B. W. PECK, Editor and Proprietor.

McCONNELLSBURG, PA.

OCTOBER 1, 1908

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ADVENTISING BATES.

5 mos. | 6 mos. | 1 yr.

Mill President Got Skinned.

President of a cotton mill at Union, S. C .- he don't want to see his name in printhad two offers of 500 gallons of paint: \$1.30 and \$1.15, Took the \$1.25; and got skinned. He'd have got three quarters skinned if he'd taken the other.

The \$1.30 was full-gallon; the \$1.25 was 18 per cent., short.

The full-measure paint was ad ulterated 40 per cent., the short measure paint was adulterated 45 per cent., besides benzine in the oil, don't know how much.

Devoe lead and zinc wasn't sold in the town then.

It don't pay to monkey with

Devoe costs less than any of 'em; not by the gallon, of course; by the house and year. That's name.

J. A. Boyd, Mercersburg.

The McKinley monument at Canton, Ohio, cost \$525,000, which was contributed in small amounts by about one million people from all over the country much of it coming from public school children. There is also a good endowment fund to keep it in perpetual repairs. The monument is guarded day and night by U. S. soldiers. The Garfield memorial at Cleveland, Ohio, is will begin with a song service at 7 o'-165 high and cost \$150,000.

A Jeweler's Experience.

C. R. Kluger, The Jeweler, 1060 Virginia Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., writes: "I was so weak from kidney trouble that I could hardly walk a hundred feet. Four bottles of Foley's Kidney Remedy cleared my complexion, cured my backache, and the irregulari ties disappeared, and I can now attend to business every day, and recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy to all sufferers, as it cur ed me after the doctors and oth er remedies had failed. Trout's drug store.

Our friend Thomas Johnston was unfortunate enough last week to lose a two hundred and tifty dollar mare. Wednesday evening the mare was all right, but some time through the night she was attacked by spasmodic colic. This is the second horse that Mr. Johnston has lost this summer.

S. C. Yeakle has added to his already well equipped blacksmith shop a shoeing rack in which he can shoe the most vicious animal with ease. The beast is strap ped and tied, belted and roped, improved shocing racks and as apiece or six for a quarter, Mr. Yeakle is up-to-date in all things pertaining to his line of work he has set up one of these racks. - Mercersburg Journal.

GROOMING COUNTS But it cannot make a Fuir Skin or a Glossy Coat.



complexions cannot be homely. Creams, lotions, washes and powders cannot make a fair skin. Every horseman knows that the satin cost of his thoroughbred comes from the animal's "all-right" condition. Let the horse get

Women with good

viing, brushing and rubbing will give him a clean coat, but cannot produce the coveted smoothness and gloss of the horse's skin, which is his comdexion. The ladies will see the point,

Lane's Family Medicine

Is the best preparation for ladies who desire a gentle is native medicine that will give the body perfect cleanliness internally and the wholesomeness that produces such skins as painters



Sunday School Convention.

A convention of the Sunday schools of Dublin district, Including Burnt Cabins, Fort Littleton, and Clear Ridge, will be held at Burnt Cabins on the afternoon and evening of Saturday. October 10, 1908,

THE AFTERNOON SESSION. beginning at 1:30 o'clock, will be held how to reckon it. Go by the in the Presbyterian church, and the order of exercises is as follows:

I. Devotional Services conducted by Rev. Baxter.

How to Make the Sunday School Attractive to the Boy .- Mr. Lathero, John Kope. How to Secure Co-Operation be-

tween the Home and the School .-Mrs. Jno. A. Henry, Henry Frak-How Shall We Conduct the Quar-

terly Review, So That It Will be Interesting as Well as Helpful to the School ?-Rev Baxter, Geo. C. THE EVENING SESSION.

clock.

2. Should the Superintendent Teach a Class?-S. L. Buckley, J. W.

Bible Study in the Home and in the School.-Miss Bessle Reese, Warren Welch. Of What Importance is the Mem-

orizing of Scripture ?-Rev. Pittenger, H. H. Hertzler,

Why James Lee Got Well.

Everybody in Zanesville, O., knows Mrs. Mary Lee, of rural he owes his life to the use of Dr. King's New Discovery. His lungs were so severely affected that consumption seemed inevitable, when a friend recommended New Discovery. We tried it, and its use has restored him to pertect health." Dr. King's New Discovery is the King of throat and lung remedies. For coughs and colds it has no equal. The first dose gives rehef. Try it! Sold under guarantee at Trout's drug store. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

It you do not want hunters or others to trespass upon your premises you must post up notices of warning. The law says so. You can get such notices, so that he is held secure until the printed to fill the requirements shoes are driven, when he is re of the law, at the News office. leased. This is one of the latest Plenty on hand. Five cents

SAVED HIS BOY'S LIFE.

