

McConnellsburg, Pa.

BIRDS AND THEIR ENEMIES.

A recent report of the United States bureau of entomology constitutes one of the strongest arguments imaginable upon the absolute economic folly of exterminating America's bird life. This country, says a bureau expert, suffers each year through insects a loss aggregating \$1,200,000,000; rodents cost us \$200,000,000; weeds more than \$400,000,000. These are staggering figures, indeed. They need not be minutely accurate to point a moral as obvious as it is important. Every thinking person knows they are near enough the truth to make the warning significant. In nature's fine balance of living agencies the birds found their largest utility in keeping the insect pests of mankind from submission. Not all birds eat insects, but most do. Others destroy rodents, and many eat the seeds of weeds. It was a fine scheme of economy nature had. Man in his cruel blindness has upset the balance. He has made plumage fashionable for hats and glorified bird dinners. Even pot-hunting has been winked at. A policy widely recognized as indefensible has been followed for years. America foots the bill for her own indifference. The first punishment is visited upon the farmers, but its effects are felt by every family in the land.

The rapid transmission of news among Kaffirs and Hottentots is a mystery which even Mr. Rider Haggard was unable to solve. Mr. Haggard was at Pretoria in 1875, at the time of the battle of Isandhwana. Twelve hours after the disaster an old Hottentot washerwoman told him that Cetawayo had defeated the British troops, and gave details of the fight. So impressed was Mr. Haggard that he reported the information to his official superior. The British official pointed out that it was impossible for the news to be true, as Isandhwana was 192 miles from Pretoria, and no telegraphic or railway communication existed between the two places. On the following day official confirmation of the disaster was brought by mounted messengers, who were dispatched immediately after the battle and traveled at top speed all the way. Yet the natives won by twenty hours, and the washerwoman's story was true in every detail.

The assertion that cats are necessary in bakeries is supported by wide observation and by the judgment of high practical and scientific authorities in all parts of the world. Rats are pests, and no better antidote for them than cats has ever been found. Poison will not do especially in a bakery, where the smell of the poisoned rats coming from the holes into which they had retreated to die would corrupt the air and the bread. It is captious criticism that would object to bakers keeping cats.

Dr. Hastings, the Toronto medical health officer, complains that only about 23 per cent of the 500 cattle killed for consumption weekly in that city are inspected, and that an average of 55 diseased animals a week are sold for food. A Canadian government analyst asserts that for the last third of a century the pepper used in Canada has been adulterated 40 per cent. We are doing better than Canada in some things.

How interesting it would be to students of mechanics as well as to students of history to see the first steamboat in which Fulton took passengers on the Hudson in 1807. By preserving in the National Museum at Washington the first flying machine purchased from the Wrights for the war department, the government is providing a treat for students in centuries to come.

We are informed that an easterner whose best girl gave him the frigid milt has gone insane. We have often heard of people who went crazy with joy.

We fail to understand why some people are so badly stung by the aviation bug when all the delights and dangers of the game may be experienced on a roller coaster.

The policemen of Lynn, Mass., are to be armed with clubs made of paper. These will logically go with paper sanitary drinking cups.

Boston highbrows are trying to determine whether "been" should be pronounced "bin" or "bean." If they are patriotic Bostonians the bean will win in a walk.

A woman of eighty in a Connecticut town captured and held a burglar until help came. Here is the first knock out blow for the age limit.

Advice to the aeroplane operator: Be careful.

It is evident that the excuse of the ancient Adam, who all men have yet in them, has not outgrown its force—"It was all the woman's fault."

At any rate, the man who said he could swim across the Atlantic achieved his ambition. He got his name in the papers.

Some persons have to be satisfied with a Reno divorce, because it is the best they can get.

ANDREW CARNEGIE GIVES \$25,000,000

Aid For His Educational Institutions.

PLACED WITH CORPORATION

Steel King Turns Over His Philanthropies To the Carnegie Corporation of New York, Which Will Hereafter Aid or Organize Libraries.

