Strange Marine Forms Brought Up With Deep Sea Cable Sunk for Ten Years.

Strange monsters the like of which have seldom been seen by man were dragged from a depth of 8,500 feet by the crew of the cable ship Burnside when they repaired the Alaska cable off Mt. St. Elias last month.

The Burnside is moored at its buoy ta Elliott bay after two months of repairing and relaying the cables of the which it catches hold of any object.

## way down to the waist line. At a gala AS IT APPEARED TO HER

Mrs. Oelrichs Evidently Didn't Think Much of Mr. Blank's Earning Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, the best-

dreased woman in Newport, criticized very pertinently, at a recent dinner, new dinner gowns of Paquin and

These clinging and flimy gowns are chiefly remarkable for the V-shaped | neighbor said: back that they possess. The V-it is incredible, but it is true-opens all the

Divining Rod 200 Years Old. Winslow W. Fitteld of Medford, Mass., owns a metallic divining rod brought from England more than two hundred years ago by one of his an-The rod, says Mr. Fifield, has been used successfully all over New England and in the western mining from church, where the district super districts. It is attached to whalebone intendent had that morning occupied handles 12 inches long and weighs two | the pulpit.

ounces. The handles have inscriptions

by age. The person who brought the rod to preacher? I do." America was Isaac Greenlenf, who settled in Massachusetts. The rod became famous as a finder of water. After offspring, the minister eagerly inmarking the place of many springs the quired into her reasons for her staterod was used in California, Colorado ment. and North Carolina for locating by men in quest of gold mines and other metals. One porson who used it with par- when he stamped his feet?"-Judge.

ODD FISH FROM THE DEPTHS | U. S. army signal corps system. On board were a score of buge flasks filled with alcohol. In them floated strange shapes which it was hard to believe were once living creatures.

clinging to the cable, but they were Balls of red hair which looked thought too common to preserve. like tousled human heads proved upon up for inspection were found covered dissection to be a strange kind of deep several feet deep with strange plants water crab. Flesh colored round and animal life, seaweed, black inmasses were found clinging to the stead of green, sponges and sea cable by minute tentacles. One creature was shaped like the diablo toy, narrow in the middle with big concave white disks at either end by

Metropolitan Opera company of New

ance Paris ever saw, and one whereat

victims-many of the beautiful Ameri-

cans in the \$40 orchestra seats wore

these daring gowns, and now at New-

Mrs. Oelrichs stared at one with as-

ounded eyes at a dinner, and her

ticular success was a blind man, in

whose hands the rod is said to have

A Strong Preacher.

ter was returning with her parents

The minister's eight-year-old daugh-

"Oh, father," asked the little girl,

you think Brother C. is a very strong

Gratified by this evidence of un-

usual intelligence on the part of his

"Oh," replied the little miss, artless-

ly, "didn't you see how the dust rose

port they are often to be seen.

done marvels.

on them which are almost obliterated her face alive with enthusiasm, "don't

urchins predominated. Probably the strangest creature found on the cable was a flesh colored

fish not more than four feet long, telligencer. voted. They say that everything he

shaped like an octopus but has at

least two dozen tentacles instead of

While sections of the cable pulled

performance in Paris given by the makes goes on his wife's back." Mrs. Oelrichs, her eye fixed on the York-the most successful performgowr's terrible V, said with a smile: Well, he must be making very lit-\$40,000 was gained for the Pluviose

Practical Matching. What the little girl with the 15 cents in pennies wanted was some red ribbon of a particular shade for her mother. She know the shade, but she couldn't explain it and all she could 'isn't that new gown of Mrs. Blank's | say was, it wasn't that, no, nor that; dream? Old Mr. Blank is so de- it was deeper than that, and not so

The Counterfeit Southerner.

feits. A most amusing imitation is

one that often passes for the typical

southerner in New York. This satchel

mouthed braggart infests the cafes

and demands attention by his abusing

the waiter for offending his delicate

sense of honor, "I hate a nigger, sub,"

he loudly proclaims, which is a senti-

ment that one never hears from those

to the manner born. He haunts the

theaters and parades the streets, since

it is poor fun to practise his gentility

He wears a wide black hat, mounts

the table and yells whenever the band

plays a southern melody. Such a pre-

tentious caricature would be harmless

enough, but for the ridicule he brings

upon the south. Unfortunately, popu-

in private,

Of course, there are many counter-

Another strange marine creature is | which was found enveloped in the tentacles of a young octopus. When brought to the surface its body was eight. Many octopuses were found swollen like a balloon. Dr. J. E. Malney, the ship's surgeon, who examined it, said he believed the fish was choked by the hold of the octopus.

