Serum Production.

We have not suffered so much here in Fulton county, but there is no telling when we will; and it would be well for all to ask the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. to put them on the mailing list so as to receive free the printed letters that are periodically sent out. They come to this office, but they are too long to re-print in the News. The Department makes special request that your name and full address be written so plainly that there can be no possibility of making a mistake in deciphering it.

Fire at Hustontown.

Between twelve and one o'clock Sunday night a fire of unknown origin started in the new machine shop belonging to Hayes Strait, in Hustontown. The shop, a thresher, a clover huller and a sawmill outfit were burned. The destroyed property was valued at about \$1600, with \$600 insurance.

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