

LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH

Domestic

Backed by a mass of letters and photographs found in his room, the Philadelphia police assert that Harry Ferree, shot dead by a Jackson Detsch, Jr., was a blackmailer of women. That he attempted to blackmail Mrs. Detsch is advanced on the theory of Detsch's motive for shooting the man. Detsch clings to the rumor that he shot Ferree believing him to be a burglar.

Henry E. Warner, receiver for the Arnold Print Works, of North Adams, Mass., has been appointed receiver for the Williamstown Manufacturing Company and the Williamstown Paper Mills, which were affiliated with the print works.

Jesus Garcia, a locomotive engineer, gave his life to save the town of Nazca, Ariz., by putting full speed on a train of explosives after, the train blowing up before it had gone far.

The United States Court of Appeals affirmed judgment against the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, compelling it to pay a fine of \$15,000 for granting rebates on land.

The Old Dominion Line steamer Jefferson, with 190 passengers, arrived in New York with fire in the cotton in her cargo.

D. C. Gilman has resigned as president of the National Civil Service Reform League. His successor is Joseph Choate.

The Cunard liner Lusitania encountered a gale at sea that swept her decks. Judge Olin Wellborn, in the United States District Court in Los Angeles, Cal., fined the Santa Fe Railway Company \$300,000 for rebating.

James F. Jones, a mining engineer, died in Philadelphia, the result of overexertion after his usual exercise with 35-pound dumb bells.

Two coal barges, the Onondaga and Black Diamond, both heavily laden with coal, were sunk off Stony Point Light, in Lake Ontario.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt has given \$100,000 for the construction of a Young Men's Christian Association building in Newport, R. I.

Sir Anthony McDonnell, under secretary of state for Ireland, was presented to President Roosevelt by the British Ambassador.

Harry C. Vanderbilt, bigamist, hanged himself in his cell in the county jail at Washington, Pa.

Secretary Taft has finally decided to return by the way of Vladivostok, through Siberia and Europe.

The directors of the American Cotton Oil Company passed the dividend on the common stock.

Ex-Judge Henry Hand has declined the offer of the attorney generalship of Porto Rico.

A fire caused a panic among the inmates of the Kane County, Ill., almshouse.

The consignment of \$7,100,000 in gold coin and bars which arrived on the steamer Kronprinzessin Cecilie was transferred from the ship's safe to the Subtreasury in New York.

The equivalent in currency of nearly the entire consignment is being advanced to banks.

The Arnold Print Works, North Adams, Mass., employing 6,000 hands, is in a receiver's hands.

Receivers have been named for the New York State Steel Company.

A WOMAN SAILS OVER THE BIG CITIES

Philadelphia to New York in the Champton Pommern.

RACES WITH TRAINS AND SHIPS. Dr. Julian P. Thomas, Wife and Party Just Miss a Monument in Going Up—Parallel the Pennsylvania Railroad Nearly All the Way—Fareed Going Out to Sea.

New York (Special).—The giant German balloon, Pommern, which won the St. Louis race, tried another trip, with Dr. Julian P. Thomas, her new owner; his wife and four other people on board. The start was made from Philadelphia at 11 o'clock. Dr. Thomas said at the time that he was going to New York. Sure enough, at 4:55 o'clock the ship went directly to the Bay Bridge, a strange craft leaving in sight over Governors Island. They guessed her to be the Pommern, from Philadelphia for New York, in ballast, and guessed right.

After passing over the fort at Governors Island, the balloon held its course up the East River, passing directly over the Brooklyn Bridge. One of the bridge cops who is stationed at the middle span picked up a newspaper which blew against his legs shortly after 5 o'clock and read about the start of the Pommern. A moment after he had read it, he was directly over the balloon, then overhead, and was able to uphold the honor of the force by telling the people all about it.

After crossing over the bridge the Pommern held to a course along the Long Island shore, and about 6 o'clock Dr. Thomas' party effected a landing at One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street and West Chester Avenue, in the Bronx.

An hour afterward Dr. and Mrs. Thomas were back in their apartment at the Hendrik Hudson. One directly over the balloon, then overhead, and was able to uphold the honor of the force by telling the people all about it.

Dr. Thomas said: "I had studied the methods of the French, having been the first man from this country to make an ascent with Count de la Vauk, and the American method, as shown by Roy Knabenshue, whom I consider to be the best in this country, and I wanted to see what the Germans could do."

