TRINITY.

took no thought, dear Love, we took no thought! only knew our summer-time was birds were nesting, orchards were

abloom, and joy burned in us like a holy flame. And now, behold our little miracle! Our shining star, come to us wondrously From out the farther dark! Our mystery, on soft and sweet to be called any-

Too soft and sweet to be called thing— Or miracle or mystery—but just Our babe! Our own-yet not our own!

A gift, uncomprehendingly to prize! His laughter, bright as sunshine on a wave, Sets our whole world ashimmer, and his dreams, ening his liquid eyes, are drawn, I think, From those deep cisterns of our secret

prayers, Which we have strangely hidden, each from each. And yet, at times, his pretty whimsy-Shut soft the door on us and close us

We clasp him close and probe his lips | couldn't study well if I were—in for sweets— reat, greedy bees upon a tender

Ah, Love, ah, Love, let us not call him

ours!

et us confess he cannot wonder more
t the amazing world than we at him.

How can we voice our awe-in-gratitude—
ur polgnant heart of sorrow-in-delight?

Silence indeed is best! Look deep,

dear one, In his sweet eyes and learn there what That love is service; yes, and mystery; And in this lovely, worldless babe we

Is hidden safe the secret of the world.

Ella W. Peattie, in Harper's Bazar.

THREE WAYS TO DO IT.

By KATE GANNETT WELLS.

Howard Armstrong, sentimentally facilized from his youth, was suddenly free, owing to the death of his mother, to invest in a home of his own. Thus it chanced that one summer day when apparently he was examining the hotel register at Pinehurst he was

in reality scanning a young girl who waited for her mail. "Best record made this season," observed the clerk impersonally, but pointing to the name of Miss Stuyvesant on the open page.

Therefore Armstrong decided to join the golf club, and though piqued by Miss Stuyvesant's unconcern of love with her as she strode over the ery. The incident gave him an idea. links. He entered the tournament, and was drawn to play with her. Intimacy begun on a golf basis forthwith proceeded into the more subtle ways of moonlight seances. He even lent her a book. She analyzed its contents without referring to its marginal notes in his handwriting. So he put it in the fire. "Do you know what I did with it?" he asked her.

"Keep it for the next girl; golf is lots better than books,"she answered, his tone.

Then, of course, Armstrong decided having arranged his formula, took her to drive. "There are other than golf prizes to be won by you," he be-

What are they? I'll go in for

'Myself." As he uttered the word its absurdity occurred to him, and letting his horse go at full speed he Were the prize I wanted to win." The horse tore down the steep hill.

"Hold him in, can't you, you boy!"

the reins she drew in the animal. As it walked slowly up another hill pardon, but mother never let me ask anybody, and I didn't know how; can't you try to like me?" he urged, meaning to catch hold of her hands instead of the reins. The horse started afresh.

"Hold him in " she ordered "Yes, if you will like me; if you don't, I shall kill myself."

For a moment it seemed to Miss Stuyvesant very terrible to be responsible for another's life or death, yet, as her sense of justice made her indignantly decline to accept either. the steed plunged forward and would not be held in before reaching the

Consequently Armstrong left it, on the pretense of letters calling him to Atlantic City. There he recovered from his wounded vanity through the wiles of a maiden who, judging him to be a dude pessimist, considered him fair game either for her mischief or her sympathy.

Will you not join in our Sunday singing?" she entreated demurely.

Whereupon Armstrong quickly eighteenth century; Mason, in the sevfound that from the piano to the enteenth-are dim and distant figures piazza was but a short distance to a beyond which it seems useless to venblighted being and an enterprising ture. Cicero dictated his orations to maiden, and that life appeared cheer- to his freedman, T. Tullius Tiro, and fer after two weeks of golf talk. "Do you believe that love springs up in deprived of his services. the heart at the sound of a voice?" he inquired of Miss Bruce one day when they were sitting together at in a few signs, Spintharus (his prothe piano.

Try A," she replied, striking the note on the keyboard.

"I first fell in love with your voice and then with yourself," he continued languidly.