New York.—Andrew Carnegie announced that he had given \$25,000,000 to the Carnegie Corporation of New York, organized here under a charter granted by the New York legislature last June, "to promote the advancement and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States."

In bestowing this gift upon the corporation, organized especially to receive it and apply its income to the purpose indicated, Mr. Carnegie, in a statement given out at his home on Fifth avenue tonight, said he intends to leave with the corporate body the work of founding and aiding libraries and educational institutions which he as an individual has carried on for many years.

The statement is as follows: "The Carnegie Corporation of New York, incorporated by an act passed by the New York legislature June 9, 1911, was organized November 10, 1911. The purposes of the corporation, as stated in the charter, are as follows:

"Section 1.—Andrew Carnegie, Elihu Root, Henry S. Pritchett, William H. Brew, Robert S. Woodward, Charles L. Taylor, Robert A. Franks, James Bertram and their successors are hereby constituted a body corporate by the name of Carnegie Corporation of New York for the purpose of receiving and maintaining a fund or funds and applying the income therefrom to promote the advancement and diffusion of knowledge and understanding among the people of the United States by aiding technical schools, institutions of higher learning, libraries, scientific research here funds, useful publications and by such other agencies and means as shall from time to time be found appropriate therefor."

"The incorporators met at Mr. Carnegie's house Friday afternoon, November 10, 1911, accepted the charter, adopted the constitution and by-laws and elected the following officers: President, Andrew Carnegie; vice-president, Elihu Root; treasurer, Robert A. Franks; secretary, James Bertram."

"Mr. Carnegie transferred to the corporation for its corporate purposes twenty-five millions of dollars par value first-mortgage gold bonds of the United States Steel Corporation."

SCENE OF CARNAGE.

Twelve Thousand Soldiers Engage In the Slaughter.

Nanking, China.—Historic Nanking is the shambles of the Manchus. The sun set upon a scene of fire, rapine, desolation and butchery unrecorded in modern history.

Twelve thousand Manchus and imperial old-styled soldiers held Purple Hill, where they are entrenched, while from beneath their stronghold they are driving before them hordes of Chinese out of the city.

Innocent Chinese, leaving everything behind them, are fleeing, terror-stricken and destitute, to the shelter in the fields at the rear of the reform forces. The latter, numbering between 20,000 and 30,000, are impatient to check the slaughter or avenge the slain, because of their lack of ammunition.

The revolutionists had delayed a second concerted attack upon the Manchus pending the arrival of ammunition expected from Shanghai. The Manchus took advantage of the situation.

Lincoln and Roosevelt.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Lincoln and Roosevelt were cited by Dr. Carl Barnes, of Philadelphia, in an address to the Wisconsin Teachers' Association as the only two brilliant presidents of the United States since Jefferson.

Dr. Barnes' assertion that Americans put more trust in excellence of character than in brilliance of intellect, pointed to the rejection of such men as Webster, Clay and Blaine.

Slain By Robbers.

Reading, Pa., November 10.—A series of holdups in this city and vicinity during the last 10 days culminated Friday in the murder of Gordon Kaufman, 32 years old, who conducted a bakery in the lower section of the city.