"My three year old boy was badly constipated, had a high fever and was in an awful condition, I gave him two dozes of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Ormo Laxative saves his life." A. Wolkush, Casimer, Wis. Trout's drug store.

Misses Stella and Leona, daugh ters of Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Teeter of Chambersburg, dreve over to McConnellsburg last Saturday, and returned home Sunday.

When folks come to court next week, they will hardly know the oid "Temple of Justice." Jacob W. Mellott has a big force of men at work this week putting down a concrete sidewalk on the front and east side, and he has remov ed all the trees along the east side, which is a great improvement to the appearance of the building. What is needed now is of the building.

Last Sunday afternoon a party of four persons-two men and two women drove through town, and one of the men blew a bugle, while another announced that there would be preaching on the street in McConnellsburg at 7:30 that evening. They claimed to be representatives of the Israel-Mich. At half past seven, one of the men and one of the women appeared on the street between drug store, and began to preach. It was not long until they had more of an audience than is usually found in any of the churches in town on Sunday evening. The man preached first and then the woman. Both were fluent talkers, and did not take any exceptions to the bible-in fact, they quoted passage after passage to prove their argument. They seemed to be very sincere in their behef, but their doctrines were radically different from what the average orthodox preacher teaches. Just one example: They teach that at death, our mortal bodies are destroyed; our spirits go to the God who gave them, and our souls lie in the grave until the resurrection, when they will be callroute 8. She writes: "My hus- ed fourth and reunited with the band, James Lee, firmly believes spirit, thus forming an angelic For Term of Court Beginning Monday

Married Man In Trouble.

A married man who premits any member of the family to take anything except Foley's Houey and Tar, for coughs, coids and lung trouble, is guilty of neglect. Nothing else is as good for all pulmonary troubles. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates and is in a yellow package. Trout's drug store.

How Sawdust Is Used Abroad.

Sawdust is one of the puzzling wastes in lumbering operations. hart. In several European countries a new way has been found of turning it to account. The sawdust, chiefly pine and fir, is ground with millstones, exactly as oldtime mills made cornmeal, or wheat or rye flour.

Sawdust flour is sold to dynamite factories to be mixed with nitroglycerine and forms the body or absorbent for that high explosive. It is also in demand Harry Harr, Watson Lynch. Bruce for the manufacture of cheap Stoner. blotting papers. The mills in the Hartz mountains, in Germany, an inportant manufacturing centre, are kept busy meeting this demand.

The price of the "flour" in Germany ranges from \$7.50 to \$12.50 a ton. It is shipped in bags, like meal, or in bales of about 40 cubic feet, made by means of high pressure.

Woman Interrupts Political Speaker. A well dressed woman interrupted a political speaker recent ly by continually coughing. If she had taken Foley's Honey and Tar it would have cured her cough quickly and expelled the cold from her system. The genume Frley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates and is in a yellow the removal of the trees in front package. Refuse substitutes. Trout's drug store.

Better to wear out shoes than sheets.-German.

Assist yourself and heaven will assist you.-Latin. If botter were within, better

would come out.—Danish. Love your neighbor, but don't

pull down the fence.-German, About most family trees there is something shady.

The world would be a pleasanter place if the people who mean no harm wouldn't do any.

There are 83,000 newspapers, and two-thirds of them have the largest circulation on earth.

Only those who love really

No perfection apart from prun-

Definitions cannot go beyond

experience. The love that springs from heaven sweeps men back there. The keenest condemnation of

mpurity is the silent, pure life. The open mind is the only one that can stay in the open way.

LARGE PUBLIC SALE

at McConnellsburg, Pa., on

Tuesday, October 13, 1908.

Horses and Cattle

One Car of High Grade Range Horses-several good brood marss, and two carloads of Cattle, consisting of pure bred Herefords, 1 Shorthorn Bull. Will range from 200 to 500 lbs tte House of David, a sect with headquarters at Benton Harbor, 700 lbs These cattle will be carefully selected for this market and none but the best that can be bought

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock sharp, when a credit of 9 months will Trout's drug store, and Seylar's drug store, and began to preach, these. They are good ones.

FORBES & FORNEY.

Western Maryland Railroad Company. In Effect June 10, 1908.

Trains leave Hancock as follows: No. 6-550 a. m. (dally) for Hagerstown, Bal-timore, Waynesboro, Chambersburg and totermediate.

-10 00 a. m (week days) Baltimore, Get-tysburg, York and intermediate. No. I-255 p. m. (week days) Hultimore and in-termediate stations. Vestibula train with observation buffet car.

No. 1-853 a. m. (week days) Cumberland, and

No.3-L0) p m (week days) Little Orieaus, Old Town, Cumberland, Elkins and west. Vestibule train with observation buffet day.