'A man's just saying he loves s girl is not very definite nowadays." Then in plain English, will you

marry me? She ran her fingers lightly over the keys, which he tried in vain to prevent. "You do me too much honor; I'm greatly surprised; but I can't for two reasons. First, because you are yourself; second, because I was engaged to-day after breakfast; it is to be announced at lunch; won't you

congratulate me?" After you have destroyed my faith exercise."-Puck. in womankind?"

Say sex, Mr. Armstrong: it is er term," and bowing, she left the room by one door and he by so far as we are concerned it co another with a mock dignity that gave of nothing but an uncomfortable the waitresses who had been peeking in at the window.

Again did Armstrong resort to the So powerful are the jaws of a wasp ruse of letters received as excuse for that the insect has been known to his immediate departure to Long let-

and. "I never had an offer; I wonder how I should behave if such an event happened to me," he overheard one girl saying to another the morning after his arrival. Instantly Armstrong resolved she should have the opportunity of knowing. Assiduously he cultivated her acquaintance until she was goaded into asking him what he had ever done.

"Nothing much; only taking care of mother. What I shall do depends on you."

"Do you mean you want to marry Delighted at her freshness he broke

forth into ardent words. "Oh don't, Mr. Armstrong," she interrupted: "really I couldn't. You see, this is my first offer, so you won't be vexed at my question, and I don't know how men do it. I'm sorry if you care, but I'm going to college is a dead loss to their owner .- Farmand to have a career, for, when the four years are over, there will be three in the medical school and I

love." "Then you do care for me?" Yet, cannot reach the little sacred self.

That, like a god, is shrined in his bright shell.

Then you do care for me?"

"No, really I don't care a bit. You are very nice, but not the kind of man a college.

man a college graduate wants. You don't mind, do you?" "Yes, I do; but mother always told me never to marry a college girl; frivolous girls, she said, made better

wives." "Good morning, Mr. Armstrong." "Good morning, Miss Raymond."

Six months later Armstrong's flancee showed him a brooch she had received from three of her college friends. It was a golf stick resting on a bar of music with the college device below.

"Confound such had taste." muttered Armstrong, angrily, remembering that the three girls to whom he had offered himself were at Payche College. Could they have told each other of his futile endeavors?-Boston Post.

EARNING A BIG SALARY.

Story Told About General Manager Frank Hedley, of the Interborough.

"How does a high salaried man earn his pay?" asks a writer in System, and proceeds to answer his own question with the following incident:

"Some time ago Frank Hedley, the general manager of the Interborough, was waiting on a subway station platform. A train drew in with the power on, reached the stop signal and came to a sudden halt, jolting the him as a new member, he yet fell in passengers and straining the machin-

"He went to a manufacturer of time clocks and gave an order for an experimental timepiece that would record elapsed time during which electric power was being used by the Interborough trains. The manufacturer in due time produced a small device that could be attached to the mechanism in the motorman's box in such a way that the power could be turned on only after the time clock had been unlocked by the motorman's warding off the implied tenderness in special key and the clock set in operation

"When the power was shut off the to offer bimself in golf terms, and clock would record the exact moment. By this means the exact number of hours, minutes and seconds, during which that motorman consumed electric current was automatically recorded and a special device printed the total elapsed time during the

day's run. motormen's control boxes in all the dairy calf, but it must be understood ejaculated, "I didn't mean that, you trains on one line and experimented that these are exceptions and are hard issued to the motormen to coast into that are against these cows doing the stations by turning off the power | their best. The feed and care many etclaimed Miss Stuyvesant. Seizing as far distant from the stopping place as possible and come to a gradual halt after running some rods by the force Armstrong recovered. "I beg your of momentum. Rewards were offered to the men whose records showed the most economical use of electric power.

> "At the end of the month the engineer of the line reported a reduction of over fifteen per cent. in the power consumed. The individual records of the men showed a reduction ranging from ten per cent. to forty per cent. over the amount of power used previously. Time clocks have been ordered for the other Interborough lines;

"It may be assumed that the same saving in power will be effected. The Interborough's annual coal bill for producing electric current is \$2,800 .-000. A saving of fifteen per cent. means a saving of \$294,000 a year on this item alone to say nothing of the saving on wear and tear of machinery. The sum is considerably larger than Frank Hedley's salary."

Antiquity of Shorthand.