The section of cable upon which all this strange life was found had been down 10 years at a depth of a mile and a half. The specimens which have been preserved are to be handed over to the Smithsonian institution for scientific study.-Seattle Post-In-

deep as that, and so on. The mission was looking hopeless when suddenly she darted from the shop and seized a passing gentleman

by the hand.

Will you please come into this shop with me?" she asked innocently. "Certainly, my chickabiddy," he replied, "if I can be of any use. What is it?

The little girl replied not, but led the wondering stranger to the counter. "There, miss!" she said, triumphant-"Mother wants some ribbon the color of this gentleman's nose."

value and exploit him in novels or plays where a "southerner" is a nec-essary part of the stage machinery.--

Everybody's Magazine.

Wasted Sarcasm. The Philadelphia milk dealers who recently raised the price of their product to nine cents a quart and then lowered it again to eight appear to have been the subjects of a great deal of unjust censure. They announced at the time of the raise that milk could not be sold at eight cents without loss. Finding that the consumers would not pay the new price, however, they are continuing to sell at the old, thereby qualifying as genuine philapthropists. Every purchaser of milk at eight cents a quart will doubtless hereafter feel that he is an object of lar authors seem to accept him at face , charity,

FORMER WHITE SOX FAVORITE



WADDELL TRADED TO NEWARK | to date have been the last team to

Third Baseman Purtell, who was re- | Sox. Few players have enjoyed the Smith, is making good with the Red a big surprise to the fans.

cently traded to the Bostons Ameri- popularity with the Chicago fans that cans, together with Pitcher Frank this youngster enjoyed. The trade was

win three years in succession. They

tried hard enough to make it four

Eccentric St. Louis Pitcher Released to Eastern League Club on Optional Agreement.

Rube Waddell has dropped into the minors. With Pitcher Bob Spade, Waddell was released to Newark of the Eastern league the other day on an optional agreement by the St. Louis

years in 1909, but Pittsburg was too much for them. Providence won the championship in 1879 and Boston was the first team to start the habit of winning two years in succession when the pennant was captured by the nine from the Hub

in 1877 and 1878. The first winner of a championship of the organization was Chicago, in 1876.

STORIES Cleveland is trying out a new outfielder named Thomasen.

Cleveland may get Third Baseman Manush of the New Orleans team. "Young King" Cole, the Cub pitcher, is still holding the National league heavy hitters.

"Tri frapumo," as the Esperanto equivalent for "three strikes," sounds just as fatal to the latter.

John Knight is playing a first-class game at first base for the Highlanders during the layoff of Hal Chase. Pitcher Loudell of the Waco (Tex.)

team has been purchased by the Detroit Tigers. He is to report at once. "Big Bill" Powell has been released by the Pittsburg team and will pitch for the Kansas City team in the American Association.

. A Washington baseball umpire is will be just as intelligible as the lan-

guage most of them use daily. Olmstead handles himself well and has plenty of steam. He led the Amer ican Association last season and has

performed neatly for the Soy Down in St. Louis there was a lot of sadness over the departure of

Rube Waddell. The fans there got used to him and like his antics. Jimmy Slagle is playing grand ball in the Eeastern league. He retired

four men in succession the other day on four fly balls that came his way. Granting, rather than have argument over it, that they play base ball in heaven, what sort of game do you suppose they play in the other

Fielder Jones refuses to confirm or deny the report that he is contem plating returning to the game as man ager of some one of the big league

First Baseman Stovall of Cleveland has worked the hidden ball on opposing players three times this sea ion-on Washington, New York and

Washington fans now look upon Beckendorf as the find of the season although they considered him a joke when he came to the club several

