COPYRIGHT 1909 by THE BOBBS - MERRILL COMPANY

SYNOPSIS.

Count di Rosini, the Italian ambassador, is at dinner with diplomats when a messenger summons him to the embassy, where a beautiful young woman asks for a ticket to the embassy ball. The ticket is made out in the name of the secret service, and Mr. Grimm, his head detective, are warned that a plot is brewing in Washington, and Grimm goes to the state ball for information. His attention is called to Miss Isabel Thorne, who with her companion, disappears. A shot is heard and Senor Alvarez of the Mexican legation, is found wounded. Grimm is assured Miss Thorne did it, he visits her, demanding knowledge of the affair, and arrests Pietro Petrozinni, Miss Thorne visits an old bomb-maker and they discuss a wonderful experiment. Fifty thousand dollars is stolen from the office of Senor Rodriguez, the minister from Venezuela, and while detectives are investigating the robbery Miss Thorne appears as a guest of the legation. Grimm accuses her of the theft; the money is restored, but a new mystery occurs in the disappearance of Monsieur Bolssegur the French ambassador.

Years Inere is no doubt. The lew would care to look at the copies them?"

He offered the duplicates tents ously staring at him. They, seemed meaningless as bearing or matter in hand. Finally, Mr. Gr matt

CHAPTER XII .- (Continued.)

"Monsieur," he went on, and there was a tense note in his voice, "the ambassador of France had disap night—that is, Thursday night?" peared, gone, vanished! We searched the house from the cellar to the serv- ing we can find." it seems, Monsieur," and repression his chair bat or coat!

pressionless countenance of Mr. his cigarettes?" Grimm.

"If he left the embassy?" Mr. Grimm

blankly for a moment, then nodded.

"And there are windows, you know,"

years. There is no doubt. The letters were not of a private nature. If you would care to look at the copies of

He offered the duplicates tentatively. Mr. Grimm read them over slowly, the while Monsieur Rigolot sat nervously staring at him. They, too, seemed meaningless as bearing on the matter in hand. Finally, Mr. Grimm nodded and Monsieur Rigolot re-

"And Wednesday night, Monsieur, another strange thing happened. Monsler Boissegur smokes many cigarettes, of a kind made especially for him in France, and shipped to him here. He keeps them in a case on his dressing table. On Thursday morning his valet reported to me that this case

up in the distance, still he sat there. "Of course," observed Mr. Grimm, Monsieur Boissegur has a latch-key house for which he was waiting. to the embassy?" "Of course."

"Anything unusual happen last "Nothing, Monsieur-that is, noth-

ants' quarters, even the roof, but Mr. Grimm sat silent for a time and there was no trace of him. The hat fell to twisting the seni ring on his iy, se usually wore was in the hall, and finger. Mr. Campbell turned around its blinding flood, but he didn't move. all his other hats were accounted for. and moved a paper weight one inch | Then softly, almost in a whisper; You may remember, Monsieur, that to the left, where it belonged, while Tuesday was cold, but all his top coats | Monsieur Rigolot, disappointed at their were found in their proper places. So amazing apathy, squirmed uneasily in

ended in a burst of excitement, "if "It would appear, then," Mr. Grimm now, but he knew it instantly-there he left the embassy he did not go out remarked, musingly, "that after his was not another quite like it in the by either door, and he went without mysterious disappearance the ambas- wide, wide world-and though he was sador has either twice returned to his still blinking a little, he came to his He stopped helplessly and his gaze house at night, or else sent some one feet courteously. alternated inquiringly between the be there, first to bring the letters to sevolent face of the chief and the ex- him for signature, and later to get corrected gravely.

"Certainement, Monsleur-I mean, saw her, a graceful figure, silhouetted that seems to be true. But where is against the rich green of the wall repeated. "If your search of the he? Why should be not come back? draperies. Her lips were curled the house proved conclusively that he What does it mean? Madame Boisse- least bit, as if she might have been wasn't there, he did leave it, didn't gur is frantic, prostrated! She wanted smiling, and her wonderful eyes reme to go to the police, but I did not flected a glint of-of-was it amuse-Monsieur Rigolot stared at him think it wise that it should become ment? The folds of her evening dress public, so I came here.'

"Very well," commented Mr. Grimm. white arm was extended, as her hand derstand it, Monsieur, no one except may reassure madame. Point out to

Mr. Grimm went on, then: "As I un- "Let it rest as it is. Meanwhile you still rested on the switch. "And you didn't hear me?" still in the half-whisper. "I didn't think you would. Now I'm going to put out the lights for an instant, while you pull the shades down, and then-then we must have a-a conference.