All trains make connection at Bruceville for Frederick and trains 6 and 1 for polets north and at Baltimore (Union Station) for Phila, delphia and New York.

Gen. Pass. Agt.

October 6th, 1908.

PETIT AND GRAND JURORS.

GRAND JURORS.

Ayr-Henry Carbaugh, George Mag-Belfast-Milton Mellott.

Bethel-Wm. J. Miller.

Brush Creek-A. J. Mellott. John M. Martin, Anthony Spade. Dublin-W. M. Comerer, David Fraker, Wm. Orth, Mack Richardson. Licking Creek-Aaron M. Deshong,

R. M. Sipes. Taylor-Hiram Laldig, Andrew Brant. Todd-John Barmont, Lemuel Div-

ens, Otho Souders, Harry Trout, Howard Weld Union-A. F. Hill, Frank Ray. Wells-Henry Rowe, Abram Burk-

PETIT JURORS.

Ayr-James Bivens, Lewis Crouse, Leslie McGovern, Geo. Miller, Geo. W. Mellott, Calvin Summers. Belfast-Wm. Lake, Amos C. Pai-

Bethel J. C. Fisher, Edward Ritz, lapel Winters. Dublin-D. B. Barnett, L. G. Cline,

Wm. Fields, Lewis Kelso. Licking Creek-Baltzer F. Deshong, Edward Sharp, H. R. K. Sipes.

McConnelisburg-Henry Comerer, Todd-J. C. Fore.

Taylor-Chas. Brown, B. A. Deaor, C L. Henry, Harry Locke, Geo. . Lamberson, M. D. Mathias. Thompson-Wilber Comerer, David

Gregory, Jacob Peck, Jacob Weaver, Union-Harry Hill, Nathan Wigfield.

Wells-Jesse Ake, Hayes Bivens, Hillary Foster.

50 YEARS'



A MENDMENT TO THE CONSTITU-TION PROPOSED TO THE CITI-MENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH POR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENN-SYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COM-MONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITU-PION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to the Constitu-tion of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl-vania so as to consolidate the courts of common pleas of Philadelphia and Alle-gheny counties, and to give the General Assembly power to establish a separate court in Philadelphia county, with criminal and minecilaneous jurisdiction.
Section I, Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly met. That the following amendments to the Constitution of Pennsylva-

ments to the Constitution of Pennsylvania be, and the same are bereby, proposed in accordance with the eighteenth
article thereof;—
That section six of article five be amended by striking out the said section and
inserting in place thereof the following:
Bection 6. In the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny ail the jurisdiction
and powers now vested in the several
numbered courts of common pleas, shall
be vested in one court of common pleas
in each of said counties, composed of all
the judges in commission in said courts.
Buch jurisdiction and powers shall extend to all proceedings at law and in
equity which shall have been instituted
in the several numbered courts, and shall in the several numbered courts, and shall in the several numbered couris, and shall be subject to such changes as may be made by law, and subject to change of venue as provided by law. The president judge of each of the said courts shall be selected as provided by law. The number of judges in each of said courts may be, by law, increased from time to time. This amendment shall take effect on the first Monday of January succeeding its adoption.

Section 2. That article five, section eight, be amended by making an addition thereto so that the same shall read as

follows:
Section 8. The said courts in the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny respectively shall, from time to time, in turn, detail one or more of their judges to hold the courts of oyer and terminer and the courts of quarter sessions of the peace of said counties, in such manner as may be directed by law: Provided, That in the county of Philadelphia the General Assembly shall have power to establish a separate court, consisting of not more than four judges, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction in criminal cases and in such other matters as may be provided by law.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 1. ROHERT McAFEE, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A MENDMENT TO THE CONSTITU A TION PROPOSED TO THE CITI-ZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR ZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENN-SYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COM-MONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITU-

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, allowing counties, cities, boroughs, townships, school districts, or other municipal or incorporated districts, to increase their

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Fennsylvania in General Assembly met, That section eight, article nine, of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, read-

the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, read-ing as follows:—
"Section 5. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated dis-trict, except as herein provided, shall nev-er exceed seven per centum upon the as-sessed value of the taxable properly therein; nor simil any such municipality or district incur any new debt or increase its indebtedness to an amount exceeding two per centum upon such assessed valutwo per centum upon such assessed valu-ation of property, without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, in such manner as shall be provided by law; but any city, the debt of which now exceeds seven per centum of such as-sessed valuation, may be authorized by law to increase the same three per cen-tum, in the aggregate, fit any one time, upon such valuation," be amended, in ac-cordance with the provisions of the eightsenth article of said Constitution

eenth article of said Constitution, so that said section, when amended, shall read as follows:—
Section 8. The debt of any county, city, borough, township, school district, or other municipality or incorporated district, except as herein provided, shall never except the provided of the said service. er exceed ten per centum upon the as-sessed value of the taxable property therein; nor shall any such municipality or district hour any new debt or in-crease its indebtedness to an amount exseeding two per centum upon such as-nessed valuation of property without the assent of the electors thereof at a public election, in such manner as shall be pro-