The Cotton States league may take in Baton Rouge, Alexandria and Mon roe next year and drop Greenwood and

Yazoo City, and have Sunday ball in four cities. That Billy Purtell is as good a field

ing third baseman as there is in the American league is the opinion of Is the precedent of 18 years to be many critics who have been watching continued or are the clubs of the Nahis snap throws to first. Fred Tenney may become the base

ball coach at Harvard next year. His salary will be \$3,000 and in his spare moments he would be furnished with Pretty soft for the veteran Glant first

Tip O'Nell, president of the West ern league, say his organization is eague in the world just now, with four clubs acrapping for first place Big crowds are giving these minor-league magnates barrels of money, it is said. When the Sloux City returned from its western trip, it was met at the station by a reception com-

mittee, a big crowd and two bands. R. F. Kelsey of New York, chairman of the board of control of the National mateur races have been transferre to the ranks of prize-cash cyclists Twenty-two of the lot have been racing at the Vallaburg track in New ark, N. J.; eight have raced in and near Boston and six have been riding n and near Boston and six have been riding in Salt Lake City.

Manager Chance is in a bad way now for left-handed pitchers.

Addle Joss, Cleveland Pitcher, Claims Baseball is Clean and Healthful Profession.

BALL CAREER AN ACCIDENT

(Copyright, 1910, by Joseph B, Bowles, They might as well have tried to make a bass climb trees as to try to keep me out of baseball. I had no thought of playing the game as a professional when I started out and all my people would have been horrified at the thought.

I played on the high school team and finally was sent to Sacred Heart academy at Watertown. We had one of the best school teams there I ever saw. I believe that is the way most players get started; they accidentally meet other boys who know the game, they get interested and begin to study t and to learn from each other.

It was there that I was shoved into professional baseball without realizing it. About the time school closed some business men in the town proposed to hire the college team to play for the city. We all accepted and it was one of the big disappointments of my life, because it prevented me from pitching at the university. I went to the University of Wisconsin and could not pitch or play on the team during my university career, and after leaving in 1899 I looked about for something to do. I had been pitching during the summer for various teams around Juneau and the best of fer in any line that came to me was from the Oshkosh team to play base ball. In 1900 Toledo bought me and l pitched there with much success during two years, Cleveland purchasing

While my entering baseball was almost an accident, yet I long ago



ceased to have any regrets. I have found it a clean, healthful and rather profitable profession and the off seasons have given me a chance to write for papers. I think it has broadened, me, given me a wide general knowledge of men, cities and affairs that ! could not have obtained in any other way and taught me self-control.

TY COBB IN REPLY TO CRITICS

Detroit Fielder Complains of Unfair Treatment by Newspapers-Works for Team.

Ty Cobb does not relish the criticism that has been heaped upon him in the last week or so and the other day took a rap at the Detroit reporters, whom he accuses of treating him unfairly. Cobb says he is working honestly for the success of the Detroit club and if some of the writers who have been roasting him would work as hard in that direction they "would not misguide the public."

Cobb's letter in part, addressed to

"I realize that I am not above making mistakes. If some of my critics who have been roasting me in the paper would work as hard and honestly as I do they would find out the real facts connected with the recent trouble on the team and would not be misguiding the public. As for dissension in the club, I can only point to our recent victories, and when the end comes the fans will find the Detroit team there."

Future of Billiards. Just what the future of the game of

billiards is to be in this country purely problematical from the presoutlook, and is as great a riddle as the future and fate of the theatrical busithis country has practically been man-aged and handled on a par with the theatrical business, with a result that ommercialism and at the expense of

There are not many men in the e made such a purchase when he ought the great English race horse and stallion Rock Sand. He has never

## Hoodwinking Clergymen

When a small clique of men put up a scheme to harness the clergy of America and induce the ministers to, "hitch up" the members of the churches, we should all take notice. They couldn't harness the preachers

in a bad cause except by deceiving Ministers of the gospel are essentially and fundamentally honest but, like all men who work for the public

good, they are at times mislead by false statements. Trust them when they have exact truth to speak from.

Now for the story which should in-terest every one for we are all either receivers of wages or we pay to wage earners and the freedom of each individual is at issue.