Shorthand is apt to be looked upon as an essentially modern art. The predecessors of Pitman, Byrom, in the was inconsolable when temporarily plained in a letter to a friend that while "Tiro takes down whole phrases visional substitute) only writes in syllables." We need not, however, suppose that the "notae Tironianae" were actually invented by the freedman in question. As M. Guenin points out, the Romans created very few of the arts of peace, contenting themselves, as a rule, by copying from the Greeks. M. Guenin, however, indicates the banks of the Nile as the cradle of the art .- T. P.'s Weekly.

The Gentle Sort.

Farm Hand-"Can't see why you sit there, day after day, when you never ketch nothin'." Adipose Person-"My friend, the

doctor told me I must take outdoor

Society may suit some people, but to sit on and a dab of something indigestible to eat .--- Atchison Globe.

twenty-two per cent. more value as only require water for drinking. They feed than bran, but they should be fed with ensilage to produce a laxative effect. Never feed ground feed alone, always with some roughage.

Shelter in the Pasture.

Have some shelter in the pasture which the cattle can seek if storm comes up. Young stock and dairy cows especially suffer from exposure to the cold rains which are common at this season, and their discomfor ers' Home Journal.

Better Cows.

As to better cows, there is just one way to get them. That is to get good sires, to test the cows for dairy work. to get rid of the poor ones and save calves only from those that pay their way. Doing this we can soon have as good dairy herds as are to be found anywhere. We have a few of them now, but all too few. - Farmers' Home Journal.

Skimmed Milk.

although care should be taken not to nal. change from one to the other. Pigs seem inclined to the sour rather than to the sweet, and in either case grain foods should be fed with it ip order to make a balanced ration. Skimmed there is not a particle of it but is digestible. - Farmers' Home Journal.

Reaping His Reward.

The wise farmer who went along about his business, raising hogs and corn to feed them, is reaping his reward, while the foolish farmer is gnashing his teeth-with corn around sixty cents per bushel at the farm, and hogs around \$9 per 100 pounds at the home market, it is easy to figure the profits in the business. The farmer who sticks to his chosen line of farming, seeking to improve his methods andisturbed by the temporary ups and downs of the markets, will, in the long run, make larger gain than the man who is constantly being lured by promises of quicker and larger profits into other fields .- Farm

Farmer's Cows. On the average farm where it is not the intention to do extensive dairy work, we find many cows that are cross-bred animals. They have tending from the handle, and a brush been bred with the idea of producing with a hollow handle. To make the a dual purpose; or farmer's cows, as combination all that is necessary is to they are sometimes called. These thrust the handle of the comb into cows are usually a cross between the handle of the brush and one imsome beef breed and a breed of dairy plement is formed. Instead, then, of qualities, and as a result we have raking a horse with the currycomb neither, but a mongrel whose good and going over him again with the qualities are hard to discover. We brush, the whole operation can be have a cow that not only does not pro- performed with one stroke by passing duce enough milk and butter to pay the brush portion of the new implefor the care and feed she receives, ment over the path left by the precedbut produces a calf that does not de- ing stroke of the comb when the next velop sufficiently to pay for the milk sweep of the comb is made. In this and the feed it receives. There have way two horses can be cleaned in the been cows that produced a fair time it used to take to groom one. amount of milk and butter, whose "The device was attached to the calves were better than the average with for a month. Instructions were | to find. There are other points, too. receive quite frequently consists only of pasture in summer and corn, hay, straw and cornstalks in winter. The the year and the cows are only stabled during the severest weather .- Farmers' Home Journal.

Indian Runner Ducks. A more profitable kind of poultry than the Indian Runner Ducks would be hard to find. They were supposed to have been imported from India to England, where they are great favorcome such a favorite with the poultry raisers that for the past few years they will soon show you good results. eggs and stock are in such demand ners, their fawn and white markings. all. But best of all their egg producing qualities, laying every month better to have a pen of breeders. in the year. By culling and keeping best layers we have now a strain that are great egg producers. In the year of 1909 ours laid eggs every month;