"I closed with the Germans for the purchase of the Pommern, and it is interesting to note that giving the same points to men who go up in the air, that while they did not doubt my ability to pay, they wished to receive all of the money before I made the ascent, thinking it easier, perhaps, to settle with me than my heir."

We started at 11 o'clock in the gas works at Point Breeze. The balloon was equipped with 23 bags of ballast, weighing altogether, 60 pounds. The six passengers weighed about a thousand pounds. I announced before I started that I would go to New York, but the balloon was managed by Herr Erbstoch and the credit of the remarkable trip should be given to German methods."

JUDGE MCGOMAS DEAD. Stricken Down When It Was Least Expected. Washington (Special).—Hon. Louis Emory McGomas, associate justice of the court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, former United States senator and for four terms congressman from Maryland, died at his home, 2120 Wyoming Avenue, Sunday morning. His death was due to heart failure.

His death came with the awful suddenness of a lightning stroke. At 6 o'clock he awoke and went to his wife's apartments to big her good morning. She smilingly chided him for rising so early on such a disagreeable day and made him go to bed. A few more hours sleep. Two hours later Mrs. McGomas heard her husband treating her in an apparent pain. She hurried to his room, and saw at once he was ill. She raised him in her arms and spoke to him, but he died an instant later. He was conscious, and evidently tried to speak, but death prevented.

Editor Dies in Harness. Utica, N. Y. (Special).—John C. Schreiber, for 50 years editor of the Utica Zeitung, in this city, died in his office, just after he arrived from his residence. He has been comrade-in-law of schools in this city and served one term as sheriff of the county.

All the Way On His Hands. Washington (Special).—Max Duffek, of Munich, Germany, walked on his hands down all the steps of the Washington Monument and won a wager of \$500. He fainted upon reaching the bottom and was then ordered off the grounds by the watchman.

Postcards For Children. Washington (Special).—Postmaster General Meyer has ordered that hereafter souvenir post cards received at the Department, that are not returnable to senders because of defective addresses or other reason, be sent to the orphan asylums and children's homes in this city. Between 40,000 and 50,000 of these cards are received at the dead letter office daily.

Murdered For Insurance. City of Mexico (Special).—The Supreme Court denied the application of C. T. Richardson, William Mason and Dr. C. T. Harley for a remand of the men, all Americans, were convicted of murdering Harry Williams, a half-brother of Mason, and James Devore, in February, 1902. The life of Williams had been insured for \$15,000 and that of Devore for \$10,000. The aggregate of this sum, it is alleged, was divided among the conspirators.

OLYMPIA'S BRIDGE TO CELL.

Bad Check Man Claims He Was Lieutenant in Navy.

Pittsburg, Pa. (Special).—From a position on the bridge of Admiral Dewey's flagship Olympia, in the battle of Manila, to a cell in a police station, is the fall of Paul Kelley, a young salesman, according to a story he told the police upon his arrest on a charge of forging a check for \$22.50. Kelley claims to have been a lieutenant in the Navy and attached to the Olympia before being retired for disability after the famous sea fight in the Philippines, and says he is a son of John F. Kelley, once United States district attorney at St. Paul, Minn.

GAVE UP HIS LIFE TO SAVE THE TOWN

Engineer Puts Full Speed on Burning Powder Train.

FOREIGNERS BLOWN TO ATOMS. Gets the Explosives Away From the Community, but the Whole Train Blows Up While Passing a Railroad Section-house Full of Mexican Workmen.

Douglas, Ariz. (Special).—Jesus Garcia, a locomotive engineer, saved Naco, Ariz., from destruction by ruzzing a burning powder train through the town at top speed, but lost his own life and caused the death of a dozen or more Mexican section hands through the explosion of two cars of powder just as the flaming train was passing a section-house. John Chisholm, a boy, was also killed by the explosion.

According to details of the accident received a powder train on the narrow gauge railroad of the Pilares Mine caught fire when near Naco. In the train were two open cars heavily loaded with explosives.

Realizing that the concentrator and a good part of the town of Naco would be destroyed if the powder exploded there, Engineer Garcia called to the rest of the crew to jump and started to run the train away from the town. He had taken it about a half mile when the explosion occurred, as the cars were passing a section-house full of Mexicans. The terrific explosion blew the house, the train, the men and the engineer to atoms.