In various papers the following statement has been printed. Read it

carefully at least twice. "interest in Labor Sunday.

"Labor Sunday-the Sunday precederally this year and in future years because of the American Federation of Labor declaration for the observ-ence of that day. The numerous letters recently received at American Federation of Labor headquarters from ministers is an assurance that interest in the idea of giving special the nulpit one day in the twelve months is widespread. Our readers are urged to try to bring about an un tricts with representatives of the addresses that may attract trade union for the day Ministers should say what they think on the occasion in order that their trade union hearers may put the right estimate as to where church stands on the question of the organization of labor. The more the subject is discussed the better will it be for labor. Union ethics are sound. -American Federationist."

Observe that "Labor Union" men "are urged" to induce ministers make addresses that will attract trade "Ministers should say," etc. and winds up with "Union ethics are sound;" observe the hidden threat,

This is clipped from the American Federationist the organ of Sam Gom-

This clipping has been sent to pa pers throughout the country and the Typographical Union men in the newspaper offices instructed to "urge" that it be printed.

That is one of the ways of the "ma-It looks harmless so the papers print

But! Let's lift the cover and look under. The hidden motive is as dangerous to the peace and liberty of the citi-

sens as a coiled rattlesnake in the Organization by workmen to pea-

fully and successfully present their side is necessary and most commend-

There are such organizations now rapidly winning their way to public to ne free to work or not as the or killing fellow workmen.

further along in this article.) We see here a demand on the min-isters of God, that they endorse and help build up the strike-producing boycotting and violent American Fed

Think of the man of God who teaches brotherly love being covertly ordered to praise and help get new members for an organization with a done by its members the like of which

Phink of the thousands of women sands of children left fatherless by the pistol, club, dynamite and boot heel of members of this Labor Trust. Any one who recalls the countiess nurders done in the multitude outrikes in the past few years wil Take just one as an illustration:

somewhere in our country from one to a score of our fellow men are assault or murdered by members of this

band. Then remember the homes blown up or burned. The families hounded, the rioting, burning of street cars, wrecking of trains and attempted or successful killing of passengers.

The general disturbance of industry and the thousands of dollars forced from tax payers to pay extra police. sheriffs and militia to protect, even in a feeble way, the citizens from the mobs of members of the American Federation of Labor.

Then you will realize why the great peace-loving majority of over 80 mililou Americans protest against the growth of this crime-tainted organization comprising perhaps one and one-half million men, of which it is estimated at least seven-tenths are peace loving citizens and are members by coercion and are not in sympathy with ing Labor day-will be observed gen- the three-tenths who have gained con-

trol and force their methods. We find that a few designing men have seized control of the American Federation of Labor, just as some shrewd capitalists have secured control of some railroads and other in terests and are now twisting and turning them into machines for personal

profit and fame. workmen to join and pay 25 to 75 cents a month in fees. Various methods are used to "in-

duce" workmen to join. First, they talk of the "tyranny of capital" making slaves of workmen Then they work up enthusiasm "brotherhood of man" other talk which experience shown excites the emotions of workmen and they are induced to join and

pay fees to the leaders. The 5000 workmen in Battle Creek are, as a rule, free from the dictates the highest wages in Michigan. of the agents of the trust and joined would pay in fees from \$1250.00 to \$2000.00 a month to the big trust and be subject to strike orders any

Now they save that and put the oney into homes and family com-

But the managers of the American ederation of Labor have worked hard and long to harness them.

money and last winter 18 "organizers" up Battle Creek. They hired halls, gave picture shows, smokers, as an investment, looking to rich returns when they succeeded in hav

But they failed and the last of "organizers" left Battle Creek on May 1st saying "it's no use." The workmen knew the record of this great trust and formed their own

association to protect their rights and iso to protect them from the big In Philadelphia some 4000 indepen dent street car men, who mainly had families, had their own union and refused to join the big trust, preferring

But the trust planned to force them into the fee-paying ranks, so a strike was ordered to compel the traction company to kick out these men and hire only Labor Trust members. It was not a question of wages or

hours but to push the free men out of their positions where they were earn ing good money to support their famiraise wages or reduce hours, remem-ber, but solely to throw out members of an independent union and make places only for Labor Trust members and thus show the independent men they could not earn a living unless they first paid fees to the trust man