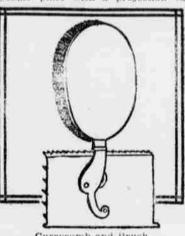
not so many eggs were laid through show a pound gain, cost 4,84 cents; July and August, while moulting, as the ducklings were also ready for other months, but in months of De- market, while the chicks were yet too cember and when from five to ten small. It is almost unbelievable the below zero our laid well. Just think rapid gain that hearty ducklings will of going out and picking up eggs of make when fed right. mornings out of snow. And for standard requirements we now have them, duck and drake, with only fawn and white markings, no brown or penciling on duck or green or black head Long Lake West, N. Y., came upon markings on drake. Ours last year made us an average of \$7 per head furs secreted in brush piles not far for eggs alone from breeding stock, from the bank. The furs had not not counting stock sold. The eggs are very fertile. We have made ship- like a case of smuggling developed uts and have had reports of every

In some feeding experiments it was and cannot be told from hen eggs by determined that middlings have about taste. Young are easily raised, and require very little more feed than other poultry and a great part of the years will pick up much of their feed if given range, as they go over large space in searching for food. But a small feed of grain given at night will

bring them home ready to be shut up till after laying time next morning. They do well when kept in pens, and a twenty-four inch fence will keep them confined in pens. We have bred them for seven years and have nothng but praise for them. Who would not give them praise with their beautiful fawn and white markings, erect carriage and best of all their egg producing qualities that is their pulling power among poultry raisers? Farm ers scarcely miss the amount of feed given them, as they get most of feeds while ranging over pastures eating grasshoppers, bugs and other insects which injure crops, and they do not require expensive houses to keep them, in: houses only require to be dry, No roosts or other expensive arrangements required, and do not have roup, gapes, lice like other poultry. So let's help up higher the best breed Pigs fed on skimmed milk, either of poultry that grows feathers .- G. sweet or sour, give good satisfaction, Frank Yates, in Farmers' Home Jour-

Good Currycomb and Brush.

The object of most inventions is a saving of time or labor or both. The milk as a food for all young animals man who succeeds in doing this usis an aid to the digestive organs, as | ually finds a market for his invention. so it would seem that the California man who designed the combination currycomb and brush has made himself solid with the rural vote. This apparatus consists of an ordinary currycomb plate with a projection ex-



Currycomb and Brush.

Poultry Notes.

There is much less worry attached duck raising than to other of poultry keeping .- E. C., in the Indiana Farmer.

A pen of eighteen, fifteen duck and three drakes, will furnish an abundance of eggs. They will almost all milking is done out of doors most of give a strong duckling when well cared for and properly mated.

Another experiment showed that the average duckling required twentyfive cents' worth of feed to prepare him for market. Those in question were sold for fifty cents each; so of course there was good profit in them.

The Pekin seems to be the favorite market duck, and holds its own well, but the Indian Runner is the breed to ites with the poultry raisers; they get where eggs are the main item, were first bred in the United States They will make rapid gains, too, when about fifteen years ago, and have be- well fed, for a duck is like a pig in this respect; give them good feed and

The profit is quick, so one is able that the breders can't fill the demands to use the money for feeding later made on them for stock and eggs, hatches of ducks or for chicks. The They are not large, weighing from earliest ducks bring the best prices, four to five pounds. But such a sight, but there is a fair profit in the later to see a flock of well fed Indian Run- ones, where one will furnish the feed. Unless you are situated where you erect carriage, make them admired by can procure reasonably good eggs whenever you wish them, it is much

Of late years the demand for ducks has increased greatly. That this increase will continue is a fact not to be doubted, so it will be a wise in vestment to procure several sittings of duck eggs, selecting the best of the ducks for next season's breeding pen, and procuring good drakes in January to mate. This, of course, if conditions allow of your raising

Where one is growing exclusively for market, it seems there is more profit in ducks than chicks; some experiments where both chicks and ducklings were taken at the same age and fed the same ration, show that the ducklings cost 1.9 cents a pound This is for a pound gain; the chicks

Stolen Furs Found in Wilds.

Fishermen, following a stream near several bags containing expensive been tanned, but what first looked into a robbery.

The furs were traced to a point north of Montreal, where they had eon stolen from a rallway train en each. The eggs are fine for route. They were valued at \$1300.
use; do not have the strong and the rallway company had already
common to old-fashioned duck paid the claim upon them.