> The switch snapped. The lights died as suddenly as they had been born, and Mr. Grimm, moving noiselessly, visited each of the four windows in turn. Then the lights blazed brilliantly again

light filtered through the half-drawn

velvet hangings and laid a faintly il-

lumined path across the ambassador's desk; the heavy leather chairs were mere impalpable splotches in the

shadows; the cut-glass knobs of a

mahogany cabinet caught the glint of

light and reflected it dimly. Outside was the vague, indefinable night drone

of a city asleep, unbroken by any sound that was distinguishable, until

finally there came the distant boom

Seated on a couch in one corner of

the ambassador's office was Mr.

Grimm. He was leaning against the

high arm of leather, with his feet on

the seat, thoughtfully nursing his

knees. If his attitude indicated any-

thing except sheer comfort, it was

that he was listening. He had been

there for two hours, wide-awake, and

fifteen minutes more passed, and then

Mr. Grimm heard the grind and whir

of an automobile a block or so away,

coming toward the embassy. Now it

plaintively. "Hon-on-onk! Honk!"

"Honk! Hon-on-onk!" it called

The signal! At last! The automo-

bile went rushing on, full tilt, while

Mr. Grimm removed his feet from the

seat and dropped them noiselessly to

the floor. Thus, with his hands on

his knees, and listening listening with

every faculty strained, he sat motion-

that led into the hall. The car was

gone now, the sound of it swallowed

was obviously some noise in the

Minute after minute passed, and

still nothing. There was not even the

whisper of a wind-stirred drapery. He

was about to rise, when, suddenly,

with no other noise than that of the

sharp click of the switch, the electric

lights in the room blazed up brilliant-

"Good evening, Mr. Grimm."

The glare dazzled Mr. Grimm with

It was a woman's voice, pleasant,

unsurprised, perfectly modulated.

Mr. Grimm certainly did not expect it

"Good morning, Miss Thorne," he

Now his vision was clearing, and he

fell away from her, and one bare,

less, peering toward the open door

absolutely motionless. Five,

was in front.

of a clock. It struck twice,

"Just for a moment," Miss Thorne explained to him quietly, and she handed him a sheet of paper. "I want you to read this-read it carefullythen I shall turn out the lights aga They are dangerous. After that we may discuss the matter at our leisure."

Mr. Grimm read the paper while Miss Thorne's eyes questioned his impassive face. At length he looked up indolently, listlessly, and the switch snapped. She crossed the room and sat down; Mr. Grimm sat beside her. "I think," Miss Thorne suggested tentatively, "that that accounts perfectly for Monsieur Bolssegur's disappearance."

"It gives one explanation, at least," Mr. Grimm assented musingly. "Kidnapped-held prisoner-fifty thousand dollars demanded for his safety and release." A pause. "And to whom, may I ask, was this demand addressed?"

"To Madame Boissegur," replied Miss. Thorne. "I have the envelope in which it came. It was mailed at the general post office at half-past one o'clock this afternoon, so the canceling stamp shows, and the envelope was addressed, as the letter was written, on a typewriter."

"And how," inquired Mr. Grimm, after a long pause, "how did it come into your possession?" He waited a little. "Why didn't Monsieur Rigolot report this development to me this afternoon when I was here?"

"Monsieur Rigolot did not Inform you of it because he did not know of it himself," she replied, answering the last question first. "It came into my possession directly from the hands of Madame Boissegur-she gave it to

Mr. Grimm was peering through the inscrutable darkness, straight into her face-a white daub in the gloom, shapeless indistinct.

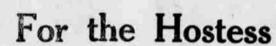
"I have known Madame Bolssegur for balf a dozen years," Miss Thorne continued, in explanation. "We have been friends that long. I met her in Tokio, later in Berlin, and within a few weeks, here in Washington. You see I have traveled in the time I have been an agent for my government. Well, Madame Boissegur received this letter about half-past four o'clock this afternoon; and about halfpast five she sent for me and placed it in my hands, together with the singular details following upon the ambassador's disappearance. So, it your table, allowing for the thickness would seem that you and I are allies for this once, and the problem is already solved. There merely remains the task of finding and releasing the

ambassador." Mr. Grimm sat perfectly still.