Young Chisholm, not seeing the fire in the train, sought to steal a ride on the rear car. It was impossible to see just how many section men were killed.

FOUR BURNED TO DEATH.

Bed-Ridden Man and Three Children The Victims. New Ulm, Minn. (Special).—Four persons were burned to death in the house occupied by Louis Gimmer. The victims were three children of the Gimmers, the eldest but six years of age, and Gimmer's bedridden father.

Mrs. Gimmer locked the children and the old man in the house and went to a neighbor's to get some milk. No one knows how the fire started.

When first seen the flames were bursting through the roof and sides of the building and it soon collapsed, burying the bodies of the helpless inmates in the red-hot ashes.

Want School Books Disinfected. New Haven, Conn. (Special).—To prevent the spread of disease among school children the Mothers' Club of this city, has drafted a new ordinance, which it requests the city fathers to adopt, making it necessary for the textbooks in every school building to be regularly disinfected.

Leopold Would Abdicade. Liege, Belgium (By Cable).—A newspaper of this city declares upon the authority of a high official that King Leopold may possibly abdicate rather than give in to the Belgian Parliament on the question of the Congo Independent state.

The morning was occupied in congratulatory telegrams, letters and notes from almost all parts of the world, one of the most notable events being the presentation to the King of the Cullinan diamond, the largest known, estimated to be worth \$750,000, and donated to him by the legislative assembly of the Transvaal.

London (By Cable).—Every loyal Englishman Saturday celebrated the birthday of King Edward, who was born November 9, 1841. It is a custom of long standing and its observance has at times been somewhat profuse, but there is a genuineness in the English sentiment today which is highly complimentary to Edward VII. He is very nearly the ideal English monarch—one who rules, but does not govern, save by the beneficent and noble example for the benefit of the kingdom.

He has surpassed the hopes of friends and discounted the forebodings of enemies, if he really has any. The King celebrated the event at Sandringham, where the King and Queen of Spain and the Queen of Norway, in addition to many other members of the British royal family, are staying.

The morning was occupied in congratulatory telegrams, letters and notes from almost all parts of the world, one of the most notable events being the presentation to the King of the Cullinan diamond, the largest known, estimated to be worth \$750,000, and donated to him by the legislative assembly of the Transvaal.

Madrid (By Cable).—A violent earthquake has occurred at Torre La Ribera, in the province of Huesca. The earth opened, leaving great fissures, the disturbance accompanied by subterranean rumblings which caused a panic among the population. Many houses were shaken down. The number of lives lost is not known.

Earthquake in Spain. Madrid (By Cable).—A violent earthquake has occurred at Torre La Ribera, in the province of Huesca. The earth opened, leaving great fissures, the disturbance accompanied by subterranean rumblings which caused a panic among the population. Many houses were shaken down. The number of lives lost is not known.

Guatemala Official Charged With Having Two Negroes Beaten. Guatemala City (By Cable).—Two American citizens, colored, were arrested here, it is alleged, and frightfully beaten by order of the military governor of the Department of Zacapa.

William Sands, is making an investigation. Earthquake in Spain. Madrid (By Cable).—A violent earthquake has occurred at Torre La Ribera, in the province of Huesca. The earth opened, leaving great fissures, the disturbance accompanied by subterranean rumblings which caused a panic among the population. Many houses were shaken down. The number of lives lost is not known.

MAN KILLED FOR BURGLAR. Boarder in House Fails to Recognize Owner and Opens Fire. Philadelphia (Special).—Harry Parree, forty years old, was shot dead at his home in the northern part of the city by a Judson Detsch, a boarder in the house, who thought Parree was a burglar.

Detsch, it is said, saw Parree enter the house, and shot him as he was mounting the stairs. Detsch was arrested.

Czar Receives U. S. Attache. St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The American Military Attache here, Captain S. L. H. Slocum, was received in audience by Emperor Nicholas at Peterhof. The imperial family is about to remove from Peterhof to their winter residence at Tsarskoe-Selo.

Brigadier General Elliott, commanding the Marine Corps, in his annual report urged the need of reorganization and an increase in the Marine Corps.

TWO MORE GIANTS OF THE NAVY

The Delaware and the North Dakota to Be Terrors.