If You Want to Be Liked.

not voice views and thoughts simply -- Home Notes. because you think that others expect you to have those particular ideas. The people whose friendship is worth having like you for yourself, and not for what you would appear to be .-

Graduates of Barnard. The report of the associate alumclasses 110 hold advanced degreesfour that of doctor of philosophy, four that of bachelor of laws, four and one that of bachelor of divinity seven per cent, are married,

Bride's Share of a Wedding. Often there seems doubt in the ried as to which expenses fall upon riage the bride and which upon the bridegroom. The division is as follows: The bride pays for the invitations and | suggest the announcement eards for the wed-

maids, the decorations of the church and the gifts to bridesmalds, carriage in which goes his best man, to marry, and then I would have him for the wedding ring, the license, the gifts to the ushers and gives a fee to they were acting emotionally in ohethe minister, the organist and the sex- dience to a passion which must soon He does not pay for the ushers' spend itself, or a fancy which gloves or ties, nor does he send car- would quickly find illusory. If they riages to bring them to church .- Phil- agreed with him, well and good: if adelphia Record

Covers For Light Gowns.

way to keep them from dust, and at

the same time add to the attractive-

for eight or nine cents a yard, allow-

for the bottom she makes a two-inch

hem. At the other end she makes a

seam for the top, from each side

seam, leaving about seven inches un-

seamed in the centre. She cuts these

unseamed edges in a curve, and

binds them to form a neck, adding

pretty edge of imitation lace, half as

inch or less in width. Through this

opening the hanger on which the

gown is put will slip; the neck and

bottom edges of the cover are then

closed by means of ball and socket

fasteners, and the hanger suspended

from its hook. The hanger may be

wound with ribbon which matches in

color the flowers or figures in the

dimity to add a final touch of dainti-

The Neatly Dressed Woman.

a neatly dressed woman. She does

not wear her hair loose, as if it is just

gloves are not ripped at the seams,

nor any buttons missing from her

boots. Her veil does not reveal a

hole over the chin, nor does the bind-

ing of her skirt show ragged in places,

Not many women show their tid!

lect in these little things is full of

and there is neither speck nor spot on spun.

her wrists. Her shoes are dainty and adopted.

Her linen collar and cuffs are

snowy white, and remain properly

polished. Her bonnet or hat is pinned

on straight, and her hair is neatness

itself. She is the picture of delicate

finish and wholesome order. Would

that we could come across her some-

How to Make and Keep Friends,

ers. Real friends are scarce, and once

a real friend is found, he or she is

worth keeping. Acquaintanceship is

many acquaintances can never become

anything else, the balance of friend

The best way to retain a friend is

to never interfere in family or busi-

ness privacy, don't presume on liking

or affection to impose on your friend's

time or arrangements. Always give

and take, your peculiarities are prob-

ably as disagreeable to your friend as

his or hers are to you. Endure them,

Never be led by gossip about what

ship finds them wanting.

and so avoid bickerings.

what oftener.-Woman's Life.

about to fall on her shoulders.

There is an exquisite charm about

ness .- Youth's Companion.

She buys pretty dimity or muslin

ness of her closet.

Cut-out Recipe

| friend who betrays a friend is the Be your own true self. That is, do most despicable of all created beings.

Speaking of Divorce.

"Love is the caprice of chance oncounter, the result of propinquity, the Invention of poets and novelists, the superstition of the victims, the unscrupulous make-believe of the witnesses. As an impulse it quickly wears itself out in marriage, and nae of Barnard College shows that makes way for divorce. In this counof the 798 graduates in the seventeen try nine-tenths of the marriages are love-matches. The old motives which ninety-four that of master of arts, delay and prevent marriage in other countries, aristocratic countries, like questions of rank and descent, even of that of doctor of medicine, one that money, do not exist. Yet this is the of bachelor of library science, two that land of unhappy unions beyond all of bachelor of science of education other lands, the very home of divorce. The conditions of marriage are ideal-About thirty-four per cent. are en- ly favorable according to the opinions gaged in teaching and about twenty- of its friends, who are all more or less active in bottling husbands and wives up in its felicity, and preventing their escape through diverce, Now, I am an enemy of divorce, too; minds of a young couple to be mar- but I would have it begin before mar-

"Rather paradoxical again?" the spoonfuls of sifted flour mixed with bachelor alone had the hardihood to

"Not at all. I am quite literal. I would have it begin with the engageding breakfast, all expenses of the reception, the carriages for the bridesment. I would have the betrothedthe mistress and the lover-come before the magistrate or the minister. The bridegroom pays for his own and declare their motives in wishing reason with them, and represent that not, he should dismiss them to their

! homes, for say three months to think

them, and dismiss them as before, if

three months more, he should call

them before him and reason with

them for the last time. If they per-

forbid them the hope of relief. I

seriously considered as a cause.

