

The News

Domestic

The Minnesota Democratic State Convention declared for Governor Johnson after a hot fight by Bryan supporters.

Chancellor Day, of the Syracuse University, is charged by Rev. George A. Cooke of violating the laws of the Methodist Church by his attacks on Roosevelt.

The brother of Walter F. Baker, of Boston, who died under strange circumstances in New York, has prevailed upon the New Jersey authorities to make a searching investigation.

Ellwood T. House, first vice-president of the Union Trust Company, of Detroit, and a native of Washington, Del., shot himself dead because of financial worry and ill health.

Bishop Worthington's will, filed for probate at Pittsfield, Mass., contains public bequests to the amount of \$50,000.

Thomas J. Callan, who carried Custer's last message and led a relief party, died at Yonkers, N. Y.

A Philadelphia boy confessed starting 11 fires to see the engine run.

Rev. Joseph E. Roy, who for 18 years was secretary of the American Home Mission Society, and later was field secretary of the American Missionary Association, died at his home, in Oak Park, Ill.

Luigi Ferrucchi, an Italian, was hanged in Philadelphia for the murder of Carmen Sandimarcio, a fellow-countryman, whom he shot 16 months ago, near New York.

Governor Hughes announced his decision not to entertain the charges preferred against Mayor Mann, of Troy, on the ground of lack of jurisdiction.

Gen. Frank A. Fargood, who gained his title in the Confederate service, is dead at his summer home, in Stony Creek, Ct., aged 79 years.

Emery Pulver, a well-known society man of Dillon, Mont., was fatally shot, it is believed, by holdup men.

Lieutenant Governor Lawrence Y. Sherman, of Illinois, was married to Miss Mary Estelle Spitzer.

John Grant, a former prize-fighter of New York, who failed in six attempts to kill himself, in one of which he jumped from Brooklyn Bridge, after catching both wrists and swallowing carbolic acid, committed suicide by gas asphyxiation.

Nathan Vidaner, a special deputy attorney general of New York, was arrested and accused of accepting \$500 in marked bills from William T. Montgomery, former president of the Hamilton.

M. Louis Madelin, the French scholar and author, compares Roosevelt to Napoleon as a type of energy.

The Ohio Republican State Committee removed all the Foraker men from the State Central committee, replacing them with men who are placing the Republican machinery of the state absolutely under Taft's control.

Governor Hughes declares that he will not announce the name of the man who informed him money would be used to oppose antitraceback legislation.

The Pennsylvania and Reading Railroads will employ about 1,000 additional telegraphers to comply with the nine-hour law.

Miss Cornelia Harriman, second daughter of E. H. Harriman, and Robert Livingstone Gerry were married in New York.

An explosion of powder scattered a freight train on the Big Four Railroad over 20 acres of ground.

The railroads of the South and West have laid off 500,000 men.

Foreign

The British public is deeply angered over the alleged attempt of Emperor William to meddle in British naval affairs.

Shanghai distrusts the pretensions of the Japanese that their intentions are peaceable.

It is rumored in Lisbon that the young King of Portugal will wed the only daughter of Emperor William.

While France will not concede from her a truce regarding the Haitian revolutionists who recently took refuge in her consulate at St. Marc and Gonaves, she is willing to agree in the future not to recognize this right of asylum.

The Douma has asked the Russian Finance Minister to explain why he induced the Czar to take a ukase authorizing an international loan of \$33,000,000 without receiving the sanction of the Douma.

Emperor William will meet King Victor Emmanuel of Italy at Venice during the course of his Mediterranean cruise. Later Emperor William will visit Emperor Francis Joseph at Vienna.

Officials of the Japanese government state that while maintaining a firm attitude concerning the seizure of the steamer Tatsu by the Chinese, no idea of resorting to force is entertained.

The French Foreign Office has not yet received any request for extradition of Paul Roy, charged by his wife, Glacia Calla, with the murder of William Northrop Beauchamp, the British minister to Peru, died at Lima. He was born in 1849 and was a descendant of the eighth duke of St. Albans.

Japan has been compelled to vacate or buy all the Russian banks throughout Manchuria seized during the war.

The Interior of the Court Theater, at Meiningen, Germany, was completely burned, but no lives were lost.

The Union Bank of Commerce, of Rio Janeiro, closed its doors and other banking institutions are affected.