LIKELY TO BE CONTEST IN SPEED. Laying of the Keel for the Former Has Begun at Newport News, and There Will Be a Race Between the Shipbuilding Company of That City and the Fore River Concern.

Newport News, Va. (Special).—The laying of the keel for America's giant 20,000-ton battleship Delaware began at the plant of the Newport News Shipbuilding and Drydock Company Thursday and all of the keel plates will be placed on the stocks by the end of the week. Many of the frames and beams for the warship have been completed and the immense hull will begin to assume shape within two months. The officials of the yard expect to launch the vessel in January, 1909, and to deliver her to the Navy Department about August 1, 1910.

The Delaware's sister ship, the North Dakota, is to be built at the plant of the Fore River Shipbuilding Company, Quincy, Mass., and naval men expect that a race in the construction of America's two greatest battleships will develop between the local yards and the Quincy yard. The yards are also expected to have a spirited contest in the speed of the ships, as the Dakota will be equipped with the Curtis turbine engines, while the Delaware will be propelled by two immense reciprocating engines. The Dakota's keel has not yet been laid.

The Delaware and Dakota will each be 510 feet long over all, 85 feet 2 1/2 inches broad, and will have a mean draft on trial of 27 feet. The vessels will each carry 10 12-inch breech-loading rifles, mounted in five electrically controlled, balanced, elliptical turrets on the center line, three forward and two aft. The extreme forward and extreme aft turrets will be mounted on the same deck, while the other three turrets will be mounted on an upper deck, so that the second forward and second aft turrets can fire over the tops of the extreme forward and extreme aft turrets. The third forward turret will not be able to fire directly ahead, but all five turrets can be tracked on the broadside, giving the vessel a broadside fire of 10 12-inch rifles, as against a broadside fire of eight 12-inch rifles on the British battleship Dreadnought.

In addition to these guns the vessel will carry 14 5-inch rapid fire guns, four 3-pounder anti-aircraft guns, four 1-pounder anti-aircraft guns, four 3-inch field pieces, two 30-caliber machine guns and two submerged torpedo tubes.

EDWARD'S GREAT DIAMOND. \$750,000 Stone Given Him By The Transvaal. London (By Cable).—Every loyal Englishman Saturday celebrated the birthday of King Edward, who was born November 9, 1841. It is a custom of long standing and its observance has at times been somewhat profuse, but there is a genuineness in the English sentiment today which is highly complimentary to Edward VII. He is very nearly the ideal English monarch—one who rules, but does not govern, save by the beneficent and noble example for the benefit of the kingdom.

He has surpassed the hopes of friends and discounted the forebodings of enemies, if he really has any. The King celebrated the event at Sandringham, where the King and Queen of Spain and the Queen of Norway, in addition to many other members of the British royal family, are staying.

The morning was occupied in congratulatory telegrams, letters and notes from almost all parts of the world, one of the most notable events being the presentation to the King of the Cullinan diamond, the largest known, estimated to be worth \$750,000, and donated to him by the legislative assembly of the Transvaal.

Madrid (By Cable).—A violent earthquake has occurred at Torre La Ribera, in the province of Huesca. The earth opened, leaving great fissures, the disturbance accompanied by subterranean rumblings which caused a panic among the population. Many houses were shaken down. The number of lives lost is not known.

Guatemala Official Charged With Having Two Negroes Beaten. Guatemala City (By Cable).—Two American citizens, colored, were arrested here, it is alleged, and frightfully beaten by order of the military governor of the Department of Zacapa.

William Sands, is making an investigation. Earthquake in Spain. Madrid (By Cable).—A violent earthquake has occurred at Torre La Ribera, in the province of Huesca. The earth opened, leaving great fissures, the disturbance accompanied by subterranean rumblings which caused a panic among the population. Many houses were shaken down. The number of lives lost is not known.

MAN KILLED FOR BURGLAR. Boarder in House Fails to Recognize Owner and Opens Fire. Philadelphia (Special).—Harry Parree, forty years old, was shot dead at his home in the northern part of the city by a Judson Detsch, a boarder in the house, who thought Parree was a burglar.

Detsch, it is said, saw Parree enter the house, and shot him as he was mounting the stairs. Detsch was arrested.

