

ADVERTISING RATES Per square of 10 lines 3 times \$1.50 10 times \$3.00 20 times \$5.00 30 times \$7.00 40 times \$9.00 50 times \$11.00 60 times \$13.00 70 times \$15.00 80 times \$17.00 90 times \$19.00 100 times \$21.00

Base Ball.

At Neelyton, Saturday, 15th. Burnt Cabins Neelyton Mathias, R p Stitt Mathias, B c Lyons Welch 1b Traxler, F Webb 2b Traxler, S Fraker 3b Harper Lyons, R ss Mackey Rosenberry lf Peterson Horton, E cf Flood Horton, O rf Robison Burnt Cabins—0 1 4 3 0 4 16 Neelyton—0 2 0 0 0 0—2 Umpire, Wiley, Scorer, Apple by.

Go With a Rush.

The demand for that wonderful stomach, liver, and kidney cure, Dr. King's New Life Pills—is astounding. At Trout's drug store, they say they never saw the like. It's because they never fail to cure sour stomach, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, chills, and malaria. Only 25c.

WELLS TANNERY.

P. T. Houck, of Saxton, is visiting his brother-in-law, A. F. Baker.

Jesse, Ralph, and Miss Eliza Sweet, of Saxton, spent Sunday in the home of Harry E. Spangler and wife.

Peter Sattaux and wife, of Hopewell, Mrs. G. E. Truax, Mrs. James Truax, John Truax, and William Sproll—all spent Sunday at Frank Price's near Ladig.

Bessie Haisel has gone to Saxton to live in the home of Mrs. William Sweet.

Mrs. Wakefield, who was called to the Valley, on account of the death of her brother, J. F. Earley, is visiting other relatives here.

Joseph Woy, of Chattanooga, Tenn., is visiting his sister, Mrs. Rebecca Horton.

D. S. Houp and wife, of New Mexico, spent part of last week with his sister, Mrs. V. D. Schenck.

Among the losers by the recent fire at St. Clair is Anthony Reightly, a member of the firm of Reightly Bros., our railroad builders. Mr. Reightly suffered the loss of his handsome dwelling.

Hon. S. P. Wishart attended the Presbyterian conference at Birmingham last week, and reports a very interesting and profitable meeting. Two subjects, among many others, were discussed at that meeting with a great deal of earnestness—and these are the influence on society—and especially on the church—of card playing and dancing. These things may not be especially harmful within themselves; but the example, and what it often leads the weaker brother into, should awaken very serious thought in the minds of church members who indulge in the pastime.

WAVERLY 30 Years Experience in the manufacture of Gasoline means much to the motorist. In the use of Waverly Brands 76-Motor-Stove you are guaranteed the greatest possible efficiency, cleanest, power, full, clear explosion—freedom from carbon deposits, no spark plugs or in-cylinder—ready ignition. Your satisfaction is our business. Waverly Oil Works Co. Pittsburgh, Pa. GASOLINE

Of Wonderful Value, and Free

Tired bodies, pale and sunken cheeks, haggard eyes, sleepless nights, and weak nerves, are ruining our lives and killing our people. No wonder these poor sufferers bless Dr. Greene for his great free offer. He is the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, and the discoverer of that wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. He has established a system of letter correspondence at his office, 9 West 14th St., New York City, by which all can write him about their complaints, will receive a reply free of charge, giving a complete description of their case and telling just what ails them. He gives most careful attention to every letter, tells just what to do to be cured. And all this costs nothing. No journey to the city, no doctor's fee, the best medical advice and consultation in the world, and nothing to pay. The doctor makes a specialty of treating patients through letter correspondence, and it is successful. Write him at once. Write to-day for FREE bottle of Dr. Greene's Laxura for all stomach, liver and bowel trouble.

Preventive For Wheat Smut.