The liberal government of New Brunswick, which has been continued in office under one form or another for 25 years, was overthrown in the general elections held throughout the province.

JAPAN'S FORGING CHINA TO TERMS

Hurrying Supplies on Ships of First Squadron.

CHINA MAKES AN APOLOGY. Condition in Manchuria Complicating Matters.

The Chinese Want Japan to Pledge the Suppression of the Traffic in Arms and Ammunition—Japan Intimates a Willingness to Consider the Question—The Chinese Board of Foreign Affairs Insists Case of Seizure of the Japanese Ship Cannot Be Settled Without Further Inquiry.

JAPAN'S SEA FORCES.

The increase of Japan's navy since the war with Russia is causing surprise and distrust in other countries.

She has now twice as many battleships, a third as many armored cruisers and three times as many destroyers as before the war.

Appropriation for army and navy is 65 per cent. of the total national expenditure for next year.

SHIPS AND TONNAGE.

Table with columns for Ship Type, Tonnage, and Total. Rows include Battleships (13, 191,381), Armored cruisers (12, 130,633), etc.

Tokio, Monday (By Cable).—There were no developments throughout Sunday or Monday in connection with the steamer Tatsu seizure by the Chinese.

The entire decision in the case rests with Premier Saionji and Foreign Minister Taniyoshi.

What action Japan will take in the event that she decides immediately to take "independent action" is a matter of speculation in diplomatic circles in Tokio.

It is entirely improbable that Japan will make any effort to retake the Tatsu or send warships to Canton waters.

At the office of the admiralty it is pointed out that the first squadron expected to start on training maneuvers this week, a fact announced two months ago.

China Expresses Regret. The Hauling Down of Japanese Flag On Steamer.

London (By Cable).—A special dispatch received here states that China has apologized to Japan for having down the Japanese flag when the steamer Tatsu Maru was seized.

The statement was made at the Japanese embassy here that China has expressed a deep regret for hauling down the Japanese flag on the Tatsu Maru and has promised to punish the officials responsible for this act.

China has proposed that the shipment of arms and ammunition on the Tatsu Maru be recalled and that the permit for such shipment be cancelled.

"Wets" Win in Elkins. Elkins, W. Va. (Special).—Following a hotly contested campaign Dr. A. M. Fredlock was re-elected mayor on the liquor license ticket.

Congressman Meyer Dead. New Orleans, La. (Special).—Congressman Adolph Meyer, formerly an assistant adjutant general in the Confederate Army, died at his residence here.

Three Women Drowned. Greenville, S. C. (Special).—While boating on the Appalachee Mill Pond near Greer a skiff carrying 10 people capsized and three young women were drowned.

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Remarkable progress was made during February in the work of excavation on the Panama Canal.

The Hague (By Cable).—Prof. Kammerling Onnes, of the University of Leyden, has liquefied helium. This was the last gaseous body to withstand all attempts to condense it.

ODD STORIES BY WIRE

Plays Cards to Preserve Life—Gypsy Bands Are to Form a Trust.

Crossed Wires Caused Quick Arrest. St. Louis, Mo. (Special).—Crossed wires on the police telephone system enabled an officer to make one of the quickest arrests on record here.

The Plan of the Administration Is to Send the Fleet on the Return Journey From the Pacific Coast to the Philippines, and Thence via Suez Canal to the Atlantic.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The itinerary of the return of the battleship fleet to the Atlantic Coast, which has been under discussion by the General Board at recent sessions at the conference between Secretary Metcalf, Rear-Admiral Cowles and Pillsbury and Captain Winelow at the White House and at the Cabinet meeting, has finally been decided upon.

Score of people went to the beach and began digging in the sand, and the men on the dredge could with difficulty be induced to leave the discharge pipe through which the sand from the bottom of the channel was being piled up on barges.

Plays Cards to Preserve Life. Alton, Ill. (Special).—Joseph Huffer has been almost continually for two weeks in order to keep alive until his son Louis can reach his bedside.

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Gypsy Bands Are to Form a Trust. St. Louis (Special).—A gypsy trust to control the bands in the United States has been incorporated here.

Gen. Stoessel Sentenced. St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The verdict in the case of Lieutenant General Stoessel, who was recently sentenced to death by a court-martial for the surrender of the most important fortress to the Japanese, was formally pronounced.