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 2. ROBERT Meafer. Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A MENDMENT TO THE CONSTITU-TION PROPOSED TO THE CITI-ZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENN-SYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COM-MONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITU-TION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

roposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article four-teen, of the Correlitation of Pennsylva-nia, and provide a schedule for carry-ing the amendments into effect.

nia, and provid. a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.
Section 1. Be it renoived by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commenwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following proposed as amendments to the Consultation of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eightsenth article four. Section Eight.

Bection 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows?

"He shall mominate and by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Comminwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure. a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint, be shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recease of the Senate, by granting contributions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recease of the Senate, by granting contributions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recease of the Senate, in the office of Auditor sion; he shall have power to fill any va-cancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of In-ternal Affairs or Superintendent of Pub-lic Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to

Senate, before their nnal adjourntimess the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the accord succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and in contemps or rejecting the nominations.

secretal of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorised by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all yecancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on extion for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by year and nays, and shall be entered on the tearner.

Amendment Two-To Article Four, Sec-

Amendment Two—To Article Four, Section I. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:—
"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms." so as to read:—
The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General and the State Treasurer shall such be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand office hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer of Auditor General or State Treasurer.

hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Trensurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—

"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified elections thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such

men without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or berough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the pence or alderman shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or alderman without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than two pustices of the peaces or alderman without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section 5. Amend section twelve of article as filts. Constitution and the containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each worms and the peace of the county in which such township.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article as filts. Constitution and the containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each county whose place is to be filled.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article for the Amendments.

tion Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constitution, which reads

Bection 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constitution, which roads as follows!—
"In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabit and, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be five years, and they shall be elected on general ticket by the length of the Amendments. Schedule for the Amendments. Schedule for the Amendments. Schedule for the Amendments.

Schedule for the Amendments. Schedule for the Amendments. shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the elec-tion of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now cough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing the couple of the coup ries to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished," so as to read as follows:—

In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the sair magistrates no voter shall vote for more narger; and in the election of the sair margistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdic-tion, civil and eriminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by alder-non, subject to such changes, not involv-ing an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law, in Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished.

mendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article

The general election shall be held blen-nially on the Tuesday next following the first Menday of November in each even-

numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto Provided. That such election shall always be held in an even-number year.

Amendment Six-To Article Elight, Sec-

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section 7. Amendment section three of article eight, which reads as follows:—
"All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of Pebruary." so as to read:—Ail judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Minday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

Amendment Seven—To Article Eight, Section 8. Amendment Seven—To article Eight, Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:— 'District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each

the judge and one inspector, and cach inapector shall appoint one electi. The first
election board for any new district shall
be selected, and vacancles in election
boards filled, as shall be provided by law.
Election officers shall be privileged from
arrest upon days of election, and while
engaged in making up and transmitting
returns, except upon warrant of a court
of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton
breach of the peace. In cities they may
claim excuption from jury dury during
their terms of service," so as to read;—
District election boards shall consist of
a judge and two inspectors, who shall be
chosen blenniaity, by the citizens at the
municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law
provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enasted to
apply to cities only: Provided, That such
laws be uniform for cities of the same
class. Each elector shall supont one
clerk. The first election board for any
new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be
provided by law. Election officers shall
be privileged from arrest upon days of
election, and while engaged in making up
and transmitting returns, except upon
warrant of a court of record, or judge
thereof, for an election fraud, for felony,
or for wanton breach of the peace. In
cities they may claim exemption from
jury duty during their terms of service.
Amendment Eight—To Article Twelve, Amendment Eight - To Article Twelve, Section One.

Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:—
"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law," so as to read:—
All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law; Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a function day, except when, in either case, special eleccept when, in either case, special elec-tions may be required to fill unexpired

Amendment Nine-To Article Fourteen,

Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 16. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:—
"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:—
County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of feur years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all

successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten-To Article Fourteen, Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, arti-cle fourteen, which reads as follows:

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred

shall each be lengthered one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officess are elected shall always be for an even number of years. The above extension of official terms

ing law, end in the year one tho

ing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the

year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, town-ship, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the lecture of the section of the section shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the lecture of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the serial Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of one.

House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held bien.—

The general election shall be held bien. cers, holding office at the date of the ap-proval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thou-sand nine hundred and eleven, shall con-tinue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of Joint Resolution No. 3.

ROBERT MCAFEE

W. M. COMERER, agent for THE GEISER MANUFAC-TURING COMPANY. BURNT CABINS, PA.

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