"And why," he asked, slowly, "are you here now?" "For the same reason that you are here," she replied readily, "to see for myself if the-the person who twice came here at night-once for the ambassador's letters and once for his cigarettes-would, by any chance, pleat it very fully and tack it on here, of course."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Other Way Around. Mr. Angus-"If you knew how to cook we could save money." Mrs Angus-"If you knew how to save money we could employ a cook."and cover with a center piece.



Girls who have been to recent afternoon porch parties tell me of these contests which were used while the hostess was putting the last finishing touches to her refreshments. For the first one cards were passed having bumble bees in water color on the first page, and the second page revealed the following questions, all to be answered by words ending in "sting:"

1, a sting that cures fatigue: 2, a sting that cures hunger; 3, a sting that tidies your room; 4, a sting that makes you laugh; 5, a sting that cooks your meat; 6, a sting unwise people indulge in; 7, a sting that browns your bread; S. a sting that spoils your tools; 9, a sting that makes you read a book through; 10, a sting that tries; 11, a sting that adapts; 12, a sting that shop-keepers dislike; 13, a sting we observe in Lent; 14, a sting tea experts do: 15, a winter sport.

1, resting; 2, feasting; 3, dusting; 4, jesting: 5, reasting: 6, beasting: 7, teasting: 5, rusting: 9, interesting, 10, testing: 11, adjusting: 12, trusting: 13, fasting: 14, tasting: 15, coasting.

These are the correct answers:

Honey cookies and iced tea were honey from the hostess' own bee hive. This contest was used at what the hostess termed "an informal porch tea." The cards passed were white,

with quaint little ten pots and cups and saucers painted on them with the clever cards at the luncheon her mothfollowing queries done in gilt paint: T before a girl's name forms a cat; T before a beverage forms a story;
 T before craft forms a small pie; 4, T before shower forms a line of cars; 5, T before foolhardy forms rubbish; 6, T before a request forms labor; 7, T before a gun forms something trivial; 8, T before

growing on the head of some animals forms a spine.

Answers: 1, tabby; 2, tale; 3, tart; 4, train; 5, trash; 6, task; 7, tride; 8, true;

Claret lemonade at a toast to the ne charming mistress.

Guessing Contests for Porch Parties, [9, tall; 10, tease; 11, terror; 12, twit; 13, table; 15, thug; 16, Tweed; 17, trace; 15, thorn.

Sunday Dinner Market.

making money that I give the outline, hoping some "Ladies' Aid" or guild will be benefited thereby. The scheme was carried out in a suburb and the sales lasted every Saturday during the month of August. Booths were erected upon the lawn and the committees were formed by taking names alphabetically. Sarads, cold meats, rolls, bread, cakes, cookies, jams and jellies, mayonnaise, candies and cheese crackers were always made and orders taken for anything in the home cooking line. Young housekeepers found the sales a great help and strangers at nearby boarding houses and hotels patronized them for a cup of tea and a sandwich or a dish of home-made sherbet. There were young girls to serve and the arrangements were so perfected that the burden was not heavy upon any one. A goodly sum was added to the served and the prize was a cake of treasury, all made by a little extra effort during the summer.

Place Cards for Engagement Announcement.

A young woman used these very er gave to make known her engagement to a few favored friends. A web of delicate silver cord (like we use for holiday parcels) was sewed upon a pink heart-shaped card, a wee silver heart being seemingly caught in its meshes. The monogram of the happy regret forms something trivial; S. T before regret forms sincertly, S. T before everything forms height, 19. T before to rest forms to plague, II, T before a mistake forms fright; 12. T before humor forms to blame; 13. T before finish forms watchfulness; 14. T before competent forms a piece of furniture; 15. T before embrace forms a criminal; 18. T before a useless plant forms a river in Scofland; 17. T before a contest of speed forms, a mark. before a contest of speed forms a mark; loving cup was passed filled with 18, T placed before a very hard substance claret lemanade and each girl drank claret lemonade and each girl drank a toast to the new home and its

MADAME MERRI.

For Garden Party



HE gown on the seated figure is the ornamental cuffs are of lace maderia embroidery; it is finished which is finished with a fagoted hem. ance league is fighting against in one with two flounces, ernamented with the same embroidery and made with fichu fashion and forms a sash end, fine tucks.

The corsage forms wide revers ordered with pink satin, of which the of guipure finished at the neck with hol is outside the body." girdle is also made. The guimpe and a double ruffle of lace.