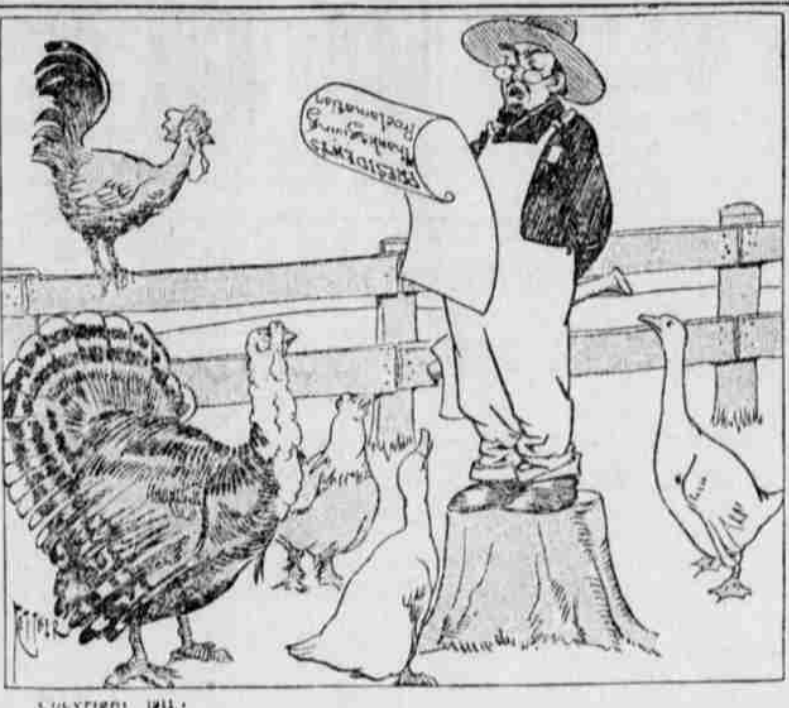
Indorse La Follette.

Denver.—In accordance with resolutions adopted at the recent meeting of the National Progressive Republican League at Chicago, Progressive Republicans of Colorado have completed a permanent organization and indorsed Senator La Follette, of Wisconsin, for the Republican presidential nomination and passed resolutions calling for state-wide primaries for the expression of presidential choice. The organization declared for a presidential primary law and indorsed the recall for all elective offices.

Woman Sits As Judge.

Vancouver, Wash.—For the first time in the State of Washington a woman sat Friday as judge. Owing to the absence of G. L. Davis, justice of the peace, the trial of a civil suit involving a small debt would have been postponed, but by stipulation of the attorneys Miss Mildred Henthorne was agreed upon to sit in his stead. After hearing the case Justice Henthorne "took the matter under advisement."

THE THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION



REVOLUTION IS SWEEPING ON

Canton, the Largest Chinese City, Formally Proclaims Its Independence—Fochow Turned Over To Revolutionists.

Peking.—The residents of the Forbidden City are taking in great quantities of rice and other stores. Fifteen hundred infantry and 500 cavalry of the Manchus First Division, who fled from Shi Kia-Chuang after the assassination of General Wu Lu-Cheng, arrived here and entered the city. The revolutionists consider that all hope for the Manchus has vanished.

All consular reports received at the Imperial capital agree that the revolutionary spirit has got beyond control throughout the empire with the exception of Manchuria. The foreign legations have arranged ample protection for foreigners. The officials of the British legation are preparing to exercise their right of guarding the railroad from Peking to Tien-Tsin.

The temper of the Manchus remains the most serious consideration. The Chinese greatly fear that they may precipitate a conflict. Allowing for recent desertions, it is estimated that there are 22,500 Manchus troops.

Prince Ching, the acting premier, stated that the Manchus did not intend, if besieged, to defend Peking. Chinese officials believe that while the Manchus intend fully to guard against surprise inside the city, should the revolutionists make a serious demonstration outside the walls, the court would begin negotiations, giving up, if necessary, all but their lives and accepting such provision for the future as may be offered.

The city of Fochow is in the hands of the revolutionists. After taking it they wiped out the entire Manchus district. The foreign settlements have not been disturbed, but fires have broken out in several sections of the native city, threatening its destruction. Fochow is one of the most important cities of the south, having a population of 700,000. It is the seat of a naval arsenal, government shipyards, a mint, a school of navigation and a large dry dock.

The situation in Amoy is quiet, but a serious state of affairs is threatened, owing to the scarcity of provisions. Most of the city's supply junks were captured by pirates in a spectacular raid, the entire crew of one ship being massacred.

COMMISSION FOR SACRAMENTO.

Democrat Will Be Mayor Until New Law Goes into Effect.