Submarines For Far East. Norfolk, Va. (Special).—The naval colliers Brutus and Abernada passed into the Capes and dropped anchors in Hampton Roads.

Inferral Machine Sent Senora Alcorta, Argentine President's Spouse. Buenos Ayres (By Cable).—It has been known here that an attempt was made two weeks ago to murder Senora Figueroa Alcorta, wife of the President of the republic.

Schwab Buys Famous Mine. Mexico City (Special).—Advised from Chihuahua, Mexico, says the negotiations of Charles M. Schwab, of New York, and associates for the purchase of the famous Potomac mine in the Santa Eulalia district, that state, are practically concluded.

Brings Historic Sword. New York (Special).—Baron Fernando Perrone, of Toulaine, France, great-grandson of General Lafayette, was a passenger on the Kaiser Wilhelm Thursday, and he brought with him the sword carried by his famous ancestor in the American Revolution.

Sixteen Miners Entombed. Birmingham, England (By Cable).—A fire broke out in the Hamstead colliery near here.

Bank Robbers Get \$3,000. Cincinnati (Special).—Safe crackers robbed the Mount Orab Bank in Mount Orab, Ohio, forty miles east of Cincinnati, of \$3,000 in currency and securities.

THE BIG SHIPS WILL RETURN VIA SUEZ

President and Cabinet Decides on Program for the Fleet.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The Secretary of Commerce and Labor issued a sweeping order to all commissioners of immigration and immigrant inspectors in charge, directing them to confer with the police in their respective jurisdictions with a view to securing the "co-operation of the police and detective forces in an effort to rid the country of alien anarchists and criminals falling within the meaning of the deportation law."

The order of Secretary Straus follows: "To all commissioners of immigration and immigrant inspectors in charge: "It is hereby directed that, with a view to promptly obtain definite information with regard to alien anarchists and criminals located in the United States, you shall confer fully with the chief of police, or the chief of the Secret Service, of the city in which you are located, furnishing such official with detailed information with regard to the meaning of the term 'anarchist' as used in the immigration act of February 20, 1907, and with regard to the inhibition of that statute against aliens of the criminal classes, explaining the powers and limitations imposed by said statute upon the immigration officials with respect to such persons."

The plan of the Administration is to send the fleet on the return journey from the Pacific Coast to the Philippines, and thence via the Suez canal to the Atlantic, so as to avoid foreign political contingencies which will change this plan.

The fleet, which left Callao February 29, is expected to reach Magdalena Bay March 15. About five weeks will be required for the 16 battleships to complete their target practice, when they will move to the Southern California coast.

The date of arrival will be set without delay, and the fleet will be in the next few days, so as to accommodate the people of the Pacific Coast who are arranging an elaborate program of reception.

The entire fleet will assemble at Seattle the early part of June, or as soon as the ships are out of dock, and an extensive program of joint maneuvers, and battle practice will be carried out in Puget Sound.

Following this work, which will last till well into July, the fourth division of the fleet, commanded by Rear-Admiral Sperry, will be detached and taken by him to Manila.

The date of his arrival in the United States, which must be within three years of the date of his arrest, if possible, and the name of the vessel or of the transportation line by which he came, if possible.

The name of the country whence he came; the details with respect to the three years being kept at the various ports of entry in such a manner as to be available if information is furnished with respect to the anarchist's name, the date of his arrival, and the port of entry.

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WILL RID THE LAND OF ALL ANARCHISTS

A Sweeping Order Issued by Secretary Straus.

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THE WESTERN RAILROAD IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

Railroad Unable to Meet Its Fixed Charge Due April 1.

Baltimore, Md. (Special).—Unable to meet obligations which will mature April 1, 1908, the Western Maryland Railroad passed into the hands of a receiver, Judge Morris, in the Circuit Court of the United States, district of Maryland, signing the order upon the application of the Bowling Green Trust Company.

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COMMERCIAL COLUMN

Weekly Review of Trade and Latest Market Reports.

Business holds the ground recently recovered from the point of greatest depression, but reports of further progress are sporadic.

Geographically, the best news is received from the West and South, and more idle machinery is being sold in mills than in any other leading industry.