A Pretty Table.

that has been lopped would be nice;

Fasten each of them securely with

two clamps of wood, leaving room be-

tween to nail them on to the large

log. Nail on each end of the chunk

with a few stout wire nails, leaving

the clamps on the side the goes onto

the leg. One barrel end will be for

a foot, the other for a top. Take a

piece of cretonne or furniture cotton;

around the top with preventive tacks

and any old brand of binding; catch

it in half way between the top and

bon, tying a bow on the front side;

of pink linon. The skirt is The skirt of the other gown is of ornamented in front with a white mousseline de sole, covered with band of the material, embroidered in a tunic of old blue mousseline de sole humanity. Your National Temper-The corsage is of lace arranged in fiffished with pearl fringe. The fichu our hands and to disinfect them, but is edged with blue satin, of which the

Take Out Grease.

Magnesia will take grease spots out Take a round piece of wood twice of carpets and rugs. Get a block of the size of the mouth of a coffee cup. it from the drug store for five cents. a piece of the stout limb of a poplar Scrape it with a knife into the fine powder and lay this on the grease saw it about the height you would like spot covering it entirely. Rub it in a little, and let it stand over night. Reof two barrel ends, one for the top, move it the next day with a clean one for the foot, which may be smallwhisk broom and the spot will be er, which would be much better. gone

White Mayonnaise. If a white mayonnaise is wanted, select white-shelled eggs which have paler yellow yolks than the dark ones. and use lemon juice instead of vinegar for acidifying it. Whipped cream folded in at the last moment improves mayonnaise for most purposes.

To Renew Furniture.

Before using furniture polish one bottom with a piece of old bright ribshould thoroughly wash the piece with warm soap suds. After carefully drying apply the polish, and if the furni then tuck under every three pleats to the foot; cover the top with any old ture has no checks or cracks in the discarded piece of goods you have varnish it will shine and look just like



PRESENT IS AGE OF LAXITY

Every Man is inclined to Be Law Unto Himself, and Thinks Most of "Having Good Time."

Christians believe that Christ took human form and lived a human life This seemed such a capital idea for In order to rescue toon com that which aegraded them, and enable them to develop their nobler selves. His work of salvation was to a large extent effected by putting before men the idea of a life of self-control. He desired his disciples to recognize that they also were sons of God, and to live in obedience to the promptings of the divine element within them, and thus to rescue themselves from the lusts of the flesh and become true men living the life of fruitful sons of God. The man who is unable to control his appetites and passions is a slave and not a free man. A true man must be master of himself. One great object for which the church ex-Ists is for the discipline of life, by helping men to strive for the mastery of self, for temperance and self-control in all things. We live in an age. of laxity, writes the deen of Worcester, Eng., in the Temperance. Every man is inclined to be a law unto himself, and thinks most of doing as he likes-"having a good time" as the phrase goes. Drunkenness is a national vice. The obligation to worship is largely neglected, and the idea of Christianity as a disciplined life is weakened.

Earnest-minded men in these days

have to face this condition of things. and consider how men can be brought to realize the necessity of temperance in the scriptural sense of self-control -of living a disciplined life. How can it be done? Not by taking men out of the world. The ultimate failtire of many monastic attempts tenches that. But if men moved by the spirit of God, of self-denial and self-sacrifice, to combat any life unworthy of the sons of God, are to remain in the world, they need to be banded together that they may have the sustaining support and fellowship and association of those who are likeminded. That is why it is in these days societies are formed instead of monasteries. Looking at the nation as it is, we cannot, if we are honest, fail to see that of all the agencies destructive of self-denial the greatest is the habit of drinking alcohol. In taking it men intensify the powers of the beast in themselves, and lessen their powers of resistance by weakening the will. Of all the physical causes which produce moral defects, the consumption of alcohol in any form is the most widespread and disastrous. In all periods of history, and among all races of men where alcohol in any form has been produced and passed into consumption, it has had straint, and producing physical and oral degradation. Temperance reis the curse of the country; it destroys the lives of one in twenty of the population. The temperance movement is a religious movement, and derives its power from a strong faith in God and the obligations of the sons of God, and in the belief that any thing which leads to self-control and discipline is furthering the purposes of God. The Rechabites believed in self-denial and discipline. They had ever been foremost in the fighting ranks, and they had always combined enthusiasm with practical wisdom. Let us thank God for what has been accomplished, but let what has been done be only an incentive to further advance. And it must never be forgotten that Christian discipleship involves the discipline of the whole life-discipline and self-denial with regard to other evils, other vices, other weaknesses and tendencies of human nature. Let us, therefore, associate with others who recognize the need of self-discipline in other directions than that of indulgence in drink.

Good to Wash With.