Sacramento, Cal.—Sacramento stepped into the ranks of cities having the commission form of government as a result of the municipal election. The new charter was adopted by a majority of 68 out of a total vote of more than 8,000. Mayor M. R. Beard, Democrat, was re-elected with a plurality of 374 over Allen W. Stuart, Socialist. He will serve until the new charter takes effect, which will be next July.

WALSH LEFT \$125,000.

At Height of Success Wealth Estimated at \$15,000,000.

Chicago.—According to the statement of one close to the family of the late John R. Walsh, the estate of the former bank president, railroad magnate, financier and manipulator, whose opinions once moved the market, will amount to but little more than \$125,000. At the height of his power, and just before the government successfully prosecuted him for bank wrecking, the former newsboy was worth \$15,000,000.

Bombs From Airship.

Tripoli, via Rome.—Terrific execution was done by the Italian military aviation corps which is fighting the Arabs. Bombs dropped from aeroplanes killed scores of natives and Turkish soldiers who were unable to respond.

Girl Killed By Boy Hunter.

Winnipauk, Conn.—Margaret Wood, 18 years old, was accidentally shot and almost instantly killed by Timothy O'Neil, fifteen years old, who had been out hunting.

Unearth Old Coffin.

Erie, Pa.—Workmen excavating on the shores of Lake Erie have unearthed a crumbling coffin containing the remains of a man believed to have been a member of Commodore Perry's crew in the historic battle of Lake Erie. In the coffin were found buttons "be those in the Public Library Museum, which were used on the uniform of Perry's men.

An attachment has been invented to make an alarm clock turn on and light a gas jet at a predetermined time.

SHELLS HALT TURK RAID

Italians Relax Their Severity After Resentment By World—Red Cross Men Slain.

Tripoli, via Malta.—Fighting has been resumed about this city and Fort Hamideh, which is now held by the Italians. An Italian cruiser in the harbor shelled the desert at sunrise and drove back bands of Turks and Arabs who were creeping toward the city's walls from a clump of palm trees.

The severity of the Italians' treatment of natives has relaxed as a result of the wave of resentment expressed throughout Christendom. Hundreds of bodies lie exposed in the desert, still unburied.

Among the bodies discovered by the Italians are those of Red Cross surgeons, who were slain by the natives and Turks in reprisal for the Italians' cruelty. They had gone into the desert to treat wounded Turkish troops, but had been set upon and killed after being tortured.

Arab Women Fight.

Malta.—Arab women, dressed in men's clothing, are leading in the fighting against the Italians in Tripoli. The sex of these Amazons was not discovered until a number of them had been killed. This information reached here on steamships from Tripoli.

Passengers on the steamers declared that General Caneva is using this fact as an explanation for the Italian slaughter of women and children.

Uprising In Tunis.

Tunis.—A heavy guard was placed about the Italian consulate here in consequence of a threatened uprising by the Arab population in sympathy with the Turks.

EACH PARTY SSES HOPE.

The Washington Politicians Get Much Consolation.

Washington.—Politicians in Washington after closely analyzing the results of Tuesday's election, generally concede that it somewhat complicated the presidential outlook, with about equal advantages for Republicans and Democrats. Their views are about as badly mixed as were the returns, but all parties profess to find consolation in the outcome. The fact that local issues entered into the various campaigns makes it difficult to use the results as a basis for accurate forecast.

GIRL HERO OF ELECTION.

Hammond, Ind.—Miss Virginia Brooks, of West Hammond, the young reformer, won her most brilliant victory when the citizens repudiated the Interstate Electrical Company bond issue in the special election by a vote of 3 to 1. Miss Brooks held mass-meetings, hired carriages to take the voters to the polls, through personal effort, she got out the biggest vote ever known in the city's history.

Find Man In Shark.

Pensacola, Fla.—A dozen men armed with rifles killed a giant shark which devoured Jules Antoine. Portions of Antoine's body were found in the shark. Sailors on the British steamer Aldergrate saw the old man fall overboard. A shark seized the body and the crews of several vessels began a general shark hunt. The monster was more than 12 feet in length.