Incidentally the people of Philadel-phia must submit to no car service, ricting and bloodshed with millions in losses while these fee-hunting noto-riety seeking trust leaders were teach-ing the world that industry cannot be carried on except by workmen who first bend the knee, bow the head and

Then think of the lordly power, and

don't forget the steady flow of money squeezed from the workman's hard earned pay enevelope. But when these leaders "tie up" any industry no man can hold a job who refuses to pay fines even on trumped up charges, and steadily pay fees

whatever they are. The workman is absolutely at the mercy of this band of men who have secured and hold control. Many and many an honest workman

has raised his voice and appealed to his fellows to rise and throw off the yoke of Gompers, et al. But, as one writes, "At every convention of the American Federation of Labor, strong opposition comes up but at the critical moment the impassioned orator appears and most dramatically puts the spot light on the leader and covers him with a mawkish film of 'martyrdom' and the emotional delegates yell in delight, forgetting the instructions of the peaceful workingmen at home who desire to free themselves from the odium of membership under the

great advocates of strike, boycott, violence-and hate. So we see the unequalled insolence pose to "induce" ministers to pull their chestnuts from the fire preaching modern aggressive and vio

lent labor trust methods. There is a better way to secure just tice for workers, as will appear furth-

Just a little diversion here. I am charged with having first brought to the attention of the public some years ago, the name "Labor

A trust is a combination of men or organizations for the purpose of sell-ing their product at a profit and restricting production to effect it. We will say a large Oil Company

gathers in smaller ones and thus controis production. The Labor Trust "gathers in" loca trade organizations and thus has nowto say how much work each man shall do.

The Oil Company then fixes prices The Labor Trust does likewise. The Oil Company may "use methods" to force an unwilling dealer to

The Labor Trust men go further and slug the independent man if he tries to sell his labor without paying fees and "obeying orders." They are both exactly alike in purpose, which. in both cases is entirely selfish to gain power and money for the leaders. Certain Labor Trust members do ot hesitate to use violence, dyna-

miting of property, burning homes ndependent men and even murder to force obedience. The Oil Company doesn't go so far, Both are extremely dangerous to the welfare of people and communities, for power placed in the hands of a few men either representing Cap placed in the hands

ital or Labor is almost always abused and the public suffers. lies in strenuous opposition to trusts which try to ride over and dictate to the people.

you retain your personal liberty. Now to ministers. average congregation is made up of about 90 per cent. of free citi-zens and much less than 10 per cent. of members of the Labor Tr

The free citizen wants to hear words defending the rights and indepe of the common man, free from the arbitrary dictates of any self-seeking organization either of Capital or La-The merchant, lawyer, school teach

are merchant, lawyer, school teacher, doctor, clerk, farmer and workman rebels against any forcible stopping of trains, boats, street cars, or factories, for the prosperity of the community is entirely dependent on steady continuance of those things.

Men don't like strikes, boycotts, injured workman or beauty to the second training the strikes. ured workmen or burned cars and

ing the world that industry cannot be carried on except by workmen who first bend the knee, bow the head and pay fees.

How these men as strike leaders love to see their names in the papers

There is seldom a day passes but | each morning! It's meat and bread | stroyed, men murdered and the long, long list of atrocities practised by Labor Trust members on other human beings who cannot agree with the trust methods.

Now for the better way. Workingmen are now organizing in the old fashioned trades union or "guild" way, affiliated with the National Trades and Workers Association whose constitution provides arbitration of differences with agreement for no strikes, boycott, picketing or hateful coercion of any kind. This Trade Association has evolved

from the experience of the past and is the highest order of Trades Unionism at the present day. Under its laws it is not possible for the Hod Carriers Union or the Street Sweepers Union to order the school teachers or locomotive engineers to

quit work in a "sympathetic strike." If any craft finds injustice, the case presented to properly selected arbitrators, testimony taken and the case presented to the public through the press. Thereupon public opinion, that greatest of all powers, makes keelf relt and curiously enough a fair settle-