Czar Receives U. S. Attache. St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The American Military Attache here, Captain S. L. H. Slocum, was received in audience by Emperor Nicholas at Peterhof. The imperial family is about to remove from Peterhof to their winter residence at Tsarskoe-Selo.

Brigadier General Elliott, commanding the Marine Corps, in his annual report urged the need of reorganization and an increase in the Marine Corps.

GUILITY OF MALFEASANCE.

Gurko Dismissed From Office in Russian Government.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—Mr. Gurko, vice minister of the interior, who was implicated in the great grain scandal during the famine-relief operations of 1904, and who was placed on trial before the Senate as a high court of justice, has been found guilty of malfeasance, sentenced to dismissal from office and ordered to make restitution to the amount of \$250,000.

Through an illegal contract M. Gurko made a deal with an irresponsible individual named Lidval to supply all the grain to the famine-stricken provinces and advanced him \$400,000, without security.

THE SEA SWALLOWS UP A MOUNTAIN

Had Been Cast Up in Arctic By An Earthquake.

PEAK WAS GROWING BIGGER. Captain Tilton, of the Whaler Henan, Reports That McCulloch Peak, But a Year Old and 3,000 Feet High, Has Dwindled to Almost Nothing Owing to Earthquake.

San Francisco (Special).—Captain Tilton, of the whaler Henan, which arrived from the Arctic, reports that a terrific earthquake occurred at Unalaska about a month ago, and that McCulloch Peak, which was created by an earthquake nearly a year ago, and extended 3,500 feet above the sea, has dwindled to almost nothing as a result of submarine disturbances.

McCulloch Peak resulted from a volcanic eruption in the Bogotoff Islands, and was discovered by officers of the United States revenue cutter McCulloch. The place was visited by Boston scientists, who recently reported that the peak was increasing in height.

An earthquake shock, which was believed to have caused its sudden shrinkage, was felt for miles around Bogotoff Islands and Unalaska, and at one place a wall of water was thrown up nearly 35 feet out of the sea.

JAPANESE-AMERICAN LAKE. Admiral Coghlan, Toasting Lake, Thus Refers To Pacific Ocean. New York (Special).—Rear Admiral Coghlan, in a speech at a banquet given in celebration of the Mikado's fifty-seventh birthday, spoke feelingly of the friendship which has so long existed between Japan and the United States and declared his belief that the Pacific must become a Japanese-American lake.

"America and Japan are hereditary friends," he said, among other things. "I became convinced of that thirty-five years ago, when I first met his majesty, the Mikado, in his own land. I have not changed my opinion since. "This mutual friendship is regarded by us as a heritage to be handed down to our children's children. It is this friendship, I trust, that will make and keep the Pacific a Japanese-American lake."

EXPLOSION MYSTERY CLEARED. Case of Shell Brought From Manila By Soldier Found In Fire Ruins. Butte, Mont. (Special).—A mysterious explosion during a fire in the pavilion in Columbia Gardens last week was explained, when the case of a 6-inch cordite shell was found in the debris. The shell had been part of a war exhibit.

It was fired at the Spanish forts at Manila by Admiral Dewey's fleet, May 1, 1898; recovered later by a soldier of the First Montana Infantry, and brought to Butte.

AMERICANS MISTREATED. Guatemala Official Charged With Having Two Negroes Beaten. Guatemala City (By Cable).—Two American citizens, colored, were arrested here, it is alleged, and frightfully beaten by order of the military governor of the Department of Zacapa.

William Sands, is making an investigation. Earthquake in Spain. Madrid (By Cable).—A violent earthquake has occurred at Torre La Ribera, in the province of Huesca. The earth opened, leaving great fissures, the disturbance accompanied by subterranean rumblings which caused a panic among the population. Many houses were shaken down. The number of lives lost is not known.

MAN KILLED FOR BURGLAR. Boarder in House Fails to Recognize Owner and Opens Fire. Philadelphia (Special).—Harry Parree, forty years old, was shot dead at his home in the northern part of the city by a Judson Detsch, a boarder in the house, who thought Parree was a burglar.

Detsch, it is said, saw Parree enter the house, and shot him as he was mounting the stairs. Detsch was arrested.

Czar Receives U. S. Attache. St. Petersburg (By Cable).—The American Military Attache here, Captain S. L. H. Slocum, was received in audience by Emperor Nicholas at Peterhof. The imperial family is about to remove from Peterhof to their winter residence at Tsarskoe-Selo.