FRILLS PA

Paisley effects are much in vogue.

One sees comparatively few Rus-

Rep is a material much used this

For a coat costume of linen, noth-

ing is prettier than a simple shirt

waist of cotton voile, pinchecked with

Black gloves for the street have

wide white bands of stitching; others

are stitched with the color, even the

in the bust than was the case last

seams being sewed with the color,

white and the color of the suit.

The touch of black is still popular.

A FASHION BY

in Harper's Magazine.

wash suits.

groomed woman considers that neg- hips are narrow, straight and long.

dressed tailor built woman. Her ally an unobtrusive plain or checked

sian blouse costumes.

summer for separate skirts.

they continued obstinate.

Creamed Cabbage, -Boll the cabbage in plenty of water

until tender. Drain and press between two hot places until

dry, then chop lightly. Put the cabbage in a saucepan, cover

with milk and allow to heat. Rub to a paste a spoonful of

butter and a little flour; stir this in the cabbage and milk

until a cream is formed. Season with salt and pepper, allow

to boil up and serve hot. This is a most delicious way of

serving cabbage, and can be eaten and enjoyed by those

who could not touch it when boiled in the usual way.

house and evening wear has devised a them again, and again reason with

ing three yards and a half for each sisted in spite of everything, he should

gown to be covered. The material is marry them, and let them take the

then divided in halves, and seamed consequences. But if these conse

up at each side; at the end designed quences were too dire, I would no

Clear Vegetable Soup. Make a stock of three pounds veal

FOR THE

Strawberry Jam.

To each pound of berries allow

three-quarters of a pound of sugar.

Put them into a preserving pan and

stir gently not to break the fruit. Let

them simmer for half an hour, and

then put into air-tight pots and cover

either with a round of paper or with

melted paraffine before using .- New

Strawberry Tapioca.

of taploca in water. In the morning

put half of it in a buttered yellow

over the taploca. In this put a quart

of strawberries, sugar and the rest of

the taploca. Fill the dish with

enough water to cover the taploca-

and bake in a moderately hor oven

until it looks clear. Eat cold with

cream. If, when baking the tapioca,

seems too dry add more water .--

Chicken Rissoles,

and chop rather fine with a little lean,

cold ham. Make a sauce of two table-

one-half cup warm butter, one-half

pint milk, salt and pepper to taste.

Boil the milk, pepper and salt, stir In

the flour and butter and boil until

it becomes thick. Mix with the meat.

Roll out a light paste one-quarter

inch thick, cut into squares and put

a little meat on one square laying an-

other over it and pressing the edges

together. Fry in hot lard until brown - Mrs. P. C. Milliken, in the

Take the remains of a cold chicken

ware baking dish.

New York Press.

Boston Post.

Soak over night a large teacupful

Sprinkle sugar

knuckle cut in small pieces, two quarts cold water, one tablespoonful salt, one onion, one-half teaspoonful pepper, two celery stalks. Heat slowly and simmer four hours, skimming frequently. Prepare two carrots, two turnips and two potatoes by entting into even strips or dicing, then simmering twenty minutes. Drain the water from these and after straining, seasoning and clearing the stock, add the vegetables. A girl who has pretty gowns for the it over. Then he should summon

To clear soup stock, remove the ment and fat; add to each quart of liquor the white and shell of one egg. The white should be lightly beaten and the shell broken into small deres. Boll the mock two minutes, stirring constantly, then allow It to simmer twenty minuted and, after removing the seum, season and strain through two thicknesses of cheera cloth.-Everyday Housekceping.