Many manufacturers and orders scarce and there is much complaint of high prices, while in jobbing and wholesale departments the large attendance of country merchants is not accompanied by the customary volume of business.

Dealers are not conservatively, regarding operations more conservatively, avoiding only for urgent needs, but low stocks supply a strong statistical position that must eventually produce activity in all departments.

Considering the storms and holidays, February compares very favorably with the month preceding.

Dry goods jobbing houses are attended by many outside buyers, producing the appearance of normal seasonable activity, but purchases are only for pressing needs.

With raw cotton higher than it was a year ago and cotton goods cheaper, the producer is more inclined to curtail output than to cut prices still further.

Wholesale Markets. Baltimore.—Flour—Firm; winter extra, 3.90@4.10; winter clear, 4.15@4.30; winter straight, 4.35@4.50; winter patent, 4.70@4.85; spring clear, 4.40@4.70; spring straight, 5.00@5.30; spring patent, 5.35@5.65; receipts, 13,822 barrels; exports, 1,745 barrels.

Wheat—Strong; spot contract, 99 1/4; No. 2 red, 99 1/2; No. 2 hard, 99 1/4; No. 1, 99 3/4; No. 3, 99 1/4; No. 4, 99 1/4; No. 5, 99 1/4; No. 6, 99 1/4; No. 7, 99 1/4; No. 8, 99 1/4; No. 9, 99 1/4; No. 10, 99 1/4; No. 11, 99 1/4; No. 12, 99 1/4; No. 13, 99 1/4; No. 14, 99 1/4; No. 15, 99 1/4; No. 16, 99 1/4; No. 17, 99 1/4; No. 18, 99 1/4; No. 19, 99 1/4; No. 20, 99 1/4; No. 21, 99 1/4; No. 22, 99 1/4; No. 23, 99 1/4; No. 24, 99 1/4; No. 25, 99 1/4; No. 26, 99 1/4; No. 27, 99 1/4; No. 28, 99 1/4; No. 29, 99 1/4; No. 30, 99 1/4; No. 31, 99 1/4; No. 32, 99 1/4; No. 33, 99 1/4; No. 34, 99 1/4; No. 35, 99 1/4; No. 36, 99 1/4; No. 37, 99 1/4; No. 38, 99 1/4; No. 39, 99 1/4; No. 40, 99 1/4; No. 41, 99 1/4; No. 42, 99 1/4; No. 43, 99 1/4; No. 44, 99 1/4; No. 45, 99 1/4; No. 46, 99 1/4; No. 47, 99 1/4; No. 48, 99 1/4; No. 49, 99 1/4; No. 50, 99 1/4; No. 51, 99 1/4; No. 52, 99 1/4; No. 53, 99 1/4; No. 54, 99 1/4; No. 55, 99 1/4; No. 56, 99 1/4; No. 57, 99 1/4; No. 58, 99 1/4; No. 59, 99 1/4; No. 60, 99 1/4; No. 61, 99 1/4; No. 62, 99 1/4; No. 63, 99 1/4; No. 64, 99 1/4; No. 65, 99 1/4; No. 66, 99 1/4; No. 67, 99 1/4; No. 68, 99 1/4; No. 69, 99 1/4; No. 70, 99 1/4; No. 71, 99 1/4; No. 72, 99 1/4; No. 73, 99 1/4; No. 74, 99 1/4; No. 75, 99 1/4; No. 76, 99 1/4; No. 77, 99 1/4; No. 78, 99 1/4; No. 79, 99 1/4; No. 80, 99 1/4; No. 81, 99 1/4; No. 82, 99 1/4; No. 83, 99 1/4; No. 84, 99 1/4; No. 85, 99 1/4; No. 86, 99 1/4; No. 87, 99 1/4; No. 88, 99 1/4; No. 89, 99 1/4; No. 90, 99 1/4; No. 91, 99 1/4; No. 92, 99 1/4; No. 93, 99 1/4; No. 94, 99 1/4; No. 95, 99 1/4; No. 96, 99 1/4; No. 97, 99 1/4; No. 98, 99 1/4; No. 99, 99 1/4; No. 100, 99 1/4.

Corn—Strong; spot, mixed, 61 1/4; No. 2 white, 61 1/4; No. 1, 61 1/4; No. 2, 61 1/4; No. 3, 61 1/4; No. 4, 61 1/4; No