Dead From Hazing.

Champaign, Ill.—Friends of Eugene Norton, 18 years old, attribute his death here from pneumonia to hazing to which he was subjected two weeks ago. At that time upper classmen at the University of Illinois routed the boy from bed at 2 A. M. and forced him to do ghost dances on the campus attired only in his "nighties." A bad cold resulted, which eventually developed into pneumonia.

See Goes To Prison.

Chicago.—Evelyn Arthur See, founder of the cult of The Absolute Life, who was recently convicted of contributing to the delinquency of Mildred Bridges, a minor, was given an indeterminate sentence of from one to five years in the penitentiary by Judge Honore. See's attorney was given 30 days to complete an appeal to the higher courts against the sentence.

Fire Destroys Old Church.

Springfield, Mass.—A spectacular fire destroyed the Olivet Congregational Church on Armory Hill, the second oldest house of worship in the city, causing a loss estimated at \$30,000.

Taft Has Pardoned 448.

Washington, November 9.—The forthcoming annual report of the Department of Justice will show that President Taft has pardoned or commuted the sentences of 448 Federal prisoners during his three years of office. It is doubtful if any president has shown so much mercy in dealing with criminals.

Camels' hair brushes are not made from the hair of camels. They are made from the tails of squirrels found in Russia and Siberia.

OLD LINCOLN HUT NOW A MEMORIAL

Martyred President's Birthplace Preserved.

PRESIDENT TAFT ACCEPTS

President Taft and Other Distinguished Persons Take Part In Ceremonies Dedicating a Granite Structure.

Hodgenville, Ky.—The movement inaugurated five years ago by Robert J. Collier, of New York, for the erection of a suitable memorial to Abraham Lincoln at the place of his birth is now an accomplished fact. In the presence of a gathering in which Mason and Dixon's Line was obliterated impressive exercises were held in dedication of the magnificent memorial structure surrounding and covering the old log cabin in which Abraham Lincoln was born, February 12, 1809.

The cornerstone was laid by ex-President Roosevelt on the centennial anniversary of Lincoln's birth, two years ago last February. At the dedication Thursday President Taft was the central figure. The exercises were held at the Thomas Lincoln farm, which was purchased by the Lincoln Farm Association several years ago with a fund raised by popular subscription. After acquiring the property the association proceeded with the erection of the memorial building to protect for all time the lowly cabin in which the martyr president was born. The memorial stands on a slight elevation where stood the original Lincoln homestead. Some years ago the cabin was removed for exhibition purposes, but was restored to its original site.

The memorial building is an imposing structure of white stone, of classic design, with giant pillars ornamenting the front and two sides. The entrance is approached by a broad flight of terraced steps.

The dedication exercises were of a simple but impressive character. In addition to President Taft the speakers and prominent participants included Henry Watterson, Governor Wilson, representing the State of Kentucky, and Robert J. Collier, who inaugurated the Lincoln farm movement.

President Taft said in part: "Few men have come into public prominence who came absolutely from the soil as did Abraham Lincoln. It is difficult to imagine the lack of comfort, accommodation and the necessities of life that there were in the cabin in which he was born.

The almost equanimity in which he passed his early life made him familiar with the sufferings, thoughts and sympathies of the plain people, and when he came to great power his understanding of their reasoning and of their views gave him an advantage in interpreting their attitude which cannot be overestimated.

"He was not slow, but he was cautious, deliberative, attentive, as befitted one who insisted on establishing every proposition that he adhered to by original reasoning from fundamental postulates.

"The diary of his cabinet officers show how, under his very nose and generally with his clear perception of it, political combinations against his interest were formed only to be dissolved and fall harmless through the patient tact of this master of men, this greatest of diplomats."

SIX ENGAGED TO TRANSPORT COAL FOR THE NAVY.