Broiled Forequarter of Lamb.

haven't thought the matter out very Take of the shoulder, by it suon the gridien with the breast; out in clearly yet, but there are one or two causes for divorce which I would adtwo parts to facilitate its cooking; mit-causes going down into the very put a tin sheet on top of the meat and nature of things-the nature of men a weight upon that, turn the meat and of women. Incompatibility of around frequently to prevent its burntemperament ought always to be very ing; turn over as soon as cooked on one side; renew the coals occasion-"And, above all," and here the ally that all parts may cook alike; speaker swept the board with his eye. when done, season with butter, peodifference of sex."-W. D. Howells. per and salt, exactly like beetsteak. It takes some time to broil it well, but when done it will be found to be equal to brolled chicken, the flavor being more delicate than when cooked otherwise; serve with cream sauce made as follows: Heat a table spoonful of butter in a saucepan, add perfectly smooth, then add slowly, stirring in a cupful of milk (cold); let it boil up once, season to taste with salt and pepper and a teaspoon-Poplin for suits is quite in evidence. ful of finely chopped fresh pursley. Crushed suede or satin belts are Serve in gravy dish, all hot .- Boston Simplicity of cut is the note of the



children, but it should be eaten with The infection of whoeping-cough

The new corset is a good deal lower begun to "whoop."

ness in these details, but the well year. Its waist is still long, and its cling to furniture and clothing with the same tenacity as in scarlet fever. For golfing, skirts are sufficiently shame to womankind. Note the well wide for comfort, the material usu-

cloth gown fits her without a crease, Scotch suiting, Irish frieze or home-Fat is a valuable article of diet for From Paris comes the cry of the the prevention of constipation. Bacon tight skirts, pulled in around the feet fixed in their places. Her gloves do by wide bands of trimming, but this

not wrinkle, but button smoothly over style has not yet been generally The short coats range in length from hip to within two inches of the knees. So far the really short coat

any secure position One of the newest gowns has the skirt cut with a double box pleat in back, a narrow gore in front and fin-Some natures are more capable of | ished with a shaped flounce, the sides easily forming friendships than oth- of the skirt being circular.

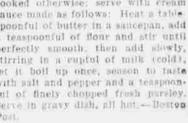
and the Eton Jacket have not gained

Plisse frills for the neck are now made of Paisley printed silk and covered with white tulle, the two matethe apprenticeship of true friends, but right fine pleated together and edged with a stiff band of the Paisiey silk.

Tailored costumes with the white linen with the fine hair stripes of black or color are remarkably smart if made up with pipings of a plain linen, matching the color of the hair line

To carry with light silk or lingerie frocks, there are exquisite little handbags of silk in delicate pastel colors, hand-embroidered and mounted in Oriental silver. A tiny coin purse is

your friend has said about you. If it litted inside. hurts your feelings, have it out fairly and squarely. Above all, keep confi-dences inviolate, nothing breeks doubt One of the newest ideas in trimming is the use of overlapping butso quickly as a person's inability to buttons are put on one above the oth-keep a secret to himself; it is always or so that their rims overlap each othasant to trust people, and the er and make a continuous line.



Sugar is a valuable foodstuff for

can be conveyed before the child has The infection of measles does not

When a tailored collar is just ironed curve in the hands, pressing the turned edge, and place in a cup or bowl to dry.

fat is more easily digested than the fat of butcher's meat. For the proper development of

children's bones and teeth lime and fat are both absolutely necessary. You will find both of these in milk. A child who has had mumps should not return to school for four weeks

from the beginning of the illness, and then only if all swelling has subsided. Endive is a little known vegetable that is an excellent hot-wenther substitute for lettuce. It should be

planted every two weeks for a suc-When you are ironing any dark material do not put a linen cloth underneath, as the lint will come off on

to the stuff, and you will have great miffculty in brushing it off again. The following is a good fly poison: Buy five cents' worth of quassia chips

from the druggist and place a layer of them on a plate. Pour hot water over them and sprinkle with brown Bugar. It is a mistake to accustom chil-

iren to be sung or rocked to sleep. All this soothing and singing, and the ecesional sudden starts, which are lmost unavoldable, bave a bad effect on the child's nerves. It is like opium-eating, the more you have the ore you want. The nerves to do their own work if you do it for