ment is generally the result. There is no strike, no loss of wages, no loss to the community and yet the faithful workers get their just treatment. There are many details which have

been worked out by men skilled in labor matters. It will recompense any interested man to know these details which can be secured by a postal request for constitution and by-laws written to

the National Trades and Workers Association, K Creek, Mich. Kingman Block, Battle Reader, look carefully into this great question of the relations of Capital and Labor and its successful solution. The new plan works and

brings results for the members. I became so favorably impressed with the trustworthiness and practic ability of the leaders of this new labor movement that I gave the Associ ation a sanitorium at Battlet Creek worth about \$400,000 and with abou 300 rooms, to be used as a home for their old members and the helples: bables, sometimes made fatherless by the pistol, club or boot heel of some member of the violent "Labor Trust." Suppose you attend church Labor Sunday and hear what your minister has to say in defense of the safety and rights of the common, everyday

Let me ask you to read again a por-

tion of one of my public articles printed a few years ago. "The people of the world have giv en me money enough to spend these talks through the papers in trying to make better and safer condi tions for the common people, whether the Postum business runs or not. Scores of letters have come to me

from work-people and others, some from union men recounting their sufferings from union domination arging that their cases be laid before the public. It will not answer for us to only sympathize with the poor, the op-pressed, those who haven't power enough to drive off tyrants and resent oppression, we must help then

tie the hands of the oppressors. Amer-

icans must act. me of my forebears in New England left comfortable homes, took with them the old flint locks, slept on the ground in rain and frost; hungry, footsore, and half clothed they grimly pushed on where the Eternal God of Human Liberty urged them. They wove for me and for you a mantle of freedom, woven in a loom where the shuttles were cannon balls and bullets and where swords were used pick out the tangles in the yarn. These old, sturdy grandads of ours stood by that loom until the mantie was finished, then, stained with their life blood it was handed down to us,

atill coursing in your veins will tingle and call until you waken. Then Americans will Act." "There's a tion

Shall I refuse to bear it on my shoul-ders because the wearing costs me a few dollars, and are you cowards

Americans in return for Catcher Joe Crisp., Both have been ordered to report to Newark immediately, but Crisp

Rube Waddell.

## will remain with Newark until sen CUBS MAY SHATTER CUSTOM

Pittsburg "Repeating"-Phrase Explained. There is an interesting fact in connection with the championship of the National league. Since 1890, the year of the Brotherhood war, there always

has been a "repeater" for the title

The explanation of that phrase is that

Chicago Nationals Bid Fair to Preven

a winning team has won the championship at least two years in succession This is the record: In 1891, 1892 and 1893 Boston won the championship; 1894, 1895 and 1896 it was cap tured by Baltimore; in 1897 and 1898 Boston again won; in 1899 and 1900 Brooklyn earned the pennant. 1901, 1902 and 1903 Pittsburg was the successful club; in 1904 and 1905 the Giants busied themselves and won; in 1906, 1907 and 1908 the much-coveted five yards or so of bunting was cap-

tured by Chicago. In 1909 Pittsburg won. Now the question before the National league and some 20,000,000 or more of baseball "fans" is whether Pittsburg can

do it again.

tional league other than Pittsburg smart enough this season to bring about another result? There was not such a long period of "champions repeated" prior to the victory of the Brooklyn team in 1890. In 1888 and in 1889 the New York club had the habit, but Detroit earned a single pennant in 1887, after Chicago

had been the champion organization in 1886 and 1886. Prior to Chicago, Providence had the championship for a year, in 1884, and Boston won it the year before-1883. In 1880, 1881 and 1883 Chicago captured the fla.g The Chicagos the first team in the National league to win three years in succession, and

Lincoln batters recently, establishing

the St. Paul team of the American as sociation this year to ripen. He played with Brockton, Mass, last season, winning 26 and losing 12 games. O'Toois's record was established a couple of days after Buck Freeman of the

strike-out record?

the Detroit fans, is as follows:

ness is to be. During the last quarter of a century the billiard business in theatrical art is practically unknown to this country at the present tically asassinated in the interest of the game as a legitimate busine