Washington.—Six foreign steamers and one American, the only one offered, have been chartered by the Navy Department for the purpose of transporting coal from the Atlantic to the Pacific Coast for the use of the navy. For the foreign vessels, the bids submitted called for a rate of \$5.44 a ton, while the American bid was \$8. The law provides that the coal must be shipped in American bottoms unless the rate be excessive, and it has been decided that where the American rate was 50 per cent. higher than the foreign rate, it should be considered excessive.

FLIGHT OF MISSIONARIES.

Boston.—Five New England missionaries stationed at Hankow have been forced to flee to Shanghai. At the Boston headquarters of the American Advent Mission Society a cablegram was received from the Rev. G. Howard Malone, the society's missionary at Nanking, which read: "Nanking ladies' Shanghai." This was interpreted as meaning that the women attached to the Nanking mission had fled to Shanghai for safety.

Jordan Water For Baptism.

Washington.—Water drawn from the River Jordan by General Grant when on his world tour after retiring from the Presidency was used in the baptismal service of little Douglas Grafflin, son of Rev. Samuel W. Grafflin, pastor of Anacostia Methodist Episcopal Church. Dr. George H. Cook, an uncle of Rev. Mr. Grafflin and physician to President Grant, presented the parents with a vial of the water.

Wins Election Tie By Lot.

Canton, Ohio.—Arthur Turnbull, Democrat, was elected by lot over Harry Schilling, Socialist. The official count showed a tie, after unofficial returns indicated Schilling's election by two votes.

Tartar General Beheaded.

Washington.—The apparent seriousness of the revolutionary situation at Foo Chow is evidenced from the report that the Manchus there had surrendered to the rebels and that the Tartar general had been beheaded. Apparently anticipating that a similar fate would befall him should he fall into the hands of the rebels, the viceroy committed suicide. This information came to the Navy Department from Rear Admiral Murdock.

Held "Wake" For Lorimer.

Chicago.—How the bells of a church at Rockford, Ill., were made to toll 46 times to indicate the number of votes cast in favor of Senator William Lorimer retaining his seat in the United States Senate, and how badges of black were distributed to those present and the meeting was referred to as "Lorimer's funeral," was related by the Senatorial investigating committee by Fred E. Sterling, editor of a newspaper at Rockford.

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TERRIFIC STORM WIPES OUT TOWN

Fourteen Persons Killed and Many Hurt.

CHURCH PROVES BAD REFUGE

Church Blown Down and Three People Lose Their Lives—Wisconsin and Illinois Visited by Disturbances.

Janesville, Wis.—Nine persons are dead, another dying, many are injured and nearly half a million dollars worth of property was destroyed in a cyclone that swept over Rock county. Near Orora, where the whole Smith family—three daughters, a son and the father—was killed.

Killed By Fall Of Church.

Springfield, Ill.—Just before 5 o'clock a cyclone struck Virginia, Ill. Three persons were killed when the Methodist church, where many of the people took refuge, collapsed. About 50 of the occupants are believed to have been injured. The principal buildings in the business district were unscathed. John Frazier is among the injured and will probably die.

Two Killed At Milton, Wis.

Chicago.—Two persons were reported killed at Milton, Wis., according to messages received by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad. Property damage also was reported and train service greatly delayed by buildings, windmills and other obstructions blown across the tracks at Milton Junction, Pewaukee and other Wisconsin towns.

Severe weather conditions are reported all the way from the Rocky Mountains. In Chicago the wind blew 44 miles an hour and in Yellowstone Park and at Helena, Mont., thermometers registered 8 degrees below zero.

Much Damage At Rossville.

Danville, Ill.—A storm, accompanied by much lightning, that swept over Vermilion county, developed into a tornado at Rossville, where much damage was done. At the Eugin, Jonet and Eastern Railroad round house several small buildings were blown down and the coal coales were blown across the track.

Missouri Town Also Hit.

Springfield, Mo.—A tornado swept over Springfield, wrecking a number of residences and injuring a score of persons. Earl Fresscott was fatally hurt by the collapse of a barn.