Considerable loss occurs to farmers each summer by wheat smut, according to the correspondence of State Zoologist Surface of Pennsylvania. A formalin dip has been recommended in a bulletin heretofore issued by Professor Surface, and letters have been recently received inquiring whether this is a reliable remedy for wheat smut, and how it should be used. The following answers to seven queries in one of these letters, in regard to the use of formalin, were made by Professor Surface:

- 1. Yes, it is a practical preventive for smut of wheat and oats. 2. You use one pint of commercial formalin (forty per cent. solution of formaldehyde) in thirty gallons of water. 3. Immerse the seed for at least forty minutes. 4. The best way to do this is to put the seed into a bag and let it stand in a barrel of formalin solution, and when you wish to dry it, spread it on the barn floor and shovel it over occasionally. 5. The strength is gradually lost by evaporation when it stands open, but not quickly lost. 6. You can dip any number of sacks in the same vessel as long as you replenish it with the same percentage; or, in other words, return what is carried away by the previously removed sacks. You can keep the undiluted formalin in stock as long as you desire. 7. The diluted liquid is not at all dangerous to handle, and the unused seed does not need to be washed after it is dry, as it really does not poison it, as it merely kills germs that are upon it. After it is once dry it is safe to feed it to stock or otherwise use it, if not used for seed.

THE ROAD TO SUCCESS

has many obstructions, but none so desperate as poor health. Success to day demands health, but Electric Bitters is the greatest health builder the world has ever known. It compels perfect action of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, purifies and enriches the blood, and tones and invigorates the whole system. Vigorous body and keen brain follow their use. You can't afford to slight Electric Bitters if weak, run-down or sickly. Only 50c. Guaranteed by Trout's drug store.

That Mail Order Business.

Just at this time the mail order houses are active in flooding the country with big handsomely gotten up fall catalogues, quoting attractive prices on staple articles and making all sorts of big sounding claims for your cash. They do not offer to exchange their goods for the farmers' eggs, poultry, butter or other produce. They don't trust a penny's worth, but make you pay cash before you get the goods and the freight besides. If anything is wrong with the goods or they do not suit, they will not exchange them for you. They pay no taxes into your city or county treasury, with which our schools are maintained, roads, bridges and side walks built. They do not contribute to our churches, charitable institutions, nor to our poor.

Eat What You want of the food you need Kodol will digest it.

You need a sufficient amount of good wholesome food and more than this you need to fully digest it. Else you can't gain strength, nor can you strengthen your stomach if it is weak. You must eat in order to live and maintain strength. You must not diet, because the body requires that you eat a sufficient amount of food regularly. But this food must be digested, and it must be digested thoroughly. When the stomach can't do it, you must take something that will help the stomach. The proper way to do is to eat what you want, and let Kodol digest the food. Nothing else can do this. When the stomach is weak it needs help; you must help it by giving it rest, and Kodol will do that. We could not afford to make such an offer, unless we positively knew what Kodol will do for you. It would bankrupt us. The dollar bottle contains 2 1/2 times as much as the fifty cent bottle. Kodol is made at the laboratories of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

For Sale at Trout's Drug Store.

Dentistry as Applied to Trees.

State Zoologist Surface found a letter in the mail sent to the Division of Zoology of the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture, asking how to prevent decay in a tree from making further progress. The writer said: "We have a cherry tree whose trunk has rotted considerably. What can be done to save the tree? Is it a good plan to cut out the dead part and fill up the hole with cement?"

Professor Surface replied: "The proper treatment for the cavity of your cherry tree is to clean this out, removing the decayed wood; then wash or spray the interior with an antiseptic, such as a two per cent. solution of formalin, or a very dilute solution of mercury bichloride, which is corrosive sublimate; then paint it with ordinary paint of any kind and finally fill the cavity with about four or five parts of sand."

"This is practically nothing else than the principle of modern dentistry applied to the preservation of the tree. The dentist cleans out the cavity of a decayed tooth, applies an antiseptic to prevent further decay, and fills the tooth with some substance that by preservation will prevent the possibility of further decay. We are coming to see that the treatment of all living things for ills and afflictions is based upon the same fundamental biological principle."

Picking apples: It is best not to pick winter fruit during very warm days. Do the work before ten o'clock in the morning, or wait until a cooler day. More hints: Never pick fruit while it is wet, nor pack it while it is warm. Some careful growers pick their orchards more than once, gathering the fruit as soon as it is well colored, leaving the poorly colored and immature fruits until they have become well colored. Pick apples with the stems on. Keep the sunway from picked fruit. Fruit keeps and ripens best in a cool, dark place. If you store fruit in a cellar or storage room, keep the windows open nights and shut them during the daytime; thus you can get the temperature down and keep it so until winter comes. From October Farm Journal.