On a recent occasion Professor Kocker of Bern said: "You will be astonished to hear that I am a great friend of alcohol, though I have experienced myself that when I have to do much and good work I must not drink alcohol at all, and I have frequently to tell my patients not to drink it. I appreciate to the highest degree what temperance societies have been doing for the welfare of way the application of alcohol. But we use alcohol a great deal-to wash we are afraid to introduce it in the namented with embroidery and bor girdle is also made. The plastron is body. The only rational use of alco-

A Centenarian Abstainer.

Dr. Edgar Jones of Great Burstead. Essex, England, celebrated just recently his one hundred and first birthday. He is the oldest English doctor and perhaps to contrast Jeremiah's and has been for nearly sixty years a magistrate for Essex. On the occasion of his attaining his one hundred and first birthday last year Dr. Jones received a congratulatory letter from the late King Edward and also a simflar letter from the Royal College of Surgeons, of which he became a member as far back as 1834. The aged doctor, who has been a lifelong abstainer, was able to leave his room and receive the congratulations of friends.

Interfered With Duty.

A constable who had recently joined a Rechabite Tent sent in his resignstion, giving his reason that being a Rechabite he could no longer carry out his duties. The commissioner said: "Why, that does not interfere with your duties as a constable." Yes, sir, it does," said the man, "for if I saw a drunken man in the street I could not arrest him, because I have to refrain from touching anything containing intoxicating liquors.

JEREMIAH TRIED AND ACQUITTED Sunday School Lesson for August 6, 1911

Specially Arranged for This Paper

LESSON TEXT-Jeremiah 26. MEMORY VERSES-13-14. GOLDEN TEXT-"The Lord is my light and my salvation; whom shall I fear?"— Psa, 27:1.

TIME-Josiah was slain in battle B. C. 608, in the list year of his reign. Jehotakim his son began to reign the me year and reigned eleven years, B. C.

PLACE-Jerusalem and Judah.

JEREMIAH began to prophesy B. C. 628, in the 12th year of Josiah, soon after Josiah began his first reforms, and be prophesial av years, to B. C. 586, the year that the Tempie was destroyed and Jerusalem burned to the ground.

We turn now from the career and character of a good boy who became a good king, to a bad young man who became a bad king; while the same prophet who aided the first for 18 years tried now to stem the tide of evil favored by the other during the 11 years of his reign.

Thirteen years of labors to make his people serve and obey God have passed since Josiah entered upon his great reform. The Pharaoh Necho of Egypt marched along the seacoast of Palestine northward to meet the armies of Assyria. Foolishly and needlessly espousing the Assyrian cause, Josiah met him at Megiddo on the plain of Esdraelon, was defeated and killed. Professor Kent calls this disaster unquestionably the most tragic event in Hebrew history. The reform party at once placed upon the throne Josiah's third son, Jehoahaz, 23 years old, evidently because he resembled his father, but as soon as the victorious Necho returned from the Euphrates he reversed the arrangement, carried Jehoahaz in chains to Egypt after a reign of only three months, and left on the throne his elder brother, Eliakim, 25 years old, rightly judging him to be of a character more suited to his purpose. In token of vassalage Eliakim changed his name (in form, but not in significance) to Jeholakim. "Jehovah raiseth up." He proved to be a tyrant, of whom Jeremiah speaks always in condemnation. His magnificent palace, built by forced labor, his murder of the prophet Uriah and his persecution of Jeremiah show his

Jeremiah was a native of Anathoth, a little villag three and one-haif miles northwest from Jerusalem. His father was Hilkiah, a priest (not the high priest who was Josiah's zid). He was of a retiring, exquisitely sensitive nature, and yet had a spiritual courage that triumphed over all weakness, and compelled his body to the most difficult and dangerous duties. He never failed. He was the butt of ridicule and scorn. He was put in the stocks. He was publicly whipped. He was misrepresented as an enemy. He was imprisoned several times, nut be kept

He was like an elm tree, whose the effect of capturing and subduing branches yield to every breeze, but men's wills, breaking down self-re which no storm, not even one that upheaves rocks from their beds, can cause to move one hair's creadth from form lies at the bottom of all political, its place in the ground. It is no wonsocial, and religious progress. Drink | der that he was sometimes discouraged, disappointed, almost despairing. He has been called "the weeping prophet" because he lived in such dark and evil times, but the only wonder is that he ever had such glorious gleams of hope, and that his prophetic eye ever pierced through the darkness of the night tempest and saw the silver lining beyond, and the rays of the coming dawn. He was a "mellorist" rather than an optimist. He saw the evil, but he was ever working to make it better. Like a doctor in a hospital he looked at disease from the curative standpoint.