Brigadier General Elliott, commanding the Marine Corps, in his annual report urged the need of reorganization and an increase in the Marine Corps.

COMING OUT OF ITS HIDING PLACES

Hoarded Money Enticed By Offers of Premiums.

SENT IN THE INDUSTRIAL CENTERS. Three Million Dollars of Cash Brought to the Brokers From Vaults and Strong Boxes Within Two Days—The Steady Stream Has Caused a Falling Off in the Premium Rate.

New York (Special).—The magnet of high premium rates for currency is attracting the money hoarded by depositors in steel vaults and strong boxes, and within the last two days over \$3,000,000 has been enticed from its hiding-places and sold for a premium to money brokers. The placing of these large amounts of hoarded currency into circulation is performing its important part in lessening the monetary stringency, and money brokers are confident that more currency will soon find its way into circulation from safe-deposit vaults, the owners of which, now being assured as to the financial future, are anxious to take advantage of the large premium rates.

The falling of the premium rate for currency Thursday from 3 1/2 to 3 per cent, was brought about by the large amount of gold and silver that was taken from safe-deposit vaults and offered for sale. Purchases of currency made were generally for out-of-town accounts and brokers state that currency bought here is being dispatched to agricultural and industrial centers where it is most needed. The reappearance of gold, hidden away in the hour of apprehension, is a sure sign of returning confidence and belief that the storm has passed according to money brokers, who likened the present situation to 1893, when advancing premiums for currency when money was tightest called for a perfect flood from the vaults where it had lain hidden, and brought about a state of financial equilibrium.

Over a million dollars was drawn from depositories and sold to money brokers. Safe deposit companies report a steady stream of people visiting the vaults to withdraw funds. A money broker, in speaking of the source of the currency now being offered for sale, related the following incident:

"Our firm was concluding the purchase of \$100,000 in gold certificates and after the rates had been agreed upon the seller plunged his hand in his pocket and then asked if he would defer the sale until he could telephone his wife to bring his safe deposit key down town, as he had left his key at home. While we never inquire from the sellers, it is not difficult to tell whether the currency has been taken from hiding places. Premium rates have been as high as 4 per cent, but under the increasing outpour of money from safe deposit vaults and the arrival of gold from Europe the rate has fallen to 3 per cent."

New York banks are not likely to follow the action of Chicago in deciding to use bank scrip and local bankers are of the opinion that the situation does not warrant their issuance in this city. A member of the clearing-house committee said:

"The matter of issuing bank scrip has not been formally discussed, although that doubtless has been thought of. The bankers feel that the clearing-house certificates will prove adequate in preventing a severe money stringency here, and that there will be no need for bank scrip."

HOLD UP A TOWN. Bandits Blow Up a Safe And Get \$6,500. Canova, S. D. (Special).—Seven armed bandits held up the town at an early hour. They blew up the safe in the Interstate Bank and secured \$6,500, escaping an hour later, without leaving the slightest clue.

While the two bandits worked at the bank the others guarded the alley and streets. The amount of the haul across the street were aroused by the explosion, but the robbers opened fire and drove them back, threatening to kill the first one who appeared. The hotel was riddled with bullets. Where lights were burning in the homes the bandits, at the point of the gun, forced the owners to extinguish them. The town is terror-stricken.

FIRE PANIC IN HOSPITAL. Sixty Patients Are Carried To Safety By Physicians And Nurses. Chicago (Special).—Much excitement was caused among 120 patients of the German Hospital, in Hamilton Court, by a fire in the top floor of the five-story building. There were no patients on the fifth floor.

Sixty patients were promptly carried by physicians and nurses into a new addition which adjoins the main building, and no one was injured.

Ten Killed By Explosion. Douglas, Ariz. (Special).—A condemned store, with details lacking, has been received here of a terrific powder explosion, near Naco, Ariz., which ten men, probably Mexicans, were killed. The explosion occurred on the narrow gauge railroad between Naco and the mines near Misabe. The powder was in two cars.

Old Sloop Of War Sold. Washington (Special).—The Navy Department will accept the bid of \$3,210 made by Thomas Butler & Co., of Boston, who were the highest of the bidders for the old schooner sloop of war, Saratoga, built in 1842. The sloop, which was one of Commodore Perry's ships on his Japan expedition, has been in League Island Navy Yard for several years and has been used by the Pennsylvania Naval Militia.