FOREIGN STEAMERS CHEAPER.

Six Engaged To Transport Coal For the Navy.

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THE NEWS OF PENNSYLVANIA

Mount Joy.—Christian H. Becker, a prominent farmer, of East Lampeter Township, died at the age of 53 years. He is survived by three children.

Chester.—Becoming entangled in the bed coverings, Joseph Dadds, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Dadds, was smothered to death.

Canonsburg.—James M. Collins, a well-known business man and candidate for borough auditor, was found dead at his desk with a bullet in his brain.

Harrisburg.—George Harris, who placed obstructions on Northern Central Railroad tracks in this county last summer, was sent to an insane hospital.

Chester.—A darning needle almost three inches in length, which had been in his body since he was a boy, was taken from the back of Edward Morris, a resident of Marcus Hook.

York.—A corps of surveyors is busy surveying between this city and the Maryland line for a State road. The survey follows the old York and Chancelor pike through Dallastown, Red Lion, Peachbottom township and Delta.

Reading.—Augustus Gresh, a wealthy retired farmer, of Gilbertsville, this county, was found dead in bed. He was eighty-three years of age. Apoplexy was the cause of death.

Reading.—Raymond Gilmore, a fifteen-year-old boy, accidentally shot himself while examining a loaded revolver. The bullet entered his head above the right eye and came out above the left eye.

Kittanning.—Mrs. Mary Lehner died in a hospital here as the result of a wound received when her brother-in-law, Douglas Quinn, accidentally discharged the gun he was cleaning preparatory to a hunting expedition.

Waynesboro.—Petitions are being circulated in Greene, Franklin and Fayette counties, asking President Taft to pardon J. B. F. Rinehart, former cashier of the Farmers and Traders' National Bank, of this place, who is serving a fifteen-year term in the Western Penitentiary for wrecking the institution.

Lebanon.—Dr. John J. Light, upon responding to a hurry call to an up-town drug store, was started to find that his services as county coroner and not his skill as a physician was required in the case of Mrs. Albert Beyerle, of Annville. The doctor was asked to stop a nose hemorrhage and then found that the patient had died from a hemorrhage of the lungs. She had been shopping.

Punxsutawney.—Eight miners are believed to have been killed in the Adrian shaft of the Rochester and Pittsburgh Coal and Iron Company's mine, located four miles from here, as a result of an explosion. Fifty miners who entered the shaft several hours after the accident, in an attempt to effect rescue, were driven out by the gas. Some of them, becoming unconscious, were carried to the surface by comrades. All the missing miners are foreigners.

Reading.—Despondent because she would have to undergo an operation in the near future, Mrs. Eli Z. Welch ended her life in a horrible manner. She had been melancholy for a week or more and two women attendants were in constant attention. While they went out of the room for a short time, Mrs. Welch made her way to the bath room and securing a match struck it and set her dress on fire. In a moment she was enveloped in flames. She fell down a flight of stairs, her burning gown setting fire to the carpet and other wearing apparel. Her husband's both hands were terribly burned in fighting the flames. She died an hour later in a local hospital.

Reading.—The death of Charles Segner, of Ploverville, several days ago is attributed to the hold-ups that have been taking place in this vicinity lately. Mr. Segner was found on the Green Tree hill in an unconscious condition, with bruises about head and neck. He delivered a load of hay, coal to Hohnston and was on his way home. He stopped at the Green Tree Hotel to have his team of mules fed after which he mounted the saddle and started for Ploverville. It is mule and started for Ploverville. It is supposed that while he was driving over this lonely stretch of road he was land some of the persons who have been operating the hold-up having the suspected Mr. Segner. He was sold money for the charcoal that he was taking advantage of this up and place on the road to hold him and body rob him. Mr. Segner's head and body are bear bruises that indicate the use of a heavy club or possibly a revolver butt.

Allentown.—Convicted of manslaughter in court, Ralph Pall