In the beginning of Jeholakim's reign (B. C. 608) Jeremiah makes an earnest appeal to the leaders and the people, almost like an inaugural address, or the annual serrion preached in Boston on the inauguration of the governor of the state. The prophet stands in the court of the temple. The people not only of the city but of the surrounding country are flocking into the court to join in the worship. The reform was halting. The kingdom was impoverished by the heavy fine of 100 talents of silver and one of gold (\$220,000) which Necho of Egypt had imposed. It was a fitting time for as

earnest appeal to repentance. Jerusalem was acquitted by the princes. They realized that he had been the spokesman of God. Then some of the elders, the leading people, instanced the case of the good king Hezekiah. He did not slay the prophet Micah, who boldly threatened the destruction of Jerusalem-that its site would become a plowed field, and the temple a heap of ruins, unless they repented. Hezeklah did not kill Micah, but on the contrary he led his people to repentance, and the Lord averted the danger.

The verses following tell us of another prophet who fled from danger to Egypt, was followed by the emissaries of Jehoiakim, brought back and executed. This story is meant to show how serious Jeremiah's danger was faith and courage with the timidity of Uriah, who yet did not escape his enemies, but found a sad end.

It is the strong adverse wind that makes the kite fly high toward heaven, provided that it is held fast by its cord. Without the string the adverse winds would simply blow it to its fall and ruin. A heart fixed in God and duty-held fast to them by a strong faith-can rise to the highest usefulness, can overcome every temptation.

Revival work and decision days, wisely used, are the most effective reinforcements of the common powers that move to the choice of the better life. One of the strongest influences against choosing the right lies in the gang spirit, the power of a popular leader and a band of associates. We need to counteract this downward power by the atmosphere, the motive power, of a number of people filled with the same spirit ar I moving in the same direction.

Her Hand Still Rested on the Switch.

morning?"

"Out, Monsier, C'est-" Monsieur Rigolot began excitedly. "I beg pardon. I believe that is correct." "You saw him about ten, you say;

therefore no one except the stenographer saw him after ten o'clock?" "That is also true, as far as I know." Any callers? Letters? Telegrams?

Telephone messages?" "I made inquiries in that direction, Morsieur," was the reply. "I have the words of the servants at the door and of the stenographer that there were no callers, and the statement of the stenographer that there were no telephone calls or telegrams. There were only four letters for him personally. He left them all on his desk-here they are."

Mr. Grimm looked them over leisurely. They were commonplace enough, containing nothing that might be construed into a reason for the disap-

"The letters Monsieur Boissegur had dictated were laid on his desk by the on solubly, excitedly. "In the anxiety and uneasiness following the disappearance they were allowed to remain there overnight. On Wednesday morning, Monsieur"—and he hesitated Ampressively-"those letters bore his signature in his own handwriting!"

Mr. Grim'n turned his listless eyes find him!" full upon Monsieur Rigolot's perturbed face for one scant instant. "No doubt of it being his signature?"

he queried. Non, Monsieur, non!" the secretary exclaimed emphatically. "Vous avezthat is, I have known his signature for

son and the stenographer saw the her that if Monsieur Boissegur signed ambassador after ten o'clock in the the letters Tuesday night he was, at least, alive; and if he came or sent for the cigarettes Wednesday night, he was still alive. I shall call at the embassy this afternoon. No, it isn't advisable to go with you now. Give me your latch-key, please."

Monsieur Rigolot produced the key and passed it over without a word. "And one other thing," Mr. Grimm continued, "please collect all the revolvers that may be in the house and take charge of them yourself. If any one, by chance, heard a burglar prowling around there tonight he might shoot, and in that event either kill

Monsieur Boissegur or-or me!" When the secretary had gone Mr Campbell Idly drummed on his desk as he studied the face of his subordinate

"So much!" he commented finally. "It's Miss Thorne again," said the young man as if answering a question. "Perhaps these reports I have received today from the Latin capitals may aid you in dispelling that mysstanographer," Monsieur Rigolot rushed Grimm turned them over eagerly. "Meanwhile our royal visitor, Prince Benedetto d'Abruzzi, remains un-

> The young man's teeth closed with a snap.

"It's only a question of time, Chief," he said abruptly. "I'l find him-I'll make another trip. I knew you were

And he sat down to read the reports.

CHAPTER XIII.

A Conference in the Dark. The white rays of the distant are