Singular Fatal Accident. San Sebastian (By Cable).—A. T. Pamplon, a boy who was playing diabolo, threw the wheel very high. As it was falling he misjudged its position, failed to catch it and it struck him on the temple, stunning him. He died three days later.

Two Laborers Electrocutted. Chicago, November 6.—Thomas Haugh and Charles B. Knutson, laborers, were electrocuted today while operating a derrick, the steel cable of which came in contact with a trolley wire.

COMMERCIAL COLUMN

Weekly Review of Trade and Latest Market Reports.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Contraction has followed the financial crisis of last week, but only to the extent compelled by inability to raise money. There is no evidence that confidence has been permanently impaired; on the contrary, gratification is felt that the nation was so strongly fortified by a decade of unexampled prosperity that the severe strain made no deeper impression. Many contemplated developments have been postponed, and merchants and bankers, for commercial paper almost prohibitive, yet retail trade is stimulated by more reasonable temperatures, and at interior cities collections improve with the movement of the crops to market.

Conditions in the iron and steel industry are not materially altered, except that new business is smaller. Mills continue well occupied on old contracts, as a rule, and there have been no cancellations. It is probable that no extensive reduction in activity will take place this year. A fair tonnage of rails is wanted for home roads and export and shipyards are using plates freely, but the volume of new business is restricted by financial stringency. Coke output is at the maximum and large contracts are reported for future delivery, but theovens will quickly respond to any curtailment of pig iron production.

Wholesale Markets. Baltimore.—Wheat.—The market for Western opened steady; spot, 100 1/2 c.; No. 2 red Western, 102 1/2 c.; November, 101; December, 104.

Corn.—Western spot, 62 c.; spot, 64 c.; year, 62 1/2 c.; January, 61 1/2 c.; February, 62. There was little demand; Western advices were firmer, and at the noon call spot and November were quoted at 65 c.; year, 63 1/2 c.

Oats.—White No. 2, heavy, 56 c.; No. 3 light to medium, 54 1/2 c.; No. 4, heavy, 52 1/2 c.; No. 5, 51 c.; No. 6, 50 c.; No. 7, 48 c.; No. 8, 46 c.; No. 9, 44 c.; No. 10, 42 c.; No. 11, 40 c.; No. 12, 38 c.; No. 13, 36 c.; No. 14, 34 c.; No. 15, 32 c.; No. 16, 30 c.; No. 17, 28 c.; No. 18, 26 c.; No. 19, 24 c.; No. 20, 22 c.; No. 21, 20 c.; No. 22, 18 c.; No. 23, 16 c.; No. 24, 14 c.; No. 25, 12 c.; No. 26, 10 c.; No. 27, 8 c.; No. 28, 6 c.; No. 29, 4 c.; No. 30, 2 c.

Butter.—Creamery separator, 28 c.; imitations, 22 c. Cheese.—Market steady. We quote jobbing lots, per lb. 17 1/2 c. to 17 3/4 c.

Eggs.—Market 2c. higher; receipts of choice fresh stock light and demand good. We quote, per dozen, loss off: Maryland, Pennsylvania, firsts, 28c.; Western, firsts, 28c.; West Virginia, firsts, 27c.; Southern, firsts, 25 to 26.

New York.—Wheat.—No. 2 red, 102 c.; elevator, 101 c.; No. 1, 100 c.; No. 1 Northern Duluth nominal f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 hard winter nominal, f. o. b., afloat.

Corn.—Spot firm; No. 2, 70c., elevator and 71 c. f. o. b., afloat; No. 2 white, 72 1/2 c., and No. 2 yellow, 71 c. f. o. b., afloat, all nominal.

Oats.—Receipts, 54,000 bu.; exports, 2,525. We quote, per bushel, loss off: 32 lbs., 52c.; natural, white, 32 c.; 32 lbs., 54 c.; clipped white, 32 c.; 40 lbs., 56 c. to 64.

Butter.—Creamery specials, 26 1/4 c.; extras, 26; thirds to firsts, 22 c. to 25 1/2 c.

Eggs.—Strong; state, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy selected, white, 38 c.; fancy, good to choice, 34 c.; brown, fancy, 34 c.; average prime, 30 c.; 30 c. firsts to