A Slight Jolt.

"I want you to understand, sir," said the pompous party, "that I am a self-made man." "No doubt about it," rejoined the sarcastic individual. "But it looks to me as if you had spent too much time on your feet and not enough on your head."—Houston Post.

Fixing Him.

Merchant—I hear you've been kicking because you've got so much to do. Clerk—Well, yes, sir; I do think that. Merchant—We'll have to give you so much more to do hereafter that you won't have time to kick.—Catholic Standard and Times.

It Surely Would.

"If I were only a nice, large bank check," sighed the girl who was pretty but poor. "Then what?" queried the young man. "Then," explained the fair maid, "my face would make me valuable."—Detroit Tribune.

A Match For Him.

"It's too bad," said the judge, emphatically, "that the defendant should have chosen you for counsel. You know nothing about law." "Well, your honor," replied the young lawyer, "I don't need to in this court."

Our Guarantee

Go to your druggist today, and purchase a dollar bottle, and if you can honestly say, that you did not receive any benefits from it, after using the entire bottle, the druggist will refund your money to you without question or delay. We will pay the druggist the price of the bottle purchased by you. This offer applies to the large bottle only and to but one in a family.

We could not afford to make such an offer, unless we positively knew what Kodol will do for you. It would bankrupt us. The dollar bottle contains 2 1/2 times as much as the fifty cent bottle. Kodol is made at the laboratories of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

The Jewish New Year.

Yesterday, according to the Jewish calendar, was New Year's Day. The holiday is known as Rosh Hashanah and marks the beginning of a series of holidays, which ends with the solemn feast Yom Kippur, in October. According to the Jewish calendar this is the year 5670, and according to the Christian calendar, it is the 5913th year. It is a little like the North Pole dispute—a little hard to settle.

GEM.

The farmers are getting along nicely with their seeding. Ross Morton is critically ill at this writing.

The dry weather seems to have affected the crop of jurors in Belfast township, for October Court. It is much below the average.

Della Daniels attended the Campmeeting at Cito last Sunday.

J. W. Mellott was in our vicinity a few days ago and purchased a large tract of timber land.

B. F. Daniels returned to Franklin county last Sunday, where he is engaged in hauling lumber. Listen for wedding bells.

Points on Dairying.

Winter milk prices are what make you smile. The wild cow is almost invariably a small milker.

The poor milker eats as much as the good one. A cold stable strikes a larger maintenance ration.

Skim closely if you would have the churning easy. Sit on the milk stool—don't pound the cow with it.

Can you tell just how much it costs to feed a cow a year? Oregon is becoming famous for her dairy conventions.

The calf pail should be kept as free from filth as the milk pail. Frequent changing of breeds is inviting the weak points in each.

Alfalfa success depends very largely upon the preparation of the seed bed. The winter calf is always most profitable, providing it is well cared for.

Feed rich in protein is a necessity if the cow is to give a good flow of milk. There is as much need of a balanced man to feed the ration as there is of a balanced ration.—Kimball's Dairyman.

We regret to see a disposition on the part of a few of our young people to quit school. Stay at school another year or two, and don't be ashamed of what ought to be your glory, that you want to learn more. Step from the district school to the high school, from the high school to college, if you can. Get a business education by all means—you will never learn too much. If you desire to become a mechanic instead of an engineer or farmer, an education will not unfit you to, become either. It will always be capital bearing a large income of interest.

ADVERTISE IN

The Fulton County News

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof, Amendment One—Article Four, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows: "The Governor shall hold office for four years, and by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth, and a Treasurer, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall submit the nomination to the Senate before their final adjournment; a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to fill the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen during the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and in acting on judicial nominations the Senate shall sit with closed doors. In the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall submit the nomination to the Senate before their final adjournment; a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to fill the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office, and sections of local offices of the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

Section 3. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; and the State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be eligible to hold the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—"The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. One thousand nine hundred and nine shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election of the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be eligible to hold the same office for two consecutive terms. Amendment Three—Article Five, Section Eleven.

Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than one justice of the peace or alderman without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:—"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than one justice of the peace or alderman without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. 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